

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY CHAIR

Thursday, April 25, 2019 10 minutes prior to Session State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

VICE CHAIR CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

MEMBERS

CARRILLO, WENDY FLORA, HEATH GRAYSON, TIMOTHY S. KAMLAGER-DOVE, SYDNEY AMLAGER-DOVE, SYDNE MAIENSCHEIN, BRIAN MATHIS, DEVON J. QUIRK-SILVA, SHARON RAMOS, JAMES C. RIVAS, ROBERT WICKS, BUFFY

DIEP, TYLER (R-ALT) LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT)

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CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER DEBRA GRAVERT Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules KEN COOLEY CHAIR

VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM MEMBERS WENDY CARRILLO HEATH FLORA TIMOTHY S. GRAYSON SYDNEY KAMLAGER-DOVE BRIAN MAIENSCHEIN DEVON J. MATHIS SHARON QUIRK-SILVA JAMES C. RAMOS ROBERT RIVAS BUFFY WICKS

> MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) TYLER DIEP (R-ALT.)

Memo

Rules Committee Members
Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant
4/24/19
Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, ACRs 77 and 78 have been added to the list of referrals.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

04/25/2019

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee: Assembly Bill No. Committee:

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>ACR 57</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 68</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 72</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 73</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 77</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 78</u>	U. & E.
<u>HR 30</u>	RLS.

RE-REFERRAL OF BILLS04/25/2019The Committee on Rules has re-referred the following bills to Committee:Assembly Bill No.Committee:AB 1648H. & C.D.

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 10, 2019

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2019-20 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 54

Introduced by Assembly Member Gabriel (Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Bauer-Kahan, Berman, Bloom, Friedman, Levine, Medina, Nazarian, and Blanca Rubio) (Principal coauthors: Senators Allen, Glazer, Hertzberg, Jackson, Rubio, Stern, and Wiener)

March 19, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 54-Relative to California Holocaust Memorial Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 54, as amended, Gabriel. California Holocaust Memorial Day. This measure would proclaim April 29, 2019, as California Holocaust Memorial Day and would urge all Californians to observe this day of remembrance for the victims of the Holocaust in an appropriate manner. Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, The Holocaust was a tragedy of proportions the 2 world had never before witnessed; and

3 WHEREAS, More than 70 years have passed since the tragic

events we now refer to as the Holocaust transpired, in which the 4

dictatorship of Nazi Germany murdered six million Jews as part 5

6 of a systematic program of genocide known as "The Final Solution of the Jewish Question"; and 7

8 WHEREAS, Jews were the primary-victims, victims of the Holocaust, but they were not alone. Five million other people were 9 10 murdered in Nazi concentration camps as part of a carefully

orchestrated, state-sponsored program of cultural, social, and 1 2

political annihilation under the Nazi-tyranny; regime; and

3 WHEREAS, We must recognize the heroism of those who

resisted the Nazis and provided assistance to the victims of the 4 Nazi regime, including the many American soldiers who liberated 5 concentration camps and provided comfort to those suffering; and 6

WHEREAS, We must teach our children, and future generations, 7

8 that the individual and communal acts of heroism during the

9 Holocaust serve as a powerful example of how our nation and its 10 citizens can, and must, respond to acts of hatred and inhumanity; 11 and

12 WHEREAS, We must always remind ourselves of the horrible 13 events of the Holocaust and remain vigilant against anti-Semitism, racism, hatred, persecution, and tyranny of all forms, lest these 14

15 atrocities be repeated; and

16 WHEREAS, In recent years, public displays of anti-Semitism and anti-Semitic incidents have increased dramatically in 17 18 California and around the world; and

19 WHEREAS, We, the people of California, should actively

rededicate ourselves to the principles of equality, human rights, 20 individual freedom, and equal protection under the laws of a just 21 22 and democratic society; and

23 WHEREAS, Each person in California should set aside moments 24 of their time every year to give remembrance to those who lost 25 their lives in the Holocaust: and

WHEREAS, The United States Holocaust Memorial Council 26 27 recognizes the Days of Remembrance of the Victims of the Holocaust, including the Day of Remembrance, known as Yom 28 29 Hashoah; and

30 WHEREAS, According to Elie Wiesel, a Holocaust survivor

and nationally recognized scholar, "a memorial unresponsive to 31 the future would violate the memory of the past"; now, therefore, 32

33 be it

34 Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate

thereof concurring, That the Legislature proclaims April 29, 2019, 35

as "California Holocaust Memorial Day," and that Californians 36

are urged to observe this day of remembrance for victims of the 37

Holocaust in an appropriate manner; and be it further 38

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Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit sufficient copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution. 1 2

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ACR 54 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 25, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 54 (Gabriel) – As Introduced March 19, 2019

SUBJECT: California Holocaust Memorial Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims April 29, 2019, as California Holocaust Memorial Day and urges all Californians to observe this day of remembrance for the victims of the Holocaust in an appropriate manner. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) More than 70 years have passed since the tragic events we now refer to as the Holocaust transpired, in which six million Jews and five million others were murdered as part of a carefully orchestrated, state-sponsored program of cultural, social, and political annihilation under the Nazi tyranny.
- 2) We must recognize the heroism of those who provided assistance to the victims of the Nazi regime and teach our children and future generations that acts of heroism during the Holocaust serve as a powerful example of how our nation and its citizens can, and must, respond to acts of hatred and inhumanity.
- 3) The people of California should actively rededicate ourselves to the principles of human rights, individual freedom, and equal protection under the laws of a just and democratic society. Each person should set aside moments of his or her time every year to give remembrance to those who lost their lives in the Holocaust.
- 4) The United States Holocaust Memorial Council recognizes the Days of Remembrance of the Victims of the Holocaust, including the Day of Remembrance, known as Yom Hashoah.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support				
None on file				
Opposition				
None on file				
Analysis Prepared by:	Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800			

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

No. 68

Introduced by Assembly Member McCarty

April 9, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 68—Relative to Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 68, as introduced, McCarty. Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento Day.

This measure would recognize May 11, 2019, as Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento Day and proclaim that schools across the Sacramento region encourage girls in grades 3 to 8, inclusive, to get involved and participate in a nearby Girls on the Run program.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Founded in 2002, Girls on the Run of Greater

2 Sacramento is a nonprofit organization that provides after-school

3 running programs in Sacramento, Yolo, and the western slopes of

4 Placer and El Dorado Counties for girls in grades 3 to 8, inclusive;5 and

6 WHEREAS, Girls face social pressures and conflicting messages
7 about how they should act and who they should be. Studies show

8 that by their adolescence, girls' confidence drops about twice as

9 much as boys', their friendships become more complicated and

10 challenging, their perception of their academic abilities declines,

11 their likelihood of anxiety and depression increases, and their

12 participation in physical activity plummets; and

⁹⁹

WHEREAS, A 2016 independent study led by Dr. Maureen 1 2 Weiss of the University of Minnesota found that the national Girls 3 on the Run program's intentional life skills curriculum and highly trained coaches positively impact girls' lives by helping them 4 increase self-confidence, develop healthy relationships, and feel 5 6 good about themselves. Simply put, Girls on the Run inspires girls 7 to recognize their inner strength and celebrate what makes them 8 one of a kind: and

9 WHEREAS, Through the Girls on the Run of Greater 10 Sacramento program, trained coaches lead small teams through 11 research-based curricula, which includes dynamic discussions, 12 activities, and running games. Over the course of the 10-week 13 program, girls in grades 3 to 8, inclusive, develop essential skills 14 to help them navigate their worlds and establish a lifetime 15 appreciation for emotional and physical health and fitness; and

16 WHEREAS, Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento provides17 a safe and enriching after-school option for kids who might not18 otherwise have access to either; and

WHEREAS, The Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento program culminates with girls positively impacting their communities through service projects and being physically and emotionally prepared to complete a celebratory 5K event that includes more than 1,000 participants; and

WHEREAS, For 2019, Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento
has more than 600 registered participants at 45 schools across four
counties in the Greater Sacramento region; and

WHEREAS, Since its inception, Girls on the Run of Greater
Sacramento has proudly served more than 5,000 families, and has
been able to provide financial assistance to nearly one-half of its

30 participants who otherwise would not have been able to participate;31 and

WHEREAS, Empowering young women to recognize their
strengths and to support one another is more timely now than ever;
now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate
thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby recognizes May

37 11, 2019, as Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento Day; and be

38 it further

Resolved, That schools across the Sacramento region encourage
girls in grades 3 to 8, inclusive, to get involved and participate in
a nearby Girls on the Run program; and be it further *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

ACR 68 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 25, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 68 (McCarty) – As Introduced April 9, 2019

SUBJECT: Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento Day.

SUMMARY: Recognizes May 11, 2019, as Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento Day and proclaims that schools across the Sacramento region encourage girls in grade 3 to8, inclusive, to get involved and participate in a nearby Girls on the Run program. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Founded in 2002, Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento is a nonprofit organization that provides after-school running programs in Sacramento, Yolo, and the western slopes of Placer and El Dorado Counties for girls in grades 3 to 8, inclusive.
- 2) Girls face social pressures and conflicting messages about how they should act and who they should be. Studies show that by their adolescence, girls' confidence drops about twice as much as boys', their friendships become more complicated and challenging, their perception of their academic abilities declines, their likelihood of anxiety and depression increases, and their participation in physical activity plummets.
- 3) A 2016 independent study led by Dr. Maureen Weiss of the University of Minnesota found that the national Girls on the Run program's intentional life skills curriculum and highly trained coaches positively impact girls' lives by helping them increase self-confidence, develop healthy relationships, and feel good about themselves.
- 4) Through the Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento program, trained coaches lead small teams through research-based curricula, which includes dynamic discussions, activities, and running games. Over the course of the 10-week program, girls in grades 3 to 8, inclusive, develop essential skills to help them navigate their worlds and establish a lifetime appreciation for emotional and physical health and fitness.
- 5) For 2019, Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento has more than 600 registered participants at 45 schools across four counties in the Greater Sacramento region; and, provides a safe and enriching after-school option for kids who might not otherwise have access to either.
- 6) Since its inception, Girls on the Run of Greater Sacramento has proudly served more than 5,000 families, and has been able to provide financial assistance to nearly one-half of its participants who otherwise would not have been able to participate; and, empowering young women to recognize their strengths and to support one another is more timely now than ever.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

ACR 68 Page 2

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

No. 77

Introduced by Assembly Member Frazier

April 24, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 77—Relative to distracted driving.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 77, as introduced, Frazier. Distracted Driving Awareness Month. This measure would proclaim April 2019 as Distracted Driving Awareness Month in California and call for awareness of the distracted driving problem and support for programs and policies to reduce the incidence of distracted driving.

Fiscal committee: no.

- WHEREAS, A 2016 statewide traffic safety survey conducted
 by the California Office of Traffic Safety reported that more than
 45 percent of Californians surveyed thought texting or talking on
 a cell phone while driving posed the biggest safety problem on
 California roadways; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Distracted driving is defined as any activity that 7 could divert a person's attention away from the primary task of 8 driving; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Distracted driving takes three primary forms:
- 10 (a) Visual distraction: tasks that require the driver to look away
- 11 from the roadway to visually obtain information.
- 12 (b) Manual distraction: tasks that require the driver to take a
- 13 hand off the steering wheel and manipulate a device.

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1 (c) Cognitive distraction: tasks that are defined as the mental

2 workload associated with a task that involves thinking about3 something other than the task of driving; and

4 WHEREAS, Seventy-three percent of drivers 18 to 20 years of 5 age admit to texting while driving; and

6 WHEREAS, In 2017, eight percent of all drivers 15 to 19 years

7 of age who were involved in fatal crashes were reported as 8 distracted at the time of the crash, and nearly a quarter of those

9 involved cell phone use. This age group has the largest proportion

10 of drivers who were distracted at the time of a crash; and

11 WHEREAS, Since 2016, 282 people have been killed and over

12 32,000 people have been injured in motor vehicle crashes involving13 distracted drivers in California; and

WHEREAS, In 2017, 3,166 people were killed nationwide inmotor vehicle crashes involving distracted drivers; and

16 WHEREAS, In 2018, distracted driving citations reached17 108,000 statewide; and

18 WHEREAS, In 2015, 59.6 percent of California drivers surveyed
19 stated that they had been hit or nearly hit by a driver who was
20 talking or texting on a cell phone; and

WHEREAS, To read or type the average text takes 4.6 seconds.
Just three seconds of texting while driving at 65 mph is equal to
driving 100 yards, equal to the length of a football field,
blindfolded; and

WHEREAS, Engaging in visual-manual subtasks, such as reaching for a phone, dialing, and texting, associated with the use of handheld phones and other portable devices increased the risk of getting into a crash by three times; and

WHEREAS, Text messaging creates a crash risk 23 times worsethan driving while not distracted; and

WHEREAS, According to the National Highway Traffic Safety
Administration, only about one out of five young drivers think that
texting makes no difference to their driving performance.
Sixty-eight percent of young drivers 18 to 20 years of age are
willing to answer incoming phone calls on some, most, or all
driving trips; and

WHEREAS, Parents who engage in distracting behaviors while
driving more frequently have teens who do the same. According
to a 2012 teen driver distraction study conducted jointly by the
University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute and

1 Toyota, teens send or read text messages once a trip 26 times more

2 often than their parents think they do; now, therefore, be it

3 Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate

thereof concurring, That the Legislature proclaims April 2019 as
Distracted Driving Awareness Month in California and calls upon

6 residents, government agencies, business leaders, hospitals,

7 schools, and public and private institutions within the state to

8 promote awareness of the distracted driving problem and to support

9 programs and policies to reduce the incidence of distracted driving

10 in California and nationwide; and be it further

11 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

12 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ACR 77 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 25, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 77 (Frazier) – As Introduced April 24, 2019

SUBJECT: Distracted Driving Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims April 2019 as Distracted Driving Awareness Month in California and calls for awareness of the distracted driving problem and support for programs and policies to reduce the incidence of distracted driving. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Distracted driving is defined as any activity that could divert a person's attention away from the primary task of driving, and takes three forms: visual distraction, manual distraction, and cognitive distraction.
- 2) A 2016 statewide traffic safety survey conducted by the California Office of Traffic Safety reported that more than 45 percent of Californians surveyed thought texting or talking on a cell phone while driving posed the biggest safety problem on California roadways.
- 3) In 2017, eight percent of all drivers 15 to 19 years of age who were involved in fatal crashes were reported as distracted at the time of the crash, and nearly a quarter of those involved cell phone use. This age group has the largest proportion of drivers who were distracted at the time of a crash.
- 4) In 2018, distracted driving citations reached 108,000 statewide.
- 5) Engaging in visual-manual subtasks, such as reaching for a phone, dialing, and texting, associated with the use of handheld phones or other portable devices increased the risk of getting into a crash by three times; and, text messaging creates a crash risk 23 times worse than driving while not distracted.
- 6) According to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, only about one out of five young drivers think that texting makes no difference to their driving performance. Sixty-eight percent of young drivers 18 to 20 years of age are willing to answer incoming phone calls on some, most, or all driving trips.
- 7) Parents who engage in distracted behaviors while driving more frequently have teens who do the same. According to a 2012 teen driver distraction study conducted jointly by the University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute and Toyota, teens send or read text messages once a trip 26 times more often than their parents think they do.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

ACR 77 Page 2

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800