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Assembly
California Legislature
Committee on Rules

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Thursday, August 11, 2016
8:50 AM
State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

Resolutions

- | | | |
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Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 199

Introduced by Assembly Member Bonta

June 21, 2016

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 199—Relative to Obesity Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 199, as introduced, Bonta. Obesity Awareness Month.

This measure would annually proclaim the month of November as Obesity Awareness Month in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Obesity is recognized as a national epidemic and
2 each state must seek out all necessary means to fight it; and
3 WHEREAS, More than one-third of adults in the United States
4 (34.9 percent), or approximately 111 million Americans, are obese;
5 and
6 WHEREAS, In California, nearly 60 percent of adults are
7 considered overweight or obese and one in four are obese; and
8 WHEREAS, Minorities in California are disproportionately
9 affected by obesity, with approximately 34.7 percent of African
10 Americans and 31.7 percent of Latinos considered obese; and
11 WHEREAS, Those without economic means are
12 disproportionately affected by obesity; 33 percent of those with
13 incomes of \$15,000 per year or less are obese, compared with 24.6
14 percent of those who make at least \$50,000 per year, while 33
15 percent of those not graduating high school are obese compared

1 to 21.5 percent of those who graduated college or technical college;
2 and

3 WHEREAS, Obesity has been linked to many comorbidities
4 and chronic diseases, with the six most common and most costly
5 being type II diabetes, cardiovascular disease, hypertension, stroke,
6 arthritis, and certain types of cancer; and

7 WHEREAS, Obesity is one of the largest drivers of health care
8 costs, with estimates ranging from \$147 billion to \$210 billion in
9 annual medically related costs as of 2012; and

10 WHEREAS, The State of California paid approximately \$1.3
11 billion in obesity-related costs in Medi-Cal in 2013, and annual
12 costs of severe obesity cost \$9.1 billion in overall health care costs
13 in 2013; and

14 WHEREAS, The estimated medically related costs of adult
15 obesity are expected to rise to \$620 billion annually by 2030; and

16 WHEREAS, Obesity-related job absenteeism costs United
17 States' employers at least \$4.3 billion annually, taking a toll on
18 the economy; and

19 WHEREAS, Almost every state that demonstrates a 5-percent
20 decrease in average body mass index will experience an
21 approximate 6.5 percent to 7.9 percent reduction in overall health
22 care costs over the next 5 to 10 years; and

23 WHEREAS, The American Medical Association (AMA) has
24 now recognized obesity as a chronic disease requiring a range of
25 medical interventions to advance obesity treatment and prevention,
26 and health professionals from a large and growing number of other
27 professional medical societies have signaled their support for the
28 AMA's decision to recognize obesity as a disease; and

29 WHEREAS, Significant innovations in treatment and medical
30 interventions, including pharmacotherapy and other medical
31 interventions, have been approved for the medical community in
32 recent years; now, therefore, be it

33 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
34 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature proclaims the month of
35 November 2016 and each year thereafter as Obesity Awareness
36 Month in California; and be it further

37 *Resolved*, That the Legislature supports policies to reduce obesity
38 in California and the costs associated with the disease; and be it
39 further

- 1 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
- 2 to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
ACR 199 (Bonta) – As Amended August 10, 2016

SUBJECT: Obesity Awareness Month

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of November as Obesity Awareness Month in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Obesity is recognized as a national epidemic and each state must seek out all necessary means to fight it.
- 2) More than one-third of adults in the United States (34.9 percent), or approximately 111 million Americans have obesity and in California, nearly 60 percent of adults are considered overweight or have obesity and one in four have obesity.
- 3) Those without economic means are disproportionately affected by obesity; 33 percent of those with incomes of \$15,000 per year or less have obesity, compared with 24.6 percent of those who make at least \$50,000 per year, while 33 percent of those not graduating high school have obesity compared to 21.5 percent of those who graduated college or technical college.
- 4) Obesity is one of the largest drivers of health care costs, with estimates ranging from \$147 billion to \$210 billion in annual medically related costs as of 2012. The State of California paid approximately \$1.3 billion in obesity-related costs in Medi-Cal in 2013, and annual costs of severe obesity amounted to \$9.1 billion in overall health care costs in 2013.
- 5) The American Medical Association (AMA) has now recognized obesity as a chronic disease requiring a range of medical interventions to advance obesity treatment and prevention, and health professionals from a large and growing number of other professional medical societies have signaled their support for the AMA's decision to recognize obesity as a disease.
- 6) Significant innovations in treatment and medical interventions, including, among others, pharmacotherapy, have been approved for the medical community in recent years.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

House Resolution

No. 61

Introduced by Assembly Member Lackey

August 2, 2016

House Resolution No. 61—Relative to America Break Bread Day.

1 WHEREAS, According to the United States Department of
2 Agriculture (USDA), food insecurity is a condition in which access
3 to adequate food is limited by a lack of money and other resources
4 at times during the year; and

5 WHEREAS, According to recent reports, one in every six people
6 in America, or over 48 million people, are hungry or experience
7 food insecurity; and

8 WHEREAS, Nineteen percent of American households with
9 children under 18 years of age were food insecure in 2014; and

10 WHEREAS, For households with incomes near or below the
11 federal poverty level, households with children headed by single
12 women or single men, or women living alone, the rates of food
13 insecurity were substantially higher than the national average; and

14 WHEREAS, The food insecurity rate was highest in rural areas,
15 moderate in large cities, and lowest in suburban and exurban areas
16 around large cities; and

17 WHEREAS, In a 2014 USDA survey, 61 percent of
18 food-insecure households reported that in the previous month they
19 had participated in one or more of the three largest federal food
20 and nutrition assistance programs: the Supplemental Nutrition
21 Assistance Program (SNAP), the Special Supplemental Nutrition
22 Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), and the National
23 School Lunch Program (NSLP); and

1 WHEREAS, Forty percent of food, or about \$165 billion worth,
2 is thrown out in the United States every year, which could feed 25
3 million Americans; and

4 WHEREAS, In California, the food insecurity rate is at 16.7
5 percent, with the number of food-insecure individuals exceeding
6 six million; and

7 WHEREAS, 1Family 1Restaurant is a local program in the
8 Antelope Valley in cooperation with Grace Resources, the Boys
9 and Girls Club of Antelope Valley, South Antelope Valley
10 Emergency Services (SAVES), also known as Palmdale SAVES,
11 and the Cities of Lancaster and Palmdale; and

12 WHEREAS, 1Family 1Restaurant connects 74,000 hungry
13 people in the Antelope Valley to meals from local restaurants
14 sponsored by residents from the community; and

15 WHEREAS, By breaking bread together through shared
16 restaurant meals, we open our hearts and restore dignity and hope
17 to families in need; now, therefore, be it

18 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California*, That the
19 Assembly intends for this resolution to establish an annual event
20 and to encourage communities and businesses to sponsor hungry
21 families throughout the year by emulating the best practices of
22 1Family 1Restaurant; and be it further

23 *Resolved*, That the Assembly hereby proclaims August 28, 2016,
24 as America Break Bread Day in the State of California; and be it
25 further

26 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
27 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
HR 61 (Lackey) – As Introduced August 2, 2016

SUBJECT: America Break Bread Day

SUMMARY: Proclaims August 28, 2016, as America Break Bread Day in California and encourages communities and businesses to sponsor hungry families throughout the year by emulating the best practices of 1Family 1Restaurant. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), food insecurity is a condition in which access to adequate food is limited by a lack of money and other resources at times during the year.
- 2) Recent reports state that one in six people in America, or over 48 million people, are hungry or experience food insecurity. Nineteen percent of American households with children under 18 years of age were food insecure in 2014. In California, the food insecurity rate is at 16.7 percent, with the number of food-insecure individuals exceeding six million.
- 3) In a 2014 USDA survey, 61 percent of food-insecure households reported that in the previous month they had participated in one or more of the three largest federal food and nutrition assistance programs: the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC), and the National School Lunch Program (NSLP).
- 4) Forty percent of food, or about \$165 billion worth, is thrown out in the United States every year, which could feed 25 million Americans.
- 5) 1Family 1Restaurant is a local program in the Antelope Valley in cooperation with Grace Resources, the Boys and Girls Club of Antelope Valley, South Antelope Valley Emergency Services (SAVES), also known as Palmdale SAVES, and the Cities of Lancaster and Palmdale. This program connects 74,000 hungry people in the Antelope Valley to meals from local restaurants sponsored by residents from the community.
- 6) By breaking bread together through shared restaurant meals, we open our hearts and restore dignity and hope to families in need.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Pan
(Principal coauthor: Senator Nguyen)
(Coauthor: Assembly Member McCarty)

August 20, 2015

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 86—Relative to Little Saigon.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

SCR 86, as introduced, Pan. Little Saigon.

This measure would recognize California’s Vietnamese Americans and “Little Saigon” communities.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, There are at least four areas in California that have
2 been officially designated as “Little Saigon”; and
3 WHEREAS, The oldest, largest, and most prominent “Little
4 Saigon” is located in Orange County with over 189,000 Vietnamese
5 American residents; and
6 WHEREAS, The “Little Saigon” in San Jose is comparable to
7 the “Little Saigon” in Orange County with over 180,000
8 Vietnamese American residents; and
9 WHEREAS, In February 2010, Sacramento officially named a
10 stretch of Stockton Boulevard, from Florin Road to Fruitridge
11 Road, “Little Saigon” due to the growing and thriving Vietnamese
12 American population; and
13 WHEREAS, San Francisco designated Larkin Street, between
14 Eddy and O’Farrell Streets, “Little Saigon,” where more than
15 three-quarters of the businesses on the two-block stretch are owned
16 by Vietnamese Americans; and

1 WHEREAS, Oakland, San Diego, and communities in the San
2 Gabriel Valley are seeing a large increase in their Vietnamese
3 American residents; now, therefore, be it

4 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
5 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature hereby recognizes the
6 positive contributions of Vietnamese Americans and “Little
7 Saigon” communities to California’s diverse population and
8 economy; and be it further

9 *Resolved*, That the Legislature encourages the growth of these
10 cultural and economic hubs that have been established through a
11 rise in the Vietnamese American population and “Little Saigon”
12 communities; and be it further

13 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
14 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
SCR 86 (Pan) – As Introduced August 20, 2015

SENATE VOTE: 40-0

SUBJECT: Little Saigon

SUMMARY: Recognizes California's Vietnamese Americans and "Little Saigon" communities and recognizes the positive contributions of Vietnamese Americans and "Little Saigon" communities to California's diverse population and economy. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) There are at least four areas in California that have been officially designated as "Little Saigon."
- 2) The oldest, largest, and most prominent "Little Saigon" is located in Orange County with over 189,000 Vietnamese American residents.
- 3) In February 2010, Sacramento officially named a stretch of Stockton Boulevard, from Florin Road to Fruitridge Road, "Little Saigon" due to the growing and thriving Vietnamese American population.
- 4) San Francisco designated Larkin Street, between Eddy and O'Farrell Streets, "Little Saigon," where more than three-quarters of the businesses on the two-block stretch are owned by Vietnamese Americans.
- 5) Oakland, San Diego, and communities in the San Gabriel Valley are seeing a large increase in their Vietnamese American residents.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Senate Concurrent Resolution

No. 87

Introduced by Senator Pan

August 25, 2015

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 87—Relative to the ~~104th~~ *105th* National Day of the Republic of China.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 87, as amended, Pan. The ~~104th~~ *105th* National Day of the Republic of China.

This measure would direct the attention of Californians to Double Ten Day, a celebration of Chinese independence, and encourage all to share in the joy and glory of the independence of the Republic of China on Taiwan.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The ~~104th~~ *105th* National Day of the Republic of
2 China, also known as Double Ten Day, is a celebration of
3 independence from the Qing Dynasty; and
4 WHEREAS, The celebration commemorates the successful
5 revolution led by Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, following 10 prior attempts at
6 revolution beginning in 1895; and
7 WHEREAS, This successful revolution on October 10, 1911,
8 ended 4,000 years of monarchical rule in the founding of the first
9 democratic republic of Asia; and
10 WHEREAS, The Republic of China, commonly referred to as
11 Taiwan, and the United States are long-standing friends and allies,
12 both dearly cherishing the commonly shared values of freedom,
13 democracy, and human rights; and

1 WHEREAS, Taiwan established sister-statehood with the Golden
2 State in 1984, and this friendly bilateral relationship has been
3 developing for more than 30 years; and

4 WHEREAS, Taiwan is the seventh largest trading partner of
5 California. The trade volume between California and Taiwan
6 totaled \$19.67 billion in 2015, with major items being computer
7 and electronic products, machinery, transportation equipment,
8 chemicals, and agricultural products; and

9 WHEREAS, Frequent exchanges, including exchanges at the
10 highest level of government, contribute to broadening the
11 friendship and cooperation between California and Taiwan; now,
12 therefore, be it

13 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
14 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature ~~of the State of California~~
15 directs the attention of Californians to Double Ten Day and
16 encourages all to share in the joy and glory of the independence
17 of the Republic of China on Taiwan; and be it further

18 *Resolved*, That the Legislature declares that the warm relations
19 and bilateral exchange between the governments and the people
20 of California and Taiwan should grow; and be it further

21 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
22 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
SCR 87 (Pan) – As Amended August 10, 2016

SENATE VOTE: 36-0

SUBJECT: The 105th National Day of the Republic of China

SUMMARY: This resolution directs the attention of Californians to Double Ten Day, a celebration of Chinese independence, and encourages all to share in the joy and glory of the independence of the Republic of China on Taiwan. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The 105th National Day of the Republic of China, also known as Double Ten Day, is a celebration of independence from the Qing Dynasty.
- 2) The celebration commemorates the successful revolution led by Dr. Sun Yat-Sen, following 10 prior attempts at revolution beginning in 1895. This successful revolution on October 10, 1911, ended 4,000 years of monarchical rule in the founding of the first democratic republic of Asia.
- 3) The Republic of China, commonly referred to as Taiwan, and the United States are long-standing friends and allies, both dearly cherishing the commonly shared values of freedom, democracy, and human rights.
- 4) Taiwan established sister-statehood with California in 1984, and is the seventh largest trading partner of California.
- 5) Frequent exchanges, including exchanges at the highest level of government, contribute to broadening the friendship and cooperation between California and Taiwan.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Fuller

January 26, 2016

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 101—Relative to California Girls and Women in Sports Week.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 101, as introduced, Fuller. California Girls and Women in Sports Week.

This measure would recognize female athletes, coaches, officials, and sports administrators for their important contributions in promoting the value of sports in the achievement of full human potential and would proclaim February 1 to 7, 2016, inclusive, as California Girls and Women in Sports Week.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, By an act of the United States Congress, February
2 4, 1987, was proclaimed as the first National Girls and Women in
3 Sports Day in honor of Flo Hyman, a volleyball legend whose
4 efforts to promote equality in sports were cut short by her untimely
5 and tragic death; and

6 WHEREAS, Since that time, women have made considerable
7 advances in professional, collegiate, club, intramural, masters,
8 high school, junior high school, youth, and recreational sports; and

9 WHEREAS, Many female athletes have distinguished
10 themselves as representatives of California and the nation in
11 international competition and the Olympic games; and

12 WHEREAS, Participation in sports is acknowledged as a positive
13 force in developing and promoting physical, mental, moral, social,
14 and emotional well-being; and it is well established that

1 participation in athletics builds self-esteem, communication skills,
2 discipline, and perseverance, all qualities that make a positive and
3 significant difference in the quality of life and in the level of
4 accomplishment; and

5 WHEREAS, We need to encourage women of all ages to
6 compete and contribute to sports at all levels of competition and
7 recreation to help prepare the next generation of female athletes
8 and sports leaders; and

9 WHEREAS, The combined efforts of many organizations
10 including the Women's Sports Foundation, the California
11 Association of Health, Physical Education, Recreation and Dance,
12 and the California National Organization for Women, have served
13 to bring needed information and important recognition of this day,
14 as well as furthered the dreams and inspired today's female
15 athletes; now, therefore, be it

16 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
17 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature recognizes female athletes,
18 coaches, officials, and sports administrators for their important
19 contributions in promoting the value of sports in the achievement
20 of full human potential and hereby proclaims February 1 to 7,
21 2016, inclusive, as California Girls and Women in Sports Week;
22 and be it further

23 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
24 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
SCR 101 (Fuller) – As Introduced January 26, 2016

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: California Girls and Women in Sports Week

SUMMARY: Recognizes female athletes, coaches, officials, and sports administrators for their important contributions in promoting the value of sports in the achievement of full human potential and proclaims February 1 to 7, 2016, as California Girls and Women in Sports Week. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) By an act of the United States Congress, February 4, 1987, was proclaimed as the first national Girls and Women in Sports Day in honor of Flo Hyman, a volleyball legend whose efforts to promote equality in sports were cut short by her untimely and tragic death.
- 2) Since that time women have made considerable advances in professional, collegiate, club, intramural, masters, high school, junior high school, youth, and recreational sports; and many of them have distinguished themselves as representatives of California and the nation in international competition and the Olympic games.
- 3) Participation in sports is acknowledged as a positive force in developing and promoting physical, mental, moral, social, and emotional well-being; and it is well established that participation in athletics builds self-esteem, communication skills, discipline, and perseverance, all qualities that make a positive and significant difference in the quality of life and the level of accomplishment.
- 4) The combined efforts of many organizations including Women's Sports Foundation, the California Association of Health, Physical Education, Recreation and Dance, and the California National Organization for Women, have served to bring needed information and important recognition of this day, as well as furthered the dreams and inspired today's female athletes.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

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Introduced by Senator Glazer
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Gipson)

March 15, 2016

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 118—Relative to Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 118, as introduced, Glazer. Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month. This bill would designate March 2016 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is the second leading cause of
2 cancer deaths in Californians, with 14,510 new cases and 5,180
3 deaths expected in 2016; and
4 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is treatable, curable, and in many
5 cases, completely preventable; and
6 WHEREAS, When colorectal cancers are detected at an early
7 stage, the survival rate is 95 percent; and
8 WHEREAS, There were approximately 1 million colorectal
9 cancer survivors in the United States in 2002; and
10 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is known as a silent killer because
11 symptoms only show up in the later stages of the disease; and
12 WHEREAS, With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be
13 prevented or, if found early, treated and cured; and
14 WHEREAS, In 2013, only 49 percent of California adults 50
15 years of age and older had received a sigmoidoscopy or
16 colonoscopy, and 34 percent had received a fecal occult blood test
17 (FOBT) to screen for colorectal cancer; and

1 WHEREAS, According to the United States Preventive Services
2 Task Force, access to appropriate use of colorectal cancer screening
3 tests, such as colonoscopies, sigmoidoscopies, and fecal occult
4 blood tests (FOBT)/fecal immunochemical tests (FIT), could reduce
5 death rates of colon cancer up to 66 percent; and

6 WHEREAS, According to the American Cancer Society, in
7 2012, only about 42 percent of colorectal cancers were diagnosed
8 at an early, more treatable and curable stage; and

9 WHEREAS, The uninsured, underinsured, and underserved are
10 least likely to get screening for colorectal cancer, which means
11 they are more likely to be diagnosed at a late stage when chances
12 of survival drop to 13 percent; and

13 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most
14 cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more
15 cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening; and

16 WHEREAS, African Americans have the highest colorectal
17 cancer incidence and mortality rates of all racial groups in this
18 country; and

19 WHEREAS, In California, colorectal cancer is the most common
20 cancer among Korean men and Hmong women, the second most
21 common cancer among Hispanic, Japanese, South Asian,
22 Kampuchean, and Hawaiian men, and the second most common
23 cancer among Chinese, Filipino, Hispanic, Japanese, Korean,
24 Laotian, Vietnamese, and Hawaiian women; and

25 WHEREAS, The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4)
26 is a nonprofit organization established to increase colorectal cancer
27 screening rates in an effort to decrease mortality associated with
28 the disease, and to implement strategies to reduce disparities in
29 colorectal cancer screening, diagnosis, and treatment among
30 underserved populations in California; and

31 WHEREAS, The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4)
32 encourages Californians to discuss the colorectal cancer screening
33 test that is best for them with their doctors and believes that the
34 best test is the one you have done now; now, therefore, be it

35 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
36 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature designates the month of
37 March 2016 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month; and be it
38 further

- 1 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
- 2 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
SCR 118 (Glazer) – As Introduced March 15, 2016

SENATE VOTE: 36-0

SUBJECT: Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month

SUMMARY: Designates March 2016 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Colorectal cancer is the second leading cause of cancer deaths in Californians, with 14,510 new cases and 5,180 deaths expected in 2016. With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be prevented or, if found early, treated and cured.
- 2) According to the United States Preventive Services Task Force, access to appropriate use of colorectal cancer screening tests could reduce death rates of colon cancer up to 66 percent.
- 3) In 2013, only 49 percent of California adults 50 years of age and older had received a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy, and 34 percent had received a fecal occult blood test to screen for colorectal cancer.
- 4) The uninsured, underinsured, and underserved are least likely to get screening for colorectal cancer, which means they are more likely to be diagnosed at a late stage when chances of survival drop to 13 percent.
- 5) In California, colorectal cancer is the most common cancer among Korean men and Hmong women, the second most common cancer among Hispanic, Japanese, South Asian, Kampuchean, and Hawaiian men, and the second most common cancer among Chinese, Filipino, Hispanic, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Vietnamese, and Hawaiian women. African Americans have the highest colorectal cancer incidence and mortality rates of all racial groups in this country.
- 6) Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network
California Colorectal Cancer Coalition

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



August 8, 2016

The Honorable Richard Gordon
Assembly Rules Committee, Chair
California State Assembly
State Capitol, Room 3016
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: SCR 118 (Glazer) – Support

Dear Assemblymember Gordon:

The American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network is pleased to sponsor SCR 118, declaring March 2016 Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

SCR 118, Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month, brings attention to the fact that Colorectal cancer is the third leading cause of cancer deaths in both men and women in California, with 14,510 new cases and 5,180 deaths expected in 2016.

Colorectal cancer is treatable, curable, and in many cases, completely preventable and when colorectal cancers are detected at an early stage, survival is 95 percent. With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be prevented or, if found early, treated and cured.

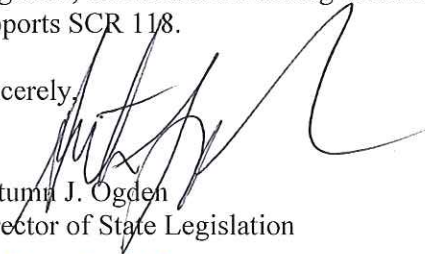
According to the United States Preventative Services Task Force, access to appropriate use of colorectal cancer screening tests, such as colonoscopy, sigmoidoscopy, and fecal occult blood test (FOBT)/fecal immunochemical test (FIT), could reduce death rates of colon cancer up to 66 percent.

According to the American Cancer Society, in 2012, only about 42 percent of colorectal cancers were diagnosed at an early, more treatable and curable stage; and in 2005, only 56 percent of the population in California had received colorectal cancer screening according to the guidelines.

Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening which is why the American Cancer Society is committed to increasing screening rates to 80 percent by 2018.

ACS CAN is proud to be a part of the California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) which is a nonprofit organization established to increase colorectal cancer screening rates in an effort to decrease mortality associated with the disease, and implement strategies to reduce disparities in colorectal cancer screening, diagnosis, and treatment among underserved populations in California. For these reasons, ACS CAN supports SCR 118.

Sincerely,


Autumn J. Ogden
Director of State Legislation

California Office

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March 27, 2016

The Honorable Richard Gordon
Assembly rules Committee, Chair
California State Assembly
State Capitol, Room 3016
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: SCR 118 Glazer - Support

Dear Assemblymember Gorden

The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) is pleased to cosponsor SCR 118 declaring March Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) is a nonprofit organization (501(c)3) established to increase colorectal cancer screening rates, in an effort to decrease mortality rates associated with the disease. The C4 mission is to save lives and reduce suffering from colorectal cancer in all Californians. We are very proud to be a co-sponsor of SCR 118 with the American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network (ACSCAN).

As you are well aware, colon cancer is the second leading cause of cancer deaths in Californians. A death from colon cancer is truly a preventable tragedy since effective screening is available that can prevent most deaths from colon cancer. (1)

Colorectal cancer screening is the most cost effective cancer screening available. It is more cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening. It is also understandably more cost-effective than colorectal cancer treatment. Moreover, colorectal cancer screening is the only cancer screening effort that has been proven to save health care dollars in the screened population.

Despite the lifesaving and cost-saving benefits, screening rates remain low in California. This state is 14th in the nation in screening for Colorectal Cancer.

Designating March as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month is a nationwide endeavor to spread the message of the importance of early detection and screening for colorectal cancer. In California, many organizations and community groups will offer public education and awareness events. This Resolution will help us in this effort throughout 2016. More Californians will be screened and more individuals will not suffer from colon cancer.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Daniel S. Anderson'.

Daniel S. Anderson, MD, FACP
President, C4
2253 Soledad Rancho Rd
San Diego CA 92109
stonewallanderson3@gmail.com

1. Screening for colorectal cancer: U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommendation statement. *JAMA*. 2016;315(23):2564-2575. doi:10.1001/jama.2016.5989

Introduced by Senator Gaines

May 17, 2016

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 145—Relative to Prostate Cancer Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 145, as introduced, Gaines. Prostate Cancer Awareness Month. This measure would proclaim the month of September 2016 as Prostate Cancer Awareness Month in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Prostate cancer is the most frequently diagnosed
2 cancer in men aside from skin cancer. An estimated one in seven
3 men will develop this disease in his lifetime; and
4 WHEREAS, The American Cancer Society estimates that there
5 will be 180,890 new cases of prostate cancer in the United States
6 in 2016, resulting in an estimated 26,120 deaths; and
7 WHEREAS, An estimated 17,240 men in California will be
8 diagnosed with prostate cancer this year, and an estimated 3,050
9 men in California will die from this disease; and
10 WHEREAS, African American men have the highest prostate
11 cancer incidence rates in the world, and their prostate cancer
12 mortality rate in the United States is more than twice that of any
13 other ethnic group of men; and
14 WHEREAS, Early prostate cancer usually has no symptoms,
15 and studies suggest strong familial predisposition may be
16 responsible for 5 percent to 10 percent of the disease cases; and

1 WHEREAS, Advanced prostate cancer commonly spreads to
2 the bones, which can cause pain in the hips, spine, ribs, or other
3 areas in the body; and

4 WHEREAS, The survival rate approaches 100 percent when
5 prostate cancer is diagnosed and treated early, but it drops to 28
6 percent when it spreads to other parts of the body; and

7 WHEREAS, Treatment options for prostate cancer vary
8 depending on a man's age, the state and grade of his cancer, and
9 his other existing medical conditions; and

10 WHEREAS, The American Cancer Society recommends that a
11 man should have an opportunity to make an informed decision
12 about whether to be tested for prostate cancer based on his personal
13 values and preferences; now, therefore, be it

14 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
15 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature hereby proclaims the
16 month of September 2016 as Prostate Cancer Awareness Month
17 in California; and be it further

18 *Resolved*, That the Legislature joins communities across our
19 nation to increase awareness about the importance for men to make
20 informed decisions with their health care providers about early
21 detection and testing for prostate cancer; and be it further

22 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
23 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

SCR 145 (Gaines) – As Introduced May 17, 2016

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: Prostate Cancer Awareness Month

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of September 2016 as Prostate Cancer Awareness Month in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Prostate cancer is the most frequently diagnosed cancer in men aside from skin cancer, and it is estimated that one in seven men will develop this disease in his lifetime.
- 2) The American Cancer Society estimates that there will be 180,890 new cases of prostate cancer in the United States in 2016, resulting in an estimated 26,120 deaths.
- 3) It is estimated that in California, 17,240 men will be diagnosed with prostate cancer this year, and an estimated 3,050 California men will die from this disease.
- 4) The survival rate approaches 100 percent when prostate cancer is diagnosed and treated early, but drops to 28 percent when it spreads to other parts of the body.
- 5) Treatment options for prostate cancer vary depending on a man's age, state, and grade of his cancer, as well as his other existing medical conditions.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Berryhill

(Principal coauthor: Senator Nielsen)

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Cooley)

**(Coauthors: Senators Anderson, Bates, Gaines, Hall, Hertzberg,
Leno, Monning, Nguyen, and Pavley)**

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Gordon, Hadley, Kim, Mathis, and
Olsen)

June 20, 2016

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 156—Relative to the California
Conservation Corps.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

SCR 156, as introduced, Berryhill. California Conservation Corps:
40th Anniversary.

This measure would recognize the contributions of the California
Conservation Corps on the 40th anniversary of its creation.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The California Conservation Corps (CCC) was
- 2 created through legislation signed by Governor Edmund G. Brown
- 3 Jr. on July 7, 1976, and has grown over 40 years from small
- 4 beginnings to the oldest and largest state conservation corps
- 5 program in the nation; and
- 6 WHEREAS, In the six years after its inception, the CCC opened
- 7 21 centers, coined the motto “hard work, low pay, and miserable
- 8 conditions,” and garnered national and international attention for
- 9 its work; and
- 10 WHEREAS, With the elimination of its “sunset clause” in 1983,
- 11 the CCC became a permanent state department and then

1 consolidated various centers, added several dozen nonresidential
2 satellite facilities, and created the California Conservation Corps
3 Foundation; and

4 WHEREAS, In 1992 the focus of the corps' director was to
5 make the CCC "bigger and better" through an entrepreneurial
6 approach and to promote corpsmember development through
7 education, emergency response, and conservation work; and

8 WHEREAS, Throughout its history, the CCC has established
9 more than two dozen centers and sites throughout the state, in
10 urban, rural, and suburban locations, has hired approximately 3,000
11 people each year from all over the state to reflect the diversity of
12 California, and is now the only state program with year-round
13 residential centers; and

14 WHEREAS, As a cost-effective labor force working for more
15 than 250 local, state, and federal agencies, with crews tackling
16 more than 900 projects annually, the CCC has generated more than
17 \$26,000,000; and

18 WHEREAS, The CCC has contributed 69 million hours to
19 natural resource work throughout the state by providing more than
20 9.6 million hours of emergency response on nearly every major
21 California natural disaster since 1976, installing water-saving
22 devices and water-efficient irrigation systems, removing turf in
23 favor of drought-tolerant plants, and devoting more than 500,000
24 hours to fighting wildfires in 2015 alone; and

25 WHEREAS, Since the program began, the CCC has also planted
26 more than 21 million trees throughout the state, built or maintained
27 more than 10,840 miles of backcountry trails in California parks
28 and forests, and completed more than 1.6 million hours of fish
29 habitat improvement work and more than 11 million hours of work
30 improving rural and urban parks and recreation areas; and

31 WHEREAS, In addition to natural resource work, the CCC has
32 focused on advancing education and fostering a service ethic and
33 has had more than 4,000 corpsmembers work to complete their
34 high school diplomas in the last three years with several hundred
35 young people earning scholarships to advance their education.
36 Corpsmembers provided more than 74,000 community volunteer
37 hours in 2015 alone; and

38 WHEREAS, The CCC has been honored with numerous awards,
39 including the United Nations Environmental Programme Medal
40 for leadership in engaging youth in environmental projects and

1 the Times-Mirror Chevron Conservation Award for exceptional
2 service to the cause of conservation, and has been recognized by
3 Tom Brokaw of NBC Nightly News as the “best and
4 longest-running program of its kind in the country”; and

5 WHEREAS, The CCC has significantly impacted corpsmember
6 lives, and will continue to improve California’s natural resources
7 and recreational opportunities for many years to come; now,
8 therefore, be it

9 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
10 *thereof concurring,* That the Legislature recognizes the
11 contributions of the California Conservation Corps on the 40th
12 anniversary of its creation, and all of its former and current
13 corpsmembers, and supports the continued and steadfast efforts
14 of current corpsmembers in the protection and restoration of
15 California’s environment and responding to disasters; and be it
16 further

17 *Resolved,* That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
18 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: August 11, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Richard S. Gordon, Chair
SCR 156 (Berryhill) – As Introduced June 20, 2016

SENATE VOTE: 37-0

SUBJECT: California Conservation Corps: 40th Anniversary

SUMMARY: Recognizes the contributions of the California Conservation Corps on the 40th anniversary of its creation. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The California Conservation Corps (CCC) was created through legislation signed by Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. on July 7, 1976, and has grown over 40 years from small beginnings to the oldest and largest state conservation corps program in the nation.
- 2) In the six years after its inception, the CCC opened 21 centers, coined the motto "hard work, low pay, and miserable conditions," and garnered national and international attention for its work.
- 3) Throughout its history, the CCC has established more than two dozen centers and sites throughout the state, in urban, rural, and suburban locations, has hired approximately 3,000 people each year from all over the state to reflect the diversity of California, and is now the only state program with year-round residential centers.
- 4) As a cost-effective labor force working for more than 250 local, state, and federal agencies, with crews tackling more than 900 projects annually, the CCC has generated more than \$26 million.
- 5) The CCC has contributed 69 million hours to natural resource work throughout the state by providing more than 9.6 million hours of emergency response on nearly every major California natural disaster since 1976, installing water-saving devices and water-efficient irrigation systems, removing turf in favor of drought-tolerant plants, and devoting more than 500,000 hours to fighting wildfires in 2015 alone.
- 6) The CCC has been honored with numerous awards, including the United Nations Environmental Programme Medal for leadership in engaging youth in environmental projects and the Times-Mirror Chevron Conservation Award for exceptional service to the cause of conservation, and has been recognized by Tom Brokaw of NBC Nightly News as the "best and longest-running program of its kind in the country."

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY SEPTEMBER 4, 2015

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY SEPTEMBER 1, 2015

SENATE BILL

No. 580

Introduced by Senator Liu
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Holden)

February 26, 2015

An act to amend Sections 54237 and 54237.7 of the Government Code, relating to surplus residential ~~property, and making an appropriation therefor.~~ *property.*

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 580, as amended, Liu. Surplus residential property: affordable housing: historic buildings.

(1) Existing law declares the intent of the Legislature to preserve, upgrade, and expand the supply of housing to persons and families of low or moderate income, through the sale of specified surplus residential property owned by public agencies. Existing law establishes priorities and procedures that any state agency disposing of that surplus residential property is required to follow. Under existing law, specified single-family residences must first be offered to their former owners or present occupants, as specified. If the property is not sold to a former owner or present occupant, existing law requires that the property be offered to a housing-related private or public entity at a reasonable price for either limited equity cooperative housing or low and moderate income rental or owner-occupied housing, as specified.

This bill would authorize a local housing authority to purchase and rehabilitate surplus residential property within Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, La Cañada Flintridge, and the 90032 postal ZIP code. The local housing authority would be required to dedicate any

profits realized from a subsequent sale to the construction of affordable housing. The bill would also require that, prior to offering the property to a housing-related private or public entity as specified above, that property that is a historic home, as defined, be first offered to a housing-related public entity or a nonprofit private entity dedicated to rehabilitating and maintaining the historic home for public and community access and use.

(2) Existing law requires the Department of Transportation to deposit proceeds from sales of surplus residential property into the SR-710 Rehabilitation Account, a continuously appropriated fund, to be distributed, as specified, exclusively to fund projects located in Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, La Cañada Flintridge, and the 90032 postal ZIP code.

This bill would specifically require the department to deposit proceeds from the sale of surplus residential property from the department to a new owner in the SR-710 Rehabilitation Account. This bill would establish the Affordable Housing Trust Account within the Housing Finance Fund and require the net proceeds from a subsequent market sale of surplus residential property sold pursuant to these provisions at an affordable or reasonable price, as specified, be deposited in this account. The bill ~~would continuously appropriate~~ *would, upon appropriation by the Legislature, make funds in this account available* to the California Housing Finance Agency to carry out specified activities for the benefit persons residing exclusively within Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, La Cañada Flintridge, and the 90032 postal ZIP code.

(3) This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, La Cañada Flintridge, and the 90032 postal ZIP code.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: ~~yes~~*no*. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 54237 of the Government Code is
- 2 amended to read:
- 3 54237. (a) Notwithstanding Section 11011.1, an agency of the
- 4 state disposing of surplus residential property shall do so in
- 5 accordance with the following priorities and procedures:

1 (1) First, all single-family residences presently occupied by
2 their former owners shall be offered to those former owners at the
3 appraised fair market value.

4 (2) Second, all single-family residences shall be offered,
5 pursuant to this article, to their present occupants who have
6 occupied the property two years or more and who are persons and
7 families of low or moderate income.

8 (3) Third, all single-family residences shall be offered, pursuant
9 to this article, to their present occupants who have occupied the
10 property five years or more and whose household income does not
11 exceed 150 percent of the area median income.

12 (4) Fourth, a single-family residence shall not be offered,
13 pursuant to this article, to present occupants who are not the former
14 owners of the property if the present occupants have had an
15 ownership interest in real property in the last three years.

16 (b) Single-family residences offered to their present occupants
17 pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (a) shall be
18 offered to those present occupants at an affordable price. The price
19 shall not be less than the price paid by the agency for original
20 acquisition, unless the acquisition price was greater than the current
21 fair market value, and shall not be greater than fair market value.
22 When a single-family residence is offered to present occupants at
23 a price that is less than fair market value, the selling agency shall
24 impose terms, conditions, and restrictions to ensure that the housing
25 will remain available to persons and families of low or moderate
26 income and households with incomes no greater than the incomes
27 of the present occupants in proportion to the area median income.
28 The Department of Housing and Community Development shall
29 provide to the selling agency recommendations of standards and
30 criteria for these prices, terms, conditions, and restrictions. The
31 selling agency shall provide repairs required by lenders and
32 government housing assistance programs, or, at the option of the
33 agency, provide the present occupants with a replacement dwelling
34 pursuant to Section 54237.5.

35 (c) If single-family residences are offered to their present
36 occupants pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (a),
37 the occupants shall certify their income and assets to the selling
38 agency. When a single-family residence is offered to present
39 occupants at a price that is less than fair market value, the selling
40 agency may verify the certifications, in accordance with procedures

1 utilized for verification of incomes of purchasers and occupants
2 of housing financed by the California Housing Finance Agency
3 and with regulations adopted for the verification of assets by the
4 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
5 The income and asset limitations and term of residency
6 requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (a) shall not
7 apply to sales that are described as mitigation measures in an
8 environmental study prepared pursuant to the Public Resources
9 Code, if the study was initiated before this measure was enacted.

10 (d) All other surplus residential properties and all properties
11 described in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (a) that are
12 not purchased by the former owners or the present occupants shall
13 be then offered as follows:

14 (1) Except as required by paragraph (2), the property shall be
15 offered to a housing-related private or public entity at a reasonable
16 price, which is best suited to economically feasible use of the
17 property as decent, safe, and sanitary housing at affordable rents
18 and affordable prices for persons and families of low or moderate
19 income, on the condition that the purchasing entity shall cause the
20 property to be rehabilitated and used as follows:

21 (A) If the housing-related entity is a public entity, the entity
22 shall dedicate profits realized from a subsequent sale, as specified
23 in subdivision (b) of Section 54237.7, to the construction of
24 affordable housing within Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra,
25 La Cañada Flintridge, and the 90032 postal ZIP code.

26 (B) If the entity is a private housing-related entity or a
27 housing-related public entity, the entity shall cause the property
28 to be developed as limited equity cooperative housing with first
29 right of occupancy to present occupants, except that where the
30 development of cooperative or cooperatives is not feasible, the
31 purchasing entity shall cause the property to be used for low and
32 moderate income rental or owner-occupied housing, with first right
33 of occupancy to the present tenants. The price of the property in
34 no case shall be less than the price paid by the entity for original
35 acquisition unless the acquisition price was greater than current
36 fair market value and shall not be greater than fair market value.
37 Subject to the foregoing, it shall be set at the level necessary to
38 provide housing at affordable rents and affordable prices for present
39 tenants and persons and families of low or moderate income. When
40 residential property is offered at a price that is less than fair market

1 value, the selling agency shall impose terms, conditions, and
2 restrictions as will ensure that the housing will remain available
3 to persons and families of low or moderate income. The
4 Department of Housing and Community Development shall provide
5 to the selling agency recommendations of standards and criteria
6 for prices, terms, conditions, and restrictions.

7 (2) (A) If the property is a historic home, the property shall be
8 offered first to a housing-related public entity subject to
9 subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) or to a nonprofit private
10 entity dedicated to rehabilitating and maintaining the historic home
11 for public and community access and use subject to subparagraph
12 (B) of paragraph (1).

13 (B) For the purposes of this subdivision, “historic home” means
14 single-family surplus residential property that is listed on, or for
15 which an application has been filed for listing on, at least one of
16 the following by January 1, 2015:

17 (i) The California Register of Historical Resources, as
18 established pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 5020)
19 of Chapter 1 of Division 5 of the Public Resources Code.

20 (ii) The National Register of Historic Places, as established
21 pursuant to Chapter 3021 of Title 54 of the United States Code.

22 (iii) The National Register of Historic Places, as previously
23 established pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act (16
24 U.S.C. Sec. 470 et seq.).

25 (e) A surplus residential property not sold pursuant to
26 subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, shall then be sold at fair market
27 value, with priority given first to purchasers who are present tenants
28 in good standing with all rent obligations current and paid in full,
29 second to former tenants who were in good standing at the time
30 they vacated the premises, with priority given to the most recent
31 tenants first, and then to purchasers who will be owner occupants.
32 The selling agency may commence the sale of property that former
33 tenants may possess a right to purchase as provided by this
34 subdivision 30 days after the selling agency has done both of the
35 following:

36 (1) Posted information regarding the sale under this subdivision
37 on the selling agency’s Internet Web site.

38 (2) Made a good faith effort to provide written notice, by
39 first-class mail, to the last known address of each former tenant.

(f) Tenants in good standing of nonresidential properties shall be given priority to purchase, at fair market value, the property they rent, lease, or otherwise legally occupy.

SEC. 2. Section 54237.7 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54237.7. (a) Notwithstanding Section 183.1 of the Streets and Highways Code, the Department of Transportation shall deposit proceeds from the sale of surplus residential property from the department to a new owner pursuant to this article into the SR-710 Rehabilitation Account, which is hereby created. Notwithstanding Section 13340, funds in the account are hereby continuously appropriated to the department without regard to fiscal years for the purpose of providing repairs required pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 54237. The total funds maintained in the account shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000). Funds exceeding that amount, less any reimbursements due to the federal government, shall be transferred to the State Highway Account in the State Transportation Fund to be used for allocation by the California Transportation Commission (commission) exclusively to fund projects located in Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, La Cañada Flintridge, and the 90032 postal ZIP Code. Projects shall be selected and prioritized by the affected communities in consultation with the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, pursuant to guidelines developed by the commission. The Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority shall submit a proposed program of projects and the commission shall have final authority to approve the projects. Eligible projects may include, but are not limited to: sound walls; transit and rail capital improvements; bikeways; pedestrian improvements; signal synchronization; left turn signals; and major street resurfacing, rehabilitation, and reconstruction. The funds shall not be used to advance or construct any proposed North State Route 710 tunnel. Any funds remaining in the SR-710 Rehabilitation Account on the date that final payment due for the last of the properties repaired has been made, less any reimbursements due to the federal government, shall be transferred to the State Highway Account in the State Transportation Fund, to be used exclusively for the purposes described in this section.

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the net proceeds from a subsequent market sale of surplus residential property sold pursuant

1 to this article at an affordable or reasonable price, as specified in
2 regulations adopted by the department, shall be deposited into the
3 Affordable Housing Trust Account, which is hereby created within
4 the Housing Finance Fund and, notwithstanding Section 13340,
5 continuously appropriated Fund. The moneys in this account shall,
6 upon appropriation by the Legislature, be made available to the
7 California Housing Finance Agency to carry out any activity
8 authorized by Part 3 (commencing with Section 50900) of Division
9 31 of the Health and Safety Code for the benefit of persons and
10 families of low and moderate income residing exclusively in
11 Pasadena, South Pasadena, Alhambra, La Cañada Flintridge, and
12 the 90032 postal ZIP code. The priority for the distribution of
13 proceeds from subsequent sales shall be established pursuant to
14 regulations adopted by the department.

15 SEC. 3. The Legislature finds and declares that a special law
16 is necessary and that a general law cannot be made applicable
17 within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California
18 Constitution because of the unique circumstances relating to
19 affordable housing and surplus properties in the State Route 710
20 corridor.

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California State Senate

SENATOR
CAROL LIU

TWENTY-FIFTH SENATE DISTRICT



COMMITTEES
EDUCATION
CHAIR
EDUCATION SUBCOMMITTEE
ON COMMUNITY SCHOOLS
CHAIR
ELECTIONS &
CONSTITUTIONAL
AMENDMENTS
HUMAN SERVICES
INSURANCE
PUBLIC SAFETY
SELECT COMMITTEE ON AGING
& LONG TERM CARE
CHAIR

Monday, August 8, 2016

Assembly Member Richard S. Gordon
Chairman
Assembly Rules Committee
State Capitol, Room 3016
Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Chairman Gordon:

I respectfully request permission from the Assembly Rules Committee to add an urgency clause to SB 580, regarding the sale of excess property by Caltrans on proposed State Route 710 right-of-way. The routing for the 710-North project has changed since both residential and commercial properties were acquired by the state over 60 years ago, thus rendering many properties excess and available for sale.

Regulations implementing my SB 416 enacted in 2014 to expedite the sale of these properties have just been approved by the Office of Administrative Law. SB 580, now at the Assembly desk and to be floor managed by Assembly Member Holden, contains provisions further advancing the sales process as set forth in the newly approved regulations. With the addition of an urgency clause, enactment of SB 580 will further advance sale of the properties, creating affordable housing, putting properties back in the hands of prideful owners, stabilizing neighborhoods, and generating revenues for transportation improvements.

I hope you will hear this request in the Rules Committee on Thursday and grant approval. Thank you for your assistance. My Chief of Staff, Suzanne Reed, is available to answer any questions the Committee staff may have. She can be reached at Suzanne.Reed@sen.ca.gov or 916-651-4025. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Carol Liu".

CAROL LIU
Senator
25th District

cc: Assembly Member Chris Holden

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