

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

> **BLANCA PACHECO** CHAIR

Monday, August 26, 2024 10 minutes prior to Session State Capitol, Room 126 (Please note time change)

CONSENT AGENDA

BILL REFERRALS

DILL	DILL REFERINALS				
1.	Bill Referrals		Page 2		
RESOLUTIONS					
2.	HR-128 (Petrie-Norris)	International Credit Union Day. (refer/hear)	Page 4		
3.	SCR-80 (Roth)	Childhood Cancer Awareness Month. (refer/hear)	Page 7		
4.	SCR-161 (Allen)	The First Continental Congress. (refer/hear)	<u>Page 14</u>		
REQUESTS TO WAIVE JOINT RULE 61(B)(16)					
5.	SB 1400 (Stern)	Criminal procedure: competence to stand trial	Page 17		
6.	SB 1420 (Caballero) review	Hydrogen production facilities: certification and environmental	Page 56		
ADMINISTRATIVE ITEM					
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VICE CHAIR MATHIS, DEVON J.

MEMBERS

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JOAQUIN ARAMBULA (D-ALT.) DIANE B. DIXON (R-ALT.)

Memo

To:	Rules Committee Members
From:	Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant
Date:	8/26/2024
Re:	Consent Bill Referrals

Attached is a list of referral recommendations.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

08/26/2024

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>HR 128</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 13</u>	TRANS.
<u>SCR 80</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 161</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 169</u>	TRANS.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2023–24 REGULAR SESSION

House Resolution

No. 128

Introduced by Assembly Member Petrie-Norris (Coauthor: Assembly Member Grayson)

August 21, 2024

House Resolution No. 128—Relative to International Credit Union Day.

WHEREAS, Credit unions are not-for-profit financial
 cooperatives, democratically owned and operated and founded by
 people working together toward economic advancement; and

4 WHEREAS, Credit unions embrace a "people-helping-people"

5 philosophy through the pooling of personal resources and 6 leadership abilities for the good of the cooperative, empowering 7 members to improve their financial futures and uniting to help 8 those in need; and

9 WHEREAS, Credit unions have demonstrated outstanding 10 leadership throughout the communities in which they have served 11 since they were founded more than 150 years ago; and

WHEREAS, Credit unions have championed the idea that people
from all walks of life should have access to affordable financial
services offered by credit unions; and

WHEREAS, Credit unions empower people to improve their economic situations in 118 nations around the world at more than 87,000 credit unions that serve the financial needs of 393 million members, including nearly 14 million members in California associated through local, state, regional, and international organizations sharing the same commitment to serve credit union members; and

HR 128 — 2 —

1 WHEREAS, Credit unions are developing strong alliances that

2 make financial democracy possible in many countries throughout

3 the world; now, therefore, be it

4 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California*, That the

5 Assembly proclaims Thursday, October 17, 2024, as International

6 Credit Union Day in California, and calls upon all Californians to

7 recognize the many contributions credit unions have made to the

8 communities in the state, both tangible and intangible, through the

9 years, and honor and express appreciation for the service and 10 commitment of credit unions; and be it further

11 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

12 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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HR 128 Page 1

Date of Hearing: August 26, 2024

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Blanca Pacheco, Chair HR 128 (Petrie-Norris) – As Introduced August 21, 2024

SUBJECT: International Credit Union Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims Thursday, October 17, 2024, as International Credit Union Day in California, calls upon all Californians to recognize the many contributions credit unions have made to communities, and expresses appreciation for the service and commitment of credit unions. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Credit unions are not-for-profit financial cooperatives, democratically owned and operated, and founded by people working together toward economic advancement.
- 2) Credit unions embrace a "people-helping-people" philosophy through the pooling of personal resources and leadership abilities for the good of the cooperative, empowering members to improve their financial futures and uniting to help those in need.
- 3) Credit unions have demonstrated outstanding leadership throughout the communities in which they have served since they were founded more than 150 years ago.
- 4) Credit unions have championed the idea that people from all walks of life should have access to affordable financial services offered by credit unions.
- 5) Credit unions empower people to improve their economic situations in 118 nations around the world at more than 87,000 credit unions that serve the financial needs of 393 million members, including nearly 14 million members in California associated through local, state, regional, and international organizations sharing the same commitment to serve credit union members.
- 6) Credit unions are developing strong alliances that make financial democracy possible in many countries throughout the world.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Senate Concurrent Resolution

Introduced by Senator Roth (Principal coauthor: Senator Rubio) (Coauthors: Senators Atkins, Dodd, Hurtado, Limón, Nguyen, Niello, Ochoa Bogh, Seyarto, Stern, Umberg, and Wilk)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Alanis, Juan Carrillo, Chen, Flora, Stephanie Nguyen, Papan, Petrie-Norris, Luz Rivas, Blanca Rubio, and Ting)

June 19, 2023

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 80—Relative to Childhood Cancer Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 80, as amended, Roth. Childhood Cancer Awareness Month. This measure would declare the month of September 2023 2024 as Childhood Cancer Awareness Month and state the commitment of the Legislature to support efforts to find cures for, and achieve prevention of, cures, and less toxic treatments, for childhood cancer.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Cancer is by far According to the American

2 Childhood Cancer Organization (ACCO), cancer is the leading

3 cause of death by disease among children in *California and* this

4 country; and

5 WHEREAS, According to the American Cancer Society, there

- 6 are more than a dozen types of childhood cancer, each with their
- 7 own unique challenges and treatment options; and

⁹⁸

1 WHEREAS, Many children in California are afflicted with 2 cancer, experiencing enormous pain and suffering, and they and 3 their families require extraordinary levels of information and support in their struggles against this disease; and 4 5 WHEREAS, The ACCO is making childhood cancer a national health priority by shaping policy with \$98,800,000 appropriated 6 7 in seven states, supporting research, raising awareness, providing 8 educational resources and innovative programs to children with 9 cancer, survivors, and their families; and 10 WHEREAS, In addition to childhood cancer treatment being time-consuming, it is oftentimes expensive, as a report by the 11 American Cancer Society found that treatment for childhood cancer 12 costs can range from tens of thousands of dollars to over 13 \$1,000,000, depending on the type of cancer and the duration of 14 15 treatment; and 16 WHEREAS, Children with cancer often require long hospitals 17 stays, with an average of 12.5 days according to the American 18 Childhood Cancer Organization (ACCO); and WHEREAS, Long and frequent hospital stays disrupt children's 19 20 educational and social development, in addition to being financially challenging to their families; and 21 22 WHEREAS, Successful prevention and treatment of many types 23 of childhood cancer has not yet been achieved; and 24 WHEREAS, Childhood cancer is the leading cause of death by 25 disease amongst children in the United States, however, childhood 26 cancer research receives less than 4 percent of all federal cancer 27 research funding; and WHEREAS, The prevention and treatment of cancer requires 28 29 a high level of commitment in order to provide the necessary 30 resources and research; and 31 WHEREAS, California has many of the world's finest medical, 32 academic, and commercial institutions, and must continue as a 33 leader in the fight against this terrible disease; and WHEREAS, The potential years of life lost from childhood 34 cancer and the potential years of life saved by treatment exceed 35 all other cancers except for breast cancer; and 36 WHEREAS, California is a leader in the fight against and 37 treatment of childhood cancers with 18 Children's Oncology Group 38 (COG) hospitals: Cedars-Sinai Medical Center, Children's 39 40 Hospital Los Angeles, Children's Hospital of Orange County, City

1 of Hope Comprehensive Cancer Center, Kaiser Permanente 2 Downey Medical Center, Kaiser Permanente Oakland Medical 3 Center, Loma Linda University Medical Center, Lucile Packard Children's Hospital Stanford, UCLA Mattel Children's Hospital, 4 5 Miller Children's and Women's Hospital Long Beach, Naval 6 Medical Center San Diego, Rady Children's Hospital-San Diego, 7 Santa Barbara Cottage Hospital, Sutter Medical Center, 8 Sacramento, UCSF Benioff Children's Hospital Oakland, UCSF 9 Medical Center at Mission Bay, UC Davis Comprehensive Cancer 10 Center, and Valley Children's Hospital; and WHEREAS, California has the most National Cancer Institute 11 12 (NCI) designated cancer centers in the country: UCI Chao Family Comprehensive Cancer Center, City of Hope Comprehensive 13 Cancer Center, UCLA Health Jonsson Comprehensive Cancer 14 15 Center, Salk Cancer Center, Stanford Cancer Institute, UC Davis 16 Comprehensive Cancer Center, Moores Cancer Center at UC San Diego Health, UCSF Helen Diller Family Comprehensive Cancer 17 18 Center, Sanford Burnham Prebys Medical Discovery Institute, and 19 USC Norris Comprehensive Cancer Center; and WHEREAS, The California Institute for Regenerative Medicine 20 (CIRM) provides over \$3,000,000,000 total in funding for stem 21 22 cell research and therapy development, including cancer research, 23 making the State of California a leader in the nation for funding 24 and research; research, but more targeted efforts on childhood 25 cancer are still needed: and 26 WHEREAS, California is number one in the country for pediatric 27 leukemia incidence rates and number 21 in the country for overall 28 incidence rates: and 29 WHEREAS, Due to children's bodies still growing and cancer 30 treatments largely geared toward use on adults, children are more 31 likely to experience long-term side effects from treatment which could include, but are not limited to, heart or lung problems, 32 slowed or delayed development, changes in sexual development 33 and infertility, learning disabilities, hearing loss, and increased 34 35 risk of secondary forms of cancer; and WHEREAS, California has many of the world's finest medical, 36 37 academic, and commercial institutions and the treatment of cancer 38 requires a high level of commitment to provide the necessary resources and research that not only Californians have access to, 39

SCR 80

1 but families all across the United States and the world travel to

2 California for its extraordinary treatment and clinical trials; and

3 WHEREAS, Childhood cancer treatment is handled by a team

4 of pediatric oncologists, surgeons, radiation oncologists, pediatric
5 oncology nurses, nurse practitioners, physician assistants,
6 psychologists, social workers, child life specialists, nutritionists,

7 rehabilitation and physical therapists, and educators; and

8 WHEREAS, Some of the most important members of a pediatric 9 cancer patient's team are experienced parents who navigate and 10 advocate on behalf of their children and other children fighting 11 this disease; and

WHEREAS, Increased public awareness of this major public
 health problem is a crucial step toward finding solutions; and

WHEREAS, The ACCO is the nation's oldest and largest grassroots organization dedicated to fighting childhood-cancer. In 16 1997, a group of parents of children impacted by cancer chose cancer and was the leading organization to choose gold to represent childhood-cancer. Thus, the gold ribbon. Ever since then, supporters around the world Go Gold to represent childhood cancer warriors and heroes; cancer; and

WHEREAS, The ACCO is making childhood cancer a national
 health priority through shaping policy, supporting research, raising
 awareness, and providing educational resources and innovative
 programs to children with cancer, survivors, and their families;
 and

WHEREAS, Childhood Cancer Awareness Month is an important nationwide tool for raising awareness among governmental officials and the public-about the nature and scope of this problem; now, therefore, be it

30 Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly 31 thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby declares the month of September 2023 2024 as Childhood Cancer Awareness Month; 32 Month and encourages individuals, businesses, and organizations 33 throughout the state to participate in activities and events that 34 promote the awareness of childhood cancer and support families 35 affected by this devastating disease, not just during September, 36 37 but throughout the year; and be it further Resolved, That the Legislature celebrates the progress of all 38 39 related organizations in aiding children battling childhood cancer

40 while simultaneously renewing its commitment to that cause,

1 supports young Californians who are fighting cancer, honors

2 young people who have lost their lives to childhood cancer,

3 expresses gratitude to all hospital staff who provide special care

4 to patients and families affected by childhood cancer, and

5 encourages all residents in this state to join the fight against

6 *childhood cancer; and be it further*

7 *Resolved*, That the Legislature is committed to supporting efforts

8 to find-cures for, and achieve prevention of, cures, and less toxic
9 treatments, for childhood cancer; and be it further

10 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of

11 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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SCR 80 Page 1

Date of Hearing: August 26, 2024

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Blanca Pacheco, Chair SCR 80 (Roth) – As Amended August 8, 2024

SENATE VOTE: 33-0

SUBJECT: Childhood Cancer Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Declares the month of September 2024 as Childhood Cancer Awareness Month, and encourages individuals, businesses, and organizations throughout the state to participate in activities and events that promote the awareness of childhood cancer and support families affected by this devastating disease. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) According to the American Childhood Cancer Organization (ACCO), cancer is the leading cause of death by disease among children in California and this country.
- 2) Many children in California are afflicted with cancer, experiencing enormous pain and suffering, and they and their families require extraordinary levels of information and support in their struggles against this disease.
- 3) The ACCO is making childhood cancer a national health priority by shaping policy with \$98.8 million appropriated in seven states, supporting research, raising awareness, providing educational resources and innovative programs to children with cancer, survivors, and their families.
- 4) The potential years of life lost from childhood cancer and the potential years of life saved by treatment exceed all other cancers except for breast cancer.
- 5) The California Institute for Regenerative Medicine (CIRM) provides over \$3 billion total in funding for stem cell research and therapy development, including cancer research, making the State of California a leader in the nation for funding and research, but more targeted efforts on childhood cancer are still needed.
- 6) California has many of the world's finest medical, academic, and commercial institutions and the treatment of cancer requires a high level of commitment to provide the necessary resources and research that not only Californians have access to, but families all across the United States and the world that travel to California for treatment and clinical trials.
- 7) Childhood Cancer Awareness Month is an important nationwide tool for raising awareness among governmental officials and the public nature and scope of this problem.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file Back to Agenda

SCR 80 Page 2

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Allen

June 12, 2024

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 161—Relative to the First Continental Congress.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 161, as introduced, Allen. The First Continental Congress. This measure would commemorate the 250th anniversary of the First Continental Congress and encourage and all citizens to reflect on the legacy of the First Continental Congress and honor the sacrifices made by the delegates who stood up for the principles of liberty and self-governance.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, On September 5, 1774, the First Continental

2 Congress convened in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, marking a

3 pivotal moment in the history of the United States; and

4 WHEREAS, The delegates representing the thirteen American

5 colonies at the First Continental Congress came together to address
6 the growing tensions with the British government, ultimately laving

6 the growing tensions with the British government, ultimately laying7 the groundwork for the American Revolution; and

8 WHEREAS, The First Continental Congress adopted the Suffolk

9 Resolves, which called for the repeal of the Intolerable Acts and

urged the colonies to prepare for potential military conflict withthe British forces; and

12 WHEREAS, The First Continental Congress laid the foundation

13 for the future nation by establishing a unified front against the

14 British government and setting the stage for the Declaration of

15 Independence and the birth of the United States of America; and

SCR 161 -2-

1 WHEREAS, The ideals of freedom, equality, and democracy

2 that were championed at the First Continental Congress continue3 to inspire generations of Americans to fight for justice and the

4 pursuit of a more perfect union; and

5 WHEREAS, The 250th anniversary of the First Continental

6 Congress is a momentous occasion that deserves to be celebrated

7 and remembered as a key milestone in the history of our nation;

8 now, therefore, be it

9 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly* 10 *thereof concurring,* That the 250th anniversary of the First

11 Continental Congress is hereby commemorated and the significance

12 of this historic event is recognized for shaping the course of

13 American history; and be it further

14 *Resolved*, That all citizens are encouraged to reflect on the legacy

15 of the First Continental Congress and honor the sacrifices made

16 by the delegates who stood up for the principles of liberty and

17 self-governance that continue to define our nation; and be it further

18 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of

19 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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SCR 161 Page 1

Date of Hearing: August 26, 2024

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Blanca Pacheco, Chair SCR 161 (Allen) – As Introduced June 12, 2024

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: The First Continental Congress.

SUMMARY: Commemorates the 250th anniversary of the First Continental Congress and encourages all citizens to reflect on the legacy of the First Continental Congress and honor the sacrifices made by the delegates who stood up for the principles of liberty and self-governance. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) On September 5, 1774, the First Continental Congress convened in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, marking a pivotal moment in the history of the United States.
- 2) The delegates representing the thirteen American colonies at the First Continental Congress came together to address the growing tensions with the British government, ultimately laying the groundwork for the American Revolution.
- 3) The First Continental Congress adopted the Suffolk Resolves, which called for the repeal of the Intolerable Acts and urged the colonies to prepare for potential military conflict with the British forces. They laid the foundation for the future nation by establishing a unified front against the British government and setting the stage for the Declaration of Independence and the birth of the United States of America.
- 4) The ideals of freedom, equality, and democracy that were championed at the First Continental Congress continue to inspire generations of Americans to fight for justice and the pursuit of a more perfect union.
- 5) The 250th anniversary of the First Continental Congress is a momentous occasion that deserves to be celebrated and remembered as a key milestone in the history of our nation.

FISCAL EFFECT: This resolution is keyed non-fiscal by Legislative Counsel.

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support
None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



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JOAQUIN ARAMBULA (D-ALT.) DIANE B. DIXON (R-ALT.)

August 26, 2024

Assembly Rules Committee 1021 O Street, Suite 6250 Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Members of the Committee on Rules:

I write to request that we approve a Joint Rule 61(b)(16) waiver for the following bills so that they may be amended on the Assembly Floor:

SB 1400 (Stern) SB 1420 (Caballero)

Sincerely,

BLANCA PACHECO Assemblywoman, 64th District

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 1400

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 11, 2024

SENATE BILL

No. 1400

Introduced by Senator Stern (Coauthors: Senators Archuleta, Eggman, and Hurtado)

February 16, 2024

An act to amend Sections 1001.36 and 1370.01 of the Penal Code, *and to amend Section 5985 of the Welfare and Institutions Code*, relating to criminal procedure.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1400, as amended, Stern. Criminal procedure: competence to stand trial.

Existing law prohibits a person from being tried or adjudged to punishment while that person is mentally incompetent. Existing law establishes a process by which a defendant's mental competency is evaluated and if the defendant is found incompetent to stand trial, the proceedings are suspended while the defendant receives treatment, with the goal of restoring the defendant to competency.

Existing law, in the case of a misdemeanor charge in which the defendant is found incompetent, requires the court to either dismiss the case or hold a hearing to determine if the defendant is eligible for diversion. Under existing law, if the defendant *is* not eligible for diversion, the court may hold another hearing to decide if the defendant should be referred for outpatient treatment, conservatorship, or the CARE program, or if the defendant's treatment plan should be modified. *Existing law requires that the charges be dismissed if a defendant is accepted into outpatient treatment or the CARE program.* Existing law also requires the court, if the defendant is already on a grant of diversion

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SUBSTANTIVE

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Amendment 1

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SB 1400

for a misdemeanor case, to dismiss the current case and return the defendant to supervision.

This bill would remove the option for the court to dismiss the case and would instead require the court to hold a hearing to determine if the defendant is eligible for diversion. If the defendant is not eligible for diversion, the bill would require the court to hold a hearing to determine whether the defendant will be referred to outpatient treatment, conservatorship, or the CARE program, or if the defendant's treatment plan will be modified. *The bill would require a defendant to complete the outpatient treatment or CARE program, or participate for a minimum period prior to dismissal of the charges.*

This bill would also remove the requirement that the court dismiss the case if the defendant is already on a grant of diversion for a misdemeanor case.

Existing law prohibits a court from suspending proceedings of a prosecution on a charge of driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage for the purpose of allowing the defendant to participate in education, training, or treatment programs.

This bill would allow for a mentally incompetent defendant who is charged with misdemeanor driving under the influence to be placed in a mental health diversion program, as specified.

If a mentally incompetent defendant is charged with a felony and a misdemeanor and is committed to mental health treatment, as specified, the bill would require the misdemeanor offense to be dismissed.

Existing law requires the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with the Judicial Council, to develop an annual reporting schedule for the submission of CARE Act data from the trial courts and requires the Judicial Council to aggregate the data and submit it to the department. Existing law requires the department, in consultation with various other entities, to develop an annual CARE Act report and requires county behavioral health agencies and other local governmental entities to provide the department with specified information for that report. Existing law requires the annual report to be posted on the department's internet website.

This bill would expand the data to be complied and reported to the Judicial Council to include the total number of CARE plans ordered and CARE agreements approved, among other information, and would expand the information complied from county behavioral health departments to include information on all active and former participants for a period of time after the conclusion of CARE program services, to RN 24 21385 05 08/23/24 05:46 PM SUBSTANTIVE

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SB 1400

be determined by the State Department of Health Care Services. The bill would also expand the information collected to include outreach and engagement activities provided by county behavioral health agencies, the number of days between a petition and its disposition, and the number, rates, and trends of contacts made to a county behavioral health agency about individuals potentially eligible for the CARE process, among others. By increasing the duties of a local agency, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would, in addition to the annual report, require the department to publish a report of quantitative deidentified information to include specified information aggregated by county, such as demographic information of each CARE Act participant and the number of CARE petitions filed with the superior court, among others.

This bill would incorporate additional changes to Section 1001.36 of the Penal Code proposed by SB 1323 and additional changes to Section 5985 of the Welfare and Institutions Code proposed by SB 42, to be operative only if this bill and SB 1323 and SB 42 are enacted and this bill is enacted last.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

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Page 2	1	SECTION 1.	Section	1001.500	of the renar	Coue, a	s added by

2 Section 1.2 of Chapter 687 of the Statutes of 2023, is amended to

3 read:

4 1001.36. (a) On an accusatory pleading alleging the

5 commission of a misdemeanor or felony offense not set forth in

6 subdivision (d), the court may, in its discretion, and after

7 considering the positions of the defense and prosecution, grant

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Amendment 2

SB 1400

Page 2 8 pretrial diversion to a defendant pursuant to this section if the 9 defendant satisfies the eligibility requirements for pretrial diversion set forth in subdivision (b) and the court determines that the 10 defendant is suitable for that diversion under the factors set forth 11 12 in subdivision (c). 13 (b) A defendant is eligible for pretrial diversion pursuant to this 14 section if both of the following criteria are met: 15 (1) The defendant has been diagnosed with a mental disorder 16 as identified in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and 17 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, including, but not limited Page 3 1 to, bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, or 2 post-traumatic stress disorder, but excluding antisocial personality 3 disorder and pedophilia. Evidence of the defendant's mental 4 disorder shall be provided by the defense and shall include a 5 diagnosis or treatment for a diagnosed mental disorder within the 6 last five years by a qualified mental health expert. In opining that 7 a defendant suffers from a qualifying disorder, the qualified mental 8 health expert may rely on an examination of the defendant, the 9 defendant's medical records, arrest reports, or any other relevant 10 evidence. (2) The defendant's mental disorder was a significant factor in 11 the commission of the charged offense. If the defendant has been 12 13 diagnosed with a mental disorder, the court shall find that the 14 defendant's mental disorder was a significant factor in the commission of the offense unless there is clear and convincing 15 evidence that it was not a motivating factor, causal factor, or 16 17 contributing factor to the defendant's involvement in the alleged 18 offense. A court may consider any relevant and credible evidence, 19 including, but not limited to, police reports, preliminary hearing 20 transcripts, witness statements, statements by the defendant's 21 mental health treatment provider, medical records, records or 22 reports by qualified medical experts, or evidence that the defendant 23 displayed symptoms consistent with the relevant mental disorder at or near the time of the offense. 24 25 (c) For any defendant who satisfies the eligibility requirements 26 in subdivision (b), the court must consider whether the defendant 27 is suitable for pretrial diversion. A defendant is suitable for pretrial 28 diversion if all of the following criteria are met: 29

(1) In the opinion of a qualified mental health expert, the
 defendant's symptoms of the mental disorder causing, contributing

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health treatment.

Page 3

Page 4

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to, or motivating the criminal behavior would respond to mental

(2) The defendant consents to diversion and waives the

defendant's right to a speedy trial, or a defendant has been found

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SB 1400

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35 to be an appropriate candidate for diversion in lieu of commitment pursuant to clause (iv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of 36 37 subdivision (a) of Section 1370 or subparagraph (A) of paragraph 38 (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 1370.01 and, as a result of the 39 defendant's mental incompetence, cannot consent to diversion or give a knowing and intelligent waiver of the defendant's right to 1 2 a speedy trial. 3 (3) The defendant agrees to comply with treatment as a condition 4 of diversion, or the defendant has been found to be an appropriate 5 candidate for diversion in lieu of commitment for restoration of 6 competency treatment pursuant to clause (iv) of subparagraph (B) 7 of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 1370 or subparagraph 8 (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 1370.01 and, as 9 a result of the defendant's mental incompetence, cannot agree to 10 comply with treatment. (4) The defendant will not pose an unreasonable risk of danger 11 12 to public safety, as defined in Section 1170.18, if treated in the community. The court may consider the opinions of the district 13 14 attorney, the defense, or a qualified mental health expert, and may consider the defendant's treatment plan, the defendant's violence 15 and criminal history, the current charged offense, and any other 16 17 factors that the court deems appropriate. 18 (d) A defendant may not be placed into a diversion program, 19 pursuant to this section, for the following current charged offenses: 20 (1) Murder or voluntary manslaughter. 21 (2) An offense for which a person, if convicted, would be 22 required to register pursuant to Section 290, except for a violation of Section 314. 23 24 (3) Rape. 25 (4) Lewd or lascivious act on a child under 14 years of age. 26 (5) Assault with intent to commit rape, sodomy, or oral 27 copulation, in violation of Section 220.

28 (6) Commission of rape or sexual penetration in concert with
 29 another person, in violation of Section 264.1.

30 (7) Continuous sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section
 31 288.5.

SB 1400

Page 4	32	(8) A violation of subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11418.
C	33	(e) At any stage of the proceedings, the court may require the
	34	defendant to make a prima facie showing that the defendant will
	35	meet the minimum requirements of eligibility for diversion and
	36	that the defendant and the offense are suitable for diversion. The
	37	hearing on the prima facie showing shall be informal and may
	38	proceed on offers of proof, reliable hearsay, and argument of
	39	counsel. If a prima facie showing is not made, the court may
Page 5	1	summarily deny the request for diversion or grant any other relief
U	2	as may be deemed appropriate.
	3	(f) As used in this chapter, the following terms have the
	4	following meanings:
	5	(1) "Pretrial diversion" means the postponement of prosecution,
	6	either temporarily or permanently, at any point in the judicial
	7	process from the point at which the accused is charged until
	8	adjudication, to allow the defendant to undergo mental health
	9	treatment, subject to all of the following:
	10	(A) (i) The court is satisfied that the recommended inpatient
	11	or outpatient program of mental health treatment will meet the
	12	specialized mental health treatment needs of the defendant.
	13	(ii) The defendant may be referred to a program of mental health
	14	treatment utilizing existing inpatient or outpatient mental health
	15	resources. Before approving a proposed treatment program, the
	16	court shall consider the request of the defense, the request of the
	17	prosecution, the needs of the defendant, and the interests of the
	18	community. The treatment may be procured using private or public
	19	funds, and a referral may be made to a county mental health
	20	agency, existing collaborative courts, or assisted outpatient
	21	treatment only if that entity has agreed to accept responsibility for
	22	the treatment of the defendant, and mental health services are
	23	provided only to the extent that resources are available and the
	24	defendant is eligible for those services.
	25	(iii) If the court refers the defendant to a county mental health
	26	agency pursuant to this section and the agency determines that it
	27	is unable to provide services to the defendant, the court shall accept
	28	a written declaration to that effect from the agency in lieu of
	29	requiring live testimony. That declaration shall serve only to

30 establish that the program is unable to provide services to the
 31 defendant at that time and does not constitute evidence that the

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32 defendant unsuitable for diversion.

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Page 5	32	defendant is unqualified or unsuitable for diversion under this
	33	section.
	34	(B) The provider of the mental health treatment program in
	35	which the defendant has been placed shall provide regular reports
	36	to the court, the defense, and the prosecutor on the defendant's
	37	progress in treatment.
	38	(C) The period during which criminal proceedings against the
	39	defendant may be diverted is limited as follows:
Page 6	1	(i) If the defendant is charged with a felony, the period shall be
	2	no longer than two years.
	3	(ii) If the defendant is charged with a misdemeanor, the period
	4	shall be no longer than one year.
	5	(D) Upon request, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine
	6	whether restitution, as defined in subdivision (f) of Section 1202.4,
	7	is owed to any victim as a result of the diverted offense and, if
	8	owed, order its payment during the period of diversion. However,
	9	a defendant's inability to pay restitution due to indigence or mental
	10	disorder shall not be grounds for denial of diversion or a finding
	11	that the defendant has failed to comply with the terms of diversion.
	12	(2) "Qualified mental health expert" includes, but is not limited
	13	to, a psychiatrist, psychologist, a person described in Section
	14	5751.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or a person whose
	15	knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education qualifies them
	16	as an expert.
	17	(g) If any of the following circumstances exists, the court shall,
	18	after notice to the defendant, defense counsel, and the prosecution,
	19	hold a hearing to determine whether the criminal proceedings
	20	should be reinstated, whether the treatment should be modified,
	21	or whether the defendant should be conserved and referred to the
	22	conservatorship investigator of the county of commitment to initiate
	23	conservatorship proceedings for the defendant pursuant to Chapter
	24	3 (commencing with Section 5350) of Part 1 of Division 5 of the
	25	Welfare and Institutions Code:
	26	(1) The defendant is charged with an additional misdemeanor
	27	allegedly committed during the pretrial diversion and that reflects
	28	the defendant's propensity for violence.
	29	(2) The defendant is charged with an additional felony allegedly
	30	committed during the pretrial diversion.
	31	(3) The defendant is engaged in criminal conduct rendering the

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Page 6	33	(4) Based on the opinion of a qualified mental health expert
0	34	whom the court may deem appropriate, either of the following
	35	circumstances exists:
	36	(A) The defendant is performing unsatisfactorily in the assigned
	37	program.
	38	(B) The defendant is gravely disabled, as defined in
	39	subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) of Section
	40	5008 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A defendant shall only
Page 7	1	be conserved and referred to the conservatorship investigator
e	2	pursuant to this finding.
	3	(h) If the defendant has performed satisfactorily in diversion,
	4	at the end of the period of diversion, the court shall dismiss the
	5	defendant's criminal charges that were the subject of the criminal
	6	proceedings at the time of the initial diversion. A court may
	7	conclude that the defendant has performed satisfactorily if the
	8	defendant has substantially complied with the requirements of
	9	diversion, has avoided significant new violations of law unrelated
	10	to the defendant's mental health condition, and has a plan in place
	11	for long-term mental health care. If the court dismisses the charges,
	12	the clerk of the court shall file a record with the Department of
	13	Justice indicating the disposition of the case diverted pursuant to
	14	this section. Upon successful completion of diversion, if the court
	15	dismisses the charges, the arrest upon which the diversion was
	16	based shall be deemed never to have occurred, and the court shall
	17	order access to the record of the arrest restricted in accordance
	18	with Section 1001.9, except as specified in subdivisions (j) and
	19	(k). The defendant who successfully completes diversion may
	20	indicate in response to any question concerning the defendant's
	21	prior criminal record that the defendant was not arrested or diverted
	22	for the offense, except as specified in subdivision (j).
	23	(i) A record pertaining to an arrest resulting in successful
	24	completion of diversion, or any record generated as a result of the
	25	defendant's application for or participation in diversion, shall not,
	26	without the defendant's consent, be used in any way that could
	27	result in the denial of any employment, benefit, license, or
	28	certificate.
	29	(j) The defendant shall be advised that, regardless of the
	30	defendant's completion of diversion, both of the following apply:
	31	(1) The arrest upon which the diversion was based may be

32 disclosed by the Department of Justice to any peace officer

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Page 7 33 application request and that, notwithstanding subdivision (i), this 34 section does not relieve the defendant of the obligation to disclose 35 the arrest in response to any direct question contained in any

> questionnaire or application for a position as a peace officer, as 36

37 defined in Section 830.

38 (2) An order to seal records pertaining to an arrest made pursuant

39 to this section has no effect on a criminal justice agency's ability

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1 to access and use those sealed records and information regarding 2 sealed arrests, as described in Section 851.92. 3 (k) A finding that the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, 4 any progress reports concerning the defendant's treatment, 5 including, but not limited to, any finding that the defendant be 6 prohibited from owning or controlling a firearm because they are 7 a danger to themselves or others pursuant to subdivision (m), or 8 any other records related to a mental disorder that were created as 9 a result of participation in, or completion of, diversion pursuant 10 to this section or for use at a hearing on the defendant's eligibility 11 for diversion under this section may not be used in any other 12 proceeding without the defendant's consent, unless that information is relevant evidence that is admissible under the standards described 13 14 in paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 28 of Article I of the California Constitution. However, when determining whether to 15 exercise its discretion to grant diversion under this section, a court 16 17 may consider previous records of participation in diversion under 18 this section. 19 (1) The county agency administering the diversion, the 20 defendant's mental health treatment providers, the public guardian 21 or conservator, and the court shall, to the extent not prohibited by 22 federal law, have access to the defendant's medical and psychological records, including progress reports, during the 23 24 defendant's time in diversion, as needed, for the purpose of 25 providing care and treatment and monitoring treatment for 26 diversion or conservatorship. 27 (m) (1) The prosecution may request an order from the court

28 that the defendant be prohibited from owning or possessing a

- 29 firearm until they successfully complete diversion because they
- 30 are a danger to themselves or others pursuant to subdivision (i) of
- 31 Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

32 (2) The prosecution shall bear the burden of proving, by clear 33 and convincing evidence, both of the following are true:

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Page 8	34	(A) The defendant poses a significant danger of causing personal
	35	injury to themselves or another by having in their custody or
	36	control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.
	37	(B) The prohibition is necessary to prevent personal injury to
	38	the defendant or any other person because less restrictive
	39	alternatives either have been tried and found to be ineffective or
Page 9	1	are inadequate or inappropriate for the circumstances of the
	2	defendant.
	3	(3) (A) If the court finds that the prosecution has not met that
	4	burden, the court shall not order that the person is prohibited from
	5	having, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.
	6	(B) If the court finds that the prosecution has met the burden,
	7	the court shall order that the person is prohibited, and shall inform
	8	the person that they are prohibited, from owning or controlling a
	9	firearm until they successfully complete diversion because they
	10	are a danger to themselves or others.
	11	(4) An order imposed pursuant to this subdivision shall be in
	12	effect until the defendant has successfully completed diversion or
	13	until their firearm rights are restored pursuant to paragraph (4) of
	14	subdivision (g) of Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions
	15	Code.
	16	(n) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2024.
	+	SECTION 1. Section 1001.36 of the Penal Code is amended
	+	to read:
	+	1001.36. (a) On an accusatory pleading alleging the
	+	commission of a misdemeanor or felony offense not set forth in
	+	subdivision (d), the court may, in its discretion, and after
	+	considering the positions of the defense and prosecution, grant
	+	pretrial diversion to a defendant pursuant to this section if the
	+	defendant satisfies the eligibility requirements for pretrial diversion
	+	set forth in subdivision (b) and the court determines that the
	+	defendant is suitable for that diversion under the factors set forth
	+	in subdivision (c).
	+	(b) A defendant is eligible for pretrial diversion pursuant to this
	+	section if both of the following criteria are met:
	+	(1) The defendant has been diagnosed with a mental disorder
	+	as identified in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and
	+	Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, including, but not limited

- + to, bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, or
 + post-traumatic stress disorder, but excluding antisocial personality

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disorder and pedophilia. Evidence of the defendant's mental +disorder shall be provided by the defense and shall include a +diagnosis or treatment for a diagnosed mental disorder within the +last five years by a qualified mental health expert. In opining that +a defendant suffers from a qualifying disorder, the qualified mental +health expert may rely on an examination of the defendant, the +defendant's medical records, arrest reports, or any other relevant +evidence. +(2) The defendant's mental disorder was a significant factor in +the commission of the charged offense. If the defendant has been +diagnosed with a mental disorder, the court shall find that the +defendant's mental disorder was a significant factor in the +commission of the offense unless there is clear and convincing +evidence that it was not a motivating factor, causal factor, or +

contributing factor to the defendant's involvement in the alleged +offense. A court may consider any relevant and credible evidence, +including, but not limited to, police reports, preliminary hearing +transcripts, witness statements, statements by the defendant's +mental health treatment provider, medical records, records or +reports by qualified medical experts, or evidence that the defendant +displayed symptoms consistent with the relevant mental disorder +at or near the time of the offense. +

+ (c) For any defendant who satisfies the eligibility requirements
+ in subdivision (b), the court must consider whether the defendant
+ is suitable for pretrial diversion. A defendant is suitable for pretrial
+ diversion if all of the following criteria are met:

+ diversion if an of the following criteria are met.
+ (1) In the opinion of a qualified mental health expert, the
+ defendant's symptoms of the mental disorder causing, contributing
+ to, or motivating the criminal behavior would respond to mental
+ health treatment.

(2) The defendant consents to diversion and waives the +defendant's right to a speedy trial, unless or a defendant has been ++found to be an appropriate candidate for diversion in lieu of commitment pursuant to clause (v) of subparagraph (B) of +paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 1370 or subparagraph +(A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 1370.01 and, as +a result of the defendant's mental incompetence, cannot consent +to diversion or give a knowing and intelligent waiver of the +defendant's right to a speedy trial. +

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+ (3) The defendant agrees to comply with treatment as a condition

+ of diversion, <u>unless</u> or the defendant has been found to be an

+ appropriate candidate for diversion in lieu of commitment for

+ restoration of competency treatment pursuant to clause (v) of

+ subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section

+ 1370 or subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of + Section 1370.01 and, as a result of the defendant's mental

+ incompetence, cannot agree to comply with treatment.

+ (4) The defendant will not pose an unreasonable risk of danger
+ to public safety, as defined in Section 1170.18, if treated in the
+ community. The court may consider the opinions of the district
+ attorney, the defense, or a qualified mental health expert, and may
+ consider the defendant's treatment plan, the defendant's violence
+ and criminal history, the current charged offense, and any other

+ factors that the court deems appropriate.

+ (d) A defendant may not be placed into a diversion program,

+ pursuant to this section, for the following current charged offenses:

+ (1) Murder or voluntary manslaughter.

+ (2) An offense for which a person, if convicted, would be
 + required to register pursuant to Section 290, except for a violation

+ of Section 314.

+ (3) Rape.

+ (4) Lewd or lascivious act on a child under 14 years of age.

+ (5) Assault with intent to commit rape, sodomy, or oral + copulation, in violation of Section 220.

+ (6) Commission of rape or sexual penetration in concert with
+ another person, in violation of Section 264.1.

+ (7) Continuous sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section
+ 288.5.

+ (8) A violation of subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11418.

+ (e) At any stage of the proceedings, the court may require the
+ defendant to make a prima facie showing that the defendant will

+ defendant to make a prima facie showing that the defendant will
 + meet the minimum requirements of eligibility for diversion and

+ that the defendant and the offense are suitable for diversion. The

+ hearing on the prima facie showing shall be informal and may

+ proceed on offers of proof, reliable hearsay, and argument of

+ counsel. If a prima facie showing is not made, the court may

+ summarily deny the request for diversion or grant any other relief

+ as may be deemed appropriate.

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+ (f) As used in this chapter, the following terms have the + following meanings:

+ (1) "Pretrial diversion" means the postponement of prosecution,
+ either temporarily or permanently, at any point in the judicial
+ process from the point at which the accused is charged until
+ adjudication, to allow the defendant to undergo mental health
+ treatment, subject to all of the following:

+ (A) (i) The court is satisfied that the recommended inpatient
+ or outpatient program of mental health treatment will meet the
+ specialized mental health treatment needs of the defendant.

(ii) The defendant may be referred to a program of mental health +treatment utilizing existing inpatient or outpatient mental health +resources. Before approving a proposed treatment program, the +court shall consider the request of the defense, the request of the +prosecution, the needs of the defendant, and the interests of the +community. The treatment may be procured using private or public +funds, and a referral may be made to a county mental health +agency, existing collaborative courts, or assisted outpatient +treatment only if that entity has agreed to accept responsibility for +the treatment of the defendant, and mental health services are +provided only to the extent that resources are available and the +defendant is eligible for those services. +(iii) If the court refers the defendant to a county mental health +agency pursuant to this section and the agency determines that it +is unable to provide services to the defendant, the court shall accept +a written declaration to that effect from the agency in lieu of +

requiring live testimony. That declaration shall serve only to
establish that the program is unable to provide services to the
defendant at that time and does not constitute evidence that the
defendant is unqualified or unsuitable for diversion under this
section.

(B) The provider of the mental health treatment program in
which the defendant has been placed shall provide regular reports
to the court, the defense, and the prosecutor on the defendant's
progress in treatment.

+ (C) The period during which criminal proceedings against the
 + defendant may be diverted is limited as follows:

+ (i) If the defendant is charged with a felony, the period shall be
 + no longer than two years.

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+ (ii) If the defendant is charged with a misdemeanor, the period

shall be no longer than one year. +(D) Upon request, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine +whether restitution, as defined in subdivision (f) of Section 1202.4, +is owed to any victim as a result of the diverted offense and, if +owed, order its payment during the period of diversion. However, +a defendant's inability to pay restitution due to indigence or mental +disorder shall not be grounds for denial of diversion or a finding +that the defendant has failed to comply with the terms of diversion. +(2) "Qualified mental health expert" includes, but is not limited +to, a psychiatrist, psychologist, a person described in Section +5751.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or a person whose +knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education qualifies them +as an expert. +(g) If any of the following circumstances exists, the court shall, +after notice to the defendant, defense counsel, and the prosecution, +hold a hearing to determine whether the criminal proceedings +

+ should be reinstated, whether the treatment should be modified,
+ or whether the defendant should be conserved and referred to the
+ conservatorship investigator of the county of commitment to initiate
+ conservatorship proceedings for the defendant pursuant to Chapter
+ 3 (commencing with Section 5350) of Part 1 of Division 5 of the
+ Welfare and Institutions Code:

+ (1) The defendant is charged with an additional misdemeanor
+ allegedly committed during the pretrial diversion and that reflects
+ the defendant's propensity for violence.

+ (2) The defendant is charged with an additional felony allegedly
 + committed during the pretrial diversion.

+ (3) The defendant is engaged in criminal conduct rendering the
 + defendant unsuitable for diversion.

+ (4) Based on the opinion of a qualified mental health expert
+ whom the court may deem appropriate, either of the following
+ circumstances exists:

+ (A) The defendant is performing unsatisfactorily in the assigned
 + program.

+ (B) The defendant is gravely disabled, as defined in
+ subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) of Section
+ 5008 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A defendant shall only
+ be conserved and referred to the conservatorship investigator

+ pursuant to this finding.

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(h) If the defendant has performed satisfactorily in diversion, at the end of the period of diversion, the court shall dismiss the defendant's criminal charges that were the subject of the criminal proceedings at the time of the initial diversion. A court may conclude that the defendant has performed satisfactorily if the defendant has substantially complied with the requirements of diversion, has avoided significant new violations of law unrelated to the defendant's mental health condition, and has a plan in place for long-term mental health care. If the court dismisses the charges, the clerk of the court shall file a record with the Department of Justice indicating the disposition of the case diverted pursuant to this section. Upon successful completion of diversion, if the court dismisses the charges, the arrest upon which the diversion was based shall be deemed never to have occurred, and the court shall order access to the record of the arrest restricted in accordance with Section 1001.9, except as specified in subdivisions (j) and (k). The defendant who successfully completes diversion may indicate in response to any question concerning the defendant's prior criminal record that the defendant was not arrested or diverted for the offense, except as specified in subdivision (j).

+ (i) A record pertaining to an arrest resulting in successful
+ completion of diversion, or any record generated as a result of the
+ defendant's application for or participation in diversion, shall not,
+ without the defendant's consent, be used in any way that could
+ result in the denial of any employment, benefit, license, or
+ certificate.

(j) The defendant shall be advised that, regardless of the ++defendant's completion of diversion, both of the following apply: (1) The arrest upon which the diversion was based may be +disclosed by the Department of Justice to any peace officer +application request and that, notwithstanding subdivision (i), this +section does not relieve the defendant of the obligation to disclose ++the arrest in response to any direct question contained in any questionnaire or application for a position as a peace officer, as +defined in Section 830. +

+ (2) An order to seal records pertaining to an arrest made pursuant
+ to this section has no effect on a criminal justice agency's ability
+ to access and use those sealed records and information regarding
+ sealed arrests, as described in Section 851.92.

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(k) A finding that the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, +any progress reports concerning the defendant's treatment, +including, but not limited to, any finding that the defendant be +prohibited from owning or controlling a firearm because they are +a danger to themselves or others pursuant to subdivision (m), or +any other records related to a mental disorder that were created as +a result of participation in, or completion of, diversion pursuant +to this section or for use at a hearing on the defendant's eligibility +for diversion under this section may not be used in any other +proceeding without the defendant's consent, unless that information +is relevant evidence that is admissible under the standards described +in paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 28 of Article I of the +California Constitution. However, when determining whether to +exercise its discretion to grant diversion under this section, a court +may consider previous records of participation in diversion under +this section. +(1) The county agency administering the diversion, the +defendant's mental health treatment providers, the public guardian +or conservator, and the court shall, to the extent not prohibited by +federal law, have access to the defendant's medical and +psychological records, including progress reports, during the +defendant's time in diversion, as needed, for the purpose of +

+ providing care and treatment and monitoring treatment for
+ diversion or conservatorship.

+ (m) (1) The prosecution may request an order from the court
+ that the defendant be prohibited from owning or possessing a
+ firearm until they successfully complete diversion because they
+ are a danger to themselves or others pursuant to subdivision (i) of
+ Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

+ (2) The prosecution shall bear the burden of proving, by clear
+ and convincing evidence, both of the following are true:

+ (A) The defendant poses a significant danger of causing personal
 + injury to themselves or another by having in their custody or
 + control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.

+ (B) The prohibition is necessary to prevent personal injury to
+ the defendant or any other person because less restrictive
+ alternatives either have been tried and found to be ineffective or
+ are inadequate or inappropriate for the circumstances of the

+ defendant.

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+ (3) (A) If the court finds that the prosecution has not met that
+ burden, the court shall not order that the person is prohibited from

+ having, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.

+ (B) If the court finds that the prosecution has met the burden,

+ the court shall order that the person is prohibited, and shall inform

+ the person that they are prohibited, from owning or controlling a

+ firearm until they successfully complete diversion because they

+ are a danger to themselves or others.
+ (4) An order imposed pursuant to the

+ (4) An order imposed pursuant to this subdivision shall be in
 + effect until the defendant has successfully completed diversion or
 + until their firearm rights are restored pursuant to paragraph (4) of

+ subdivision (g) of Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions
+ Code.

+ (n) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2024.

+ SEC. 1.5. Section 1001.36 of the Penal Code is amended to + read:

(a) On an accusatory pleading alleging the 1001.36. +commission of a misdemeanor or felony offense not set forth in +subdivision (d), the court may, in its discretion, and after +considering the positions of the defense and prosecution, grant +pretrial diversion to a defendant pursuant to this section if the +defendant satisfies the eligibility requirements for pretrial diversion +set forth in subdivision (b) and the court determines that the +defendant is suitable for that diversion under the factors set forth +in subdivision (c). +

+ (b) A defendant is eligible for pretrial diversion pursuant to this
+ section if both of the following criteria are met:

(1) The defendant has been diagnosed with a mental disorder +as identified in the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and +Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, including, but not limited +to, bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, or +post-traumatic stress disorder, but excluding antisocial personality +disorder and pedophilia. Evidence of the defendant's mental +disorder shall be provided by the defense and shall include a +diagnosis or treatment for a diagnosed mental disorder within the +last five years by a qualified mental health expert. In opining that +a defendant suffers from a qualifying disorder, the qualified mental +health expert may rely on an examination of the defendant, the +defendant's medical records, arrest reports, or any other relevant +

+ evidence.

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+(2) The defendant's mental disorder was a significant factor in the commission of the charged offense. If the defendant has been +diagnosed with a mental disorder, the court shall find that the + defendant's mental disorder was a significant factor in the +commission of the offense unless there is clear and convincing +evidence that it was not a motivating factor, causal factor, or +contributing factor to the defendant's involvement in the alleged +offense. A court may consider any relevant and credible evidence, +including, but not limited to, police reports, preliminary hearing +transcripts, witness statements, statements by the defendant's +mental health treatment provider, medical records, records or +reports by qualified medical experts, or evidence that the defendant +displayed symptoms consistent with the relevant mental disorder ++at or near the time of the offense.

+ (c) For any defendant who satisfies the eligibility requirements
+ in subdivision (b), the court must consider whether the defendant
+ is suitable for pretrial diversion. A defendant is suitable for pretrial
+ diversion if all of the following criteria are met:

+ (1) In the opinion of a qualified mental health expert, the
+ defendant's symptoms of the mental disorder causing, contributing
+ to, or motivating the criminal behavior would respond to mental
+ health treatment.

(2) The defendant consents to diversion and waives the +defendant's right to a speedy trial, unless or a defendant has been +found to be an appropriate candidate for diversion in lieu of +commitment pursuant to clause (v) of subparagraph (B) of (iii) of +subparagraph (B) of, or clause (v) of subparagraph (C), of, +paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section-1370 1370, or +subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section +1370.01 and, as a result of the defendant's mental incompetence, + cannot consent to diversion or give a knowing and intelligent +waiver of the defendant's right to a speedy trial. +(3) The defendant agrees to comply with treatment as a condition +

(5) The defendant differences to comply with redunient us a condition
of diversion, <u>unless</u> or the defendant has been found to be an
appropriate candidate for diversion in lieu of commitment for
restoration of competency treatment pursuant to clause-of (*iii*) of
subparagraph (B) of, or clause (v) of subparagraph (C) of,
paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 1370 or subparagraph
(A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 1370.01 and, as

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+ a result of the defendant's mental incompetence, cannot agree to
 + comply with treatment.

+(4) The defendant will not pose an unreasonable risk of danger +to public safety, as defined in Section 1170.18, if treated in the +community. The court may consider the opinions of the district +attorney, the defense, or a qualified mental health expert, and may +consider the defendant's treatment plan, the defendant's violence +and criminal history, the current charged offense, and any other +factors that the court deems appropriate. +(d) A defendant may not be placed into a diversion program, +pursuant to this section, for the following current charged offenses: +

+ (1) Murder or voluntary manslaughter.

+ (2) An offense for which a person, if convicted, would be

required to register pursuant to Section 290, except for a violation
of Section 314.

+ (3) Rape.

+ (4) Lewd or lascivious act on a child under 14 years of age.

+ (5) Assault with intent to commit rape, sodomy, or oral
+ copulation, in violation of Section 220.

+ (6) Commission of rape or sexual penetration in concert with
 + another person, in violation of Section 264.1.

+ (7) Continuous sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section
+ 288.5.

+ (8) A violation of subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11418.

(e) At any stage of the proceedings, the court may require the +defendant to make a prima facie showing that the defendant will +meet the minimum requirements of eligibility for diversion and +that the defendant and the offense are suitable for diversion. The +hearing on the prima facie showing shall be informal and may +proceed on offers of proof, reliable hearsay, and argument of +counsel. If a prima facie showing is not made, the court may +summarily deny the request for diversion or grant any other relief +as may be deemed appropriate. +

+ (f) As used in this chapter, the following terms have the + following meanings:

+ (1) "Pretrial diversion" means the postponement of prosecution,
+ either temporarily or permanently, at any point in the judicial
+ process from the point at which the accused is charged until
+ adjudication, to allow the defendant to undergo mental health
+ treatment, subject to all of the following:
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+ (A) (i) The court is satisfied that the recommended inpatient + or outpatient program of mental health treatment will meet the

+ specialized mental health treatment needs of the defendant.

(ii) The defendant may be referred to a program of mental health +treatment utilizing existing inpatient or outpatient mental health +resources. Before approving a proposed treatment program, the +court shall consider the request of the defense, the request of the +prosecution, the needs of the defendant, and the interests of the +community. The treatment may be procured using private or public +funds, and a referral may be made to a county mental health +agency, existing collaborative courts, or assisted outpatient +treatment only if that entity has agreed to accept responsibility for +the treatment of the defendant, and mental health services are +provided only to the extent that resources are available and the +defendant is eligible for those services. +

(iii) If the court refers the defendant to a county mental health +agency pursuant to this section and the agency determines that it +is unable to provide services to the defendant, the court shall accept +a written declaration to that effect from the agency in lieu of +requiring live testimony. That declaration shall serve only to +establish that the program is unable to provide services to the +defendant at that time and does not constitute evidence that the +defendant is unqualified or unsuitable for diversion under this +section. +

+ (B) The provider of the mental health treatment program in
+ which the defendant has been placed shall provide regular reports
+ to the court, the defense, and the prosecutor on the defendant's
+ progress in treatment.

+ (C) The period during which criminal proceedings against the
 + defendant may be diverted is limited as follows:

+ (i) If the defendant is charged with a felony, the period shall be
+ no longer than two years.

+ (ii) If the defendant is charged with a misdemeanor, the period
+ shall be no longer than one year.

+ (D) Upon request, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine

+ whether restitution, as defined in subdivision (f) of Section 1202.4,

+ is owed to any victim as a result of the diverted offense and, if
+ owed, order its payment during the period of diversion. However,

+ a defendant's inability to pay restitution due to indigence or mental

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+ disorder shall not be grounds for denial of diversion or a finding

+ that the defendant has failed to comply with the terms of diversion.
+ (2) "Qualified mental health expert" includes, but is not limited
+ to, a psychiatrist, psychologist, a person described in Section
+ 5751.2 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or a person whose
+ knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education qualifies them
+ as an expert.

(g) If any of the following circumstances exists, the court shall,
after notice to the defendant, defense counsel, and the prosecution,
hold a hearing to determine whether the criminal proceedings
should be reinstated, whether the treatment should be modified,
or whether the defendant should be conserved and referred to the
conservatorship investigator of the county of commitment to initiate
conservatorship proceedings for the defendant pursuant to Chapter

+ 3 (commencing with Section 5350) of Part 1 of Division 5 of the
+ Welfare and Institutions Code:

+ (1) The defendant is charged with an additional misdemeanor
+ allegedly committed during the pretrial diversion and that reflects
+ the defendant's propensity for violence.

+ (2) The defendant is charged with an additional felony allegedly
+ committed during the pretrial diversion.

+ (3) The defendant is engaged in criminal conduct rendering the
 + defendant unsuitable for diversion.

+ (4) Based on the opinion of a qualified mental health expert
+ whom the court may deem appropriate, either of the following
+ circumstances exists:

+ (A) The defendant is performing unsatisfactorily in the assigned
 + program.

(B) The defendant is gravely disabled, as defined in
subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) of Section
5008 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A defendant shall only
be conserved and referred to the conservatorship investigator
pursuant to this finding.
(b) If the defendant has performed satisfactorily in diversion

+ (h) If the defendant has performed satisfactorily in diversion,

+ at the end of the period of diversion, the court shall dismiss the

+ defendant's criminal charges that were the subject of the criminal
+ proceedings at the time of the initial diversion. A court may

+ conclude that the defendant has performed satisfactorily if the

+ defendant has substantially complied with the requirements of

+ diversion, has avoided significant new violations of law unrelated

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+ to the defendant's mental health condition, and has a plan in place

+ for long-term mental health care. If the court dismisses the charges,

+ the clerk of the court shall file a record with the Department of

+ Justice indicating the disposition of the case diverted pursuant to

+ this section. Upon successful completion of diversion, if the court

+ dismisses the charges, the arrest upon which the diversion was

+ based shall be deemed never to have occurred, and the court shall

+ order access to the record of the arrest restricted in accordance
+ with Section 1001.9, except as specified in subdivisions (j) and

+ (k). The defendant who successfully completes diversion may

+ indicate in response to any question concerning the defendant's

+ prior criminal record that the defendant was not arrested or diverted

+ for the offense, except as specified in subdivision (j).

+ (i) A record pertaining to an arrest resulting in successful
+ completion of diversion, or any record generated as a result of the
+ defendant's application for or participation in diversion, shall not,
+ without the defendant's consent, be used in any way that could
+ result in the denial of any employment, benefit, license, or
+ certificate.

(j) The defendant shall be advised that, regardless of the +defendant's completion of diversion, both of the following apply: +(1) The arrest upon which the diversion was based may be +disclosed by the Department of Justice to any peace officer +application request and that, notwithstanding subdivision (i), this +section does not relieve the defendant of the obligation to disclose +the arrest in response to any direct question contained in any +questionnaire or application for a position as a peace officer, as +defined in Section 830. +

+ (2) An order to seal records pertaining to an arrest made pursuant

+ to this section has no effect on a criminal justice agency's ability
+ to access and use those sealed records and information regarding

+ sealed arrests, as described in Section 851.92.

(k) A finding that the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, +any progress reports concerning the defendant's treatment, +including, but not limited to, any finding that the defendant be +prohibited from owning or controlling a firearm because they are +a danger to themselves or others pursuant to subdivision (m), or +any other records related to a mental disorder that were created as +a result of participation in, or completion of, diversion pursuant +to this section or for use at a hearing on the defendant's eligibility +

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+ for diversion under this section may not be used in any other

+ proceeding without the defendant's consent, unless that information

+ is relevant evidence that is admissible under the standards described

+ in paragraph (2) of subdivision (f) of Section 28 of Article I of the

+ California Constitution. However, when determining whether to

exercise its discretion to grant diversion under this section, a court
 may consider previous records of participation in diversion under

+ this section.

(1) The county agency administering the diversion, the +defendant's mental health treatment providers, the public guardian +or conservator, and the court shall, to the extent not prohibited by +federal law, have access to the defendant's medical and +psychological records, including progress reports, during the +defendant's time in diversion, as needed, for the purpose of +providing care and treatment and monitoring treatment for +diversion or conservatorship. +

+ (m) (1) The prosecution may request an order from the court
+ that the defendant be prohibited from owning or possessing a
+ firearm until they successfully complete diversion because they
+ are a danger to themselves or others pursuant to subdivision (i) of
+ Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

+ (2) The prosecution shall bear the burden of proving, by clear
+ and convincing evidence, both of the following are true:

+ (A) The defendant poses a significant danger of causing personal
 + injury to themselves or another by having in their custody or
 + control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.

+ (B) The prohibition is necessary to prevent personal injury to
+ the defendant or any other person because less restrictive
+ alternatives either have been tried and found to be ineffective or
+ are inadequate or inappropriate for the circumstances of the
+ defendant.

+ (3) (A) If the court finds that the prosecution has not met that
+ burden, the court shall not order that the person is prohibited from
+ having, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.

+ (B) If the court finds that the prosecution has met the burden,

+ the court shall order that the person is prohibited, and shall inform
+ the person that they are prohibited, from owning or controlling a

+ firearm until they successfully complete diversion because they

+ are a danger to themselves or others.

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- + (4) An order imposed pursuant to this subdivision shall be in
- + effect until the defendant has successfully completed diversion or
- + until their firearm rights are restored pursuant to paragraph (4) of
- + subdivision (g) of Section 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions
 + Code.
- + C
 - + (n) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2024.
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SEC. 2. Section 1370.01 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
1370.01. (a) If the defendant is found mentally competent, the
criminal process shall resume, and the trial on the offense charged
or hearing on the alleged violation shall proceed.

22 (b) (1) (A) If the defendant is found mentally incompetent, the 23 trial, judgment, or hearing on the alleged violation shall be 24 suspended and the court shall conduct a hearing, pursuant to Chapter 2.8A (commencing with Section 1001.35) of Title 6, and, 25 if the court deems the defendant eligible, grant diversion pursuant 26 27 to Section 1001.36 for a period not to exceed one year from the date the individual is accepted into diversion or the maximum term 28 29 of imprisonment provided by law for the most serious offense 30 charged in the misdemeanor complaint, whichever is shorter.

31 (B) Notwithstanding any other law, including Section 23640 of 32 the Vehicle Code, a misdemeanor offense for which a defendant 33 may be placed in a mental health diversion program in accordance 34 with this section includes a misdemeanor violation of Section 35 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code. However, this section does 36 not limit the authority of the Department of Motor Vehicles to take administrative action concerning the driving privileges of a person 37 38 arrested for a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle 39 Code.

1 (2) The hearing shall be held no later than 30 days after the 2 finding of incompetence. If the hearing is delayed beyond 30 days, 3 the court shall order the defendant to be released on their own 4 recognizance pending the hearing.

5 (3) If the defendant performs satisfactorily on diversion pursuant

6 to this section, at the end of the period of diversion, the court shall

7 dismiss the criminal charges that were the subject of the criminal

8 proceedings at the time of the initial diversion.

9 (4) If the court finds the defendant ineligible for diversion based

- 10 on the circumstances set forth in subdivision (b), (c), (d), or (g) of
- 11 Section 1001.36, the court shall, after notice to the defendant,

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defense counsel, and the prosecution, hold a hearing to determine

which one of the following actions the court will take: 14 (A) Order modification of an existing mental health diversion 15 treatment plan in accordance with a recommendation from the 16 treatment provider. 17 (B) Refer the defendant to assisted outpatient treatment pursuant 18 to Section 5346 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A referral 19 to assisted outpatient treatment may only occur in a county where 20 services are available pursuant to Section 5348 of the Welfare and 21 Institutions Code, and the agency agrees to accept responsibility 22 for treatment of the defendant. A hearing to determine eligibility 23 for assisted outpatient treatment shall be held within 45 days after 24 the finding of incompetency. If the hearing is delayed beyond 45 25 days, the court shall order the defendant, if confined in county jail, 26 to be released on their own recognizance pending that hearing. If 27 the defendant is accepted into assisted outpatient treatment, and 28 completes the assisted outpatient treatment program or participates in a minimum of six months of the assisted outpatient treatment +program the charges shall be dismissed pursuant to Section 1385. 29 This section does not alter the confidential nature of assisted +outpatient treatment. +30 (C) Refer the defendant to the county conservatorship 31 investigator in the county of commitment for possible 32 conservatorship proceedings for the defendant pursuant to Chapter 33 3 (commencing with Section 5350) of Part 1 of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A defendant shall only be referred 34 35 to the conservatorship investigator if, based on the opinion of a

qualified mental health expert, the defendant appears to be gravely 36 37 disabled, as defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (h) of Section 5008 of the Welfare and Institution 38 39 Institutions Code. Any hearings required in the conservatorship proceedings shall be held in the superior court in the county of 40 1 commitment. The court shall transmit a copy of the order directing 2 initiation of conservatorship proceedings to the county mental 3 health director or the director's designee and shall notify the county 4 mental health director or their designee of the outcome of the 5 proceedings. Before establishing a conservatorship, the public 6 guardian shall investigate all available alternatives to 7 conservatorship pursuant to Section 5354 of the Welfare and

8 Institutions Code. If a petition is not filed within 30 days of the

BROROSED AMENDMENTS

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Amendment 3

Amendment 5

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Amendment 4

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D 11	0		SUBSTANTIVE
Page 11	9	referral, the court shall order the defendant, if confined in county	
	10	jail, to be released on their own recognizance pending	A mondue and C
	13	conservatorship proceedings. The charges shall be dismissed	Amendment 6
	14 15	pursuant to Section 1385 upon the filing of either a temporary or permanent conservatorship petition. If the outcome of the	
	15	conservatorship proceedings results in the establishment of a	
	+	temporary or permanent conservatorship, the charges shall be	
	+	dismissed pursuant to Section 1385. This section does not alter	
	+	the confidential nature of conservatorship proceedings.	
	16	(D) Refer the defendant to the CARE program pursuant to	1
	17	Section 5978 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. A hearing to	
	18	determine eligibility for CARE shall be held within 14 court days	
	19	after the date on which the petition for the referral is filed. If the	
	20	hearing is delayed beyond 14 court days, the court shall order the	
	21	defendant, if confined in county jail, to be released on their own	
	22	recognizance pending that hearing. If the defendant is accepted	
	23	into CARE, and completes the CARE program or participates in	Amendment 7
	+	a minimum of one year of the CARE program, the charges shall	
	24	be dismissed pursuant to Section 1385. This section does not alter	Amendment 8
	+	the confidential nature of CARE program proceedings.	
	25	(c) If the defendant is found mentally incompetent on a	•
	26	misdemeanor offense and felony offense and committed to	
	27	treatment pursuant to Section 1370 or this section, the misdemeanor	
	28	offense shall be dismissed.	
	30	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that a defendant subject to	
	31	the terms of this section receive mental health treatment in a	
	32	treatment facility and not a jail. A term of four days will be deemed	
	33	to have been served for every two days spent in actual custody	
	34	against the maximum term of diversion. treatment pursuant to	Amendment 9
	+	subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (4) of subdivision (b)	
	+	and subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) . A	I
	35	defendant not in actual custody shall otherwise receive day for day	Amondmonta 10 8-11
	36	credit against the term of <u>diversion</u> treatment from the date the	Amendments 10 & 11
	37	defendant is accepted into diversion. <i>treatment</i> . "Actual custody"	1
	+ 39	has the same meaning as in Section 4019.(e) This section shall apply only as provided in subdivision (b)	
	39 40	of Section 1367.	
Page 12	40	(f) Nothing It is the intent of the Legislature that the court shall	Amendment 12
	1 +	consider all treatment options as provided in this section prior to	Amenument 12
		constact an incument options as provided in this section prior to	
			1

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dismissing criminal charges. However, nothing in this section +Page 12 2 limits a court's discretion pursuant to Section 1385.

> SEC. 3. Section 5985 of the Welfare and Institutions Code is +amended to read: +

> 5985. (a) (1) The department shall develop, in consultation +

with county behavioral health agencies, other relevant state or +

local government entities, disability rights groups, individuals with +

lived experience, families, counsel, racial justice experts, and other +

appropriate stakeholders, an annual CARE Act report. The +

department shall post the annual report on its internet website. +(2) The department shall specify the length of time, following +

the conclusion of CARE program services, that data on former +

participants shall be reported pursuant to subdivision (e). +

(b) County behavioral health agencies and any other state or +

local governmental entity, as identified by the department, shall +provide data related to the CARE Act participants, services, and

+supports to the department. The department shall determine the +

data measures and specifications, and shall publish them via +

guidance issues pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 5984. +

(c) Each county behavioral health department and any other +

state and local governmental entity, as identified by the department, +shall provide the required data to the department, in a format and +

frequency as directed by the department. +

(d) (1) In consultation with the Judicial Council, the department +

shall develop an annual reporting schedule for the submission of +

CARE Act data from the trial courts. +

(2) Data from the trial courts shall be submitted to the Judicial +Council, which shall aggregate the data and submit it to the +department consistent with the reporting schedule developed +pursuant to paragraph (1). +

(3) On an annual basis to be determined by the Judicial Council +and consistent with the annual reporting schedule developed ++pursuant to paragraph (1), the trial courts shall report to the Judicial Council the following data related to CARE Act petitions: +

(A) The number of petitions submitted pursuant to Section 5975.

++

(B) The number of initial appearances on the petition set pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 5977. +

(C) The total number of hearings held pursuant to this part. +

(D) The total number of CARE plans ordered and CARE +agreements approved. +

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+ (E) The total number of petitions dismissed.

+ (e) The annual report shall include process measures to examine

+ the scope of impact and monitor the performance of CARE Act

+ model implementation. The report shall include, at a minimum,

+ all of the following: include trial court petition data pursuant to $l_{1}(2) = l_{2}(2)$

+ paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) and, to the extent administrative
+ data is available, all of the following information compiled from

+ county behavioral health departments:

+ (1) The demographics of *all* participants, including, but not
 + limited to, the age, sex, race, ethnicity, disability, languages spoken,

+ sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, veteran status,

+ immigration status, health coverage status, including Medi-Cal

+ enrollment status, and county of residence, to the extent statistically

+ relevant data is available. information related to CARE criteria

+ outlined in Section 5972, and county of residence.

+ (2) Information about petitioners, including, but not limited to,
+ relationship to participant.

+ (2)

+ (3) The services and supports ordered, the services and supports

+ provided, and the services and supports ordered but not provided.

+ provided to all active and former participants.

+ (3)

(4) The housing placements of all participants during the +program and at least one year following the termination of the +CARE plan, to the extent administrative data are available to report +the latter. active and former participants. Placements include, but +are not limited to, transition to a higher level of care, independent +living in the person's own house or apartment, community-based +housing, community-based housing with services, shelter, and no +housing. +(4)+

+ (5) Treatments continued and terminated at least one year

+ following termination of the CARE plan, to the extent + administrative data are available. of all active and former

+ participants.

+ (5)

+ (6) Substance use disorder rates and rates of treatment among

+ active CARE plan participants and former participants at least one

+ year following termination of the CARE plan, to the extent

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+ administrative data are available to report the latter. all active and

- + former participants.
- + (6)

+ (7) Detentions and other Lanterman-Petris-Short Act + involvement for participants with an active CARE plan and for

- + involvement for participants with an active CARE plan and for former participants at least one year following termination of the
- + former participants at least one year following termination of the
 + CARE plan, to the extent administrative data are available to report
- + CARE plan, to the extent administrative data are available to
 + the latter. all active and former participants.
- + (7)

+ (8) Criminal justice involvement of participants with an active

+ CARE plan and for former participants at least one year following

- + termination of the CARE plan, to the extent administrative data
- + are available to report the latter. all active and former participants.

+ (8) Deaths among active participants and for former participants
 + at least one year following termination of the CARE plan, along

+ with causes of death, to the extent administrative data are available.

+ (9) Deaths among all active and former participants, along with
 + the cause of death.

+ (10) Type, format, and frequency of outreach and engagement
+ activities provided by a county behavioral health agency to engage
+ an individual who is the subject of a referral or petition, including

interactions about potential eligible participants and outcomes of these efforts.

+ (11) The number, rates, and trends of contacts made to the + county behavioral health agency about individuals potentially + eligible for the CARE process, including outcomes of those + contacts.

+ (12) The number, rates, and source of referrals to county
+ behavioral health departments, including, but not limited to,
+ referrals resulting in a petition or reason for not filing a petition,

+ length of time from referral to outcome, and services provided for

+ those engaged voluntarily.

+ (9)

+ (13) The number, rates, and trends of petitions resulting in
 + dismissal and hearings.

+ (14) Information on petition dispositions, including, but not

+ limited to, disposition recommendations and the number of days

+ from petition to disposition.

+ (10)

+ (15) The number, rates, and trends of supporters.

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+ (11)

+ (16) The number, rates, and trends of voluntary approved CARE

- + agreements.
- + (12)

+ (17) The number, rates, and trends of ordered and completed

- + CARE plans.
- + (13)

+ (18) Statistics on the services and supports included in CARE

- + plans, supports, including court orders for stabilizing medications.
- + (14)
- + (19) The rates of adherence to medication.
- + (15)

+ (20) The number, rates, and trends of psychiatric advance
 + directives created for participants with active CARE plans. active

- + participants.
- + particip + (16)
- + (21) The number, rates, and trends of developed graduation + plans.
- + (17)

(22) Outcome measures to assess the effectiveness of the CARE +Act model, such as improvement in housing status, including +gaining and maintaining housing, reductions in emergency +department visits and inpatient hospitalizations, reductions in law +enforcement encounters and incarceration, reductions in involuntary +treatment and conservatorship, and reductions in substance use. +(18)+(23) A health equity assessment of the CARE Act to identify +demographic disparities based on demographic data in paragraph +

- + (1), and to inform disparity reduction efforts.
- + (f) (1) The report shall include, at a minimum, information on

the effectiveness of the CARE Act model in improving outcomes
and reducing disparities, homelessness, criminal justice
involvement, conservatorships, and hospitalization of participants.
The annual report shall include process measures to examine the
scope of impact and monitor the performance of CARE Act model
implementation, such as the number and source of petitions filed
for CARE Court; the number, rates, and trends of petitions resulting
in dismissel and hospings: the number rates and trends of

- + in dismissal and hearings; the number, rates, and trends of + supporters; the number, rates, and trends of voluntary CARE
- + agreements; the number, rates, and trends of ordered and completed

+

+

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CARE plans; the services and supports included in CARE plans,

including court orders for stabilizing medications; the rates of

adherence to medication; the number, rates, and trends of +psychiatric advance directives; and the number, rates, and trends +of developed graduation plans. The report shall include outcome +measures to assess the effectiveness of the CARE Act model, such +as improvement in housing status, including gaining and +maintaining housing; reductions in emergency department visits +and inpatient hospitalizations; reductions in law enforcement +encounters and incarceration; reductions in involuntary treatment +and conservatorship; and reductions in substance use. The annual +report shall examine these data through the lens of health equity +to identify racial, ethnic, and other demographic disparities and +inform disparity reduction efforts. +

(2) Data shall be stratified by age, sex, race, ethnicity, languages +spoken, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing +status, veteran status, immigration status, health coverage source, +and county, to the extent statistically relevant data is available. +Information released or published pursuant to this section shall +not contain data that may lead to the identification of respondents +or information that would otherwise allow an individual to link +the published information to a specific person. Data published by +the department shall be deidentified in compliance with Section +164.514(a) and (b) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations. +(g) The outcomes shall be presented to relevant state oversight +bodies, including, but not limited to, the California Interagency +Council on Homelessness. +

+ (h) (1) Beginning in 2026 and annually thereafter, the
+ department shall publish on its internet website a report of
+ quantitative, deidentified information concerning the operation of
+ this part.

+ (2) Based on information provided to the department in a form
+ and manner specified by the department, in consultation with the
+ Judicial Council, in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section
+ 5984, the report shall include all of the following information,
+ aggregated by county, compiled from county behavioral health
+ departments and the department:

+ (A) The number of contacts to the county behavioral health
+ department about individuals potentially eligible for the CARE
+ process, including outcome of contacts.

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+ (B) The number of CARE petitions filed with the superior court.

+ (C) The petitioner type for each petition filed with the superior
+ court.

+ (D) Disposition of each petition filed with the superior court.

(E) The number of days between filing each petition and the
petition's disposition.

+ (F) Demographic information of each CARE Act participant or

+ potentially eligible CARE Act participant including, but not limited
+ to, gender, age ranges, ethnicity, and housing status.

+ (G) The number of referrals of individuals in conservatorship

+ proceedings made pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 5978,
+ including the disposition of each referral.

+ (H) The number of referrals made pursuant to Section 5978.1,
+ including the disposition of each referral.

(i) Information publicly released or published pursuant to this
part shall not contain data that may lead to the identification of
participants or petitioners or information that would otherwise
allow an individual to link the published information to a specific
person. Data published by the department shall be deidentified in

compliance with Section 164.514(a) and (b) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

+ SEC. 3.5. Section 5985 of the Welfare and Institutions Code + is amended to read:

+ 5985. (a) (1) The department shall develop, in consultation
+ with county behavioral health agencies, other relevant state or

+ local government entities, disability rights groups, individuals with
 + lived experience, families, counsel, racial justice experts, and other

+ appropriate stakeholders, an annual CARE Act report. The

+ department shall post the annual report on its internet website.

+ (2) The department shall specify the length of time, following

+ the conclusion of CARE program services, that data on former
+ participants shall be reported pursuant to subdivision (e).

+ (b) County behavioral health agencies and any other state or

+ local governmental entity, as identified by the department, shall

+ provide data related to the CARE Act participants, services, and + supports to the department. The department shall determine the

+ supports to the department. The department shall determine the + data measures and specifications, and shall publish them via

+ guidance issues pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 5984.

+ (c) Each county behavioral health department and any other

+ state and local governmental entity, as identified by the department,

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shall provide the required data to the department, in a format and +frequency as directed by the department. +

(d) (1) In consultation with the Judicial Council, the department +

shall develop an annual reporting schedule for the submission of +CARE Act data from the trial courts. +

(2) Data from the trial courts shall be submitted to the Judicial +Council, which shall aggregate the data and submit it to the +department consistent with the reporting schedule developed +pursuant to paragraph (1). +

(3) On an annual basis to be determined by the Judicial Council +

and consistent with the annual reporting schedule developed +pursuant to paragraph (1), the trial courts shall report to the Judicial +

Council the following data related to CARE Act petitions: +

(A) The number of petitions submitted pursuant to Section 5975. +

(B) The number of initial appearances on the petition set +pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 5977. +

(C) The total number of hearings held pursuant to this part. +

(D) The total number of CARE plans ordered and CARE +agreements approved. +

(E) The total number of petitions dismissed. +

(e) The annual report shall include process measures to examine +

the scope of impact and monitor the performance of CARE Act +model implementation. The report shall-include, at a minimum, +all of the following: include trial court petition data pursuant to +

paragraph (3) of subdivision (d) and, to the extent administrative +

data is available, all of the following information compiled from +

county behavioral health departments: +

(1) The demographics of *all* participants, including, but not +limited to, the age, sex, race, ethnicity, disability, languages spoken,

+sexual orientation, gender identity, housing status, veteran status, +

immigration status, health coverage status, including Medi-Cal +

enrollment status, and county of residence, to the extent statistically +

+relevant data is available. information related to CARE criteria

outlined in Section 5972, and county of residence. +

(2) Information about petitioners, including, but not limited to, +

relationship to participant. +

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(2)+

(3) The services and supports ordered, the services and supports +

provided, and the services and supports ordered but not provided. +

provided to all active and former participants. +

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+ (3)

(4) The housing placements of all participants during the +program and at least one year following the termination of the +CARE plan, to the extent administrative data are available to report +the latter. active and former participants. Placements include, but +are not limited to, transition to a higher level of care, independent +living in the person's own house or apartment, community-based +housing, community-based housing with services, shelter, and no +housing. +(4)+(5) Treatments continued and terminated at least one year +following termination of the CARE plan, to the extent +administrative data are available. of all active and former +participants. +(5)+(6) Substance use disorder rates and rates of treatment among +active CARE plan participants and former participants at least one +year following termination of the CARE plan, to the extent +administrative data are available to report the latter. all active and ++former participants. (6)+(7) Detentions and other Lanterman-Petris-Short Act +involvement for participants with an active CARE plan and for +former participants at least one year following termination of the +CARE plan, to the extent administrative data are available to report +the latter. all active and former participants. +(7)++(8) Criminal justice involvement of participants with an active

CARE plan and for former participants at least one year following +termination of the CARE plan, to the extent administrative data +are available to report the latter. all active and former participants. +(8) Deaths among active participants and for former participants ++at least one year following termination of the CARE plan, along with causes of death, to the extent administrative data are available. +(9) Deaths among all active and former participants, along with +the cause of death. +

+ (10) Type, format, and frequency of outreach and engagement
+ activities provided by a county behavioral health agency to engage
+ an individual who is the subject of a referral or petition, including

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interactions about potential eligible participants and outcomes of these efforts.

+ (11) The number, rates, and trends of contacts made to the

+ county behavioral health agency about individuals potentially

+ eligible for the CARE process, including outcomes of those + contacts.

+ (12) The number, rates, and source of referrals to county + behavioral health departments, including, but not limited to,

+ referrals resulting in a petition or reason for not filing a petition,

+ length of time from referral to outcome, and services provided for

+ those engaged voluntarily.

+ (9)

+ (13) The number, rates, and trends of petitions resulting in + dismissal and hearings.

+ (14) Information on petition dispositions, including, but not
 + limited to, disposition recommendations and the number of days

+ from petition to disposition.

- + (10)
- + (15) The number, rates, and trends of supporters.

+ (11)

+ (16) The number, rates, and trends of voluntary approved CARE
+ agreements.

+ (12)

+ (17) The number, rates, and trends of ordered and completed
 + CARE plans.

+ (13)

+ (18) Statistics on the services and supports included in CARE

+ plans, supports, including court orders for stabilizing medications.
 + (14)

+ (19) The rates of adherence to medication.

+ (15)

+ (20) The number, rates, and trends of psychiatric advance

+ directives created for participants with active CARE plans. active
 + participants.

+ (16)

+ (21) The number, rates, and trends of developed graduation + plans.

+ (17)

+ (22) Outcome measures to assess the effectiveness of the CARE

+ Act model, such as improvement in housing status, including



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- + gaining and maintaining housing, reductions in emergency
- + department visits and inpatient hospitalizations, reductions in law
- + enforcement encounters and incarceration, reductions in involuntary
- + treatment and conservatorship, and reductions in substance use.
- + (18)
- + (23) A health equity assessment of the CARE Act to identify
 + demographic disparities based on demographic data in paragraph
- + (1), and to inform disparity reduction efforts.
- + (24) Data regarding referrals made pursuant to Section 5978.1,
 + as part of the CARE Act.

(f) (1) The report shall include, at a minimum, information on +the effectiveness of the CARE Act model in improving outcomes +and reducing disparities, homelessness, criminal justice +involvement, conservatorships, and hospitalization of participants. +The annual report shall include process measures to examine the +scope of impact and monitor the performance of CARE Act model +implementation, such as the number and source of petitions filed +for CARE Court; the number, rates, and trends of petitions resulting +in dismissal and hearings; the number, rates, and trends of +supporters; the number, rates, and trends of voluntary CARE +agreements; the number, rates, and trends of ordered and completed +CARE plans; the services and supports included in CARE plans, +including court orders for stabilizing medications; the rates of +adherence to medication; the number, rates, and trends of +psychiatric advance directives; and the number, rates, and trends +of developed graduation plans. The report shall include outcome +measures to assess the effectiveness of the CARE Act model, such ++as improvement in housing status, including gaining and maintaining housing; reductions in emergency department visits +and inpatient hospitalizations; reductions in law enforcement +encounters and incarceration; reductions in involuntary treatment +and conservatorship; and reductions in substance use. The annual ++report shall examine these data through the lens of health equity to identify racial, ethnic, and other demographic disparities and +inform disparity reduction efforts. +(2) Data shall be stratified by age, sex, race, ethnicity, languages +

+ spoken, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, housing
+ status, veteran status, immigration status, health coverage source,

- + and county, to the extent statistically relevant data is available.
- + Information released or published pursuant to this section shall

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+ not contain data that may lead to the identification of respondents

+ or information that would otherwise allow an individual to link

+ the published information to a specific person. Data published by

+ the department shall be deidentified in compliance with Section

+ 164.514(a) and (b) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

+ (g) The outcomes shall be presented to relevant state oversight
+ bodies, including, but not limited to, the California Interagency
+ Council on Homelessness.

(h) (1) Beginning in 2026 and annually thereafter, the
department shall publish on its internet website a report of
quantitative, deidentified information concerning the operation of
this part.

+ (2) Based on information provided to the department in a form
+ and manner specified by the department, in consultation with the
+ Judicial Council, in accordance with subdivision (b) of Section
+ 5984, the report shall include all of the following information,

+ aggregated by county, compiled from county behavioral health

+ departments and the department:

+ (A) The number of contacts to the county behavioral health
+ department about individuals potentially eligible for the CARE
+ process, including outcome of contacts.

+ (B) The number of CARE petitions filed with the superior court.

+ (C) The petitioner type for each petition filed with the superior
+ court.

+ (D) Disposition of each petition filed with the superior court.

+ (E) The number of days between filing each petition and the + petition's disposition.

(F) Demographic information of each CARE Act participant or
 potentially eligible CARE Act participant including, but not limited

+ to, gender, age ranges, ethnicity, and housing status.

+ (G) The number of referrals of individuals in conservatorship + proceedings made pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 5978,

+ including the disposition of each referral.

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(H) The number of referrals made pursuant to Section 5978.1,
including the disposition of each referral.

+ (i) Information publicly released or published pursuant to this

+ part shall not contain data that may lead to the identification of

+ participants or petitioners or information that would otherwise

+ allow an individual to link the published information to a specific

+ person. Data published by the department shall be deidentified in

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compliance with Section 164.514(a) and (b) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

+ SEC. 4. (a) Section 1.5 of this bill incorporates amendments

+ to Section 1001.36 of the Penal Code proposed by both this bill

+ and Senate Bill 1323. That section of this bill shall only become

+ operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or

+ before January 1, 2025, (2) each bill amends Section 1001.36 of

+ the Penal Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after Senate Bill 1323,

+ in which case Section 1 of this bill shall not become operative.

+ (b) Section 3.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to Section

+ 5985 of the Welfare and Institutions Code proposed by this bill

+ and Senate Bill 42. That section of this bill shall only become
+ operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or

+ operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or
+ before January 1, 2025, (2) each bill amends Section 5985 of the

+ Welfare and Institutions Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after

+ Senate Bill 42, in which case Section 5985 of the Welfare and

+ Institutions Code, as amended by Senate Bill 42, shall remain

+ operative only until the operative date of this bill, at which time

+ Section 3.5 of this bill shall become operative, and Section 3 of

+ this bill shall not become operative.

+ SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

+ Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution for certain

+ costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district

+ because, in that regard, this act creates a new crime or infraction,

+ eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime

+ or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the

+ Constitution.

+ However, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that

+ this act contains other costs mandated by the state, reimbursement

+ to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

+ pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

+ 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL NO. 1420 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 8, 2024 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 24, 2024 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 16, 2024 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 30, 2024 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 8, 2024 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 20, 2024 SENATE BILL NO. 1420

Introduced by Senators Caballero, Archuleta, Dodd, and Newman (Coauthor: Assembly Member Blanca Rubio)

February 16, 2024

An act to amend Sections 21189.81 and 25545 of the Public Resources Code, relating to energy.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1420, as amended, Caballero. Hydrogen production facilities: certification and environmental review.

(1) The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires preparation of specified documentation before a public agency approves or carries out certain projects. Existing law authorizes the Governor to certify energy infrastructure projects meeting specified requirements for streamlining benefits related to CEQA. Existing law defines "energy infrastructure project" for these purposes to include eligible renewable energy resources under the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program, excluding resources that use biomass fuels. Existing law

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expressly excludes from that definition of "energy infrastructure project" any project using hydrogen as a fuel.

This bill would instead exclude from the definition of "energy infrastructure project" for purposes of the CEQA streamlining benefits eligible renewable energy resources under the California Renewables Portfolio Standard Program that combust, rather than use, biomass fuels. The bill would include hydrogen production facilities and associated onsite storage and processing facilities that meet specified conditions, including that the facilities have received funding from the state or federal government on or before January 1, 2032, and do not use fossil fuel as a feedstock or energy source, do not derive hydrogen from a fossil fuel feedstock and that receive funding from specified state and federal programs within the definition of "energy infrastructure project." Because the bill would authorize the Governor to certify additional projects, thereby increasing the duties on lead agencies in conducting the environmental review of energy infrastructure projects certified by the Governor, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(2) Existing law authorizes persons proposing specified electrical generation, electrical transmission, and energy storage projects to apply, on or before June 30, 2029, to the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission (Energy Commission) to certify sites and related facilities as environmental leadership development projects, as specified. Existing law makes a site and related facility certified by the Energy Commission subject to the streamlining benefits related to CEQA with no further action by the applicant or the Governor. Under existing law, the Energy Commission's certification is in lieu of any permit, certificate, or similar document required by any governmental agency and supersedes any applicable statute, ordinance, or regulation, except as specified.

This bill would expand the types of facilities eligible to be certified as environmental leadership development projects by the Energy Commission to include hydrogen production facilities and associated onsite storage and processing facilities that meet specified conditions, including that the facilities have received funding from the state or federal government on or before January 1, 2032, and do not use fossil fuel as a feedstock or energy source. do not derive hydrogen from a fossil fuel feedstock and that receive funding from specified state and federal programs.

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(3) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 21189.81 of the Public Resources Code 29 Page 4 30 is amended to read:

31 21189.81. For purposes of this chapter, the following 32 definitions apply:

(a) "Applicant" means a public or private entity or its affiliates,

34 or a person or entity that undertakes a public works project, that

35 proposes a project and its successors, heirs, and assignees.

36 (b) "Disadvantaged community" means an area identified by

- the California Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to 37 Section 39711 of the Health and Safety Code or an area identified 38
- as a disadvantaged unincorporated community pursuant to Section 1 2 65302.10 of the Government Code.
 - 3 (c) "Electrical transmission facility project" means a project for 4 the construction and operation of an electrical transmission facility
 - 5 the *that* meets either of the following:

6 (1) An electrical transmission facility project identified by the

Independent System Operator in its annual transmission planning 7 8 process that meets either of the following criteria:

9 (A) The project will facilitate delivery of electricity from renewable energy resources or zero-carbon resources. 10

(B) The project will facilitate delivery of electricity from energy 11 12 storage projects.

13 (2) An electrical transmission facility project identified by a

14 local publicly owned electric utility that would satisfy a

transmission expansion need approved by the governing body of 15 16 the local publicly owned electric utility and that meets either of

17 the following criteria:

18 (A) The project will facilitate delivery of electricity from 19 renewable energy resources or zero-carbon resources.

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22 (d) (1) "Energy infrastructure project" means any of the
23 following:
24 (A) An eligible renewable energy resource, as defined in Section

- (A) An eligible renewable energy resource, as defined in Section
 399.12 of the Public Utilities Code, excluding resources that
- 26 combust biomass fuels.

(B) New energy storage systems of 20 megawatts or more, that
are capable of discharging for at least two hours, provided that a
pumped hydro facility may qualify only if it is less than or equal
to 500 megawatts and has been directly appropriated funding by

31 the state before January 1, 2023.

32 (C) A project for which the applicant has certified that a capital
33 investment of at least two hundred fifty million dollars
34 (\$250,000,000) made over a period of five years and the project
35 is for either of the following:

(i) The manufacture, production, or assembly of an energy
storage system or component manufacturing, wind system or
component manufacturing, and solar photovoltaic energy system
or component manufacturing.

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(ii) The manufacture, production, or assembly of specialized
 products, components, or systems that are integral to renewable
 energy or energy storage technologies.

4 (D) An electrical transmission facility project, provided that 5 nothing in this chapter affects the jurisdiction of the California 6 Coastal Commission pursuant to Division 20 (commencing with 7 Section 30000) to regulate such projects if located in the coastal

- 8 zone.
- 9 (E) A hydrogen production facility and associated onsite storage
- 10 and processing facilities-meeting all of the following conditions:
- that do not derive hydrogen from a fossil fuel feedstock and that
 receive funding from any of the following:

12 (i) The facility has received funding from the state or federal

13 government on or before January 1, 2032.

(ii) The facility does not use fossil fuel as the feedstock or
 energy source for the production of hydrogen.

- 16 (iii) The facility has received a letter of support adopted at a
- 17 public meeting by the governing body of the local government in
- 18 which jurisdiction the facility will be located.

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+ (i) The Hydrogen Program established pursuant to Section + 25664.1.

+ (ii) Section 91530, as added by the Safe Drinking Water,

+ Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparedness, and Clean Air Bond

+ Act of 2024 (Section 2 of Chapter 83 of the Statutes of 2024 (Senate

+ Bill No. 867)), if that act is approved by the voters at the November

+ 5, 2024, statewide general election.

+ (iii) The Alliance for Renewable Clean Hydrogen Energy

+ Systems (ARCHES) authorized by Article 15 (commencing with

+ Section 12100.160) of Chapter 1.6 of Part 2 of Division 3 of Title

+ 2 of the Government Code, as awarded by the United States
+ Department of Energy Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations.

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Page 7

(2) Any project to develop a facility within the meaning of
subdivision (b) of Section 25545 shall meet the requirements of
Sections 25545.3.3 and 25545.3.5, except that those requirements
shall also apply to solar photovoltaic and terrestrial wind electrical
generating power plants with a generating capacity of between 20
and 50 megawatts and energy storage projects capable of storing
between 80 and 200 megawatt hours of electrical energy.

26 (e) "Infrastructure project" means a project that is certified 27 pursuant to Sections 21189.82 and 21189.83 as any of the 28 following:

- 29 (1) An energy infrastructure project.
- 30 (2) A semiconductor or microelectronic project.
- 31 (3) A transportation-related project.
- 32 (4) A water-related project.

33 (f) "Semiconductor or microelectronic project" means a project

34 that meets the requirements related to investment in new or 35 expanded facilities and is awarded funds under the federal Creating

36 Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors Act of 2022 (Public

37 Law 117-167), commonly known as the CHIPS Act of 2022, and

38 the requirements of Section 21183.5.

39 (g) (1) "Transportation-related project" means a transportation

40 infrastructure project that advances one or more of, and does not 1 conflict with, the following goals related to the Climate Action

2 Plan for Transportation Infrastructure adopted by the

3 Transportation Agency:

4 (A) Build toward an integrated, statewide rail and transit 5 network.

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- Page 7 6 (B) Invest in networks of safe and accessible bicycle and 7 pedestrian infrastructure.
 - 8 (C) Include investments in light-, medium-, and heavy-duty 9 zero-emission vehicle infrastructure.
 - 10 (D) Develop a zero-emission freight transportation system.
 - 11 (E) Reduce public health and economic harms and maximize 12 community benefits.
 - 13 (F) Make safety improvements to reduce fatalities and severe 14 injuries of all users towards zero.
 - 15 (G) Assess and integrate assessments of physical climate risk.
 - 16 (H) Promote projects that do not significantly increase passenger 17 vehicle travel.
 - (I) Promote compact infill development while protecting
 residents and businesses from displacement.
 - 20 (J) Protect natural and working lands.
 - (c) Protect natural and working failes.
 (2) Transportation-related projects are public works for the purposes of Section 1720 of the Labor Code and shall comply with the applicable provisions of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
 - 24 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
 - 25 (h) (1) "Water-related project" means any of the following:
 - (A) A project that is approved to implement a groundwater
 sustainability plan that the Department of Water Resources has
 determined is in compliance with Sections 10727.2 and 10727.4
 of the Water Code or to implement an interim groundwater
 sustainability plan adopted pursuant to Section 10735.6 of the
 Water Code.
 - 32 (B) (i) A water storage project funded by the California Water
 33 Commission pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing with Section
 34 79750) of Division 26.7 of the Water Code.
 - 35 (ii) In addition to clause (i), the applicant shall demonstrate that
 - 36 the project will minimize the intake or diversion of water except
 - 37 during times of surplus water and prioritizes the discharge of water
 - 38 for ecological benefits or to mitigate an emergency, including, but
 - 39 not limited to, dam repair, levee repair, wetland restoration,
- Page 81marshland restoration, or habitat preservation, or other public2benefits described in Section 79753 of the Water Code.
 - 3 (C) Projects for the development of recycled water, as defined 4 in Section 13050 of the Water Code.
 - 5 (D) Contaminant and salt removal projects, including 6 groundwater desalination and associated treatment, storage,

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Page 8 7 conveyance, and distribution facilities. This shall not include 8 seawater desalination.

9 (E) Projects exclusively for canal or other conveyance 10 maintenance and repair.

- 11 (2) Water-related projects are public works for purposes of 12 Section 1720 of the Labor Code and shall comply with the 13 applicable provisions of Chapter 1 (commencing with Section
- 14 1720) of Part 7 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.

(3) "Water-related project" does not include the design or
construction of through-Delta conveyance facilities of the
Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta.

19 SEC. 2. Section 25545 of the Public Resources Code is 20 amended to read:

21 25545. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions22 apply:

- (a) "California Native American tribe" has the same meaningas set forth in Section 21073.
- 25 (b) "Facility" means any of the following:
- (1) A solar photovoltaic or terrestrial wind electrical generating
 powerplant with a generating capacity of 50 megawatts or more
- and any facilities appurtenant thereto.
- 29 (2) An energy storage system as defined in Section 2835 of the
- 30 Public Utilities Code that is capable of storing 200 megawatthours31 or more of energy.
- 32 (3) A stationary electrical generating powerplant using any
 33 source of thermal energy, with a generating capacity of 50
 34 megawatts or more, excluding any powerplant that burns, uses, or
 35 relies on fossil or nuclear fuels.
- 36 (4) A discretionary project as described in Section 21080 for
 37 which the applicant has certified that a capital investment of at
 38 least two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000) will be made
- 39 over a period of five years and the discretionary project is for (A)
- 40 the manufacture, production, or assembly of an energy storage Page 9 1 system or component manufacturing, wind system or component
 - system or component manufacturing, wind system or component
 manufacturing, and solar photovoltaic energy system or component
 - 2 manufacturing, and solar photovoltaic energy system or component
 3 manufacturing, or (B) the manufacture, production, or assembly
 - 4 of specialized products, components, or systems that are integral
 - 5 to renewable energy or energy storage technologies.
 - 6 (5) An electrical transmission line carrying electricity from a
 - 7 facility described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) that is located in the

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Page 9 8 state to a point of junction with any interconnected electrical 9 transmission system.

10 (6) A hydrogen production facility and associated onsite storage

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11 and processing facilities meeting all of the following conditions:

12 that do not derive hydrogen from a fossil fuel feedstock and that

+ receive funding from any of the following:

(A) The facility has received funding from the state or federal
 government on or before January 1, 2032.

(B) The facility does not use fossil fuel as the feedstock or
 energy source for the production of hydrogen.

17 (C) The facility has received a letter of support adopted at a

18 public meeting by the governing body of the local government in

19 which jurisdiction the facility will be located.

- + (A) The Hydrogen Program established pursuant to Section + 25664.1.
- + (B) Section 91530, as added by the Safe Drinking Water,
- + Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparedness, and Clean Air Bond

+ Act of 2024 (Section 2 of Chapter 83 of the Statutes of 2024 (Senate

+ Bill No. 867)), if that act is approved by the voters at the November

+ 5, 2024, statewide general election.

+ (C) The Alliance for Renewable Clean Hydrogen Energy Systems

+ (ARCHES) authorized by Article 15 (commencing with Section

+ 12100.160) of Chapter 1.6 of Part 2 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the

+ Government Code, as awarded by the United States Department

+ of Energy Office of Clean Energy Demonstrations.

20 (c) "Site" means any location on which an eligible facility is 21 constructed or is proposed to be constructed.

33 SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

34 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because

35 a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service

36 charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or37 level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section

37 level of service mandated by this act, within the38 17556 of the Government Code.

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Amendment 5

Amendment 6

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Assembly Rules Committee August 26, 2024

ADMINISTRATIVE ITEM: ASSEMBLY CONTRIBUTION FOR MEDICAL INSURANCE

ISSUE:

Should the maximum amount the Assembly contributes for the cost of employees' medical insurance coverage be increased to cover the cost of the monthly premiums for health plans effective January 1, 2025?

BACKGROUND:

The Assembly Rules Committee establishes the maximum monthly employer contribution toward the cost of employees' medical insurance premiums.

The California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) contracts with the insurance carriers offering plans available to Assembly employees. Premiums for the plans in which Assembly employees are enrolled will increase between 4% and 14% effective January 1, 2025.

By increasing the Assembly's current maximum employer contribution rate by 10%, the employer contribution will cover the full cost of the premiums for the medical insurance plans in which Assembly employees are enrolled.

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve