

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY **CHAIR**

Thursday, April 19, 2018

10 minutes prior to Session State Capitol, Room 3162

VICE CHAIR CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

MEMBERS

CARRILLO, WENDY CERVANTES, SABRINA FRIEDMAN, LAURA GALLAGHER, JAMES GRAYSON, TIMOTHY S. MAYES, CHAD NAZARIAN, ADRIN SALAS, JR. RUDY WALDRON, MARIE

FONG, VINCE (R-ALT) LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT) REYES, ELOISE GÓMEZ (D-ALT)

AGENDA

CONSENT ITEMS			
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VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM

MEMBERS

WENDY CARRILLO SABRINA CERVANTES LAURA FRIEDMAN JAMES GALLAGHER TIMOTHY S. GRAYSON CHAD MAYES ADRIN NAZARIAN **RUDY SALAS** MARIE WALDRON

MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) ELOISE GÓMEZ REYES (D-ALT.) VINCE FONG (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: **Rules Committee Members**

Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant From:

Date: 4/18/18

Re: Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, there have been no changes.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

04/19/2018

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No. Committee: ACR 219 PUB. S. RLS. ACR 221 HR 98 RLS. RLS. HR 102 <u>SB 215</u> PUB. S. L. GOV. SB 522 L. GOV. SB 561 E. & R. SB 561 J., E.D., & E. <u>SB 635</u> SB 746 PUB. S. PUB. S. SB 757 E. & R. SB 759 SB 760 TRANS. SB 766 JUD. SB 783

P.E.,R., & S.S.

B. & P. SB 795 SB 816 ED. TRANS. SB 903 SB 1171 E. & R. SB 1289 JUD. **SCR 107** HUM. S. **SCR 117** RLS. **SCR 123** RLS.

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 17, 2018

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2017–18 REGULAR SESSION

House Resolution

No. 94

Introduced by Assembly Member O'Donnell

April 2, 2018

House Resolution No. 94—Relative to school bus drivers. Schoolbus Driver Day.

1 WHEREAS, Traditionally, on the fourth Tuesday of April, the

people of California recognize all-school bus schoolbus drivers

for their continued and excellent services to the youth of the state,

and these drivers are deserving of special public recognition and

5 the highest commendations; and 6

WHEREAS, The California Association Transportation Officials is a professional organization that promotes safe pupil transportation and advocates for continued

8 9 high standards for California's school bus schoolbus drivers; and

WHEREAS, The safety of our children rests in the hands of trained school bus schoolbus drivers for up to six or seven hours each schoolday; and

WHEREAS, Personal time and energy are expended by school bus schoolbus drivers in their initial training, maintaining a current

15 license, perfecting their driving skills, and accruing added knowledge of-school bus schoolbus laws through continuing 16

17 education classes; and

WHEREAS, School bus Schoolbus drivers, through counseling 18

19 and disciplinary techniques, are sometimes asked to assist pupils

in appropriate interactive peer and adult behavior; and 20

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WHEREAS, School bus Schoolbus drivers often face natural and unexpected hazards in the performance of their duties; and

- WHEREAS, School bus School bus drivers exhibit patience and kindness toward pupils, parents, and school staff in the performance of their duties; and
- WHEREAS, School bus Schoolbus drivers consistently demonstrate an awareness of, and direct attention to, the mechanical maintenance of the school bus schoolbus and safety conditions of the school bus schoolbus routes; and
 - WHEREAS, Many-school bus schoolbus drivers perform their services for thousands and thousands of accident-free miles, year after year; now, therefore, be it
- 12 after year; now, therefore, be it
 13 Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the
 14 Assembly recognizes—school bus April 24, 2018, as Schoolbus
 15 Driver Day, and commends schoolbus drivers for their continued
 16 and excellent services to the youth of the State of California; and
- and excellent services to the youth of the State of California; and be it further
- 18 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: April 19, 2018

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair HR 94 (O'Donnell) – As Amended April 17, 2018

SUBJECT: Schoolbus Driver Day.

SUMMARY: Recognizes April 24, 2018, as Schoolbus Driver Day, and commends schoolbus drivers for their continued and excellent services to youth of the State of California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Traditionally, on the fourth Tuesday of April, the people of California recognize all schoolbus drivers for their continued and excellent services to the youth of the state, and these drivers are deserving of special public recognition and the highest commendations.
- 2) Our children's safety rests in the hands of schoolbus drivers each school day; and, the drivers expend energy and personal time during their initial training, maintaining a current license, perfecting their driving skills, and accruing added knowledge of schoolbus laws through continuing education classes.
- 3) Schoolbus drivers often face natural and unexpected hazards in the performance of their duties; and, through counseling and disciplinary techniques they are sometimes asked to assist pupils in appropriate interactive peer and adult behavior.
- 4) Schoolbus drivers consistently demonstrate an awareness of, and direct attention to, the mechanical maintenance of the schoolbus and safety conditions of the schoolbus routes as well as exhibiting patience and kindness toward the pupils, parents, and school staff in the performance of their duties.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Assembly Member Friedman (Coauthors: Assembly Members Baker, Eggman, Reyes, Rubio, Waldron, and Weber)

April 11, 2018

House Resolution No. 101—Relative to Sexual Assault Awareness Month and Denim Day.

- 1 WHEREAS, In 2016, California rape crisis centers provided
- 2 direct crisis intervention services to 34,279 individuals, 9,740
- 3 sexual assault forensic examinations, and training services for over
- 4 23,862 people; and
- 5 WHEREAS, People of all genders and ages are victims of sexual
- 6 assault, and it is estimated that nearly one in two women and one
- 7 in five men experience sexual violence other than rape throughout
- 8 their lifetime; and
- 9 WHEREAS, The National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence
- 10 Survey reports that there are over 22 million survivors of rape
- 11 throughout the United States, with two million of those survivors
- 12 of rape currently living in the State of California; and
- WHEREAS, Rape and sexual assault impact people of all racial,
- 14 cultural, and economic backgrounds; and
- WHEREAS, People of all genders and ages suffer multiple types
- 16 of sexual violence, including acquaintance rape, stranger rape,
- 17 sexual assault by an intimate partner, gang rape, incest, serial rape,
- 18 ritual abuse, sexual harassment, child sexual molestation,
- 19 prostitution, pornography, and stalking; and
- WHEREAS, In addition to the immediate physical and emotional
- 21 costs, sexual assault survivors too frequently suffer from severe

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and long-lasting consequences such as post-traumatic stress
 disorder, substance abuse, major depression, homelessness, eating
 disorders, low self-esteem, and suicide; and

WHEREAS, The federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention have identified sexual assault as a significant, costly, and preventable health issue; and

WHEREAS, A coalition of rape crisis centers and their allies, known as the California Coalition Against Sexual Assault, has emerged to directly confront this crisis with the cooperation of law enforcement agencies, health care providers, institutions of higher education, and other allied professionals from California's diverse communities; and

WHEREAS, It is our responsibility to support all rape survivors by treating them with dignity, compassion, and respect; and

WHEREAS, It is important to recognize the compassion and dedication of the individuals involved in this effort, applaud their commitment to foster healing, and increase public understanding of this significant problem; and

WHEREAS, It is important to recognize the strength, courage, and challenges of the victims and survivors of sexual assault and their families and friends as they struggle to cope with the reality of sexual assault; and

WHEREAS, It is important to recognize that not all victims of sexual assault survive, either at the time of the assault or later, due to the horrific long-term trauma that sexual assault often inflicts upon victims; and

WHEREAS, There are rape prevention and education efforts underway throughout California to challenge the societal myths and behaviors that perpetuate rape and to engage communities in a common goal of ending sexual assault; and

WHEREAS, It is crucial to hold perpetrators responsible for sexual attacks, and to prevent sexual violence at every opportunity; and

WHEREAS, In 1998, the Italian Supreme Court overturned the conviction of a man who sexually assaulted an 18-year-old woman after the court determined that, "because the victim wore very, very tight jeans, she had to help him remove them, and by removing the jeans it was no longer rape but consensual sex"; and

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WHEREAS, Enraged by the court decision, within a matter of hours, the women in the Italian Parliament launched into immediate action and protested by wearing jeans to work; and

WHEREAS, Nations and states throughout the world have followed the lead of the Italian Parliament by designating their own "Denim Day" to raise public awareness about rape and sexual assault; and

WHEREAS, Harmful attitudes about rape and sexual assault allow these crimes to persist and allow survivors to be revictimized through victim-blaming attitudes and sometimes unresponsive government systems; and

WHEREAS, California is a national leader in promoting victim-centered approaches within the judicial, criminal justice, medical, rape crisis, and health communities; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the month of April 2018 be designated as Sexual Assault Awareness Month; and be it further

Resolved, That the Assembly recognizes April 25, 2018, as Denim Day in California and encourages everyone to wear jeans on that day to help communicate the message that there is no excuse for, and never an invitation to commit, rape; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: April 19, 2018

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair HR 101 (Friedman) – As Introduced April 11, 2018

SUBJECT: Sexual Assault Awareness Month and Denim Day.

SUMMARY: Designates the month of April 2018 as Sexual Assault Awareness Month, and recognizes April 25, 2018, as Denim Day in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) People of all genders and ages suffer multiple types of sexual violence, including acquaintance rape, stranger rape, sexual assault by an intimate partner, gang rape, incest, serial rape, ritual abuse, sexual harassment, child sexual molestation, prostitution, pornography, and stalking.
- 2) It is estimated that nearly one in two women and one in five men experience sexual violence other than rape throughout their lifetime.
- 3) In addition to the immediate physical and emotional costs, sexual assault survivors too frequently suffer from severe and long-lasting consequences, such as post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, major depression, homelessness, eating disorders, low self-esteem, and suicide.
- 4) The National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey reports that there are over 22 million survivors of rape throughout the United States and 2 million of those rape survivors are currently living in the State of California.
- 5) A coalition of rape crisis centers and their allies, known as the California Coalition Against Sexual Assault, has emerged to directly confront this crisis with the cooperation of law enforcement agencies, health care providers, institutions of higher education, and other allied professionals from California diverse communities.
- 6) It is our responsibility to support all rape survivors by treating them with dignity, compassion, and respect.
- 7) There are rape prevention and education efforts underway throughout California to challenge the societal myths and behaviors that perpetuate rape and to engage communities in a common goal of ending sexual assault.
- 8) In 1998, the Italian Supreme Court overturned the conviction of a man who sexually assaulted an 18 year old woman after the court determined that, "because the victim wore very, very tight jeans, she had to help him remove them, and by removing the jeans it was no longer rape but consensual sex."
- 9) Within a matter of hours, the women in the Italian Parliament, enraged by the court decision, launched into immediate action and protested by wearing jeans to work. Nations and states

throughout the world have followed the lead of the Italian Parliament by designating their own "Denim Day" to raise public awareness about rape and sexual assault.

10) California is a national leader within the judicial, criminal justice, medical, rape crisis, and health communities in promoting victim-centered approaches.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 9, 2018

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2017–18 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1759

Introduced by Assembly Member McCarty

January 4, 2018

An act to add Section 65400.5 to the Government Code, and to amend Section 2034 of, and to add Section 2036.5 to, the Streets and Highways Code, relating to state government finance. relating to public trust lands, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1759, as amended, McCarty. General plans: housing element: production report: withholding of transportation funds. Public trust lands: City of Sacramento.

Under existing law, known as the public trust doctrine, the state has title as trustee to all tidelands and navigable lakes and streams and is charged with preserving these waterways for navigation, commerce, and fishing, as well as for scientific study, recreation, and as an open space and habitat for birds and marine life. Existing law authorizes the State Lands Commission to enter into an exchange with any person or any private or public entity of filled or reclaimed tide and submerged lands or beds of navigable waterways, or interests in these lands, that are subject to the public trust if the commission determines that certain conditions are met, including that the exchange is for one or more specified purposes. Existing law grants the rights and interests of the state in specified portions of the old bed of the American River to the City of Sacramento, subject to certain conditions and requirements.

This bill would grant in trust the Sacramento Waterfront Parcel and the Sand Cove Parcels, as defined, to the City of Sacramento, to be held

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in trust for the benefit of all the people of the state for public trust purposes, as provided. The bill would authorize the city to use the trust lands for the construction, reconstruction, repair, and maintenance of any transportation, utility, or other infrastructure that is incidental, necessary, or convenient to promote or accommodate uses consistent with the public trust doctrine. The bill would require the city to comply with various requirements regarding the use of the trust lands, including that the city submit a trust lands use plan and a trust lands use report to the State Lands Commission. If the commission determines that the city is violating or about to violate the terms of the trust grant or other law relating to its obligations under the public trust doctrine or this bill, the bill would authorize the commission, after providing notice and an opportunity to correct the violation, to bring an action to enforce the rights of the state and people as settlor beneficiary of the public trust doctrine.

By adding to the duties on the City of Sacramento with respect to the use and management of trust lands, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law, the Kapiloff Land Bank Act, creates the Land Bank Fund and continuously appropriates money in the fund, subject to a statutory trust, to the State Lands Commission, acting as the Land Bank Trustee, to acquire real property or any interest in real property for the purposes of public trust settlements.

This bill, on June 30, 2022, and at the end of every third fiscal year thereafter, would require that, of those revenues generated from the trust lands granted to the City of Sacramento pursuant to this bill in excess of \$250,000, 50% be transmitted to the Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund, 25% be transmitted to the Treasurer for deposit in the Land Bank Fund, and 25% be retained by the city to be used consistent with this bill. By providing for the deposit of moneys in a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

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This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for the City of Sacramento.

The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. The Planning and Zoning Law requires a planning agency, after a legislative body has adopted all or part of a general plan, to provide an annual report to the legislative body, the Office of Planning and Research, and the Department of Housing and Community Development on the status of the general plan and progress in meeting the community's share of regional housing needs. Existing law requires a planning agency to include in its annual report specified information, known as a production report, regarding units of net new housing, including rental housing and for-sale housing that have been issued a completed entitlement, building permit, or certificate of occupancy.

This bill would require the department, on or before June 30, 2022, and on or before June 30 every year thereafter and until June 30, 2051, to review each production report submitted by a city or county in accordance with the provisions described above to determine whether that city or county has met the applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period. The bill would provide that, if the department determines that a city or county has met its applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period, the department shall, no later than June 30 of that year, submit a certification of that result to the Controller.

Existing law creates the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program and, after certain allocations for the program are made, requires the remaining funds available for the program to be allocated 50% for maintenance of the state highway system or to the state highway operation and protection program and 50% for apportionment to cities and counties by the Controller pursuant to a specified formula. Prior to receiving an apportionment of funds under the program from the Controller in a fiscal year, existing law requires an eligible city or county to submit to the California Transportation Commission a list of projects proposed to be funded with these funds. Existing law requires the commission to report to the Controller the cities and counties that have submitted a list of projects and requires the Controller, upon receipt of the report, to apportion funds to eligible cities and counties included in the report, as specified. Existing law requires cities and counties to maintain their existing commitment of local funds for street, road, and

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highway purposes in order to remain eligible for an allocation or apportionment of these funds.

This bill would, commencing with the 2022–23 fiscal year and through and including the 2051–52 fiscal year, also require cities and counties to be certified in the prior fiscal year by the Department of Housing and Community Development, as described above, in order to remain eligible for an apportionment of these funds. For each city and county that is not in compliance with this requirement, the bill would require the Controller withhold the apportionment of funds that would otherwise be apportioned and distributed to the city or county for the fiscal year and deposit those funds in a separate escrow account for each city or county that is not in compliance. The bill would require the Controller to distribute the funds in the escrow account to the applicable city or county after the city or county is certified to be in compliance and meets other specified requirements. The bill would make other technical and conforming changes.

Vote: majority-2/3. Appropriation: no-yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:
 - (1) Since the admission of California into the United States, certain tide and submerged lands have been, and are now held, in trust by the state for the benefit of all Californians for public trust purposes of commercial navigation, fisheries, water-oriented recreation and public access, and ecological preservation.
 - (2) The state has a trusteeship duty to govern, administer, and control those lands for public trust purposes.
 - (3) The state is authorized, when the interests of the public will benefit, to delegate, grant and convey in trust to local governments, limited and defined areas of public trust lands along with the authority and responsibility to govern, control, improve, and develop those lands in the interests of all of the inhabitants of the state for public trust purposes.
- 16 (b) In enacting this act, it is the intent of the Legislature to do 17 both of the following:
- 18 (1) To set forth the trust provisions, conditions, uses and 19 purposes established for the City of Sacramento's government,

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1 management, and control of the public trust lands along the 2 Sacramento River granted under this act.

- (2) To convey in trust to the City of Sacramento the state's right, title, and interest to the parcels of land known as the Waterfront Parcel and the Sand Cove Parcels.
- SEC. 2. For the purposes of this act, the following definitions shall apply:
- 8 (a) "City" means the City of Sacramento, a municipal corporation located within the County of Sacramento. 9
 - (b) "Commission" means the State Lands Commission.
 - (c) "Public trust doctrine" means the common law doctrine, as enunciated by the court in National Audubon Society v. Superior Court (1983) 33 Cal.3d 419 and other relevant judicial decisions, specifying the state's authority as sovereign to exercise a continuous supervision and control over the navigable waters of the state, the lands underlying those waters, and nonnavigable tributaries to navigable waters, including the protection of maritime or water dependent commerce, navigation, and fisheries, and the preservation of lands in their natural state for scientific study, open space, wildlife habitat, and water-oriented recreation.
 - (d) "Public trust purposes" means navigation, fisheries, water-oriented recreation, public access, ecological preservation, and any other related purpose.
 - (e) "Sacramento Waterfront Parcel" means that parcel described in Exhibit B of the Sacramento Downtown Railyards Title Settlement and Exchange Agreement Recorded in the Official *Records of Sacramento County on ___ at page ___ of book ___.*
 - (f) "Sand Cove Parcels" means those parcels described in Exhibit C of the Sacramento Downtown Railyards Title Settlement and Exchange Agreement Recorded in the Official Records of Sacramento County on ___ at page ___ of book ___.
 - (g) "State" means the State of California.(h) "Trustee" means the city.
- 33
 - (i) "Trust lands" means the Sacramento Waterfront Parcel and the Sand Cove Parcels.
- (j) "Trust revenues" means all revenues received from trust 36 37 lands and trust assets.
- (k) "Trust lands use plan" or "plan" means the trust lands use 38 plan required to be submitted by the trustee to the commission 39 pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 4 of this act.

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(l) "Trust lands use report" means the report of the trustee's 2 utilization of the trust lands required to be submitted by the trustee 3 pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 4 of this act.

- SEC. 3. There is hereby granted in trust to the City of Sacramento, and to its successors, all of the rights, title, and interests of the state, held by the state by virtue of its sovereignty, in and to the trust lands.
- SEC. 4. The trust lands granted to the trustee pursuant to Section 3 of this act shall be held in trust for the benefit of all the people of the state for public trust purposes, as more particularly provided in this act. The trustee may use the trust lands for the construction, reconstruction, repair, and maintenance of any transportation, utility, or other infrastructure that is incidental, necessary, or convenient to promote or accommodate uses consistent with the public trust doctrine. The trust lands shall be held by the trustee, subject to the following conditions:
- (a) (1) The trustee shall not grant, convey, or otherwise alienate the trust lands, or any part thereof, to any individual, firm, or corporation for any purpose, except as provided in this act. However, the trustee may lease the trust lands, or any part thereof, for limited periods, not exceeding 49 years, for purposes consistent with the trust on which those lands are held. Any lease entered into pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to any terms or conditions that may be imposed by the trustee that are deemed to be appropriate for public trust purposes. The trustee shall collect and retain rents from any lease entered into pursuant to this subdivision and expend trust revenues only for those uses and purposes that are consistent with the public trust purposes. The purpose of this requirement is to provide for the segregation of funds derived from the use of the trust lands in order to ensure that they are expended only to enhance the trust lands in accordance with the trust uses and purposes upon which the trust lands are held.
- (2) The Legislature finds and declares that the requirement that trust revenues be used only for those purposes that are consistent with the public trust purposes is intended to provide for the segregation of trust revenues in order to ensure that they are expended only to enhance the trust lands in accordance with the trust uses and purposes upon which the trust lands are held.

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(b) (1) In accordance with Section 6306 of the Public Resources Code, on or before December 31 of each year, the trustee shall file with the commission a detailed statement of all trust revenues and expenditures relating to its use of the trust lands and other trust assets, including obligations that have been incurred, but not yet paid, covering the fiscal year preceding submission of the statement. The statement required by this subdivision shall be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles and may take the form of an annual audit prepared by or for the trustee. Prior to commission approval of a trust lands use plan, the following requirements shall apply:

- (A) At least 30 days before making a capital expenditure of trust revenues in excess of one hundred thousand (\$100,000), but not more than one million (\$1,000,000), in or on the trust lands, the trustee shall give written notice of that proposed expenditure to the commission. The notice shall set forth the trust purposes for which the proposed expenditure will be made.
- (B) The trustee shall not make a capital expenditure of trust revenues in excess of one million dollars (\$1,000,000), in or on the trust lands, unless the commission approves the expenditure pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 6701) of Part 2 of Division 6 of the Public Resources Code.
- (2) As to the commitment of trust revenues for capital improvements as described in paragraph (1), the commission may request the opinion of the Attorney General on the matter. The commission shall provide a copy of any opinion of the Attorney General pursuant to this paragraph to the trustee with the notice of its determination.
- (3) If the commission determines that a proposed capital expenditure is not authorized, the trustee shall not disburse any trust revenues for, or in connection with, that capital improvement, unless it is determined to be authorized by a final order or judgment in a civil action filed by the trustee. The trustee may file a civil action against the state, which suit shall have priority over all other civil matters, for purposes of determining whether a proposed capital expenditure is an authorized public trust purpose. Service shall be made upon the executive officer of the commission and the Attorney General, and the Attorney General shall defend the state in that suit. If the trustee prevails, the court shall not award costs.

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(c) Any property acquired by the trustee with trust revenues shall become an asset of the trust lands and be subject to the terms and conditions of this act. In addition, the following obligations shall apply to trust revenues:

- (1) On June 30, 2022, and at the end of every third fiscal year thereafter, that portion of the trustee's trust revenues in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) remaining after current and accrued operating costs and expenditures directly related to the operation or maintenance of trust activities shall be deemed excess revenues; provided, however, that any funds deposited in a reserve fund for future capital expenditures or any funds used to retire bond issues for the improvement or operation of the trust lands shall not be deemed excess revenue. Any reserve fund for future capital expenditure must be for projects that are consistent with the use plan referenced in subdivision (d) and have prior commission approval to be deemed nonexcess revenues. Capital improvements of the trust lands made for purposes authorized by this act may be considered as expenditures for the purpose of determining excess revenues.
- (2) The excess revenues, as determined pursuant to this section, shall be allocated as follows:
- (A) 50 percent shall be transmitted to the Treasurer, for deposit in the General Fund.
- (B) 25 percent shall be transmitted to the Treasurer, for deposit in the Land Bank Fund pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 8625 of the Public Resources Code.
- (C) 25 percent shall be retained by the trustee and used consistent with this act.
- (3) Reimbursement for any expenditures by the trustee of nontrust revenues for improvements made to the trust lands shall be approved by the commission in accordance with subdivision (b) in advance of that expenditure. If reimbursement is not approved as provided in this paragraph, the expenditure of the trustee's nontrust revenues shall be deemed a gift to the trust.
- (d) (1) Upon request of the commission, the trustee shall submit to the commission a trust lands use plan indicating details of intended development, preservation, or other use of the trust lands. The trustee shall thereafter submit to the commission for approval all changes of, amendments to, or extensions of, the trust lands use plan. Any use of the trust lands must be consistent with the

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trust lands use plan as approved by the commission. Any improvements of the trust land undertaken by the trustee pursuant to a prior lease of the trust land, as authorized by the commission prior to the effective date of this act, shall be deemed an approved component of the trust lands use plan.

- (2) The commission shall review with reasonable promptness the trust lands use plan submitted by the trustee and any changes or amendments to determine that they are consistent with the public trust purposes and the requirements of this act. Based upon its review, the commission shall either approve or disapprove the trust lands use plan. In the event the commission disapproves the trust lands use plan, the trustee shall submit a revised plan to the commission within 180 days. If the commission determines that the revised trust lands use plan is inconsistent with the public trust doctrine and the requirements of this act, the commission shall report the matter to the Governor and each house of the Legislature.
- (3) The trust lands use plan may consist of any plan, program, or other document which includes all of the following:
- (A) A general description of the type of uses planned or proposed for the trust lands, including a map or aerial photograph showing the location of these uses.
- (B) The projected statewide benefit to be derived from the planned or proposed uses of the trust lands, including, but not limited to, the financial benefit and the furtherance of the public trust purposes.
- (C) The proposed method of financing the planned or proposed uses of the trust lands, including estimated capital costs, annual operating costs, and anticipated annual trust revenues.
- (D) Estimated timetable for implementation of the trust lands use plan or any phase of that implementation.
- (E) A description of how the trustee proposes to protect and preserve natural and manmade resources in connection with the use of the trust lands.
- (F) Procedures, rules, and regulations to governing the use of or development of any leases of the trust lands developed by the governing body of the city, which shall be subject to approval of the commission. These rules and regulations shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, lease rates, the bases upon which the rates are established, lease terms and conditions, provision for

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renegotiation of rates and terms and assignments, and such other information as may be required by the commission.

- (G) All leases or similar agreements with a third party for use of the trust lands proposed, or entered into, by trustee after the effective date of this section shall be consistent with the provisions of the trust lands use plan submitted by the trustee and approved by the commission.
- (H) Upon request of the commission, the trustee shall submit to the commission a copy of all leases and similar agreements entered into, renewed, or renegotiated for the trust lands.
- (e) Upon request of the commission, but not earlier than September 30, 2024, the trustee shall submit a trust lands use report of its utilization of the trust lands for each immediately preceding five-calendar-year period ending with June 30 of the calendar year in which the report is required to be submitted. The updated report shall include all of the following:
- (1) A general description of the uses to which the trust lands have been placed during the period covered by the report.
- (2) A list of the holders of all leases and permits granted or issued by the trustee for the trust lands, which list shall specify, as to each lease holder:
- (A) The use to which the trust lands have been placed by the lessee or permitee.
- (B) The consideration provided for in each lease or permit, and the consideration actually received by the trustee for the lease or permit granted or issued.
- (C) An enumeration of the restrictions that the trustee has placed on the use of the trust lands and each area thereof for the period covered by the report.
- (f) The trustee shall reimburse the commission for staff costs related to the review of the trust lands use plan and subsequent report updates described in subdivisions (d) and (e).
- (g) The trustee shall demonstrate good faith in carrying out the provision of a trust lands use plan approved pursuant to subdivision (d).
- (h) The commission may, from time to time, institute a formal inquiry to determine that the trustee has complied in good faith with terms and conditions of this act, including any amendments, and with any other applicable law concerning the trust lands.

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(i) There is hereby reserved in the people of the State of California the right to fish in the waters on and from the trust lands with the right of convenient access to those waters for fishing purposes.

- (j) The state shall have the right to use, without charge, any transportation, landing, or storage improvements, betterments, or structures constructed upon the trust lands by trustee for any vessel or other watercraft or railroad owned or operated by, or under contract to, the state as long as that use is consistent with the approved trust lands use plan. The state's use of those facilities shall be governed by the trustee's rules and regulations.
- (k) The trust lands granted to the trustee are subject to the express reservation and condition that the state may at any time in the future use those lands, or any portion thereof, for highway purposes without compensation to the trustee, or its successors or assignees, or any person, firm, or public or private corporation claiming any right to those lands, except that in the event improvements have been placed with legal authority upon the property taken by the state for highway purposes, compensation shall be made to the person entitled to compensation for the value of the interest in the improvements taken or the damages to that interest.
- (l) The state reserves all rights to any remains or artifacts of archaeological or historical significance and to all minerals and mineral rights in the trust lands, whether now known to exist or hereafter discovered, including, but not limited to, oil and gas and rights thereto, together with the sole, exclusive, and the perpetual right to explore for, remove, and dispose of those minerals by any means or methods suitable to the state or to its successors and assignees. Notwithstanding section 6401 of the Public Resources Code, any mineral right retained pursuant to this section shall not include the right of the state or its successors or assignees in connection with any mineral reservation, removal, or disposal activity, to do either of the following:
- (1) Enter upon, use, or damage the surface of the trust lands or interfere with the use of the surface by the trustee or by the trustee's tenants.
- (2) Conduct any mining activities of any nature whatsoever above a plane located five hundred feet below the surface of the trust lands without permission of the trustee.

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(m) In the management, conduct, operation, and control of the trust lands or any improvements, or structures on that land, the trustee shall make no discrimination in rates, tolls, or charges for any use or service in connection therewith, nor shall the trustee discriminate against or unlawfully segregate any person or group of persons on account of sex, race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, or physical handicap for any use or service in connection herewith.

- (n) The trust lands shall be improved by the trustee without expense to the state, except that nothing contained in this act shall preclude the trustee from accepting and retaining any grant of funds or subvention from the state or other governmental agencies made available for the purpose of aiding in the development of those trust lands for any public purpose consistent with the promotion and accommodation of commercial navigation, fisheries, water-oriented recreation and public access, or ecological preservation.
- SEC. 5. (a) If the commission finds that the trustee has violated or is about to violate the terms of its trust grant or any other principle of law relating to its obligation under the public trust doctrine or under this act, the commission shall notify the trustee of the violation.
- (b) The trustee shall have 30 days from the receipt of a notice of violation to conform to the terms of its grant and the principles of law under the public trust doctrine. If the trustee fails or refuses to take those actions, the commission may bring an action to enforce the rights of the state and people as settlor beneficiary of the public trust doctrine.
- (c) The Attorney General shall represent the state in all actions or proceedings taken pursuant to this section. If the judgment is given against the state in the action or proceeding, no costs shall be recovered from the state and people.
- 33 SEC. 6. Lands granted pursuant to this act are the trust lands, as follows:
- (a) The Sacramento Waterfront Parcel, being that parcel
 described in Exhibit B of the Sacramento Downtown Railyards
 Title Settlement and Exchange Agreement Recorded in the Official
 Records of Sacramento County on ___ at page ___ of book ___.
- (b) The Sand Cove Parcels, being those parcels described in
 Exhibit C of the Sacramento Downtown Railyards Title Settlement

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1 and Exchange Agreement Recorded in the Official Records of 2 Sacramento County on ___ at page ___ of book ___.

- SEC. 7. The trustee may resolve title and boundaries of the trust lands, with the formal concurrence and approval of the commission. The trustee may take and hold title, subject to the public trust and this statutory trust, to lands exchanged pursuant to Section 6307 of the Public Resources Code, with the participation and formal approval of the commission.
- SEC. 8. The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.
- SEC. 9. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- SEC. 10. The Legislature finds and declares that a special statute is necessary and that a general statute cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution because of the unique circumstances regarding the development of property previously granted to the City of Sacramento pursuant to Chapter 519 of the Statutes of 1868.
- SECTION 1. Section 65400.5 is added to the Government Code, to read:
 - 65400.5. (a) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Department" means the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- (2) "Production report" means the information reported by a eity or county pursuant to subparagraph (H) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 65400 as a part of the annual report described in Section 65400.
- (b) The department shall, on or before June 30, 2022, and on or before June 30 every year thereafter and through and including June 30, 2051, review each production report submitted by a city or county to determine whether the city or county has met the applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period. The minimum production goal shall be calculated using the following schedule:

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(1) For a production report that covers a reporting period for each calendar year commencing January 1, 2022, to January 1, 2027, inclusive, the minimum production goal means that the production report reflects that the number of units of housing available in that city or county is at least 20 percent of the city or county's share of regional housing needs for each income category.

- (2) For a production report that covers a reporting period for each calendar year commencing January 1, 2028, to January 1, 2032, inclusive, the minimum production goal means that the production report reflects that the number of units of housing available in that city or county is at least 40 percent of the city or county's share of regional housing needs for each income category.
- (3) For a production report that covers a reporting period for each calendar year commencing January 1, 2033, to January 1, 2038, inclusive, the minimum production goal means that the production report reflects that the number of units of housing available in that city or county is at least 60 percent of the city or county's share of regional housing needs for each income category.
- (4) For a production report that covers a reporting period for each calendar year commencing January 1, 2039, to January 1, 2044, inclusive, the minimum production goal means that the production report reflects that the number of units of housing available in that city or county is at least 80 percent of the city or county's share of regional housing needs for each income category.
- (5) For a production report that covers a reporting period for each calendar year commencing January 1, 2045, and January 1, 2050, the minimum production goal means that the production report reflects that the number of units of housing available in that eity or county is 100 percent of the city or county's share of regional housing needs for each income category.
- (c) Any calculation made by the department pursuant to subdivision (b) that results in a fractional unit shall be rounded down.
- (d) If the department determines that a city or county has met its applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period as described in subdivision (b), the department shall no later than June 30 of that year submit a certification of that result to the Controller. A certification is valid for the next fiscal year.
- SEC. 2. Section 2034 of the Streets and Highways Code is amended to read:

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2034. (a) (1) Prior to receiving an apportionment of funds under the program pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 2032 from the Controller in a fiscal year, an eligible city or county shall submit to the commission a list of projects proposed to be funded with these funds. All projects proposed to receive funding shall be adopted by resolution by the applicable city council or county board of supervisors at a regular public meeting. The list of projects proposed to be funded with these funds shall include a description and the location of each proposed project, a proposed schedule for the project's completion, and the estimated useful life of the improvement. The project list shall not limit the flexibility of an eligible city or county to fund projects in accordance with local needs and priorities so long as the projects are consistent with subdivision (b) of Section 2030.

- (2) The commission shall submit an initial report to the Controller that indicates the eligible cities and counties that have submitted a list of projects that meet the requirements of paragraph (1) and that therefore may receive an apportionment of funds under the program for the applicable fiscal year pursuant to paragraph (3). If the commission receives a list of projects from an eligible city or county after it submits its initial report to the Controller, the commission shall submit a subsequent report to the Controller that indicates the eligible cities and counties that submitted a list of projects that meet the requirements of paragraph (1) after the commission submitted its initial report.
- (3) The Controller, upon receipt of the initial report, shall apportion funds to eligible cities and counties included in the initial report.
- (4) (A) For any eligible city or county that is not included in the initial report submitted to the Controller pursuant to paragraph (2), the Controller shall retain the monthly share of funds that would otherwise be apportioned and distributed to the city or county pursuant to paragraph (3).
- (B) If the Controller receives a subsequent report from the commission within 90 days of receiving the initial report from the commission, the Controller shall apportion the funds retained pursuant to subparagraph (A) to any eligible city or county included in the subsequent report.
- (C) The Controller shall reapportion to all eligible cities and counties included in the initial report or a subsequent report from

AB 1759 — 16 —

the commission pursuant to the formula in clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 2103 any funds that were retained pursuant to subparagraph (A) but that were not apportioned and distributed pursuant to subparagraph (B).

- (b) For each fiscal year, each eligible city or county receiving an apportionment of funds shall, upon expending program funds, submit—documentation—to—the—commission—that—details—the expenditures of all funds under the program, including a description and—location—of—each—completed project, the amount—of funds expended on the project, the completion date, if applicable, and the estimated useful life of the improvement.
- (c) Prior to receiving an apportionment of funds under the program pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 2032 from the Controller in a fiscal year, an eligible city or county may expend other funds on eligible projects and may reimburse the source of those other funds when it receives its apportionment from the Controller.
- SEC. 3. Section 2036.5 is added to the Streets and Highways Code, to read:
- 2036.5. (a) Commencing with the 2022–23 fiscal year, and until the 2051–52 fiscal year, in addition to the requirement specified in Section 2036, in order to remain eligible in any fiscal year for an apportionment of funds pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (h) of Section 2032 a city or county shall, in the prior fiscal year, be certified by the Department of Housing and Community Development pursuant to Section 65400.5 of the Government Code.
- (b) For each city or county that is not in compliance with subdivision (a), the Controller shall withhold the apportionment of funds that would otherwise be apportioned and distributed to that city or county for the fiscal year and shall deposit those funds in a separate escrow account for each city or county that is not in compliance with subdivision (a).
- (c) The Controller shall distribute the funds held in an escrow account created pursuant to subdivision (b) to the applicable city or county after both of the following occur:
- (1) The city or county is certified by the Department of Housing
 and Community Development pursuant to Section 65400.5 of the
 Government Code in the prior fiscal year.

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- (2) The city or county submits a list of projects proposed to be funded with the funds in the escrow account that meet the requirements of subdivision (a) of Section 2034 to the commission and the commission submits a report to the Controller indicating that the list of projects meets those requirements.
- (d) If a city or county whose funds have been withheld complies with paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) but does not comply with paragraph (2) of subdivision (c), the Controller shall reapportion the funds that have been withheld to eligible cities and counties pursuant to the formula in clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 2103.
- (e) A city or county that receives an apportionment of funds pursuant to this section shall comply with subdivision (b) of Section 2034 with respect to the expenditure of those funds.

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STATE CAPITOL P.O. BOX 942849 SACRAMENTO, CA 94249-0007 (916) 319-2007 FAX (916) 319-2107

WEBSITE Assembly.ca.gov/McCarty





CHAIR: BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE NO. 2 ON EDUCATION FINANCE
ASSEMBLYMEMBER, SEVENTH DISTRICTY RULES

2018 APR 17 A II: 01

DISTRICT OFFICE 915 L STREET, SUITE 110 SACRAMENTO, CA 95814 (916) 324-4676 FAX (916) 327-3338

SOCIAL MEDIA

AsmKevinMcCarty

April 17, 2018

The Honorable Ken Cooley Chair, Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Chairman Cooley:

I am writing to respectfully request that an urgency clause be added to AB 1759 (McCarty).

AB 1759 is a district bill that will facilitate the development of the downtown Sacramento Railyards project, widely acknowledged as the largest infill development project in the United States.

Given the unique characteristics of this project and time sensitive deadlines that must be met for this project to be successful, an urgency clause is appropriate for this legislation.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

KEVIN McCARTY

Assemblymember, 7th District

Introduced by Assembly Member Friedman (Coauthor: Assembly Member Nazarian) (Coauthors: Senators Portantino and Wilk)

March 22, 2018

Assembly Joint Resolution No. 37—Relative to the Armenian Genocide.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AJR 37, as introduced, Friedman. Armenian Genocide.

This measure would, among other things, designate the year 2018 as "State of California Year of Commemoration of the Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide of 1915–1923," would designate April 24, 2018, as "State of California Day of Commemoration of the 103rd Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide of 1915–1923," and would call upon the President of the United States and the United States Congress to formally and consistently reaffirm the historical truth that the atrocities committed against the Armenian people constituted genocide.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Armenians have resided in Asia Minor and the
- 2 Caucasus for approximately four millennia, and have a long and
- 3 rich history in the region, including the establishment of many
- 4 kingdoms, and despite Armenians' historic presence, stewardship,
- and autonomy in the region, Turkish rulers of the Ottoman Empire
 and the Republic of Turkey subjected Armenians to severe and
- 7 unjust persecution and brutality, including wholesale massacres
- 8 beginning in the 1890s; and

 $AJR 37 \qquad -2 -$

WHEREAS, The Armenian nation was subjected to a systematic and premeditated genocide officially beginning on April 24, 1915, at the hands of the Young Turk Government of the Ottoman Empire from 1915 to 1919, inclusive, and continued at the hands of the Kemalist Movement of Turkey from 1920 to 1923, inclusive, whereby over 1.5 million Armenian men, women, and children were slaughtered or marched to their deaths in an effort to annihilate the Armenian nation in the first genocide of modern times, while thousands of surviving Armenian women and children were forcibly converted and Islamized, and hundreds of thousands more were subjected to ethnic cleansing during the period of the modern Republic of Turkey from 1924 to 1937, inclusive; and

WHEREAS, During the genocides of the Christians living in the Ottoman Empire and surrounding regions, which occurred during the first one-half of the 20th century, 1.5 million men, women, and children of Armenian descent, and hundreds of thousands of Assyrians, Greeks, and other Christians, lost their lives at the hands of the Ottoman Turkish Empire and the Republic of Turkey, constituting one of the most atrocious violations of human rights in the history of the world; and

WHEREAS, These crimes against humanity also had the consequence of permanently removing all traces of the Armenians and other targeted people from their historic homelands of more than four millennia, and enriching the perpetrators with the lands and other property of the victims of these crimes, including the usurpation of several thousand churches; and

WHEREAS, In response to the genocide and at the behest of President Woodrow Wilson and the United States Department of State, the Near East Relief organization was founded, and became the first congressionally sanctioned American philanthropic effort created exclusively to provide humanitarian assistance and rescue to the Armenian nation and other Christian minorities from annihilation, who went on to survive and thrive outside of their ancestral homeland all over the world and specifically in this state; and

WHEREAS, Near East Relief succeeded, with the active participation of the citizens from this state, in delivering \$117 million in assistance, and saving more than one million refugees, including 132,000 orphans, between 1915 and 1930, by delivering

-3- AJR 37

food, clothing, and materials for shelter, setting up refugee camps, clinics, hospitals, and orphanages; and

WHEREAS, The Armenian nation survived the genocide despite the attempt by the Ottoman Empire to exterminate it; and

WHEREAS, Adolf Hitler, in persuading his army commanders that the merciless persecution and killing of Jews, Poles, and other people would bring no retribution, declared, "Who, after all, speaks today of the annihilation of the Armenians?"; and

WHEREAS, On November 4, 1918, immediately after the collapse of the Young Turk regime and before the founding of the Republic of Turkey by Mustafa Kemal Ataturk in 1923, the Ottoman Parliament considered a motion on the crimes committed by the Committee of Union and Progress (CUP) stating: "A population of one million people guilty of nothing except belonging to the Armenian nation were massacred and exterminated, including even women and children." The Minister of Interior at the time, Fethi Bey, responded by telling the Parliament: "It is the intention of the government to cure every single injustice done up until now, as far as the means allow, to make possible the return to their homes of those sent into exile, and to compensate for their material loss as far as possible"; and

WHEREAS, On August 1, 1926, in an interview published in the Los Angeles Examiner, Mustafa Kemal Ataturk admitted: "These left-overs from the former Young Turk Party, who should have been made to account for the lives of millions of our Christian subjects who were ruthlessly driven en masse, from their homes and massacred, have been restive under the Republican rule. They have hitherto lived on plunder, robbery and bribery and become inimical to any idea or suggestion to enlist in useful labor and earn their living by the honest sweat of their brow"; and

WHEREAS, The Parliamentary Investigative Committee proceeded to collect relevant documents describing the actions of those responsible for the Armenian mass killings and turned them over to the Turkish Military Tribunal. CUP's leading figures were found guilty of massacring Armenians and hanged or given lengthy prison sentences. The Turkish Military Tribunal requested that Germany extradite to Turkey the masterminds of the massacres who had fled the country. After German refusal, they were tried in absentia and sentenced to death; and

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WHEREAS, Unlike other people and governments that have admitted and denounced the abuses and crimes of predecessor regimes, and despite the Turkish government's earlier admissions and the overwhelming proof of genocidal intent, the Republic of Turkey inexplicably and adamantly has denied the occurrence of the crimes against humanity committed by the Ottoman and Young Turk rulers for many years, and continues to do so a full century since the first crimes constituting genocide occurred; and

WHEREAS, Those denials compound the grief of the few remaining survivors and deprive the surviving Armenian nation of its individual and collective ancestral lands, property, cultural heritage, financial assets, and population growth; and

WHEREAS, The Republic of Turkey has escalated its international campaign of Armenian Genocide denial, maintained its blockade of Armenia, and increased its pressure on the small but growing movement in Turkey acknowledging the Armenian Genocide and seeking justice for this systematic campaign of destruction of millions of Armenians, Greeks, Assyrians, and other Christians upon their biblical-era homelands; and

WHEREAS, Those citizens of Turkey, both Armenian and non-Armenian, who continue to speak the truth about the Armenian Genocide, such as human rights activist and journalist Hrant Dink, continue to be silenced by violent means; and

WHEREAS, There is continued concern about the welfare of Christians in the Republic of Turkey, their right to worship and practice freely, and the legal status and condition of thousands of ancient Armenian churches, monasteries, cemeteries, and other historical and cultural structures, sites, and antiquities in the Republic of Turkey; and

WHEREAS, The United States is on record as having officially recognized the Armenian Genocide in the United States government's May 28, 1951, written statement to the International Court of Justice regarding the Reservations to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, through President Ronald Reagan's April 22, 1981, Proclamation No. 4838, and by congressional legislation including House Joint Resolution 148 adopted on April 9, 1975, and House Joint Resolution 247 adopted on September 12, 1984; and

WHEREAS, Prior to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, the United States had a

5 AJR 37

record of seeking just and constructive means to address the 2 consequences of the Ottoman Empire's intentional destruction of 3 the Armenian people, including through United States Senate Concurrent Resolution 12 adopted on February 9, 1916, United 4 5 States Senate Resolution 359 adopted on May 11, 1920, and 6 President Woodrow Wilson's November 22, 1920, decision titled, "The Frontier between Armenia and Turkey," which was issued 7 8 as a binding arbitral award, yet has not been enforced to this date 9 despite its legally binding status; and

WHEREAS, President Barack Obama entered office "calling for Turkey's acknowledgment of the Armenian Genocide" and on April 24, 2013, and similarly on April 24, 2014, he further stated, "A full, frank, and just acknowledgment of the facts is in all of our interests. Peoples and nations grow stronger, and build a more just and tolerant future, by acknowledging and reckoning with painful elements of the past"; and

WHEREAS, California is home to the largest Armenian American population in the United States, and Armenians living in California have enriched our state through their leadership and contribution in business, agriculture, academia, government, and the arts, many of whom have family members who experienced firsthand the horror and evil of the Armenian Genocide and its ongoing denial; and

WHEREAS, Every person should be made aware and educated about the Armenian Genocide and other crimes against humanity; and

WHEREAS, The State of California has been at the forefront of encouraging and promoting a curriculum relating to human rights and genocide in order to empower future generations to prevent the recurrence of genocide; and

WHEREAS, April 24, 1915, is globally observed and recognized as the commencement of the Armenian Genocide; and

WHEREAS, Armenians in the State of California and throughout the world have not been provided with justice for the crimes perpetrated against the Armenian nation despite the fact that over a century has passed since the crimes were first committed; and

WHEREAS, The Armenian people in the State of California and throughout the world remain resolved and their spirit continues to thrive more than a century after their near annihilation; now, therefore, be it

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Resolved by the Assembly and the Senate of the State of California, jointly, That the Legislature hereby designates the year 2018 as "State of California Year of Commemoration of the Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide of 1915–1923" and in doing so, intends, through the enactment of legislation, that the Armenian Genocide is properly commemorated and taught to its citizens and visitors through statewide educational and cultural events; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature hereby designates April 24, 2018, as "State of California Day of Commemoration of the 103rd Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide of 1915–1923"; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature commends its conscientious educators who teach about human rights and genocide, and intends for them, through the enactment of legislation, to continue to enhance their efforts to educate students at all levels about the experience of the Armenians and other crimes against humanity; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature hereby commends the extraordinary service that was delivered by Near East Relief to the survivors of the Armenian Genocide and the Assyrian Genocide, including thousands of direct beneficiaries of American philanthropy who are the parents, grandparents, and great-grandparents of many Californian Armenians and Assyrians, and pledges its intent, through the enactment of legislation, to working with community groups, nonprofit organizations, citizens, state personnel, and the community at large to host statewide educational and cultural events; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature deplores the persistent, ongoing efforts by any person, in this country or abroad, to deny the historical fact of the Armenian Genocide; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature respectfully calls upon the President of the United States and the United States Congress to formally and consistently reaffirm the historical truth that the atrocities committed against the Armenian people constituted genocide; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature calls upon the President of the 38 United States to work toward equitable, constructive, stable, and 39 durable Armenian-Turkish relations; and be it further

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- 1 Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
- 2 of this resolution to the President and Vice President of the United
- 3 States, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to the
- 4 Majority Leader of the Senate, to each Senator and Representative
- 5 from California in the Congress of the United States, to the
- 6 Governor of California, to every member of the California State
- 7 Legislature, and to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

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Date of Hearing: April 19, 2018

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair AJR 37 (Friedman) – As Introduced March 22, 2018

SUBJECT: Armenian Genocide.

SUMMARY: Designates the year of 2018 as "State of California Year of Commemoration of the Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide of 1915-1923," designates April 24, 2018, as "State of California Day of Commemoration of the 103rd Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide of 1915-1923," and calls upon the President of the United States and the United States Congress to formally and consistently reaffirm the historical truth that the atrocities committed against the Armenian people constituted genocide. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Armenians have resided in Asia Minor and the Caucasus for approximately four millennia, and have a long and rich history in the region, including the establishment of many kingdoms, and despite Armenians' historic presence, stewardship, and autonomy in the region, Turkish rulers of the Ottoman Empire and the Republic of Turkey subjected Armenians to severe and unjust persecution and brutality, including wholesale massacres beginning in the 1890s.
- 2) The Armenian nation was subjected to a systematic and premeditated genocide officially beginning on April 24, 1915, at the hands of the Young Turk Government of the Ottoman Empire from 1915–1919 and continued at the hands of the Kemalist Movement of Turkey from 1920–1923 whereby over 1.5 million Armenian men, women, and children were slaughtered or marched to their deaths in an effort to annihilate the Armenian nation in the first genocide of modern times, while thousands of surviving Armenian women and children were forcibly converted and Islamized, and hundreds of thousands more were subjected to ethnic cleansing during the period of the modern Republic of Turkey from 1924–1937.
- 3) California is home to the largest Armenian American population in the United States, and Armenians living in California have enriched our state through their leadership and contribution in business, agriculture, academia, government, and the arts, many of whom have family members who experienced firsthand the horror and evil of the Armenian Genocide and its ongoing denial.
- 4) The State of California has been at the forefront of encouraging and promoting a curriculum relating to human rights and genocide in order to empower future generations to prevent the recurrence of genocide.
- 5) The Armenian people in the State of California and throughout the world remain resolved and their spirit continues to thrive more than a century after their near annihilation.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

Armenian National Committee of America – Western Region Armenian Youth Federation Western United States

Opposition

Republic of Turkey, Consulate General Los Angeles

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



Armenian National Committee of America – Western Region

April 16, 2018

Honorable Assemblymember Ken Cooley Chair, Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol, P.O. Box 942849 Sacramento, CA <u>94249-0008</u> Dear Assemblymember Cooley,

On behalf of the Armenian National Committee of America – Western Region, I am writing to express our strong support for AJR-37—introduced by Assemblymembers Laura Friedman and Adrin Nazarian (D-Van Nuys) and Senators Scott Wilk (R-Santa Clarita) and Anthony Portantino (D-La Cañada Flintridge) —which designates April 24th as California's Day of commemoration of the 103rd Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide.

California has a clear policy of Armenian Genocide recognition, as demonstrated by decades of legislative resolutions and gubernatorial proclamations. Contrary to our state's policy, the Turkish government fosters the teaching of genocide denial in its public schools, and continues to discriminate against Armenians and other minorities.

In June 2017 with a vote of 67 to 0, the California State
Assembly also overwhelmingly voted to adopt
Assemblymember Adrin Nazarian's measure (AB 1597) calling
for the divestment of California public funds from Turkish
government controlled financial instruments, ensuring taxpayer
funds are no longer used in this manner to aid and abet Turkey's
century long obstruction of justice for the Armenian Genocide.

Therefore, we welcome AJR-37 for once again commemorating the Armenian Genocide and recognizing the Near East Relief organization, which became the first US Congress-sanctioned philanthropic effort to rescue Armenians, Assyrians, Greeks, and other Christian minorities, from annihilation at the hands of the Ottoman Turkish Empire.

Sincerely.



April 18, 2018

Honorable Assemblymember Ken Cooley Chair, Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol, P.O. Box 942849 Sacramento, CA 94249-0043

Dear Assemblymember Cooley,

On behalf of the Armenian Youth Federation Western United States, I am writing to express our strong support for AJR-37—introduced by Assemblymember Laura Friedman and co-authored by Assemblymember Adrin Nazarian (D-Van Nuys) and Senators Scott Wilk (R-Santa Clarita) and Anthony Portantino (D-La Cañada Flintridge)—which designates April 24th as California's Day of Commemoration of the 103rd Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide.

The Armenian Genocide (1915-1923) was the Ottoman Turkish government's systematic extermination of its peaceful Christian Armenian subjects from their historic homeland within the territory constituting the present-day Republic of Turkey to promote its pan-Turkic plans of uniting all Turkic peoples in the Near East and Asia. In addition to the overwhelming documentation by historians, over 25 countries and 48 US States including California have recognized the Armenian Genocide.

We appreciate the State of California having a clear stance on genocide recognition and encouraging genocide education through enacted legislation. It is extremely critical to have dedicated educators teach about human rights, genocide, and other crimes against humanities in order to prevent similar atrocities from repeating.

Therefore, we welcome AJR-37 for commemorating the Armenian Genocide and also recognizing the service of the Near East Relief to the survivors of the Armenian Genocide.

Sincerely, Raffi Senekeremian Chairperson Armenian Youth Federation Western United States

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Honorable Laura Friedman Member, California State Assembly State Capitol, P.O. Box 942849 Sacramento, CA 94249-0043

March 30, 2018

Dear Assemblymember Friedman,

I am writing to convey Turkey's reaction to AJR-37, which you introduced on March 22, 2018. Turkey's views on the Ottoman-Armenian historical controversy have been well documented and were also shared by my predecessor in a letter addressed to you on January 6, 2017 following your introduction of AJR-3, the text of which is almost identical to AJR-37.

Like AJR-3, AJR-37 is an attempt to impose a biased and unsubstantiated point of view on a genuine historical controversy by legislative fiat.

"Genocide" is a very narrow legal concept and denotes a clearly defined crime that is required to be proven with solid and unequivocal evidence. There is no judgment of a competent court ascertaining the events of 1915 as genocide. To the contrary, the existing jurisprudence in European law, confirms that the issue is a subject of legitimate debate.

In the absence of any applicable international legal norms, legislative bodies should refrain from assuming the role of international tribunals and taking a stand on historical controversies.

AJR-37 also fails to recognize Turkey's statements and actions reflecting on these centuryold events. Each year since 2014, Turkey has been paying its respects to the Ottoman Armenians who lost their lives under the harsh conditions of the First World War and the President of Turkey has repeatedly conveyed his condolences to their descendants.

Turkey acknowledges and appreciates the great contributions of the Armenian community had made to the Ottoman Empire as well as to the Republic of Turkey. As two ancient nations of the region, Turks and Armenians share a common history and culture, which go back thousands of years. Unfortunately, AJR-37 makes no mention of Turkey's sincere and public views on this common past or of Turkey's efforts to preserve Armenian sites within its borders, which it considers part of its cultural patrimony.

Moreover, bills like AJR-37 cause animosity toward and intimidate Turkish Americans, whose views should be represented in a body, the fundamental duty of which is to serve and give voice to all its constituents. The confrontational tone of the bill creates an incendiary environment, which can easily be exploited, and renders the Turkish American community vulnerable to security risks. In California, as you may recall, three Turkish diplomats have been murdered since 1973. Regrettably, the California Assembly has never memorialized their deaths.

Lastly, AJR-37 undermines the reconciliation efforts between Turks and Armenians, which serve the interests of not only these two nations, but also that of the United States.

I sincerely believe that third parties who are interested in taking a position on this complex issue should adopt a balanced approach that helps bring the two sides together rather than advocate a distorted narrative of a single constituency.

Yours sincerely

Consul General