

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY CHAIR

VICE CHAIR CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

MEMBERS

MEMBERS
CARRILLO, WENDY
CERVANTES, SABRINA
FRIEDMAN, LAURA
GALLAGHER, JAMES
GRAYSON, TIMOTHY S.
MAYES, CHAD
NAZARIAN, ADRIN
SALAS, JR. RUDY
WALDRON, MARIE

FONG, VINCE (R-ALT) LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT) REYES, ELOISE GÓMEZ (D-ALT)

10 minutes prior to Session State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

Thursday, May 10, 2018

BILL REFERRALS

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RESOLUTIONS			
3.	ACR-227 (Cooper)	Relative to California Zinfandel Month.	Page 6
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7.	SCR-117 (Newman)	Relative to Mendez v. Westminster School District Day.	Page 22
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9.	SCR-123 (Newman)	Relative to Arab American Heritage Month.	Page 32





VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM

MEMBERS

WENDY CARRILLO SABRINA CERVANTES LAURA FRIEDMAN JAMES GALLAGHER TIMOTHY S. GRAYSON CHAD MAYES ADRIN NAZARIAN **RUDY SALAS** MARIE WALDRON

MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) ELOISE GÓMEZ REYES (D-ALT.) VINCE FONG (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: **Rules Committee Members**

From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant

Date: 5/9/18

Consent Bill Referrals Re:

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, there have been no changes.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

05/10/2018

SB 1410

SB 1493

SB 1493

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No. Committee: ACR 230 TRANS. **ACR 234 HEALTH** HR 107 RLS. L. GOV. SB 907 <u>SB 907</u> TRANS. SB 925 HUM. S. SB 925 JUD. L. GOV. SB 946 L. GOV. SB 1035 SB 1040 HUM. S. SB 1040 H. & C.D. B. & P. SB 1042 INS. SB 1046 SB 1050 PUB. S. E.S. & T.M. SB 1054 PUB. S. SB 1146 SB 1165 P.E.,R., & S.S. PUB. S. SB 1199 SB 1252 L. & E. SB 1331 PUB. S. SB 1346 PUB. S. B. & F. SB 1361

U. & E.

NAT. RES.

W., P., & W.





VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM

MEMBERS

WENDY CARRILLO SABRINA CERVANTES LAURA FRIEDMAN JAMES GALLAGHER TIMOTHY S. GRAYSON CHAD MAYES ADRIN NAZARIAN **RUDY SALAS** MARIE WALDRON

MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) ELOISE GÓMEZ REYES (D-ALT.) VINCE FONG (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: **Rules Committee Members**

From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant

Date: 5/9/18

Re: Consent Bill Re-Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill re-referrals, there have been no changes.

RE-REFERRAL OF BILLS

05/10/2018

The Committee on Rules has re-referred the following bills to Committee:

Assembly Bill No. Committee: SB 452 NAT. RES.

Introduced by Assembly Member Cooper (Coauthors: Assembly Members Aguiar-Curry, Caballero, Dahle, Eggman, Friedman, and Rubio)

(Coauthors: Senators Berryhill, McGuire, and Stone)

April 30, 2018

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 227—Relative to California Zinfandel Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 227, as introduced, Cooper. California Zinfandel Month. This measure would proclaim the month of May 2018, and each May thereafter, as California Zinfandel Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

- WHEREAS, The zinfandel grape arrived in California during the 1850s gold rush; and
- WHEREAS, Since its arrival in California, zinfandel has consistently been the state's most widely planted grape, and remains among grapes in that category in the present day; and
- WHEREAS, Zinfandel is a versatile grape that can produce wine that is light and fruity, like Beaujolais, complex, like cabernet or claret, or even syrupy and sweet, like port; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Through genetic analysis, Dr. Carole P. Meredith, 10 former professor at the University of California, Davis, traced the
- zinfandel grape's origins to the Dalmatia region of Croatia, where,
- 12 as early as the 15th century, it was a staple of the region's
- 13 economy; and

WHEREAS, Today, California has some of the most exceptional regions in the world for growing the zinfandel grape, from the state's cooler regions, which produce wines with red-berry fruit flavors, like raspberry, to its warmer regions, which produce wines with notes of blackberry, anise, and pepper; and

WHEREAS, These regions of the state contain some of the oldest zinfandel vineyards in the world, especially the Lodi viticultural area ("Lodi"), where 100-year-old vines continue to produce outstanding wine; and

WHEREAS, In Lodi, zinfandel grapes are grown on freestanding, head-trained vines, planted on their own natural roots in the deep, sandy loam soils of the Mokelumne River area, which offer natural protection from the phylloxera louse, and cause the vines to develop stronger, deeper rooting systems to find water; and

WHEREAS, Deep-rooted old vines grow a healthy balance of fruit and canopy, producing high-quality, delicious fruit, but this method of growth, fundamental to Lodi's terroir, is expensive to maintain, as pruning, leaf-pulling, shoot-thinning, and harvesting are done by hand; and

WHEREAS, Due to labor shortages, some growers are uprooting old zinfandel vines and replacing them with more lucrative varieties that are easier and less expensive to grow; and

WHEREAS, In 2017, Kevin Phillips, Vice President of Operations for Michael David Winery and Phillips Farms, estimated that 10 percent of Lodi's old vine plantings would be pulled that year, describing this loss as "living history being demolished"; and

WHEREAS, In the face of new challenges to the venerable zinfandel grape, which might be known as California's heritage grape, zinfandel wine deserves renewed recognition for its unique contributions to this state and compelling character; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby recognizes zinfandel wine for its cultural and historical contribution to California, and its importance to the state's wine industry, by proclaiming the month of May 2018, and each May thereafter, to be California Zinfandel Month; and be it further

ACR 227 _3_

- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 227 (Cooper) – As Introduced April 30, 2018

SUBJECT: California Zinfandel Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of May 2018, and each May thereafter, as California Zinfandel Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The zinfandel grape arrived in California during the 1850s gold rush; and, since its arrival, zinfandel has consistently been the state's most widely planted grape, and remains among grapes in that category in the present day.
- 2) Zinfandel is a versatile grape that can produce wine that is light and fruity, like Beaujolais, complex, like cabernet or claret, or even syrupy and sweet, like port.
- 3) Today, California has some of the most exceptional regions in the world for growing the zinfandel grape, from the state's cooler regions, which produce wines with red-berry fruit flavors, like raspberry, to its warmer regions, which produce wines with notes of blackberry, anise, and pepper.
- 4) These regions of the state contain some of the oldest zinfandel vineyards in the world, especially the Lodi viticulture area ("Lodi"), where 100-year-old vines continue to produce outstanding wine.
- 5) Deep-rooted old vines grow a healthy balance of fruit and canopy, producing high-quality, delicious fruit, but this method of growth, fundamental to Lodi's terroir, is expensive to maintain, as pruning, leaf-pulling, shoot-thinning, and harvesting are done by hand.
- 6) Due to labor shortages, some growers are uprooting old zinfandel vines and replacing them with more lucrative varieties that are easier and less expensive to grow. In 2017, Kevin Phillips, Vice President of Operations for Michael David Winery and Phillips Farms, estimated that 10 percent of Lodi's old vine plantings would be pulled that year, describing this loss as "living history being demolished."
- 7) In the face of new challenges to the venerable zinfandel grape, which might be known as California's heritage grape, zinfandel wine deserves renewed recognition for its unique contributions to this state and compelling character.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Introduced by Assembly Member Chiu (Coauthors: Assembly Members Bonta, Chau, Chen, Choi, Chu, Fong, Gloria, Kalra, Low, Muratsuchi, Nazarian, and Ting) (Coauthors: Senators De León, Nguyen, and Pan)

May 2, 2018

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 231—Relative to Asian and Pacific Islander American Heritage Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 231, as introduced, Chiu. May 2018: Asian and Pacific Islander American Heritage Month.

This measure would recognize May 2018 as Asian and Pacific Islander American Heritage Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, One of the earliest records of Asian and Pacific
- 2 Islander Americans in the United States dates back to 1763 in New
- 3 Orleans, Louisiana, where Filipino sailors who worked the
- 4 Manila-Acapulco trade route settled; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Asian and Pacific Islander Americans have made
- 6 indelible contributions to the history of California and the United
- 7 States that include, but are not limited to, building the
- 8 Transcontinental Railroad, serving honorably in the Armed Forces,
- 9 fighting for the United States in foreign wars, coorganizing the
- 10 Delano Grape Strike, and advocating for civil rights; and
- WHEREAS, Asian and Pacific Islander Americans have endured
- 12 hardships, including unjust working conditions, prejudice, and

ACR 231 _2_

discrimination in some of the darkest times in our state's and

- nation's history, including the Chinese Exclusion Act, naturalized
- 3 citizenship ineligibility, the Alien Land Law, antimiscegenation
- 4 laws, and Japanese internment; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Asian and Pacific Islander Americans continue to 6 cultivate, advance, and lead in the fields of art, fashion, business,
- technology, education, science, government, law, humanities, 7 8 medicine, sports, and entertainment; and
- 9 WHEREAS, California is home to over 6.3 million Asian and
- 10 Pacific Islander Americans, more than any other state, and Asian and Pacific Islander Americans are one of the fastest growing 11
- 12 ethnic populations in the state and nation; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Asian and Pacific Islander Americans constitute
- 16 percent of California's population and represent diverse 14 ancestries that include, but are not limited to, Indian, Bangladeshi, 15
- 16 Bhutanese, Burmese, Cambodian, Chamorro, Chinese, Taiwanese,
- Filipino, Hmong, Indonesian, Iu-Mien, Iwo Jiman, Guamanian, 17 18
- Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Malaysian, Maldivian, Mongolian, Nepalese, Native Hawaiian, Vietnamese, Okinawan, Pakistani, 19
- Samoan, Singaporean, Sri Lankan, Thai, Tongan, and other Pacific 20
- 21 Islander; and

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- WHEREAS, California's Asian and Pacific Islander American entrepreneurs are innovative and lead many successful businesses to the pinnacle of their respective industries nationally and globally, and 31.5 percent of the nation's Asian-owned businesses are in California: and
- WHEREAS, The California Commission on Asian and Pacific Islander American Affairs was established in 2004 and is charged with advising the Governor, the Legislature, and state agencies on issues relating to the social and economic development, rights, and interests of California's Asian and Pacific Islander American
- 32 communities; and
- 33 WHEREAS, The California Joint Asian and Pacific Islander
- Legislative Caucus, a caucus of State Assembly Members and 34
- Senators, is composed of 16 Members during this session and 35
- represents and advocates for the interests of the diverse Asian and 36
- Pacific Islander American communities; and 37
- WHEREAS, Federal law designates May as "Asian/Pacific 38
- 39 American Heritage Month" in Section 102 of Title 36 of the United
- 40 States Code: and

-3- ACR 231

WHEREAS, Celebrating Asian and Pacific Islander Heritage Month provides Californians with an opportunity to recognize the achievements, contributions, and history of Asian and Pacific Islander Americans; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature commends Asian and Pacific Islander Americans for their notable accomplishments and contributions to California, and recognizes May 2018 as Asian and Pacific Islander American Heritage Month; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 231 (Chiu) – As Introduced May 2, 2018

SUBJECT: May 2018: Asian and Pacific Islander American Heritage Month

SUMMARY: Recognizes May 2018 as Asian and Pacific Islander American Heritage Month and commends Asian and Pacific Islander Americans for their notable accomplishments and contributions to California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) California is home to over 6.3 million Asian and Pacific Islander Americans, more than any other state and Asian and Pacific Islander Americans are one of the fastest growing ethnic populations in the state and the nation.
- 2) Asian and Pacific Islander Americans have endured hardships, including unjust working conditions, prejudice, and discrimination in some of the darkest times in our state's and nation's history, including the Chinese Exclusion Act, naturalized citizenship ineligibility, the Alien Land Law, anti-miscegenation laws, and Japanese internment.
- 3) Asian and Pacific Islander Americans continue to cultivate, advance, and lead in the fields of art, fashion, business, technology, education, science, government, law, humanities, medicine, sports, and entertainment.
- 4) The California Commission on Asian and Pacific Islander American Affairs was established in 2004 and is charged with advising the Governor, the Legislature, and state agencies on issues relating to the social and economic development, rights, and interests of California's Asian and Pacific Islander American communities.
- 5) The California Joint Asian and Pacific Islander Legislative Caucus, a caucus of State Assembly Members and Senators, is composed of 16 Members during this session and represents and advocates for the interests of the diverse Asian and Pacific Islander American communities.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 8, 2018

California legislature—2017–18 regular session

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 232

Introduced by Assembly Member Baker

May 2, 2018

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 232—Relative to Food Allergy Awareness Week.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 232, as amended, Baker. Food Allergy Awareness Week.

This measure would declare the week of May 13 to May 19, 2018, inclusive, as Food Allergy Awareness Week, and encourage Californians to increase their understanding and awareness of food allergies and anaphylaxis.

Fiscal committee: no.

- WHEREAS, As many as 15 million people in the United States
- 2 have a food allergy; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Research indicates the prevalence of food allergies
- 4 is increasing among children. Nearly six million children under
- 5 18 years of age have a food allergy; and
- 6 WHEREAS, The eight foods that cause the majority of all food
- 7 allergy reactions in the United States are *fish*, shellfish, milk, eggs,
- 8 tree nuts, peanuts, soy, and wheat; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Symptoms of a food-allergic reaction include hives,
- 10 vomiting, diarrhea, respiratory distress, and swelling of the throat;
- 11 and
- WHEREAS, Anaphylaxis is a serious allergic reaction that is
- 13 rapid in onset and may cause death; and

WHEREAS, According to the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, food allergies result in more than 200,000 ambulatory care visits a year involving children under 18 years of age. The number of food-allergic reactions requiring emergency treatment has sharply increased over the last decade with a 377 percent rise in individuals receiving medical treatment for anaphylaxis. Reactions typically occur when an individual unknowingly eats a food containing an ingredient to which he or she is allergic; and

WHEREAS, There is no cure for food allergies and scientists do not understand why this is so. Strict avoidance of the offending food is the only way to prevent an allergic reaction; and

WHEREAS, Food Allergy Research and Education is a national nonprofit organization dedicated to improving the quality of life and the health of individuals with food allergies, and to providing them with hope through the promise of new treatments; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That May 13 to May 19, 2018, inclusive, is hereby proclaimed Food Allergy Awareness Week in California; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature of the State of California encourages the residents of this state to increase their understanding and awareness of food allergies and anaphylaxis by visiting foodallergyweek.org; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 232 (Baker) – As Amended May 8, 2018

SUBJECT: Food Allergy Awareness Week.

SUMMARY: Declares the week of May 13 to May 19, 2018, as Food Allergy Awareness Week and encourages Californians to increase their understanding and awareness of food allergies and anaphylaxis. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) As many as 15 million people in the United States have a food allergy. Research indicates the prevalence of food allergies is increasing among children. Nearly six million children under 18 years of age have a food allergy.
- 2) There is no cure for food allergies and scientists do not understand why; and, strict avoidance of the offending food is the only way to prevent an allergic reaction.
- 3) Symptoms of a food-allergic reaction can include hives, vomiting, diarrhea, respiratory distress, and swelling of the throat. Anaphylaxis is a serious allergic reaction that is rapid in onset and may cause death.
- 4) According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, food allergies result in more than 200,000 ambulatory care visits a year involving children under 18 years of age. The number of food-allergic reactions requiring emergency treatment has sharply increased over the last decade with a 377 percent rise in individuals receiving medical treatment for anaphylaxis. Reactions typically occur when an individual unknowingly eats a food containing an ingredient to which he or she is allergic.
- 5) Food Allergy Research and Education is a national nonprofit organization dedicated to improving the quality of life and the health of individuals with food allergies and to providing them with hope through the promise of new treatments.

FISCAL EFFECT: No

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

No. 107

Introduced by Assembly Member Friedman

May 7, 2018

House Resolution No. 107—Relative to the 70th anniversary of the founding of the State of Israel.

- 1 WHEREAS, 2018 marks the 70th anniversary of the founding
- 2 of the modern State of Israel, which was officially declared an
- independent nation on May 14, 1948; and 3
- 4 WHEREAS, The people of Israel proclaimed the establishment
- of the sovereign and independent State of Israel, and the United 5
- States government established full diplomatic relations after Israel's 6
- 7 first election in 1949; and
- 8 WHEREAS, The establishment of the modern State of Israel as
- a homeland for the Jewish people followed the destruction of much
- 10 of the European Jewry during the Holocaust; and
- WHEREAS, Israel has much to commemorate and celebrate, 11
- 12 most notably that it has established, in its 70 years of existence,
- 13 the most successful and politically stable democracy in a Middle
- 14 East that continues to experience great turmoil; and
- 15 WHEREAS, The people of Israel enjoy a dynamic society with
- a unique and vital economic, political, cultural, and intellectual 16
- life and strive for peace with security and dignity for themselves 17
- 18 and their neighbors; and
- WHEREAS, Israel has developed some of the world's leading 19
- 20 universities; and
- 21 WHEREAS, Israel has developed an advanced, entrepreneurial
- economy, is among the world's leaders of the high-tech industry, 22

HR 107 -2-

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and is at the forefront of research and development in the fields of renewable energy sources and medicine; and

WHEREAS, Israel regularly sends humanitarian aid, search and rescue teams, mobile hospitals, and other emergency supplies to help victims of disasters around the world; and

WHEREAS, Since 2015, California and Israel have had a memorandum of understanding that established a formal relationship between the two parties to foster economic cooperation and economic development, facilitate joint industrial research and development, and enhance business relationships and educational opportunities between all Israeli and California universities to foster job creation and incubate global solutions from joint California-Israeli innovation initiatives; and

WHEREAS, California is home to a vibrant Israeli American immigrant community; and

WHEREAS, For over 2,000 years, Jews living in other parts of the world have maintained a profound spiritual and emotional connection to the Land of Israel, and there has been continuous Jewish presence in the land comprising the modern State of Israel; and

WHEREAS, With the culmination of its 70th anniversary observance in May 2018, Israel will celebrate with events marking the birth and development of the state, the struggle to find peace and security, and its hopes for the future; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the California State Assembly hereby commends and congratulates the people of Israel for their remarkable achievements on the occasion of Israel's 70th anniversary; and be it further; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk provide copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

HR 107 (Friedman) – As Introduced May 7, 2018

SUBJECT: 70th anniversary of the founding of the State of Israel

SUMMARY: Observes May 2018 as the 70th anniversary of the State of Israel. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) 2018 marks the 70th anniversary of the founding of the modern State of Israel, which was officially declared an independent nation on May 14, 1948.
- 2) The people of Israel proclaimed the establishment of the sovereign and independent State of Israel, and the United States government established full diplomatic relations after Israel's first election in 1949.
- 3) Since 2015, California and Israel have had a memorandum of understanding that established a formal relationship between the two parties to foster economic cooperation and economic development, facilitate joint industrial research and development, and enhance business relationships and educational opportunities between all Israeli and California universities to foster job creation and incubate global solutions from joint California-Israeli innovation initiatives.
- 4) California is home to a vibrant Israeli American immigrant community; and for over 2,000 years, Jews living in other parts of the world have maintained a profound spiritual and emotional connection to the Land of Israel.
- 5) The people of Israel enjoy a dynamic society with a unique and vital economic, political, cultural, and intellectual life and strive for peace with security and dignity for themselves and their neighbors.
- 6) Israel has developed some of the world's leading universities, has developed an advanced entrepreneurial economy, is among the world's leaders of the high-tech industry, and is at the forefront of research and development in the fields of renewable energy sources and medicine.
- 7) Israel regularly sends humanitarian aid, search and rescue teams, mobile hospitals, and other emergency supplies to help victims of disasters around the world.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Introduced by Senator Newman (Principal coauthor: Senator Hueso)

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Carrillo)

(Coauthors: Senators Dodd, Hertzberg, and Nguyen)

(Coauthor: Assembly Member Chiu)

March 15, 2018

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 117—Relative to Mendez v. Westminster School District Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 117, as introduced, Newman. Mendez v. Westminster School District Day.

This measure would designate April 14, 2018, as Mendez v. Westminster School District Day.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, While Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka
- 2 (1954) 347 U.S. 483 is a widely known landmark decision of the
- 3 United States Supreme Court, few can trace its origins to the case
- 4 of nine-year-old Sylvia Mendez in Mendez v. Westminster School
- 5 District of Orange County (S.D. Cal. 1946) 64 F.Supp 544,
- 6 affirmed (9th Cir. 1947) 161 F.2d 774; and
- WHEREAS, Sylvia's case, which was decided in the federal
- 8 courts located in California, preceded Brown v. Board of Education
- 9 by about eight years. Thurgood Marshall, who later represented
- 10 Linda Brown, wrote an amicus brief in favor of Sylvia's case.
- 11 Marshall used some of the same arguments in Mendez v.
- 12 Westminster School District to win Brown v. Board of Education:
- 13 and

 $SCR 117 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

WHEREAS, Sylvia Mendez, who received the Presidential
Medal of Freedom at a 2011 White House ceremony, was a child
when she was turned away from a California public school for
white students only. That rejection fueled her father's determined
journey through school, civic, and legal channels. Gonzalo Mendez,
represented by a civil rights attorney, took four Los Angeles-area
school districts to court and won a class action lawsuit at the trial
and appellate levels of the federal court system; and

WHEREAS, Ms. Mendez carries on the legacy of Mendez v. Westminster School District when she explains that her parents taught her "that we are all individuals; that we are all human beings; that we are all connected together; and that we all have the same rights, the same freedom"; and

WHEREAS, During a two-week trial, the Mendez family's attorney, David Marcus, took the then-unusual approach of presenting social science evidence to support his argument that segregation resulted in feelings of inferiority among Mexican-American children that could undermine their ability to be productive Americans. United States District Court Judge Paul J. McCormick agreed with the plaintiffs and ordered that the school districts cease their "discriminatory practices against the pupils of Mexican descent in the public schools" within those districts; and WHEREAS. In his decision, Judge McCormick wrote that

WHEREAS, In his decision, Judge McCormick wrote that "'[t]he equal protection of the laws' pertaining to the public school system in California is not provided by furnishing in separate schools the same technical facilities, textbooks and courses of instruction to children of Mexican ancestry that are available to the other public school children regardless of their ancestry. A paramount requisite in the American system of public education is social equality. It must be open to all children by unified school association regardless of lineage"; and

WHEREAS, The school districts appealed the case to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. The Court of Appeals affirmed Judge McCormick's ruling. Two months later, California Governor Earl Warren signed a bill ending school segregation in California, making it the first state to officially desegregate its public schools; and

WHEREAS, While the case was pending before the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit, several organizations, including the National Association for the Advancement of Colored

-3- SCR 117

- 1 People (NAACP) filed amicus curiae briefs. Thurgood Marshall
- 2 wrote for the NAACP and, five years later, used similar reasoning
- 3 before the United States Supreme Court in Brown v. Board of
- 4 Education. The United States Supreme Court adopted many of
- 5 Marshall's arguments and, in 1954, issued an opinion ending school
- 6 segregation throughout the United States. Chief Justice Earl Warren
- 7 wrote the opinion; and
- WHEREAS, Sylvia Mendez went on to earn degrees in nursing and became the Assistant Nursing Director of the Pediatric Pavilion at the Los Angeles county and University of Southern California
- 11 Medical Center. Since her retirement, she has dedicated her time
- 12 to educating students about Mendez v. Westminster School District
- 13 and encouraging young people to stay in school. In 2007, the
- 14 United States Post Office issued a stamp commemorating Mendez
- 15 v. Westminster School District. In 2009, the Los Angeles Unified
- 16 School District dedicated a new high school in the eastern area of
- 17 Los Angeles, the Felicitas and Gonzalo Mendez High School; now,
- 18 therefore, be it
- 19 Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly
- 20 thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby designates April
- 21 14, 2018, as Mendez v. Westminster School District Day in
- 22 California; and be it further
- 23 Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
- 24 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Ken Cooley, Chair SCR 117 (Newman) – As Introduced March 15, 2018

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: Mendez v. Westminster School District Day

SUMMARY: Designates April 14, 2018, as Mendez v. Westminster School District Day. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) While Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka is a widely known landmark decision of the U.S. Supreme Court, few can trace its origins to the case of nine-year-old Sylvia Mendez in Mendez v. Westminster School District of Orange County. Sylvia's case, which was decided in the federal courts located in California, preceded Brown v. Board of Education by about eight years.
- 2) Sylvia Mendez was a child when she was turned away from a California public school for white students only. That rejection fueled her father's determined journey through school, civic, and legal channels. Gonzalo Mendez, represented by a civil rights attorney, took four Los Angeles-area school districts to court and won a class action lawsuit at the trial and appellate levels of the federal court system.
- 3) During a two-week trial, the Mendez family's attorney presented social science evidence to support his argument that segregation resulted in feelings of inferiority among Mexican-American children that could undermine their ability to be productive Americans. U.S. District Court Judge Paul J. McCormick agreed with the plaintiffs and ordered that the school districts cease their "discriminatory practices against the pupils of Mexican descent in the public schools" within those districts.
- 4) In his decision, Judge McCormick wrote that "'[t]he equal protection of the laws' pertaining to the public school system in California is not provided by furnishing in separate schools the same technical facilities, textbooks and courses of instruction to children of Mexican ancestry that are available to the other public school children regardless of their ancestry. A paramount requisite in the American system of public education is social equality. It must be open to all children by unified school association regardless of lineage."
- 5) The school districts appealed the case to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. The Court of Appeals affirmed Judge McCormick's ruling. Two months later, California Governor Earl Warren signed a bill ending school segregation in California, making it the first state to officially desegregate its public schools.
- 6) Sylvia Mendez went on to earn degrees in nursing and became the Assistant Nursing Director of the Pediatric Pavilion at the Los Angeles County and University of Southern California Medical Center. Since her retirement, she has dedicated her time to educating students about Mendez v. Westminster School District and encouraging young people to stay in school. In 2007, the U.S. Post Office issued a stamp commemorating Mendez v. Westminster School District. In 2009, the Los Angeles Unified School District dedicated a new high school in the

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eastern area of Los Angeles, the Felicitas and Gonzalo Mendez High School. Sylvia Mendez received the Presidential Medal of Freedom at a 2011 White House ceremony.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Introduced by Senator Nguyen

March 22, 2018

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 122—Relative to California Surfing Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 122, as introduced, Nguyen. California Surfing Day.

This measure would recognize September 20, 2018, and every year on that date thereafter, as California Surfing Day to celebrate the California surfing lifestyle, would commend all those who honor the history, culture, and future of surfing, as well as the sport of surfing and the protection of our beach and ocean environments, would express support for future surfers and encourage potential surfing Olympians to work diligently, and would encourage all Californians to enjoy California Surfing Day.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, California Surfing Day, which will be observed
- first on September 20, 2018, and annually on that day thereafter,
- was adopted by surfers of all ages in the City of Huntington Beach
- to unify surfers throughout the State of California and from around 4
- the world to celebrate one very special day where we collectively 5
- honor the California surfing lifestyle; and
- WHEREAS, For the first time in history, surfing will mark its 7 Olympic sport debut at the 2020 Summer Olympic Games in 8
- 9 Tokyo, representing a chance to encourage ocean awareness in
- support of our future young surfers; and 10
- WHEREAS, This special day will bring together thousands of 11
- 12 ocean and beach lovers, surfers, and millions of visitors who travel

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1 to California to experience the positive vibes of surfing, the 2 innovation, the culture, and all the fun that comes along with the 3 sport; and

WHEREAS, California's coastline spans 1,100 miles and its beaches and coastal areas generate \$1.15 trillion in economic activity annually; and

WHEREAS, The United States boasts approximately 3.3 million surfers who spend between \$1.9 and \$3.3 billion each year on local surf trips. The surfing industry, almost exclusively based in California, generates over \$6 billion in United States annual retail sales; and

WHEREAS, California has the largest ocean economy in the United States, ranking number one for both employment and jobs and gross state product at approximately \$41.9 billion; and

WHEREAS, California is home to iconic surf breaks, such as Huntington Beach, Malibu, Trestles, Mavericks, and Rincon, which are destinations for both domestic and international surfers; and

WHEREAS, The City of Huntington Beach, also known as Surf City USA, is the holder of three surfing Guinness World Records: for the largest surfing paddle out in "The Surfing Circle of Honor, Celebrating Surfing in the Summer Games" on International Surfing Day 2017, for the largest surfboard and for the most people riding a surfboard at the same time on International Surfing Day 2015; and

WHEREAS, The cultural significance of surfing to California's identity is embodied in the multiple nonprofits and educational centers devoted to the sport, including the International Surfing Museum nestled in Huntington Beach, the Surfing Heritage and Culture Center in San Clemente, the California Surf Museum in Oceanside, and the Santa Cruz Surfing Museum; and

WHEREAS, Every year, California beaches host numerous domestic and internationally recognized surfing events and tournaments, including the National Scholastic Surfing Association (NSSA) Championships, the Vans US Open of Surfing, The Surfers' Hall of Fame, Surfing Walk of Fame, and International Surfboard Builders Hall of Fame in Huntington Beach, and the International Surf Festival in the Cities of Hermosa Beach, Manhattan Beach, Redondo Beach, and Torrance; and

WHEREAS, International Surfing Day was established in 2004 and has grown to over 200 separate events in over 30 different

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countries and continues to unite surfers around the world to celebrate the sport of surfing while raising awareness and showing appreciation for our coastal environment; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby recognizes September 20, 2018, and that date annually thereafter, as California Surfing Day, celebrating the California surfing lifestyle, and commends all those who honor the history, culture, and future of surfing, the great sport of surfing, and the protection of our beach and ocean environments, while supporting and educating our future surfers, encourages our potential surfing Olympians to work diligently, and encourages all Californians to enjoy California Surfing Day; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

SCR 122 (Nguyen) – As Introduced March 22, 2018

SENATE VOTE: 36-0

SUBJECT: California Surfing Day

SUMMARY: Recognizes September 20, 2018, and every year on that date thereafter, as California Surfing Day to celebrate the California surfing lifestyle. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) California Surfing Day, which will be observed first on September 20, 2018, and annually on that day thereafter, was adopted by surfers of all ages in the City of Huntington Beach to unify surfers throughout the State of California and from around the world to celebrate one very special day where we collectively honor the California surfing lifestyle.
- 2) For the first time in history, surfing will mark its Olympic sport debut at the 2020 Summer Olympic Games in Tokyo, representing a chance to encourage ocean awareness in support of our future young surfers.
- 3) California's coastline spans 1,100 miles and its beaches and coastal areas generate \$1.15 trillion in economic activity annually; and, California has the largest ocean economy in the United States, ranking number one for both employment and jobs and gross state product at approximately \$41.9 billion.
- 4) California is home to iconic surf breaks, such as Huntington Beach, Malibu, Trestles, Mavericks, and Rincon, which are destinations for both domestic and international surfers.
- 5) The cultural significance of surfing to California's identity is embodied in the multiple nonprofits and educational centers devoted to the sport, including International Surfing Museum nestled in Huntington Beach, the Surfing Heritage and Culture Center in San Clemente, the California Surf Museum in Oceanside, and the Santa Cruz Surfing Museum.
- 6) International Surfing Day was established in 2004 and has grown to over 200 separate events in over 30 different countries and continues to unite surfers around the world to celebrate the sport of surfing while raising awareness and showing appreciation for our coastal environment.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Introduced by Senator Newman (Coauthor: Senator Dodd)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Cervantes, Kalra, and Reyes)

March 22, 2018

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 123—Relative to Arab American Heritage Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 123, as introduced, Newman. Arab American Heritage Month. This measure would proclaim the month of April 2018 as Arab American Heritage Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, For over a century, Arab Americans have been
- 2 making valuable contributions to virtually every aspect of
- 3 American society, including medicine, law, business, technology,
 - government, and culture; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Since migrating to the United States, men and
- 6 women of Arab descent have shared their rich culture and traditions
- 7 with neighbors and friends, while also setting fine examples of
- 8 model citizens and public servants; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Arab migrants to the United States brought with
- 10 them their resilient family values, strong work ethic, dedication
- 11 to education, and diversity in faith and creed that have added
- 12 strength to our great democracy; and
- WHEREAS, Arab Americans have also enriched our society
- 14 by embracing the American spirit of opportunity that makes our
- 15 nation free and prosperous; and

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WHEREAS, The history of Arab Americans in American life often remains neglected or defaced by misunderstanding, bigotry, and anti-Arab hate in the form of crimes and speech; and

WHEREAS, Issues currently affecting Arab Americans, such as civil rights abuses, harmful stereotyping, harassment, and bullying, combatted by education and awareness; and

WHEREAS, Arab Americans join all Americans in the desire to see a peaceful and diverse society, where every individual is treated equally and feels safe; and

WHEREAS, The immense contributions and heritage of Arab Americans have helped us build a better nation; now, therefore,

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That California celebrates the countless contributions that Arab Americans have made to American society and the State of California, and that the Legislature therefore hereby proclaims the month of April 2018 to be Arab American Heritage Month in California and encourages all residents of this state to join in this special observance; and be it further

20 Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

SCR 123 (Newman) – As Introduced March 22, 2018

SENATE VOTE: 39-0

SUBJECT: Arab American Heritage Month

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of April 2018 as Arab American Heritage Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Since migrating to the United States, men and women of Arab descent have shared their rich culture and traditions with neighbors and friends, while also setting fine examples of model citizens and public servants.
- 2) Arab migrants to the United States brought with them their resilient family values, strong work ethic, dedication to education, and diversity in faith and creed that have added strength to our great democracy.
- 3) Arab Americans have also enriched our society by embracing the American spirit of opportunity that makes our nation free and prosperous.
- 4) The immense contributions and heritage of Arab Americans have helped us build a better nation.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file