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CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
LIA LOPEZ

**Assembly
California Legislature
Committee on Rules**

**BLANCA PACHECO
CHAIR**

VICE CHAIR
LACKEY, TOM

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AHRENS, PATRICK
DIXON, DIANE
GARCIA, ROBERT
GONZÁLEZ, MARK
IRWIN, JACQUI
RODRIGUEZ, MICHELLE
SANCHEZ, KATE
ZBUR, RICK CHAVEZ

ARAMBULA, JOAQUIN (D-ALT)
TA, TRI (R-ALT)

Monday, June 8, 2026
10 minutes prior to Session
State Capitol, Room 126

CONSENT AGENDA

BILL REFERRALS

1. Bill Referrals

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RESOLUTIONS

2. ACR-212 (Macedo) Dairy Month.
3. ACR-214 (Bryan) Juneteenth.
4. ACR-215 (Petrie-Norris) Hypertension Awareness Month.
5. ACR-217 (Bryan) California BBQ Month.
6. SCR-179 (Niello) Celiac Disease Awareness Month.

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RICK CHAVEZ ZBUR
JOAQUIN ARAMBULA (D-ALT.)
TRI TA (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: Rules Committee Members
From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant
Date: 6/6/2026
Re: Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, the following measures have been added to the referral list: SB 607, SB 677, SB 1153, SB 1171, and SB 1314.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

06/08/2026

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>ACR 219</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 220</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 221</u>	A., E., S., & T.
<u>ACR 222</u>	RLS.
<u>SB 260</u>	INS.
<u>SB 260</u>	PUB. S.
<u>SB 260</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>SB 607</u>	TRANS.
<u>SB 607</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 677</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>SB 677</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 873</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 936</u>	B. & P.
<u>SB 936</u>	PUB. S.
<u>SB 942</u>	HEALTH
<u>SB 942</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 948</u>	PUB. S.
<u>SB 954</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>SB 954</u>	L. & E.
<u>SB 989</u>	HEALTH
<u>SB 989</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 991</u>	AGING & L.T.C.
<u>SB 991</u>	HUM. S.
<u>SB 1024</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>SB 1024</u>	L. & E.
<u>SB 1083</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>SB 1083</u>	ED.
<u>SB 1114</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>SB 1114</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 1153</u>	E.M.
<u>SB 1153</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>SB 1153</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 1166</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>SB 1167</u>	TRANS.
<u>SB 1171</u>	G.O.
<u>SB 1171</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 1218</u>	TRANS.
<u>SB 1244</u>	HEALTH
<u>SB 1256</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 1256</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 1257</u>	PUB. S.
<u>SB 1257</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 1259</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>SB 1259</u>	U. & E.

<u>SB 1284</u>	HEALTH
<u>SB 1284</u>	L. & E.
<u>SB 1299</u>	E.M.
<u>SB 1299</u>	L. & E.
<u>SB 1314</u>	HEALTH
<u>SB 1314</u>	B. & P.
<u>SB 1330</u>	PUB. S.
<u>SB 1371</u>	JUD.
<u>SB 1383</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>SB 1383</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 1400</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 1408</u>	L. GOV.
<u>SB 1408</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>SB 1417</u>	U. & E.
<u>SB 1417</u>	P. & C.P.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 212

Introduced by Assembly Member Macedo

May 26, 2026

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 212—Relative to Dairy Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 212, as introduced, Macedo. Dairy Month.

This measure would proclaim the month of June to be Dairy Month in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, June is National Dairy Month; and
2 WHEREAS, California, the nation’s largest farming state,
3 producing more than 400 agricultural commodities, is also the top
4 dairy producing state in the nation, with dairy being California’s
5 top agricultural commodity; and
6 WHEREAS, California produces and processes about 18 percent
7 of all United States farm milk into a variety of products that both
8 stay local and are shipped out of the state and nation, including
9 butter, milk powders, cheese, ice cream, and whey and milk protein
10 products; and
11 WHEREAS, California is the country’s leading producer of
12 butter, ice cream, and nonfat dry milk and is the second largest
13 cheese and yogurt producer; and
14 WHEREAS, Over 250 varieties and styles of cheese are made
15 in the state of California; and
16 WHEREAS, Milk is an affordable source of 13 essential
17 nutrients, including protein, calcium, and vitamin D; and

1 WHEREAS, To get the same amount of calcium provided by
2 one 8-ounce glass of milk, a person would have to eat 4.5 servings
3 of broccoli, 16 servings of spinach, or 5.8 servings of whole wheat
4 bread; and

5 WHEREAS, One in five Californians have uncertain or
6 inconsistent access to food, and dairy products are an effective
7 and affordable source of nutrition to California’s families; and

8 WHEREAS, To do their part in helping to address this gap,
9 California dairy organizations collectively donated more than
10 3,600,000 pounds of dairy products to local food banks in 2023;
11 and

12 WHEREAS, Ninety-nine percent of California dairy farms are
13 family owned, and dairy farming and processing in California
14 collectively represented 151,859 jobs in 2024; and

15 WHEREAS, California’s dairy industry generates \$69.1 billion
16 annually in dairy-related economic activity, including \$23.2 billion
17 in direct economic activity; and

18 WHEREAS, California dairies are leading the way in
19 environmental stewardship and have reduced the carbon footprint
20 of each gallon of milk produced by more than 45% over the past
21 five decades; and

22 WHEREAS, The amount of water used to produce a gallon of
23 milk in California has decreased by more than 88% over the past
24 50 years; and

25 WHEREAS, Forty percent of feed comes from agricultural
26 byproducts in California farm rations, greatly reducing the
27 environmental footprint of California dairies, including byproducts
28 that would otherwise go into the waste stream like spent brewer’s
29 grain, grape pomace, almond hulls, citrus pulp, and cottonseed;
30 and

31 WHEREAS, In compliance with Senate Bill 1383 (Chapter 395
32 of the Statutes of 2016), this year, through various strategies and
33 partnerships, the state’s dairy farms will achieve an annual methane
34 emissions reduction of 5,000,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
35 equivalent (MTCO_{2e}); and

36 WHEREAS, California has 168 dairy digesters operating, with
37 about 70 more projects in development; and

38 WHEREAS, Digesters capture methane from manure storage
39 and put it to productive use as carbon-negative transportation fuel
40 or for other renewable energy needs, and as projects under

1 development come online, methane from manure will be captured
2 from 270 dairy farms, creating either renewable electricity,
3 renewable natural gas, or hydrogen fuel, with estimated total annual
4 reductions from projects operating to date of 2,650,000 MTCO₂e;
5 and

6 WHEREAS, California’s dairy digester program, the Department
7 of Food and Agriculture’s Dairy Digester Research and
8 Development Program, is responsible for achieving 20 percent of
9 greenhouse gas reductions from all climate programs invested in
10 by the state with just 1.5 percent of total funds awarded; and

11 WHEREAS, California dairy farms have implemented more
12 than 145 alternative manure management projects, with another
13 75 projects funded and in development, and these projects include
14 manure separators, compost pack barns, manure scrape and vacuum
15 systems, and other practices that avoid methane creation from
16 manure management operations, with estimated total annual
17 reductions from projects operating to date of 280,500 MTCO₂e;
18 and

19 WHEREAS, The Department of Food and Agriculture’s
20 Alternative Manure Management Program is one of the state’s
21 most cost-effective programs, providing one ton of greenhouse
22 gas reduction for every \$67 invested by the state; and

23 WHEREAS, California dairy farms continue to shrink their
24 environmental footprint by producing more milk with fewer cows,
25 and milk production efficiencies continue to be gained in many
26 ways, including improved animal nutrition, selective breeding,
27 and enhanced animal care and comfort; and

28 WHEREAS, Overall, while total milk production has remained
29 relatively stable, the number of dairy cows in California has
30 continued to shrink, resulting in far fewer emissions, with estimated
31 total annual reductions achieved between 2013 to 2022, inclusive,
32 of 2,130,000 MTCO₂e; now, therefore be it

33 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
34 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature hereby proclaims the
35 month of June to be Dairy Month in California, recognizing
36 California as the number one dairy state; and be it further

37 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
38 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: June 8, 2026

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Blanca Pacheco, Chair
ACR 212 (Macedo) – As Introduced May 26, 2026

SUBJECT: Dairy Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of June to be Dairy Month in California, recognizing California as the number one dairy state. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) California, the nation’s largest farming state, producing more than 400 agricultural commodities, is also the top dairy producing state in the nation, with dairy being California’s top agricultural commodity. California is the country’s leading producer of butter, ice cream, and nonfat dry milk and is the second largest cheese and yogurt producer.
- 2) One in five Californians have uncertain or inconsistent access to food, and dairy products are an effective and affordable source of nutrition to California’s families. To do their part in helping to address this gap, California dairy organizations collectively donated more than 3.6 million pounds of dairy products to local food banks in 2023.
- 3) Ninety-nine percent of California dairy farms are family owned, and dairy farming and processing in California collectively represented 151,859 jobs in 2024. California’s dairy industry generates \$69.1 billion annually in dairy-related economic activity, including \$23.2 billion in direct economic activity.
- 4) California dairies are leading the way in environmental stewardship and have reduced the carbon footprint of each gallon of milk produced by more than 45 percent over the past five decades.
- 5) The amount of water used to produce a gallon of milk in California has decreased by more than 88 percent over the past 50 years. Forty percent of feed comes from agricultural byproducts in California farm rations, greatly reducing the environmental footprint of California dairies, including byproducts that would otherwise go into the waste stream like spent brewer’s grain, grape pomace, almond hulls, citrus pulp, and cottonseed.
- 6) California’s dairy digester program, the Department of Food and Agriculture’s Dairy Digester Research and Development Program, is responsible for achieving 20 percent of greenhouse gas reductions from all climate programs invested in by the state with just 1.5 percent of total funds awarded.
- 7) The Department of Food and Agriculture’s Alternative Manure Management Program is one of the state’s most cost-effective programs, providing one ton of greenhouse gas reduction for every \$67 invested by the state.
- 8) California dairy farms continue to shrink their environmental footprint by producing more milk with fewer cows, and milk production efficiencies continue to be gained in many ways, including improved animal nutrition, selective breeding, and enhanced animal care and comfort.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 214

**Introduced by Assembly Members Bryan, Bonta, Elhawary, Gipson,
Jackson, McKinnor, Ransom, Sharp-Collins, and Wilson**

(Principal coauthors: Senators Richardson, Smallwood-Cuevas, and
Weber Pierson)

June 1, 2026

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 214—Relative to Juneteenth.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 214, as introduced, Bryan. Juneteenth.

This measure would recognize June 19, 2026, as Juneteenth and would urge the people of California to join in celebrating Juneteenth as a day to honor and reflect on the significant role that African Americans have played in the history of the United States and how they have enriched society through their steadfast commitment to promoting unity and equality.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Juneteenth, also known as “Juneteenth
- 2 Independence Day,” “Emancipation Day,” and “Freedom Day,”
- 3 is the oldest African American holiday observance in the United
- 4 States; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Juneteenth, or June 19, 1865, is considered the
- 6 date when the last persons enslaved in American Chattel Slavery
- 7 were freed when General Gordon Granger rode into the City of
- 8 Galveston, Texas, and issued General Order No. 3, almost two and
- 9 one-half years after President Abraham Lincoln issued the
- 10 Emancipation Proclamation; and

1 WHEREAS, 2026 marks 161 years of freedom celebrations;
2 and

3 WHEREAS, Juneteenth commemorates the strong survival
4 instinct of African Americans, who were first brought to this
5 country stacked and shackled in the bottom of slave ships in a
6 monthlong journey across the Atlantic Ocean known as the “Middle
7 Passage”; and

8 WHEREAS, June 2026 marks 407 years since the first arrival
9 of Africans to colonial America, and in 2018 the United States
10 Congress established the 400 Years of African-American History
11 Commission to commemorate the rich heritage and historic
12 contributions of Americans of African descent to help shape the
13 cultural, academic, economic, social, and moral attributes of this
14 nation; and

15 WHEREAS, In August 1619, the first documented Africans
16 arrived in the English colony of Virginia. The group, recorded
17 upon arrival as “20 and odd Negros,” was part of a larger group
18 of West Africans enslaved by Portuguese slave traders. They were
19 on their way to the City of Veracruz, Mexico, aboard a Spanish
20 ship when they were captured off the coast of Mexico by an English
21 privateer ship and transported to Virginia, where they were put
22 ashore at what is now the City of Hampton, Virginia, and sold as
23 involuntary laborers or indentured servants; and

24 WHEREAS, Slavery had not yet been institutionalized, and the
25 Africans were informed they would work under contract for a
26 certain period of time before being granted freedom and rights
27 afforded other settlers. However, while European indentured
28 servants were listed along with their year of expected freedom, no
29 such information accompanied the names of the African indentured
30 servants; and

31 WHEREAS, On September 22, 1862, President Abraham
32 Lincoln issued the preliminary Emancipation Proclamation,
33 warning the rebellious Confederate states that he would declare
34 their slaves “forever free” if those states did not return to the Union
35 by January 1, 1863. Enforcement of the Emancipation Proclamation
36 occurred only in Confederate states that were under Union Army
37 control; and

38 WHEREAS, Even after the lapse of California’s Fugitive Slave
39 Law in 1855, masters informally held enslaved people in California

1 until 1864, and it was not until June 28, 1864, that all fugitive slave
2 laws were officially repealed; and

3 WHEREAS, Prior to the end of the Civil War, Congress passed
4 the Thirteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution on
5 January 31, 1865, which abolished slavery throughout the United
6 States and its territories. Spontaneous celebrations erupted
7 throughout the country when African Americans learned of their
8 freedom; and

9 WHEREAS, Texas, as a part of the Confederacy, was resistant
10 to the Emancipation Proclamation. On June 18, 1865, Union troops
11 arrived in the City of Galveston, Texas, to take possession of the
12 state and enforce the emancipation of its slaves. Former slaves in
13 Galveston rejoiced in the streets with jubilant celebrations. The
14 following day, June 19, became known as “Juneteenth,” a name
15 derived from a portmanteau of the words “June” and “nineteenth.”
16 Juneteenth celebrations began in Texas the following year; and

17 WHEREAS, Juneteenth education and commemorations
18 declined in America in the early part of the 20th century, but the
19 Civil Rights Movement of the 1950s and 1960s saw a resurgence
20 of interest in Juneteenth, along with renewed community
21 celebrations of the day; and

22 WHEREAS, In 1979, Texas State House Representative Al
23 Edwards of Houston successfully sponsored House Bill 1016 (Acts
24 1979, Ch. 481), thereby making Texas the first state in the nation
25 to establish Juneteenth as an annual paid state holiday starting the
26 following year. The successful passage of this bill marked
27 Juneteenth as the first emancipation celebration granted official
28 state recognition; and

29 WHEREAS, In June 2020, after the brutal murder of George
30 Floyd, several prominent companies, including Nike, the National
31 Football League, X, and Square, announced plans to offer
32 Juneteenth as a paid holiday to their employees. Further, several
33 financial institutions, including JPMorgan Chase, Northern Trust,
34 Fifth Third Bank, PNC Bank, and Capital One, also announced
35 that they will be closing all or parts of their business early on June
36 19 while paying employees for the full day; and

37 WHEREAS, On June 17, 2021, President Biden signed the
38 Juneteenth National Independence Day Act into law, establishing
39 June 19 as a federal holiday, and making it the first federal holiday

1 since the establishment of Martin Luther King Jr. Day in 1983;
2 and

3 WHEREAS, In 2002, California State Assemblymember John
4 Longville of Rialto successfully sponsored Assembly Bill 1749
5 (Chapter 155 of the Statutes of 2002) requiring the governor to
6 proclaim the third Saturday in June of each year to be known as
7 “Juneteenth National Freedom Day: A day of observance,” and to
8 urge the people of California in celebrating this day to honor and
9 reflect on the significant role that African Americans have played
10 in the history of the United States and how African Americans
11 have enriched society through their steadfast commitment to
12 promoting brotherhood and equality. Although not yet recognized
13 as an official state holiday, the annual gubernatorial proclamation
14 gave way to community celebrations throughout the state; and

15 WHEREAS, In 2022, California State Assemblymember
16 Reginald Byron Jones-Sawyer, Sr. of Los Angeles successfully
17 sponsored Assembly Bill 1655 (Chapter 753 of the Statutes of
18 2022) thereby adding Juneteenth to the list of state holidays and
19 authorizing state employees to elect to take time off with pay; and

20 WHEREAS, As of 2022, all 50 states in the country recognize
21 Juneteenth as an official state holiday or day of observance; and

22 WHEREAS, A growing number of American and African
23 American cultural institutions have sponsored Juneteenth cultural
24 events designed to make all Americans aware of this celebration,
25 including the Smithsonian Institution’s National Museum of
26 American History in Washington, D.C., the Chicago Historical
27 Society, the Black Archives of Mid-America in Kansas City, Inc.
28 in the City of Kansas City, Missouri, the California African
29 American Museum in the City of Los Angeles, California, the
30 Henry Ford Museum and Greenfield Village in the City of
31 Dearborn, Michigan, the African American Museum in the City
32 of Dallas, Texas, and the National Juneteenth Observance
33 Foundation. Juneteenth celebrations are a tribute to those African
34 Americans who fought so long for freedom and worked so hard
35 to make the dream of equality a reality; and

36 WHEREAS, Juneteenth commemorates African American
37 freedom and emphasizes education and achievement. It is a day,
38 a week, and in some areas, a month marked with celebrations,
39 guest speakers, picnics, and family gatherings. It is a time for
40 reflection and rejoicing. It is a time for assessment,

1 self-improvement, and for planning the future; now, therefore, be
2 it

3 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
4 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature of the State of California
5 hereby recognizes June 19, 2026, and every June 19th thereafter,
6 as Juneteenth; and be it further

7 *Resolved*, That the Legislature urges the people of California to
8 join in celebrating Juneteenth as a day to honor and reflect on the
9 significant role that African Americans have played in the history
10 of the United States and how they have enriched society through
11 their steadfast commitment to promoting unity and equality; and
12 be it further

13 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
14 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: June 8, 2026

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Blanca Pacheco, Chair
ACR 214 (Bryan) – As Introduced June 1, 2026

SUBJECT: Juneteenth.

SUMMARY: Recognizes June 19, 2026, as Juneteenth; and, urges the people of California to join in celebrating Juneteenth as a day to honor and reflect on the significant role that African Americans have played in the history of the United States, and how they have enriched society through their steadfast commitment to promoting unity and equality. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Juneteenth, also known as “Juneteenth Independence Day,” “Emancipation Day,” “Emancipation Celebration,” and “Freedom Day,” is the oldest African American holiday observance in the United States.
- 2) Juneteenth, or June 19, 1865, is considered the date when the last slaves in America were freed when General Gordon Granger rode into Galveston, Texas, and issued General Order No. 3, almost two and one-half years after President Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation.
- 3) Juneteenth education and celebrations declined in America in the early part of the 20th century, but the Civil Rights Movement of the 1950s and 1960s saw a resurgence of interest in Juneteenth, along with renewed community celebrations of the day.
- 4) In 1979, Texas State House Representative Al Edwards of Houston successfully sponsored House Bill 1016 (Acts 1979, Ch. 481), thereby making Texas the first state in the nation to establish Juneteenth as an annual paid state holiday starting the following year. The successful passage of this bill marked Juneteenth as the first emancipation celebration granted official state recognition.
- 5) As of 2022, all 50 states in the country recognize Juneteenth as an official state holiday or day of observance.
- 6) California law requires the Governor to proclaim the third Saturday in June of each year to be known as “Juneteenth National Freedom Day: A day of observance,” to urge the people of California in celebrating this day to honor and reflect on the significant role that African Americans have played in the history of the United States.
- 7) A growing number of American and African American cultural institutions have sponsored Juneteenth cultural events designed to make all Americans aware of this celebration, including the Smithsonian Institution’s National Museum of American History in Washington, D.C., the Chicago Historical Society, the Black Archives of Mid-America in Kansas City, the California African American Museum in the City of Los Angeles, the Henry Ford Museum and Greenfield Village in the City of Dearborn, Michigan, the African American Museum in the City of Dallas, Texas, and the National Juneteenth Observance Foundation.

- 8) Juneteenth commemorates African American freedom and emphasizes education and achievement. It is a day, a week, and in some areas, a month marked with celebrations, guest speakers, picnics, and family gatherings. It is a time for reflection and rejoicing. It is a time for assessment, self-improvement, and for planning the future.
- 9) 2026 marks 161 years of freedom celebrations.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 215

Introduced by Assembly Member Petrie-Norris

June 3, 2026

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 215—Relative to Hypertension Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 215, as introduced, Petrie-Norris. Hypertension Awareness Month.

This measure would recognize May 2026 as Hypertension Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Hypertension, also known as high blood pressure,
2 affects nearly one-half of all adults in the United States and is a
3 leading risk factor for various cardiovascular diseases; and

4 WHEREAS, Only about one in four adults with hypertension
5 have their condition under control; and

6 WHEREAS, Annual health care costs associated with high blood
7 pressure were an estimated \$219,000,000,000 in the United States
8 in 2019, with medical costs for people with high blood pressure
9 being about \$2,800 higher than for people without high blood
10 pressure; and

11 WHEREAS, Hypertension often goes undetected and untreated,
12 leading to severe health complications, including heart disease,
13 stroke, and kidney failure, and contributing to 664,470 deaths in
14 2023 in the United States; and

1 WHEREAS, In 2024, almost 30 percent of adults in California
2 had a diagnosis of hypertension, with an additional estimated 7
3 percent to have borderline hypertension; and

4 WHEREAS, California has one of the highest mortality rates
5 from hypertension in the United States at 13.4 per 100,000 people,
6 leading to 6,406 deaths per year; and

7 WHEREAS, Hypertension disproportionately impacts certain
8 populations, including, but not limited to, communities of color,
9 socioeconomically disadvantaged individuals, and individuals with
10 limited access to health care services, leading to health disparities
11 and inequities in the prevalence, management, and outcomes of
12 high blood pressure; and

13 WHEREAS, In California, American Indian and Alaska Natives
14 (33.6 percent), African Americans (39.3 percent), and Native
15 Hawaiian and Pacific Islanders (42.5 percent) are more likely to
16 have been diagnosed with high blood pressure; and

17 WHEREAS, Early detection, proper management, and access
18 to medical treatment are critical to reducing the prevalence and
19 impact of hypertension on individuals' health and well-being; and

20 WHEREAS, Access to affordable and quality health care
21 services, including medical treatments, is crucial for managing
22 hypertension and improving health outcomes; and

23 WHEREAS, Recent advancements in medical technology have
24 expanded the range of treatment options for individuals with
25 hypertension, including those with resistant hypertension; and

26 WHEREAS, Access to innovative treatments is essential for
27 improving public health and reducing the burden of
28 hypertension-related complications; and

29 WHEREAS, Community initiatives, health care professionals,
30 and advocacy organizations play a vital role in educating the public,
31 providing resources, and advocating for policies that enhance
32 hypertension awareness and access to medical care; and

33 WHEREAS, The month of May is dedicated to raising awareness
34 about hypertension, promoting education about prevention and
35 management, and encouraging individuals to monitor their blood
36 pressure regularly; now, therefore, be it

37 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
38 *thereof concurring,* That the Legislature recognizes May 2026 as
39 Hypertension Awareness Month; and be it further

1 *Resolved*, That the Legislature acknowledges the importance of
2 raising awareness about hypertension’s risks, prevention, and
3 management strategies; and be it further

4 *Resolved*, That the Legislature encourages health care providers,
5 public health agencies, and community organizations to continue
6 their efforts in educating and empowering individuals to monitor
7 and manage their blood pressure effectively; and be it further

8 *Resolved*, That the Legislature emphasizes the significance of
9 access to affordable and comprehensive health care services,
10 including innovative medical treatments, in addressing
11 hypertension and reducing its impact on individuals and
12 communities; and be it further

13 *Resolved*, That the Legislature supports initiatives that aim to
14 improve health care access, affordability, and education regarding
15 hypertension management and treatment options; and be it further

16 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
17 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: June 8, 2026

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Blanca Pacheco, Chair
ACR 215 (Petrie-Norris) – As Introduced June 3, 2026

SUBJECT: Hypertension Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Recognizes May 2026 as Hypertension Awareness Month; and, acknowledges the importance of raising awareness about hypertension’s risks, prevention, and management strategies. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Hypertension, also known as high blood pressure, affects nearly one-half of all adults in the United States and is a leading risk factor for various cardiovascular diseases. Only about one in four adults with hypertension have their condition under control.
- 2) Hypertension often goes undetected and untreated, leading to severe health complications, including heart disease, stroke, and kidney failure, and contributing to 664,470 deaths in 2023 in the United States.
- 3) In 2024, almost 30 percent of adults in California had a diagnosis of hypertension, with an additional estimated 7 percent to have borderline hypertension. California has one of the highest mortality rates from hypertension in the United States at 13.4 per 100,000 people, leading to 6,406 deaths per year.
- 4) Hypertension disproportionately impacts certain populations, including, but not limited to, communities of color, socioeconomically disadvantaged individuals, and individuals with limited access to health care services, leading to health disparities and inequities in the prevalence, management, and outcomes of high blood pressure.
- 5) Early detection, proper management, and access to medical treatment are critical to reducing the prevalence and impact of hypertension on individuals’ health and well-being. Access to affordable and quality health care services, including medical treatments, is crucial for managing hypertension and improving health outcomes.
- 6) Community initiatives, health care professionals, and advocacy organizations play a vital role in educating the public, providing resources, and advocating for policies that enhance hypertension awareness and access to medical care.
- 7) The month of May is dedicated to raising awareness about hypertension, promoting education about prevention and management, and encouraging individuals to monitor their blood pressure regularly.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 217

Introduced by Assembly Member Bryan

June 3, 2026

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 217—Relative to California BBQ Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 217, as introduced, Bryan. California BBQ Month.

This measure would proclaim the month of June as California BBQ Month, as specified.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Barbecue traditions have long served as an
2 important part of California’s cultural heritage, bringing together
3 families, friends, neighbors, and communities through cookouts,
4 celebrations, festivals, and public gatherings; and

5 WHEREAS, California barbecue traditions have been influenced
6 by generations of ranching, farming, outdoor cooking, and
7 community-centered gatherings that reflect the diverse history of
8 the state; and

9 WHEREAS, California’s barbecue culture has been shaped by
10 Indigenous, Mexican, Spanish, African American, Asian American,
11 and regional American culinary traditions that together contribute
12 to the state’s unique food culture; and

13 WHEREAS, Community cookouts and barbecue gatherings
14 continue to foster fellowship, hospitality, cultural exchange, and
15 neighborhood connection among Californians of all backgrounds;
16 and

1 WHEREAS, California pitmasters, chefs, restaurateurs, food
2 vendors, ranchers, farmers, workers, neighbors, families, and small
3 businesses all play an important role in preserving barbecue
4 traditions, supporting local economies, fostering culinary
5 innovation, and strengthening community connections across the
6 state; and

7 WHEREAS, California’s barbecue traditions contribute to local
8 economies by supporting restaurants, food vendors, tourism,
9 hospitality, agriculture, and community events throughout the
10 state; and

11 WHEREAS, The recognition of California BBQ Month provides
12 an opportunity to celebrate the individuals, businesses, workers,
13 and communities that help sustain and advance barbecue traditions
14 throughout California; now, therefore, be it

15 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
16 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature proclaims the month of
17 June as California BBQ Month; and be it further

18 *Resolved*, That the Legislature encourages Californians to
19 celebrate California BBQ Month by supporting local barbecue
20 establishments, participating in cookouts and community
21 gatherings, and recognizing the cultural and historical significance
22 of barbecue traditions throughout the state; and be it further

23 *Resolved*, That the Legislature recognizes and celebrates the
24 contributions of California pitmasters, chefs, restaurateurs, workers,
25 ranchers, farmers, food vendors, neighbors, families, and small
26 businesses that help sustain and advance barbecue traditions
27 throughout the state; and be it further

28 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
29 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: June 8, 2026

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Blanca Pacheco, Chair
ACR 217 (Bryan) – As Introduced June 3, 2026

SUBJECT: California BBQ Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of June as California BBQ Month; and, recognizes and celebrates the contributions of California pitmasters, chefs, restaurateurs, workers, ranchers, farmers, food vendors, neighbors, families, and small businesses that help sustain and advance barbecue traditions throughout the state. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Barbecue traditions have long served as an important part of California’s cultural heritage, bringing together families, friends, neighbors, and communities through cookouts, celebrations, festivals, and public gatherings.
- 2) California barbecue traditions have been influenced by generations of ranching, farming, outdoor cooking, and community-centered gatherings that reflect the diverse history of the state.
- 3) California’s barbecue culture has been shaped by Indigenous, Mexican, Spanish, African American, Asian American, and regional American culinary traditions that together contribute to the state’s unique food culture.
- 4) Community cookouts and barbecue gatherings continue to foster fellowship, hospitality, cultural exchange, and neighborhood connection among Californians of all backgrounds.
- 5) California pitmasters, chefs, restaurateurs, food vendors, ranchers, farmers, workers, neighbors, families, and small businesses all play an important role in preserving barbecue traditions, supporting local economies, fostering culinary innovation, and strengthening community connections across the state.
- 6) The recognition of California BBQ Month provides an opportunity to celebrate the individuals, businesses, workers, and communities that help sustain and advance barbecue traditions throughout California.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Niello

May 18, 2026

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 179—Relative to Celiac Disease Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

SCR 179, as introduced, Niello. Celiac Disease Awareness Month. This measure would recognize May 2026 as Celiac Disease Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Celiac disease is an autoimmune disorder that
- 2 results in damage to the lining of the small intestine when a person
- 3 eats foods with gluten; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Gluten is a form of protein found in some grains
- 5 that individuals living with celiac disease need to avoid, including
- 6 wheat, rye, and barley; and
- 7 WHEREAS, The damage to the intestine makes it hard for the
- 8 body to absorb nutrients, especially fat, calcium, iron, and folate;
- 9 and
- 10 WHEREAS, Celiac disease is estimated to affect 1 in 100 people
- 11 worldwide; and
- 12 WHEREAS, An estimated 2,500,000 Americans who have celiac
- 13 disease remain undiagnosed and at risk for long-term health
- 14 complications; and
- 15 WHEREAS, Common symptoms of celiac disease include severe
- 16 abdominal pain, severe skin rash called dermatitis herpetiformis,
- 17 iron deficiency anemia, musculoskeletal problems, muscle cramps,
- 18 seizures, tingling sensation in the legs, and depression; and

1 WHEREAS, Celiac disease can leave a person susceptible to
2 additional health problems, including osteoporosis, miscarriage,
3 infertility, growth problems in children affected by the disease
4 because they do not absorb enough nutrients, and cancers of the
5 digestive system; and

6 WHEREAS, People who have celiac disease may have other
7 autoimmune diseases, including thyroid disease, type 1 diabetes,
8 Crohn's disease and colitis, and juvenile arthritis; and

9 WHEREAS, Some people with celiac disease have so much
10 damage to their intestines that a gluten-free diet will not improve
11 their condition, and these patients may need to receive nutritional
12 supplements intravenously; and

13 WHEREAS, Maintaining a gluten-free diet can be a difficult
14 change, as gluten is found in some products in which gluten is not
15 naturally occurring; and

16 WHEREAS, Gluten is found in most processed foods, but it is
17 also used in nonedible products such as lipsticks, vitamins, and
18 medications; and

19 WHEREAS, Gluten-free food touching the same surface as
20 gluten-containing food can cause cross-contamination that can be
21 dangerous for someone with celiac disease by triggering celiac
22 disease symptoms; and

23 WHEREAS, Awareness for celiac disease has grown
24 significantly in recent years; and

25 WHEREAS, The development of new gluten-free food products
26 has made it much easier for people with celiac disease to expand
27 their dietary options; and

28 WHEREAS, Labeling of gluten-free products makes shopping
29 easier for people with celiac disease; and

30 WHEREAS, Gluten-free restaurants, gluten-free menus, and
31 the education of food handlers regarding celiac disease have given
32 people living with celiac disease safer options for dining out; and

33 WHEREAS, Progress has been made in recent years to educate
34 people about celiac disease and identify ways to improve their
35 quality of life; now, therefore, be it

36 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
37 *thereof concurring, That May 2026 be recognized as Celiac Disease*
38 *Awareness Month; and be it further*

- 1 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
- 2 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: June 8, 2026

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Blanca Pacheco, Chair
SCR 179 (Niello) – As Introduced May 18, 2026

SENATE VOTE: 32-0

SUBJECT: Celiac Disease Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Recognizes May 2026 as Celiac Disease Awareness Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Celiac disease is an autoimmune disorder that results in damage to the lining of the small intestine when a person eats foods with gluten. Gluten is a form of protein found in some grains that individuals living with celiac disease need to avoid, including wheat, rye, and barley.
- 2) Celiac disease is estimated to affect 1 in 100 people worldwide. An estimated 2.5 million Americans who have celiac disease remain undiagnosed and at risk for long-term health complications.
- 3) Common symptoms of celiac disease include severe abdominal pain, severe skin rash called dermatitis herpetiformis, iron deficiency anemia, musculoskeletal problems, muscle cramps, seizures, tingling sensation in the legs, and depression.
- 4) Celiac disease can leave a person susceptible to additional health problems, including osteoporosis, miscarriage, infertility, growth problems in children affected by the disease because they do not absorb enough nutrients, and cancers of the digestive system.
- 5) People who have celiac disease may have other autoimmune diseases, including thyroid disease, type 1 diabetes, Crohn's disease and colitis, and juvenile arthritis.
- 6) Some people with celiac disease have so much damage to their intestines that a gluten-free diet will not improve their condition, and these patients may need to receive nutritional supplements intravenously.
- 7) Maintaining a gluten-free diet can be a difficult change, as gluten is found in some products in which gluten is not naturally occurring.
- 8) Awareness for celiac disease has grown significantly in recent years. Labeling of gluten-free products makes shopping easier for people with celiac disease. Progress has been made to educate people about celiac disease and identify ways to improve their quality of life.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800