

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY CHAIR

Thursday, April 4, 2019 10 minutes prior to Session State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

VICE CHAIR CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

MEMBERS

CARRILLO, WENDY FLORA, HEATH GRAYSON, TIMOTHY S. KAMLAGER-DOVE, SYDNEY AMLAGER-DOVE, SYDNE MAIENSCHEIN, BRIAN MATHIS, DEVON J. QUIRK-SILVA, SHARON RAMOS, JAMES C. RIVAS, ROBERT WICKS, BUFFY

DIEP, TYLER (R-ALT) LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT)

BILL REFERRALS					
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RESOLUTIONS					
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application deadlines.



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CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER DEBRA GRAVERT Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules KEN COOLEY CHAIR

VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM MEMBERS WENDY CARRILLO HEATH FLORA TIMOTHY S. GRAYSON SYDNEY KAMLAGER-DOVE BRIAN MAIENSCHEIN DEVON J. MATHIS SHARON QUIRK-SILVA JAMES C. RAMOS ROBERT RIVAS BUFFY WICKS

> MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) TYLER DIEP (R-ALT.)

Memo

To:	Rules Committee Members
From:	Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant
Date:	4/3/19
Re:	Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, AB 1136 has been added to the list of referrals.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

04/04/2019

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee: Assembly Bill No. Committee:

Assembly Diff No.	Commutee.
<u>AB 64</u>	A. & A.R.
<u>AB 1136</u>	AGING & L.T.C.
<u>AB 1136</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 1164</u>	A. & A.R.
<u>AB 1398</u>	A. & A.R.
<u>AB 1398</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 1650</u>	RLS.
<u>AB 1710</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 1760</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 1760</u>	JUD.
<u>ACR 61</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 62</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 63</u>	RLS.
<u>HR 29</u>	RLS.

RE-REFERRAL OF BILLS04/04/2019The Committee on Rules has re-referred the following bills to Committee:Assembly Bill No.Committee:AB 602JUD.AB 697HIGHER ED.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 36

Introduced by Assembly Member Nazarian (Coauthor: Assembly Member Arambula)

February 21, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 36—Relative to Parkinson's Disease.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 36, as introduced, Nazarian. Parkinson's Disease Awareness Month.

This measure would designate April 2019 as Parkinson's Disease Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Parkinson's disease is a chronic, progressive 2 neurological disease that is the second most common 3 neurodegenerative disease in the United States;

4 WHEREAS, It is estimated that over 1.5 million people in the

5 United States suffer from Parkinson's disease, with 70,000 newly6 diagnosed cases per year; and

7 WHEREAS, Parkinson's disease is the 14th leading cause of 8 death in the United States and is estimated to cost the country at

9 least \$14.4 billion annually; and

10 WHEREAS, Parkinson's disease is affecting both young and

older individuals, with life expectancy reduced for all onset ages;and

13 WHEREAS, Parkinson's disease is caused by both genetic and14 environmental factors; and

WHEREAS, There is no diagnostic biomarker for Parkinson's
 disease and the rate of misdiagnosis can be high; and

3 WHEREAS, The symptoms of Parkinson's vary from person

4 to person and can include tremor, rigidity, slowness of movement;
5 difficulty with balance, swallowing, chewing, and speaking; and
6 cognitive dysfunction, including dementia, depression, anxiety
7 disorder, insomnia, and attention difficulties; and

8 WHEREAS, There is no cure, therapy, or drug to slow or stop 9 the progression of Parkinson's disease, with disease progression 10 leading to severe disability and possible confinement to a 11 wheelchair or a bed; and

WHEREAS, Local, regional, and state volunteers, researchers,
and clinicians are working together to improve the quality of life
of the affected individuals with Parkinson's disease and their

15 families; and

WHEREAS, Increased education and promoting research is
needed to find the cause, more effective treatment, and a cure for
Parkinson's disease; and

19 WHEREAS, Better awareness and expanded knowledge of the

realities of life with Parkinson's disease will allow the community
at large to better support people who struggle with the challenges
of this debilitating condition; and

WHEREAS, The community's focus on Parkinson's disease and its impact on patients' lives will help give hope for a better

25 future for people with Parkinson's disease; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate
 thereof concurring, That the Legislature designates the month of

28 April 2019, as Parkinson's Disease Awareness Month, and urges

29 all citizens to support the search for a cure and to assist those

30 individuals and families who deal with this disabling disease on a

31 daily basis; and be it further

32 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

33 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ACR 36 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 36 (Nazarian) – As Introduced February 21, 2019

SUBJECT: Parkinson's Disease Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Designates April 2019 as Parkinson's Disease Awareness Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Parkinson's disease is a chronic, progressive neurological disease that is the second most common neurodegenerative disease in the United States. It is estimated that over 1.5 million people in the United States suffer from Parkinson's disease, with 70,000 newly diagnosed cases per year.
- 2) Parkinson's disease is the 14th leading cause of death in the United States and is estimated to cost the country at least \$14.4 billion annually.
- 3) The symptoms of Parkinson's vary from person to person and can include tremor, rigidity, slowness of movement; difficulty with balance, swallowing, chewing, and speaking; and cognitive dysfunction, including dementia, depression, anxiety disorder, insomnia, and attention difficulties.
- 4) There is no cure, therapy, or drug to slow or stop the progression of Parkinson's disease, with disease progression leading to severe disability and possible confinement to a wheelchair or bed.
- 5) Local, regional, and state volunteers, researchers, and clinicians are working together to improve the quality of life of the affected individuals with Parkinson's disease and their families. Increased education and promoting research is needed to find the cause, more effective treatment, and a cure for Parkinson's disease.
- 6) Better awareness and expanded knowledge of the realities of life with Parkinson's disease and its impact on patients' lives will help give hope for a better future for people with Parkinson's disease.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 55

Introduced by Assembly Member Fong

March 19, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 55—Relative to California Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 55, as introduced, Fong. California Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month.

This measure would designate April 2019 as California Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Congenital diaphragmatic hernia (CDH) occurs

2 when the diaphragm fails to fully form, allowing abdominal organs

3 to migrate into the chest cavity and preventing lung growth; and

4 WHEREAS, The federal Centers for Disease Control and 5 Prevention recognizes CDH as a birth defect; and

6 WHEREAS, The majority of CDH patients suffer from 7 underdeveloped lungs or poor pulmonary function; and

8 WHEREAS, Babies born with CDH endure extended hospital 9 stays in intensive care with multiple surgeries; and

10 WHEREAS, CDH patients often endure long-term

11 complications, including pulmonary hypertension, pulmonary

12 hypoplasia, asthma, gastrointestinal reflux, feeding disorders, and

13 developmental delays; and

14 WHEREAS, CDH survivors sometimes endure long-term 15 mechanical ventilation dependency, skeletal malformations,

1 supplemental oxygen dependency, enteral and parenteral nutrition,

2 and hypoxic brain injury; and

3 WHEREAS, CDH is treated through mechanical ventilation, a

4 heart and lung bypass, which is commonly known as extracorporeal
5 membrane oxygenation (ECMO), machines, and surgical repair;

5 membrane oxygenation (ECMO), machines, and surgical repair;6 and

7 WHEREAS, Surgical repair is often not a permanent solution

8 for CDH and can lead to reherniation and require additional 9 surgery; and

10 WHEREAS, CDH is diagnosed in utero in less than 50 percent 11 of cases; and

12 WHEREAS, Infants born with CDH have a high mortality rate,

ranging from 20 to 60 percent, depending on the severity of thedefect and interventions available at delivery; and

WHEREAS, CDH has a rate of occurrence of 1 in every 2,570
live births worldwide; and

WHEREAS, CDH affects over 1,600 babies each year in theUnited States; and

19 WHEREAS, CDH has affected more than 700,000 babies20 worldwide since 2000; and

WHEREAS, CDH does not discriminate based on race, gender,
or socioeconomic status; and

WHEREAS, The cause of CDH is unknown; now, therefore,be it

25 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*

thereof concurring, That the Legislature designates April 2019 as
California Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month;

and be it further

29 *Resolved*, That the Legislature encourages that steps should be

30 taken to: (1) raise awareness of, and increase public knowledge 31 about, CDH; (2) inform all Californians about the dangers of CDH,

31 about, CDH; (2) inform all Californians about the dangers of CDH, 32 especially those groups that may be disproportionately affected

33 by CDH or that have lower survival rates; (3) disseminate

34 information on the importance of quality neonatal care of CDH

35 patients; (4) promote quality prenatal care and the use of

36 ultrasounds to detect CDH in utero; and (5) support research

funding of CDH to improve screening and treatment for CDH,discover the causes of CDH, and develop a cure for CDH; and be

39 it further

Resolved, That the Legislature calls upon the people of
California, interest groups, and affected persons to promote
awareness of CDH, take an active role in the fight against this
devastating birth defect, and observe California Congenital
Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month with appropriate
ceremonies and activities; and be it further *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

8 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ACR 55 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 55 (Fong) – As Introduced March 19, 2019

SUBJECT: California Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Designates April 2019 as California Congenital Diaphragmatic Hernia Awareness Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Congenital diaphragmatic hernia (CDH) occurs when the diaphragm fails to fully form, allowing abdominal organs to migrate into the chest cavity and preventing lung growth.
- 2) The federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention recognizes CDH as a birth defect; which affects over 1,600 babies each year in the United States and more than 700,000 babies worldwide since 2000 with a rate of occurrence of 1 in every 2,570 live births worldwide.
- 3) The majority of CDH patient suffer from underdeveloped lungs or poor pulmonary function and babies born with CDH endure extended hospital stays in intensive care with multiple surgeries. These patients often endure long-term complications, including pulmonary hypertension, pulmonary hypoplasia, asthma, gastrointestinal reflux, feeding disorders, and developmental delays.
- 4) CDH survivors sometimes endure long-term mechanical ventilation dependency, skeletal malformations, supplemental oxygen dependency, enteral and parenteral nutrition, and hypoxic brain injury.
- 5) CDH is treated through mechanical ventilation, a heart and lung bypass, which is commonly known as extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO), machines, and surgical repair.
- 6) The cause of CDH is unknown and infants born with CDH have a high mortality rate, ranging from 20 to 60 percent, depending on the severity of the defect and interventions available at delivery.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced by Assembly Member Gray

March 19, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 56—Relative to Limb Loss Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 56, as introduced, Gray. Limb Loss Awareness Month.

This measure would proclaim the month of April 2019 and April of each year thereafter as Limb Loss Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, There are over 2,100,000 individuals in the United

2 States living with limb loss or limb difference; and

3 WHEREAS, Over 500 American lose a limb everyday; and

4 WHEREAS, Approximately 1,000 children are born with 5 congenital limb difference each year in the United States; and

6 WHEREAS, One thousand five hundred fifty-eight military

7 personnel lost a limb as a result of the wars in Iraq and 8 Afghanistan; and

9 WHEREAS, Limb loss can affect all people, regardless of race,10 age, gender, or social status; and

11 WHEREAS, Individuals with disabilities constitute the only 12 minority group a person could join at any time; and

13 WHEREAS, Diabetes and peripheral vascular disease are the 14 leading causes of limb loss, followed closely by trauma; and

15 WHEREAS, Nearly one-half of the individuals who have an

16 amputation due to vascular disease will die within five years. This

ACR 56 -2-

1 is higher than the five-year mortality rates for breast cancer, colon

2 cancer, and prostate cancer; and

3 WHEREAS, Studies show that up to 60 percent of limb loss 4 could be preventable; and

5 WHEREAS, Eighty-five percent of lower limb amputations are 6 preceded by a foot ulcer; and

7 WHEREAS, California has enacted insurance fairness for those

8 health care service plan contracts and health insurance policies9 that provide coverage for prosthetic care; and

10 WHEREAS, Lifetime health care costs for individuals with limb 11 loss is over \$500,000, compared to approximately \$360,000 for

12 people without limb loss; and

13 WHEREAS, Limbs are not a luxury; and

14 WHEREAS, Access to appropriate prosthetic care for people

15 living with limb loss is vital to enabling individuals to reach their

16 full potential, live independently, and live well; and

17 WHEREAS, While technology is advancing when it comes to

prosthetic limbs, obtaining a prosthetic hand or leg is still a major
issue impacting amputees due to cost and denials from insurance
companies; and

WHEREAS, The number of amputations per day will double by 2050, unless a major public awareness campaign is launched

and key prevention initiatives are put in place; and

WHEREAS, The State of California does not currently recognizeLimb Loss Awareness Month; now, therefore, be it

26 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate* 27 *thereof concurring*. That the Legislature hereby proclaims the

thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby proclaims themonth of April 2019 and April of each year thereafter as Limb

29 Loss Awareness Month in California in order to increase awareness

30 and understanding about those affected by limb loss and limb

31 difference; and be it further

32 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

33 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ACR 56 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 56 (Gray) – As Introduced March 19, 2019

SUBJECT: Limb Loss Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of April 2019 and April of each year thereafter as Limb Loss Awareness Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) There are over 2,100,000 individuals in the United States living with limb loss or limb difference. Over 500 Americans lose a limb every day; and, approximately 1,000 children are born with congenital limb difference each year in the United States.
- 2) One thousand five hundred fifty-eight military personnel lost a limb as a result of the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan.
- 3) Diabetes and peripheral vascular disease are the leading cause of limb loss, followed closely by trauma and nearly one-half of the individuals who have an amputation due to vascular disease will die within five years. This is higher than the five-year mortality rates for breast cancer, colon cancer, and prostate cancer.
- 4) Studies show that up to 60 percent of limb loss could be preventable; and, 85 percent of lower limb amputations are preceded by a foot ulcer.
- 5) California has enacted insurance fairness for those health care service plan contracts and health insurance policies that provide coverage for prosthetic care. Access to appropriate prosthetic care for people living with limb loss is vital to enabling individuals to reach their full potential, live independently, and live well.
- 6) While technology is advancing when it comes to prosthetic limbs, obtaining a prosthetic hand or leg is still a major issue impacting amputees due to cost and denials from insurance companies.
- 7) The number of amputations per day will double by 2050, unless a major public awareness campaign is launched and key prevention initiatives are put in place.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

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CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

No. 58

Introduced by Assembly Member Grayson

March 25, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 58—Relative to Special Olympics Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 58, as introduced, Grayson. Special Olympics Day.

This measure would proclaim April 8, 2019, as Special Olympics Day in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, In the 1950s and 1960s, Eunice Kennedy Shriver

2 saw how unjustly people with intellectual disabilities were treated

and decided to take actions that led to the creation of the SpecialOlympics; and

5 WHEREAS, Special Olympics is the world's largest sports 6 organization for children and adults with intellectual disabilities,

providing year-round training and competitions to more than 5.3
million athletes and Unified Sports partners in 170 countries; and

9 WHEREAS, Through the power of sports, children and adults 10 with intellectual disabilities discover new strengths, abilities,

11 confidence, and success on the playing field and in life; and

12 WHEREAS, Special Olympics is the leading voice in raising

13 awareness about the abilities of people with intellectual disabilities;

14 and

⁹⁹

1 WHEREAS, Special Olympics events bring together a large

2 and inclusive community of athletes, families, supporters, coaches,

3 volunteers, and many others; and

4 WHEREAS, Special Olympics is the world's largest public 5 health organization for people with intellectual disabilities and 6 offers a wide range of free health exams and care; and

7 WHEREAS, Special Olympics identifies the pressing issues 8 facing those with intellectual disabilities, commissions and 9 conducts high-level, externally validated scientific research, and 10 reaches out to the highest leaders in government, health care, 11 education, the nonprofit sector, and business to influence policy 12 and to bring valuable services to those in need; and

13 WHEREAS, With support from the State of California, Special

Olympics brought the power of Unified Sports to over 300 new
California public schools this year; bringing together athletes with
and without intellectual disabilities to train and compete on the

17 same team, building friendships, character, and leadership; now,

18 therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate
 thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby proclaims April

21 8, 2019, as Special Olympics Day in California; and be it further

22 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

23 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ACR 58 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 58 (Grayson) – As Introduced March 25, 2019

SUBJECT: Special Olympics Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims April 8, 2019, as Special Olympics Day in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Special Olympics is the world's largest sports organization for children and adults with intellectual disabilities, providing year-round training and competitions to more than 5.3 million athletes and Unified Sports partners in 170 countries.
- 2) Special Olympics is the leading voice in raising awareness about the abilities of people with intellectual disabilities.
- 3) Special Olympics events bring together a large and inclusive community of athletes, families, supporters, coaches, volunteers, and many others.
- 4) Special Olympics identifies the pressing issues facing those with intellectual disabilities, commissions and conducts high-level, externally validated scientific research, and reaches out to the highest leaders in government, health care, education, the nonprofit sector, and business to influence policy and to bring valuable services to those in need.
- 5) With support from the State of California, Special Olympics brought the power of Unified Sports to over 300 new California public schools this year bringing together athletes with and without intellectual disabilities to train and compete on the same team, building friendships, character, and leadership.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2019–20 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 60

Introduced by Assembly Members Diep, Kalra, and Quirk-Silva (Principal coauthor: Senator Umberg) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Chen, Chu, and McCarty)

March 25, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 60—Relative to Black April Memorial Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 60, as introduced, Diep. Black April Memorial Month. This measure would proclaim the month of April 2019 as Black April Memorial Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, April 30, 2019, marks the 44th year since the Fall 2 of Saigon, on April 30, 1975, to communism; and

3 WHEREAS, For many Vietnam and Vietnam-era veterans who

4 were directly involved in the war and Vietnamese Americans who

5 have settled in the United States, the Vietnam War was a tragedy

6 full of great suffering and loss of American, Vietnamese, and7 Southeast Asian lives; and

8 WHEREAS, The combined United States and South Vietnamese

9 fatalities among servicemen and women during the Vietnam War

10 reached more than a half million, with approximately 800,000 11 additional troops being wounded in combat. Millions of

12 Vietnamese civilians suffered casualties and death as a result of

13 the extended conflict; and

WHEREAS, After the Fall of Saigon, millions of Vietnamese
 and their families fled Vietnam to surrounding areas and the United
 States, including, but not limited to, former military personnel,
 government officials, and those who had worked for the United
 States during the war; and
 WHEREAS, In the late 1970s to mid-1980s, thousands of

Vietnamese risked their lives by fleeing Vietnam aboard small
wooden boats. These emigrants reached refugee camps in Thailand,
Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, and Hong Kong, while
approximately one-half of the people fleeing Vietnam in search
of freedom and democracy perished at sea; and

WHEREAS, According to the United States Census for 2010,
more than 580,000 Vietnamese live in California, with the largest
concentration of Vietnamese residents found outside of Vietnam
residing in the County of Orange; and

16 WHEREAS, Human rights, religious freedom, democracy, and protection against threats of aggression are important concerns of 17 18 Vietnamese Americans and Vietnamese communities worldwide 19 stemming from human rights abuses that continue to occur in 20 Vietnam in the following areas: child labor, human trafficking, religious and political persecution, suppression of the press, 21 22 unlawful deprivation of life, forced disappearances, and land 23 seizure, among others; and 24 WHEREAS, The 2016 United States Department of State's 25 Report on Human Rights Practices in Vietnam estimates 94 political detainees are being held, and the International Labor 26

27 Rights Forum reports that mistreatment has continued at
28 reeducation centers, including forcing detainees to produce goods
29 for private companies; and

WHEREAS, We must teach our children and future generations
important lessons from the Vietnam War and the continuing
situation in Vietnam, including how the plight of the Vietnamese
refugees following the end of the war serves as a powerful example
of the values of freedom and democracy; and

WHEREAS, We, the people of California, should actively rededicate ourselves to the principles of human rights, individual freedom, sovereignty, and equal protection under the laws of a just and democratic world. Californians should set aside moments of time every year on April 30 to give remembrance to the soldiers,

medical personnel, and civilians who died during the Vietnam War
 in pursuit of freedom and democracy; and

3 WHEREAS, Vietnamese American communities throughout

4 California will commemorate April 30, 2019, as Black April, a

5 day of remembrance and rededication to the principles of freedom,

6 including freedom of religion, freedom of expression, freedom of

7 the press, and Internet freedom; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That in recognition of the great tragedy and

10 suffering and lives lost during the Vietnam War, the month of

11 April 2019 shall be proclaimed Black April Memorial Month, a

12 special time for Californians to remember the lives lost during the

13 Vietnam War era, and to hope for a more humane and just life for

14 the people of Vietnam; and be it further

15 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

16 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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ACR 60 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 60 (Diep) – As Introduced March 25, 2019

SUBJECT: Black April Memorial Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of April 2019 as Black April Memorial Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) April 30, 2019 marks the 44th year since the Fall of Saigon on April 30, 1975 to communism.
- 2) For many Vietnam and Vietnam-era veterans who were directly involved in the war and Vietnamese Americans who have settled in the United States, the Vietnam War was a tragedy full of great suffering and loss of American, Vietnamese, and Southeast Asian lives.
- 3) After the Fall of Saigon, millions of Vietnamese people and their families fled to the United States, including former military personnel, government officials, and those who had worked for the United States during the war.
- 4) According to the United States Census for 2010, more than 580,000 Vietnamese live in California, with the largest concentration of Vietnamese found outside of Vietnam residing in the County of Orange.
- 5) We must teach our children and future generations important lessons from the Vietnam War and the continuing situation in Vietnam, including how the plight of the Vietnamese refugees following the end of the war serves as a powerful example of the values of freedom and democracy.
- 6) We, the people of California, should actively rededicate ourselves to the principles of human rights, individual freedom, sovereignty, and equal protection under the laws of a just and democratic world. Californians should set aside moments of time every year on April 30 to give remembrance to the soldiers, medical personnel, and civilians who died during the Vietnam War in pursuit of freedom and democracy.
- 7) Vietnamese American communities throughout California will commemorate April 30, 2019, as Black April, a day of remembrance and rededication to the principles of freedom, including freedom of expression, freedom of press, and Internet freedom.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

ACR 60 Page 2

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2019-20 REGULAR SESSION

House Resolution

No. 28

Introduced by Assembly Member O'Donnell

March 21, 2019

House Resolution No. 28-Relative to Cambodian Genocide Memorial Week.

1 WHEREAS, The Cambodian people have a long and rich cultural heritage symbolized by the capitol city Temple of Angkor 2

Wat, which flourished during the Khmer Empire from the 9th to 3

4 the 12th centuries and was considered one of the Wonders of the

5 Ancient World, and now stands as a living icon of the endurance

6 and genius of all Cambodians throughout the world; and

7 WHEREAS, Early connections between the United States and 8 Cambodia began in the 1950s, when Cambodia sent bright and

9 talented college students to universities, including California State Universities in Long Beach and Los Angeles, to study technical

10

trades, engineering, and agriculture with the assistance of the 11 12 United States Agency for International Development (USAID);

- 13 and

14 WHEREAS, The relationship between the United States and Cambodia had been forged through educational and professional 15 exchange, and therefore in 1975, with the impending overthrow 16

of the government by the totalitarian Khmer Rouge regime, the 17

18 United States accepted over 4,000 Cambodian evacuees to ensure

19 their safety; and

20 WHEREAS, April 17, 2019, will mark both the 44th anniversary

21 of the Khmer Rouge, led by Pol Pot, seizing control of Cambodia

and the beginning of the Cambodian Genocide; and 22

WHEREAS, Between April 17, 1975, and January 7, 1979, the
Khmer Rouge of Democratic Kampuchea, led by Pol Pot, General
Secretary of the Communist Party of Kampuchea, and other
members of the Standing Committee of the Central Committee of
the Communist Party of Kampuchea and their agents, committed
acts of genocide and other crimes against humanity; and
WHEREAS, The genocide and other crimes against humanity

where construction is a construction of the second construction on

WHEREAS, The Khmer Rouge regime also sought to eliminate
all aspects of Cambodian culture by systematically killing those
with education, separating families, and destroying institutions
such as Buddhist temples, schools, libraries, dance, and music;
and

WHEREAS, Countless victims have since come forward to tell
their stories of imprisonment, starvation, slavery, rape, and
systematic forced marriage; and

20 WHEREAS, After the overthrow of the Khmer Rouge regime in 1979, over 140,000 Cambodians came to the United States as 21 22 refugees, a group of individuals of special humanitarian and foreign 23 policy concern to the United States because of the well-founded 24 fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, 25 membership in a particular social group, or political opinion and thus in need of protection in accordance with the United Nations 26 27 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees; and

WHEREAS, The State of California has the largest population
of Cambodians and the City of Long Beach is known around the
world as home to the largest Cambodian community outside of
Southeast Asia; and

WHEREAS, The Cambodian people have drawn from their cultural history to rebuild their lives and communities by participating in American politics on the local and national levels, by establishing local and international businesses, by developing new art forms and community organizations, and by raising a new generation of Americans who promise to contribute to the future of the State of California and the nation; and

WHEREAS, The Cambodian Genocide was a human tragedyand must be remembered for the scale of violence and devastation

perpetrated against the people of Cambodia so that it does not
 happen again, there or in any other country; and

WHEREAS, In 1994 the United States Congress passed the Cambodian Genocide Justice Act, committing the American government to the pursuit of justice for the victims of the genocide and affirming the policy of the United States to bring members of the Khmer Rouge to justice for their crimes against humanity; and WHEREAS. The genocide and other crimes against humanity

8 WHEREAS, The genocide and other crimes against humanity 9 did not succeed in destroying the Cambodian people or their 10 culture. In fact, the culture and heritage of the Cambodian people 11 continues to this day through the accomplishments of Cambodians 12 and their descendants; and

WHEREAS, The suffering and loss of the Cambodian people
and their accomplishments and perseverance in reestablishing
families, communities, and enhancing the cultural and historical
diversity of our state and nation should be recognized and honored;
and

18 WHEREAS, The Cambodian Genocide Memorial Week will 19 honor the survivors and their descendants for their courage and 20 contributions to our state and country. This week will serve as a 21 way to remember those who lost their lives in Cambodia and in 22 genocides around the world; now, therefore, be it

23 Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the 24 Assembly hereby recognizes the week of April 15 to April 19, 25 2019, inclusive, as Cambodian Genocide Memorial Week, and 26 calls upon all Californians to observe the week by participating in 27 appropriate estimities and are propried by it further.

27 appropriate activities and programs; and be it further

28 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies

29 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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HR 28 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair HR 28 (O'Donnell) – As Introduced March 21, 2019

SUBJECT: Cambodian Genocide Memorial Week.

SUMMARY: Recognizes the week of April 15 to April 19, 2019, inclusive, as Cambodian Genocide Memorial Week. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The Cambodian people have a long and rich cultural heritage symbolized by the capitol city Temple of Angkor Wat, which flourished during the Khmer Empire from the 9th to the 12th centuries and was considered one of the Wonders of the Ancient World, and now stands as a living icon of the endurance and genius of all Cambodians throughout the world.
- 2) Between April 17, 1975, and January 7, 1979, the Khmer Rouge of Democratic Kampuchea, led by Pol Pot, General Secretary of the Communist Party of Kampuchea, and other members of the Standing Committee of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Kampuchea and their agents, committed acts of genocide and other crimes against humanity. April 17, 2019, will mark both the 44th anniversary of the Khmer Rouge seizing control of Cambodia and the beginning of the Cambodian Genocide.
- 3) The genocide and other crimes against humanity committed against the people of Cambodia, including various religious groups and ethnic minorities, during the Khmer Rouge regime led to the deaths of over 1,700,000 Cambodians, which was 21 percent of the nation's population.
- 4) After the overthrow of the Khmer Rouge regime in 1979, over 140,000 Cambodians came to the United States as refugees, a group of individuals of special humanitarian and foreign policy concern to the United States because of the well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion and thus in need of protection in accordance with the United Nations 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees.
- 5) The State of California has the largest population of Cambodians and the City of Long Beach is known around the world as home to the largest Cambodian community outside of Southeast Asia.
- 6) The Cambodian people have drawn from their cultural history to rebuild their lives and communities through participation in American politics on the local and national levels, by establishing local and international businesses, by developing new art forms and community organizations, and by raising a new generation of Americans who promise to contribute to the future of the State of California and the nation.
- 7) The Cambodian Genocide Memorial Week will honor the survivors and their descendants for their courage and contributions to our state and country, and will serve as a way to remember those who lost their lives in Cambodia and in genocides around the world.

HR 28 Page 2

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 25, 2019

Senate Concurrent Resolution

Introduced by Senator Allen (Coauthors: Senators Galgiani, Jones, Roth, Umberg, and Wilk)

March 21, 2019

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 34—Relative to California Aerospace and Aviation Days.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 34, as amended, Allen. California Aerospace and Aviation Days. This measure would recognize the contributions of the aerospace and aviation industries to the history, economy, security, and educational system of California, its communities, and its citizens by proclaiming the days of April 1, 2019, through April 3, 2019, as California Aerospace and Aviation Days.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Commercial aviation provides California economic

2 and employment impacts of \$171.2 billion and 1.1 million jobs,

3 with general aviation alone creating an economic impact of \$30.24 billion; and

5 WHEREAS, There are 22 military airfields and 673 6 state-permitted aviation facilities, 26,797 Federal Aviation 7 Administration registered aircrafts, and 59,929 certified pilots in

8 the state; and

9 WHEREAS, The California aerospace industry is a powerful,

10 reliable source of employment, innovation, and export income,

11 directly employing approximately 203,000 people and supporting

⁹⁸

more than 308,000 jobs in related fields, resulting in \$2.9 billion
in annual state personal income tax revenues; and

3 WHEREAS, According to the report entitled The Economic 4 Impact of Unmanned Aircraft Systems Integration in the United 5 States, *published* by the Association for Unmanned Vehicle 6 Systems International (AUVSI), California is forecast to be the 7 top state in the nation as the adoption of unmanned aircraft systems 8 (UAS) increases, with more than 18,000 jobs and over \$14 billion in economic impact created in the first decade after UAS 9 10 integration into the airspace; and

WHEREAS, California is home to many superb sites of air and
space activity, including the National Aeronautics and Space
Administration (NASA) Ames Research Center, Neil A. Armstrong
Flight Research Center, Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL), Los
Angeles Air Force Base, Vandenberg Air Force Base, Edwards
Air Force Base, Naval Base Ventura County, Naval Air Weapons
Station China Lake, and Mojave Air and Space Port; and

18 WHEREAS, California will continue to lead in aerospace and 19 aviation education through its superb science, technology, 20 engineering, and mathematics (STEM) education programs and world-class research universities, and thus will continue to lead 21 22 the world with the innovation that enabled advanced meteorological 23 forecasting, the Global Positioning System, NextGen tools for air 24 traffic management, green aviation, sophisticated wind tunnels 25 and test facilities, and advanced supercomputing and robotics; and 26 WHEREAS, The Aerospace States Association-California 27 Chapter, the Association of California Airports, and the Association 28 for Unmanned Vehicle Systems International (AUVSI) are 29 sponsoring several days of events to highlight the contributions of 30 the aerospace and aviation community in California; now, 31 therefore, be it 32 Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly

thereof concurring, That the Legislature recognizes the
contributions of the aerospace and aviation industries to the history,
economy, security, and educational system of California, its
communities, and its citizens by proclaiming the days of April 1,
2019, through April 3, 2019, as California Aerospace and Aviation
Days; and be it further

- *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution. 1
- 2

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SCR 34 Page 1

Date of Hearing: April 4, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair SCR 34 (Allen) – As Amended March 25, 2019

SENATE VOTE: 34-0

SUBJECT: California Aerospace and Aviation Days.

SUMMARY: Proclaims April 1, 2019, through April 3, 2019, as California Aerospace and Aviation Days and recognizes the contributions of the aerospace and aviation industries to the history, economy, security, and educational system of California, its communities, and its citizens. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- Commercial aviation provides California economic and employment impacts of \$171.2 billion and 1.1 million jobs, with general aviation alone creating an economic impact of \$30.2 billion. There are 22 military airfields and 673 state-permitted aviation facilities, 26,797 Federal Aviation Administration registered aircrafts, and 59,929 certified pilots in the state.
- 2) The California aerospace industry is a powerful, reliable source of employment, innovation, and export income, directly employing approximately 203,000 people and supporting more than 308,000 jobs in related fields, resulting in \$2.9 billion in annual state personal income tax revenues.
- 3) According to the report entitled The Economic Impact of Unmanned Aircraft Systems Integration in the United States, published by the Association for Unmanned Vehicle Systems International (AUVSI), California is forecast to be the top state in the nation as the adoption of unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) increases, with more than 18,000 jobs and over \$14 billion in economic impact created in the first decade after UAS integration into the airspace.
- 4) California is home to many superb sites of air and space activity, including the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Ames Research Center, Neil A. Armstrong Flight Research Center, Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL), Los Angeles Air Force Base, Vandenberg Air Force Base, Edwards Air Force Base, Naval Base Ventura County, Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake, and Mojave Air and Space Port.
- 5) California will continue to lead in aerospace and aviation education through its superb science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) education programs and world-class research universities, and thus will continue to lead the world with the innovation that enabled advanced meteorological forecasting, the Global Positioning System, NextGen tools for air traffic management, green aviation, sophisticated wind tunnels and test facilities, and advanced supercomputing and robotics.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

SCR 34 Page 2

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 28, 2019

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2019-20 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1774

Introduced by Assembly Member Bonta

February 22, 2019

An act to-amend Section 1427 of the Civil add Section 69513.2 to the Education Code, relating to-civil law. student financial aid.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1774, as amended, Bonta. Civil law: obligations. Student financial aid: Student Aid Commission: extension of application deadlines.

Existing law, the Cal Grant Program, establishes the Cal Grant A Entitlement Awards, the Cal Grant B Entitlement Awards, the California Community College Transfer Cal Grant Entitlement Awards, the Competitive Cal Grant A and B Awards, the Cal Grant C Awards, and the Cal Grant T Awards under the administration of the Student Aid Commission. Existing law also establishes the Middle Class Scholarship Program under the commission's administration. Existing law establishes eligibility requirements for awards under these programs for participating students attending qualifying institutions. The eligibility requirements under these programs, as well as other financial aid programs administered by the commission, include meeting various application deadlines.

Existing law, for example, requires applicants for Cal Grant A Entitlement Awards and Cal Grant B Entitlement Awards to submit, by March 2, complete financial aid applications in the academic year of high school graduation or equivalent or in the academic year immediately following high school graduation for the immediately following award year. Similarly, existing law requires applicants for

Middle Class Scholarship Program awards to complete and submit a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) application or an equivalent application by no later than March 2 of the award year.

This bill would authorize the Student Aid Commission to grant a postponement of an application deadline of up to 30 calendar days for any financial aid program administered by the commission, as specified. This authority would apply if the commission receives a formal request to extend a deadline from a designated educational official and the commission finds that a qualifying event, as defined, has occurred that, in the judgment of the commission, has had an adverse effect on the ability of pupils or students within a school district, community college district, or an area or region within the state, such as a city or county, to successfully complete and submit their financial aid applications by the established application deadline.

The bill would specify procedures for the submission of requests for the postponement of deadlines under the bill and for notification of designated individuals and entities if such a request is granted.

With respect to application deadlines for pupils or students applying for financial aid for the 2019–20 academic year, in response to a formal request from an individual referenced in the bill that is received no later than 10 business days after the act adding this provision becomes operative, the bill would authorize the commission, by a unanimous vote of its elective officers, to retroactively postpone these deadlines in accordance with the procedures established in the bill.

Existing law establishes legal obligations arising from contracts between parties or by operation of law. Under existing law, an obligation is a legal duty on a person, as specified.

This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to that provision.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 69513.2 is added to the Education Code, 2 to read:

- 3 69513.2. Notwithstanding any other law:
- 4 (a) The commission may grant up to an additional 30 calendar
- 5 *days beyond an application deadline for any financial aid program*
- 6 administered by the commission pursuant to this part, at the

discretion of the commission, if both of the following conditions
 are met:

3 (1) The commission receives a formal request to postpone the 4 application deadline from either the superintendent of a school 5 district or community college district or from the president or 6 chancellor of a California institution of higher education that is 7 eligible to receive state funds for student financial assistance.

8 (2) The commission finds that a qualifying event, as defined in 9 subdivision (d), has occurred that, in the judgment of the 10 commission, has had an adverse effect on the ability of pupils or 11 students within the school district, community college district, or 12 an area or region within the state, such as a city or county, to 13 successfully complete and submit their financial aid applications 14 by the established application deadline.

15 (b) A postponement of an application deadline granted by the 16 commission under subdivision (a) shall apply to all financial aid 17 applicants within the school district, community college district, 18 or the area or region, such as a city or county, that was 19 predominantly affected by the qualifying event referenced in 20 paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).

(c) For purposes of this section, the commission may, on a
permanent basis, delegate to its elected officers, which include the
chairperson, vice chairperson, secretary, and any other individuals
formally elected as officers of the commission, the authority to
grant, by a unanimous decision of all such officers, the deadline
postponement authorized by this section.

27 (d) For purposes of this section, a "qualifying event" is any 28 event or extenuating circumstance outside of the control of the pupils or students in an affected school district, community college 29 district, or area or region that, in the judgment of the commission, 30 31 has had an adverse effect on the ability of students within the district to successfully complete and submit their financial aid 32 33 applications by an established statutory deadline. The qualifying 34 event shall have occurred or been ongoing during the period for 35 which financial aid applications were available to submit for the 36 following academic year, and includes, but is not necessarily limited to, any of the following types of events: 37 38 (1) A natural disaster.

39 (2) A state of emergency declared by the Governor or the40 President of the United States.

AB 1774

1 (3) A labor action.

2 (e) The commission shall establish procedures, which may 3 include a standardized application form, through which a postponement of an application deadline may be requested by the 4 individuals referenced in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a). The 5 formal application to the commission shall be submitted no later 6 than 10 business days after the occurrence of the qualifying event 7 8 in question, and shall include, at a minimum, all of the following: 9 (1) A description of the qualifying event that is the basis for the 10 request, including how the event in question has had an adverse effect on students' ability to submit their financial aid applications 11 12 by the established deadline. 13 (2) A list of any financial aid outreach events, including, but not necessarily limited to, workshops or webinars sponsored by 14 the commission, that have been canceled or delayed due to the 15 16 qualifying event. (3) When available, data showing that there has been, or is 17 18 likely to be, a reduction in the number of students who have completed a financial aid application from the previous year. 19 (f) If the commission approves the request for a postponement 20 of an application deadline, the commission shall issue a written 21 22 notice of the postponement of the deadline within 24 hours of 23 granting the request. The notice shall include the approved 24 postponed deadline, and shall be sent to all of the following: 25 (1) The individual who requested the extension pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a). 26 27 (2) The Superintendent of Public Instruction. (3) The Governor. 28

- 29 (4) The Director of Finance.
- 30 (5) The President of the University of California.
- 31 (6) The Chancellor of the California State University.
- 32 (7) The Chancellor of the California Community Colleges.
- 33 (8) The chairpersons of the relevant fiscal and policy committees34 of the Legislature.
- 35 (g) When approving a request for a postponement of an
- 36 application deadline pursuant to this section, the commission shall
- 37 post all of the following on its internet website:
- 38 (1) The approved postponed deadline.

1 (2) The public school district, community college district, or 2 area or region, such as a city or county, to which the approved 3 postponed deadline applies.

3 postponed deadline applies.
4 (h) The authority to grant postponements of application
5 deadlines established pursuant to this section shall apply to all of
6 the following programs established in statute, as well as any other
7 state-funded financial aid programs administered by the
8 commission pursuant to this part:

9 (1) The Cal Grant A Entitlement program established by Article 10 2 (commencing with Section 69434) of Chapter 1.7.

(2) The Cal Grant B Entitlement program established by Article
 3 (commencing with Section 69435) of Chapter 1.7.

13 (3) The California Community College Transfer Cal Grant

14 Entitlement Program established by Article 4 (commencing with15 Section 69436) of Chapter 1.7.

16 (4) The Competitive Cal Grant A and B Awards program 17 established by Article 5 (commencing with Section 69437) of 18 Chapter 1.7.

19 (5) The Middle Class Scholarship Program established by 20 Article 22 (commencing with Section 70020).

(i) With respect to application deadlines for pupils or students
 applying for financial aid for the 2019–20 academic year, in

23 response to a formal request from an individual referenced in

24 paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) that is received no later than 10

25 business days after the act adding this section becomes operative,

26 the commission may, by a unanimous vote of its elective officers

27 as referenced in subdivision (c), retroactively postpone these

28 *deadlines in accordance with the procedures established in this* 29 *section.*

30 SECTION 1. Section 1427 of the Civil Code is amended to 31 read:

32 1427. An obligation is a legal duty by which a person is bound

33 to do or not to do a certain thing.

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COMMITTEES APPROPRIATIONS COMMUNICATIONS AND CONVEYANCE GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION HEALTH

April 1, 2019

The Honorable Ken Cooley Chair, Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Assemblymember Cooley,

I respectfully request permission to insert an urgency clause into my bill, AB 1774, which seeks to allow the California Student Aid Commission to extend the financial aid application deadline if an event occurs that has an adverse effect on the ability of students to successfully complete and submit their financial aid applications within the established deadlines.

This urgency clause is necessary in order to immediately allow the California Student Aid Commission to extend the deadline retroactively for Districts who were impacted by teacher strikes or natural disasters this year.

Should you have any questions regarding this request, please contact my staff Alma Barreras at 916-319-2018.

Sincerely,

Bonte

ROB BONTA Assemblymember, 18th District

