

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY CHAIR VICE CHAIR CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

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MATHIS, DEVON J.
RUBIO, BLANCA E.
VILLAPUDUA, CARLOS

LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT) VALLADARES, SUZETTE MARTINEZ (R-ALT)

Thursday, February 24, 2022 8:45 a.m. State Capitol, Room 437

CONSENT AGENDA

BILL REFERRALS

I.	Bill Referrals		Page 2		
RESOLUTIONS					
2.	ACR-145 (Reyes)	Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Day and Month. (refer/hear)	Page 8		
3.	HR-90 (O'Donnell)	Read Across America Day. (refer/hear)	Page 13		
4.	HR-91 (Maienschein)	Rare Disease Day. (refer/hear)	Page 16		
5.	SCR-63 (Hurtado)	Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day.	Page 19		
6.	SCR-65 (Rubio)	Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month.	Page 24		
7.	SCR-66 (Dodd)	Public health: Eating disorders. (refer/hear)	Page 30		



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CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
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Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules KEN COOLEY

VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM

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MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) SUZETTE VALLADARES (R-ALT.)

CARLOS VILLAPUDUA

Memo

To: Rules Committee Members

From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant

Date: 2/23/2022

Re: Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, HR 91 has been added to the list of referrals. The referral recommendation for AB 2093, AB 2105, and AB 2131 has changed.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

02/24/2022

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

I disuant to the Assembly Rules, the follows	ing only were referred to commit
Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>AB 1851</u>	L. & E.
AB 1953	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 2000</u>	TRANS.
AB 2001	B. & F.
AB 2001	P. & C.P.
AB 2002	H. & C.D.
AB 2004	HIGHER ED.
AB 2005	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2006</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2007</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2009</u>	A.,E.,S.,T., & I.M.
<u>AB 2013</u>	H. & C.D.
AB 2015	L. GOV.
AB 2015	P.E. & R.
<u>AB 2016</u>	W., P., & W.
AB 2017	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2019</u>	J., E.D., & E.
<u>AB 2020</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2020</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2023</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2024</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2025</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 2026</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2026</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2027</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2028</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2029</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2030</u>	ELECTIONS
<u>AB 2030</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2031</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2032</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2032</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2033</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2034</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2035</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2037</u>	ELECTIONS
<u>AB 2037</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 2038</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2040</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2041</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 2044</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2045</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>AB 2045</u>	HIGHER ED.

HIGHER ED.

AB 2046

AB 2048	NAT. RES.
AB 2049	H. & C.D.
AB 2051	ED.
AB 2052	HUM. S.
AB 2053	H. & C.D.
AB 2054	REV. & TAX.
AB 2056	TRANS.
AB 2057	TRANS.
AB 2058	ED.
AB 2059	E.S. & T.M.
AB 2060	B. & P.
AB 2000 AB 2061	TRANS.
AB 2001 AB 2061	U. & E.
	PUB. S.
AB 2062	
AB 2063	H. & C.D.
AB 2063	L. GOV.
AB 2065	REV. & TAX.
AB 2066	C. & C.
AB 2070	U. & E.
AB 2071	TRANS.
AB 2072	ED.
AB 2072	HEALTH
<u>AB 2073</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2074</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2076</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2076</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2077</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2078</u>	W., P., & W.
<u>AB 2079</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2080</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2080</u>	JUD.
AB 2081	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2082</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 2085</u>	PUB. S.
AB 2093	HIGHER ED.
AB 2094	H. & C.D.
AB 2094	L. GOV.
AB 2096	HEALTH
AB 2097	L. GOV.
AB 2097	H. & C.D.
AB 2098	B. & P.
AB 2100	JUD.
AB 2100	HUM. S.
AB 2101	NAT. RES.
AB 2104	B. & P.
AB 2105	B. & P.
AB 2106	E.S. & T.M.
AB 2100 AB 2108	E.S. & T.M.
<u> </u>	L.D. & 1.1VI.

AB 2109	W., P., & W.
AB 2110	L. & E.
AB 2113	E.S. & T.M.
AB 2115	NAT. RES.
AB 2116	ED.
AB 2117	HEALTH
AB 2119	M. & V.A.
AB 2120	TRANS.
AB 2121	ED.
AB 2122	HIGHER ED.
AB 2123	HEALTH
AB 2124	ED.
AB 2125	TRANS.
AB 2126	PUB. S.
AB 2128	W., P., & W.
AB 2130	HEALTH
AB 2130	E.M.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HUM. S.
AB 2131	ED.
AB 2131	
AB 2135	P. & C.P.
AB 2135	A. & A.R.
AB 2136	A. & A.R.
AB 2137	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2138</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2139</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2142</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2144</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2145</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2146</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 2147</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2148</u>	INS.
<u>AB 2150</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 2151</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2152</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2153</u>	HUM. S.
AB 2153	AGRI.
AB 2154	INS.
AB 2156	PUB. S.
AB 2159	JUD.
AB 2159	HUM. S.
AB 2160	NAT. RES.
AB 2161	ELECTIONS
AB 2162	ED.
AB 2163	E.S. & T.M.
AB 2164	JUD.
AB 2166	H. & C.D.
AB 2169	PUB. S.
AB 2170	JUD.
110 2110	D 5 627

<u>AB 2173</u>	A. & A.R.
<u>AB 2175</u>	AGING & L.T.C.
<u>AB 2177</u>	NAT. RES.
AB 2178	B. & P.
AB 2179	L. GOV.
AB 2179	H. & C.D.
AB 2180	HUM. S.
AB 2181	L. GOV.
AB 2182	L. & E.
AB 2182	JUD.
AB 2185	PUB. S.
AB 2186	H. & C.D.
AB 2186	L. GOV.
AB 2187	HIGHER ED.
AB 2188	L. & E.
AB 2188	JUD.
AB 2189	HUM. S.
AB 2190	P. & C.P.
AB 2191	B. & F.
AB 2192	TRANS.
AB 2192	P. & C.P.
AB 2194	B. & P.
AB 2194 AB 2195	PUB. S.
AB 2196	B. & P.
AB 2197	TRANS.
AB 2198	PUB. S.
AB 2200	J., E.D., & E.
AB 2203	H. & C.D.
AB 2203	JUD.
AB 2206	TRANS.
AB 2207	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2208</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 2211</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2213</u>	AGRI.
<u>AB 2214</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2214</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2215</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2216</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2217</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2218</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 2218</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2219</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2222</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2225</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2226</u>	J., E.D., & E.
AB 2226	A.,E.,S.,T., & I.M.
<u>AB 2227</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2229</u>	PUB. S.
	D 6 . C 27

<u>AB 2230</u>	HUM. S.
AB 2233	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2234</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2234</u>	H. & C.D.
ACR 144	TRANS.
ACR 145	RLS.
<u>ACR 146</u>	RLS.
ACR 148	TRANS.
ACR 149	RLS.
ACR 150	RLS.
ACR 151	TRANS.
<u>HR 89</u>	RLS.
<u>HR 90</u>	RLS.
<u>HR 91</u>	RLS.
SCR 66	RLS.

Introduced by Assembly Member Reyes

February 17, 2022

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 145—Relative to triple-negative breast cancer.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 145, as introduced, Reyes. Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Day and Month.

This measure would proclaim March 3, 2022, as Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Day and the month of March 2022 as Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Month.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Breast cancer is among the most commonly
- 2 diagnosed cancers and the second leading cause of cancer death
- 3 among women in the United States; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Approximately 281,550 women will be diagnosed
- 5 with breast cancer and nearly 43,600 will die with this malignancy
- 6 in 2022; and
- WHEREAS, Triple-negative breast cancer is one of many forms
- 8 of breast cancer and accounts for about 15 to 30 percent of all
- 9 diagnosed invasive breast cancer cases in the United States; and
- WHEREAS, More than 53,700 new breast cancer cases in 2019
- in the United States were triple-negative breast cancer with higher
- prevalence among younger women, Black and Hispanic women,
- women with type 2 diabetes or carrying excess weight in the

 $ACR 145 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

abdomen area, and women with breast cancer gene 1 (BRCA1) mutations; and

WHEREAS, Due to its aggressive behavior, triple-negative breast cancer grows quickly and is more likely to have spread at the time it is found and is more likely to come back after treatment than other types of breast cancer, and

WHEREAS, People diagnosed with metastatic triple-negative breast cancer have a less than 30 percent chance of surviving past five years; and

WHEREAS, Triple-negative breast cancer cells do not contain three key receptors that medicines typically target in other types of breast cancers. As a result, there are limited treatment options that can be used to treat the cancer; and

WHEREAS, Patients with an early diagnosis of triple-negative breast cancer can often be treated with chemotherapy, radiation, and surgery. However, the limited therapies available specifically addressing the management of triple-negative breast cancer has made treating this disease a challenge for clinicians; and

WHEREAS, Recent innovation in targeted therapies have fueled advances in the fight against triple-negative breast cancer; and

WHEREAS, Studies have shown that triple-negative breast cancer disease-specific mortality rates are often higher for patients who have Medicaid or Medicare or are from lower socioeconomic backgrounds. Further, compared with non-Hispanic white women, Black women are 48 percent less likely to receive guideline-adherent care and have an approximate two-fold higher mortality incidence, resulting in a disproportionately higher risk of death from triple-negative breast cancer; and

WHEREAS, Advances in breast cancer screening and treatment over the last few decades have reduced the overall breast cancer mortality rate, yet the disproportionate impact of triple-negative breast cancer on racial and ethnic minority communities raises considerations about the underlying determinants driving the disparities; and

WHEREAS, It is necessary to promote triple-negative breast cancer education, raise awareness about the disease-related disparities, and tackle inequities within health care delivery, including inadequate access to screening, diagnostic testing, and care, in order to improve early detection and survival; and

-3- ACR 145

WHEREAS, Additional legislative provisions should be examined to safeguard affordable, continuous, and equitable patient access to triple-negative breast-cancer-related care, services, and medicines along the entire continuum of care; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature supports health promotion initiatives that target underserved communities disproportionately impacted by triple-negative breast cancer and that promote cultural sensitivity and workforce diversity policies in health care provider training and guarantee timely patient access to clinically appropriate treatment options identified in the National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) Guidelines; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature proclaims March 3, 2022, as Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Day and the month of March 2022 as Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Month; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: February 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 145 (Reyes) – As Introduced February 17, 2022

SUBJECT: Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Day and Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims March 3, 2022, as Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Day and the month of March 2022 as Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Awareness Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Breast cancer is among the most commonly diagnosed cancers and the second leading cause of cancer death among women in the United States. Approximately 281,550 women will be diagnosed with breast cancer and nearly 43,600 will die with this malignancy in 2022.
- 2) Triple-negative breast cancer is one of many forms of breast cancer and accounts for about 15 to 30 percent of all diagnosed invasive breast cancer cases in the United States.
- 3) More than 53,700 new breast cancer cases in 2019 in the United States were triple-negative breast cancer with higher prevalence among younger women, Black and Hispanic women, women with type 2 diabetes or carrying excess weight in the abdomen area, and women with breast cancer gene 1 (BRCA1) mutations.
- 4) Due to its aggressive behavior, triple-negative breast cancer grows quickly and is more likely to have spread at the time it is found and is more likely to come back after treatment than other types of breast cancer.
- 5) Triple-negative breast cancer cells do not contain three key receptors that medicines typically target in other types of breast cancers. As a result, there are limited treatment options that can be used to treat the cancer.
- 6) Patients with an early diagnosis of triple-negative breast cancer can often be treated with chemotherapy, radiation, and surgery. However, the limited therapies available specifically addressing the management of triple-negative breast cancer has made treating this disease a challenge for clinicians.
- 7) Advances in breast cancer screening and treatment over the last few decades have reduced the overall breast cancer mortality rate, yet the disproportionate impact of triple-negative breast cancer on racial and ethnic minority communities raises considerations about the underlying determinants driving the disparities.
- 8) It is necessary to promote triple-negative breast cancer education, raise awareness about the disease-related disparities, and tackle inequities within health care delivery, including inadequate access to screening, diagnostic testing, and care, in order to improve early detection and survival

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

No. 90

Introduced by Assembly Member O'Donnell

February 17, 2022

House Resolution No. 90—Relative to Read Across America Day.

1 WHEREAS, Reading is the building block to learning and the foundation for future success; and

3 WHEREAS, In 1998, the National Education Association celebrated the Read Across America campaign to raise awareness 5 about the importance of reading; and

WHEREAS, The California Teachers Association celebrates Read Across America and the positive impact it has made in the schools and the State of California; and

WHEREAS, Read Across America is a national celebration of reading that promotes literacy, reading, and adult involvement in the education of pupils, and will be celebrated on March 2 in honor of Dr. Seuss's birthday; and

WHEREAS, To celebrate the joy of reading, pupils, parents, educators, sports figures, celebrities, firefighters, and business and community leaders are taking part in Read Across America events throughout the nation; and

WHEREAS, On March 2, 2022, the National Education Association, the California Teachers Association, local schools,

19 libraries, bookstores, businesses, and other community

20 organizations will commemorate Read Across America Day; now,

21 therefore, be it

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22 Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the

23 Assembly joins the California Teachers Association in recognizing

24 March 2, 2022, as Read Across America Day; and be it further

HR 90 _2_

- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: February 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

HR 90 (O'Donnell) – As Introduced February 17, 2022

SUBJECT: Read Across America Day.

SUMMARY: Recognizes March 2, 2022, as Read Across America Day. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Reading is the building block to learning and the foundation for future success; and, in 1998, the National Education Association celebrated the Read Across America campaign to raise awareness about the importance of reading.
- 2) Read Across America is a national celebration that promotes literacy, reading, and adult involvement in the education of pupils, and will be celebrated on March 2 in honor of Dr. Seuss's birthday.
- 3) To celebrate the joy of reading, pupils, parents, teachers, sports figures, celebrities, firefighters, and business and community leaders are taking part in Read Across America events throughout the nation.
- 4) On March 2, 2022, the National Education Association, the California Teachers Association, local schools, libraries, bookstores, businesses, and other community organizations will commemorate Read Across America Day.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

No. 91

Introduced by Assembly Member Maienschein

February 23, 2022

House Resolution No. 91—Relative to Rare Disease Day.

WHEREAS, There are nearly 7,000 diseases and conditions that are considered rare, each affecting fewer than 200,000

Americans, according to the National Institutes of Health; and

WHEREAS, Of these nearly 7,000 rare diseases, more than 80

percent are considered ultrarare, affecting less than a few thousand

6 Americans; and

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WHEREAS, While each of these diseases may affect a small number of people, rare diseases as a group affect almost 30 million

9 Americans; and

> WHEREAS, Many rare diseases are serious and debilitating conditions that have a significant impact on the lives of those affected; and

> WHEREAS, While more than 600 drugs and biologics have been approved for the treatment of rare diseases, according to the

United States Food and Drug Administration, millions of

15 Americans still have rare diseases for which there is no approved

treatment: and

18 WHEREAS, Individuals and families affected by rare diseases 19 often experience problems such as diagnosis delay, difficulty

finding a medical expert, and lack of access to treatments or 20

21 ancillary services; and

22 WHEREAS, While the public is familiar with some rare 23

diseases, such as "Lou Gehrig's disease," and are sympathetic to

those affected, many patients and families affected by less widely 24

HR 91 _2_

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known rare diseases bear a large share of the burden of funding research and raising public awareness to support the search for 3 treatments; and

- WHEREAS, Millions of Californians are among those affected 4 by rare diseases because nearly one in 10 Americans has a rare 5 6 disease; and
- WHEREAS, The National Organization for Rare Disorders is 8 organizing a nationwide observance of Rare Disease Day on 9 February 28, 2022; and
- WHEREAS, Thousands of patients, caregivers, medical 10 professionals, researchers, companies developing orphan products 11 to treat people with rare diseases, and others in the State of California will participate in that observance; now, therefore, be 13 14
- Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the 15 Assembly hereby proclaims February 28, 2022, as Rare Disease 16 Day in California; and be it further 17
- 18 *Resolved,* That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies 19 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

Date of Hearing: February 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Ken Cooley, Chair

HR 91 (Maienschein) – As Introduced February 23, 2022

SUBJECT: Rare Disease Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims February 28, 2022, as Rare Disease Day in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) There are nearly 7,000 diseases and conditions that are considered rare, each affecting fewer than 200,000 Americans, according to the National Institutes of Health.
- 2) While each of these diseases may affect a small number of people, rare diseases as a group affect almost 30 million Americans and many rare diseases are serious and debilitating conditions that have a significant impact on the lives of those affected.
- 3) While more than 600 drugs and biologics have been approved for the treatment of rare diseases, according to the United States Food and Drug Administration, millions of Americans still have rare diseases for which there is no approved treatment.
- 4) Individuals and families affected by rare diseases often experience problems such as diagnosis delay, difficulty finding a medical expert, and lack of access to treatments or ancillary services.
- 5) While the public is familiar with some rare diseases, such as "Lou Gehrig's disease," and are sympathetic to those affected, many patients and families affected by less widely known rare diseases bear a large share of the burden of funding research and raising public awareness to support the search for treatments.
- 6) Millions of Californians are among those affected by rare diseases because nearly one in 10 Americans has a rare disease.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Hurtado

(Coauthors: Senators Atkins, Bates, Caballero, Durazo, Eggman, Gonzalez, Grove, Kamlager, Leyva, Limón, Melendez, Ochoa Bogh, Rubio, and Skinner)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Bauer-Kahan, Boerner Horvath, Mia Bonta, Calderon, Carrillo, Davies, Cristina Garcia, Petrie-Norris, Reyes, Luz Rivas, and Blanca Rubio)

January 3, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 63—Relative to Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 63, as introduced, Hurtado. Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day. This measure would proclaim January 27, 2022, as Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day, in recognition of Senator Rose Ann Vuich as the first woman elected to the California State Senate, to honor Senator Vuich's service to the Senate, and to appropriately reflect the Senator's stature and legacy.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Senator Rose Ann Vuich blazed a trail for women
- 2 in the California Legislature by being the first woman elected to
- 3 the State Senate; and
- WHEREAS, Senator Vuich was first elected to the Senate in
- 5 1976 and served four consecutive terms until 1992; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Senator Vuich was a second-generation Serbian
- 7 American from the small farm town of Dinuba, in Tulare County,
- 8 California; and

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WHEREAS, Before election to the Senate, Senator Vuich had distinguished careers as a farmer, President of the Dinuba Chamber of Commerce, a tax accountant, an estate planner, and an office manager; and

WHEREAS, Senator Vuich was an expert in agricultural development and international trade and chaired the California State Legislature Rural Caucus and the Senate Banking, Commerce, and International Trade Committee; and

WHEREAS, Senator Vuich authored California's Agricultural Export Finance Program, which became a national model; and

WHEREAS, Senator Vuich authored legislation that created the former California Trade and Commerce Agency; and

WHEREAS, Senator Vuich was the only woman in the California Senate for two years and served as the Senate's female conscience by keeping a small porcelain bell to ring whenever a colleague addressed the "gentlemen" of the Senate, as a reminder that a gentlewoman was present in the chambers; and

WHEREAS, Senator Vuich was a person of integrity who took public responsibilities very seriously and gave constituents fair, ethical consideration of issues and conscientious, cost-effective delivery of service; and

WHEREAS, Senator Vuich's tenure in the California State Senate marked the beginning of positive change by paving the way for future women legislators who have joined that legacy. There are currently 15 women in the Senate and 24 in the Assembly; and

WHEREAS, The restroom near the Senate Chamber was designated "The Rose Room" in Senator Vuich's honor, as it was installed because at the time there was no women's restroom nearby, and Committee Hearing Room 2040 is known as the Rose Ann Vuich Hearing Room; now, therefore, be it

Ann Vuich Hearing Room; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby designates January 27, 2022, as Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day, in recognition of Senator Rose Ann Vuich as the first woman elected to the California State Senate, to honor Senator Vuich's service to the Senate, and to appropriately reflect the Senator's stature and legacy;

37 and be it further

SCR 63 _3_

- *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the Chief Clerk of the Assembly and to the author for appropriate distribution. 1
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Date of Hearing: February 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

SCR 63 (Hurtado) – As Introduced January 3, 2022

SENATE VOTE: 37-0

SUBJECT: Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims January 27, 2022, as Rose Ann Vuich Recognition Day, in recognition of Senator Rose Ann Vuich as the first woman elected to the California State Senate, to honor Senator Vuich's service to the Senate, and to appropriately reflect the Senator's stature and legacy. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Senator Rose Ann Vuich blazed a trail for women in the California Legislature by being the first woman elected to the State Senate. Senator Vuich was first elected to the Senate in 1976 and served four consecutive terms until 1992.
- 2) Before election to the Senate, Senator Vuich had distinguished careers as a farmer, President of the Dinuba Chamber of Commerce, a tax accountant, an estate planner, and an office manager.
- 3) Senator Vuich was an expert in agricultural development and international trade and chaired the California State Legislature Rural Caucus and the Senate Banking, Commerce, and International Trade Committee.
- 4) Senator Vuich authored California's Agricultural Export Finance Program, which became a national model. She authored legislation that created the former California Trade and Commerce Agency.
- 5) Senator Vuich was the only woman in the California Senate for two years and served as the Senate's female conscience by keeping a small porcelain bell to ring whenever a colleague addressed the "gentlemen" of the Senate, as a reminder that a gentlewoman was present in the chambers.
- 6) Senator Vuich was a person of integrity who took public responsibilities very seriously and gave constituents fair, ethical consideration of issues and conscientious, cost-effective delivery of service.
- 7) Senator Vuich's tenure in the California State Senate marked the beginning of positive change by paving the way for future women legislators who have joined that legacy. There are currently 15 women in the Senate and 24 in the Assembly.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

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Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Rubio (Coauthors: Senators Caballero, Min, and Ochoa Bogh)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Davies, Gipson, and Blanca Rubio)

January 24, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 65—Relative to Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 65, as introduced, Rubio. Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month.

This measure would proclaim the month of February 2022 as Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month, and would call upon the people of California to observe the month with programs and activities that raise awareness about the dynamics of teen dating violence and that support youth in learning the skills to have safe and healthy relationships.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Teen dating violence, also known as dating abuse,
- 2 is a serious and growing problem throughout California; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Teen dating violence intervention and prevention
- 4 programs can help to ensure a positive school climate and safe
- 5 learning environment for all youth 12 to 24 years of age, inclusive;
- 6 and
- WHEREAS, Education and outreach programs to community
- 8 members address warning signs of teen dating violence among
- 9 youth before behaviors escalate and protect the safety of targeted
- 10 youth; and

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WHEREAS, Consistent with the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommendations for a comprehensive primary prevention program, multiple strategies are required, such as teaching safe and healthy relationship skills, 4 engaging influential adults and peers, disrupting the developmental 5 6 pathways toward partner violence, creating environments, strengthening economic supports for families, and 7 8 supporting survivors to increase safety and lessen harm; and

WHEREAS, Each year, an estimated one in 10 high school students is physically hurt on purpose by a dating partner; and

WHEREAS, According to the CDC model, Dating Matters: Strategies to Promote Healthy Teen Relationships, one in three adolescents reports verbal, emotional, physical, or sexual dating abuse each year; and

WHEREAS, American Indian and Alaska Native children suffer exposure to violence at rates higher than any other race in the United States; and

WHEREAS, According to the American Psychological Association, one in three teens 14 to 20 years of age, inclusive, has experienced dating abuse, and about the same number say that they have committed dating abuse themselves; and

WHEREAS, According to the CDC, one in 11 female teens and one in 15 male teens reported experiencing physical violence in the last year; and

WHEREAS, According to the CDC, one in 9 female teens and one in 36 male teens reported experiencing sexual dating violence in the last year; and

WHEREAS, Forty-three percent of lesbian, gay, or bisexual (LGB) teens reported experiencing physical dating violence, compared to 29 percent of heterosexual youth; and

WHEREAS, Fifty-nine percent of LGB teens reported emotional abuse, compared to 46 percent of heterosexual youth; and

WHEREAS, Fifty percent of transgender youth reported experiencing sexual violence at some point in their lives; and

WHEREAS, Teen dating violence has been linked to other forms of violence and aggression against peers, including bullying, sexual harassment, sexual violence, and physical violence; and

WHEREAS, Survivors of teen dating violence have increased risk for truancy, dropout, teen pregnancy, suicide, having eating

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disorders, and engaging in other harmful behaviors, such as use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs; and

WHEREAS, Nearly one-half of students who experience dating violence have reported that some of the abuse took place on school grounds; and

WHEREAS, Youth who are survivors in high school are at higher risk for victimization during college, and adolescent perpetrators of dating violence are more likely to abuse their intimate partners as adults; and

WHEREAS, The establishment of Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month will benefit schools, communities, families, and all youth; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature proclaims the month of February 2022 as Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month, and supports communities to empower teens to develop healthy and violence-free relationships throughout their lives; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature calls upon the people of California, including schools, community groups, families, and youth, to observe Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month with programs and activities that raise awareness about the dynamics of teen dating violence and that support youth in learning the skills to have safe and healthy relationships; and be it further

25 Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: February 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

SCR 65 (Rubio) – As Introduced January 24, 2022

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of February 2022 as Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month; and, calls upon the people of California to observe the month with programs and activities that raise awareness about the dynamics of teen dating violence and that support youth in learning the skills to have safe and healthy relationships. Specifically, this resolution makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Teen dating violence, also known as dating abuse, is a serious and growing problem throughout California; and, has been linked to other forms of violence and aggression against peers, including bullying, sexual harassment, sexual violence, and physical violence.
- 2) Survivors of teen dating violence have increased risk for truancy, dropout, teen pregnancy, suicide, having eating disorders, and engaging in other harmful behaviors such as the use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
- 3) Teen dating violence intervention and prevention programs can help to ensure a positive school climate and safe learning environment for all youth 12 to 24 years of age. Education and outreach programs to community members address warning signs of teen dating violence among youth before behaviors escalate and protect the safety of targeted youth.
- 4) Youth who are survivors in high school are at higher risk for victimization during college, and adolescent perpetrators of dating violence are more likely to abuse their intimate partners as adults.
- 5) The establishment of Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month will benefit schools, communities, families, and all youth.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

California Partnership to End Domestic Violence

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



Together, We're Stronger.

February 22, 2022

Assemblymember Ken Cooley Chair, Assembly Rules Committee California State Assembly Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: SCR 65 (Rubio) - Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month - Sponsor

Dear Assemblymember Cooley,

On behalf of the California Partnership to End Domestic Violence (the Partnership), I write today in support of SCR 65 (Rubio). We are pleased to sponsor this resolution to declare February Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month and bring awareness to this important issue.

The California Partnership to End Domestic Violence (the Partnership) is California's recognized domestic violence coalition, representing over 1,000 advocates, organizations and allied individuals across the state. Working at the local, state and national levels for nearly 40 years, the Partnership believes that by sharing resources and expertise, advocates and policymakers can end domestic violence. Every day we inspire, inform and connect all those concerned with this issue, because together we're stronger.

Teen dating violence is a serious and growing problem throughout California. Teen dating violence intervention and prevention programs can help to ensure a positive school climate and safe learning environment for all youth ages 12 to 24. Each year, an estimated 1 in 10 high school students is physically hurt on purpose by a dating partner. According to the Center for Disease Control and Prevention, Dating Matters: Strategies to Promote Healthy Teen Relationships, 1 in 3 adolescents report verbal, emotional, physical or sexual dating abuse each year. 43% of LGB teens reported experiencing physical dating violence, compared to 29% of heterosexual youth, and 59% of LGB teens reported emotional abuse, compared to 46% of heterosexual youth.

Survivors of teen dating violence have increased risk for truancy, dropout, teen pregnancy, suicide, having eating disorders, and engaging in other harmful behaviors such as use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Youth who are survivors in high school are at a higher risk for victimization during college, and adolescent perpetrators of dating violence are more likely to abuse their intimate partners as adults. iv

Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month is an important opportunity to bring attention to this issue, highlight the need for prevention, and engage community members in this important work. By recognizing this month, the legislature sends a message of its commitment to raising

awareness and supporting prevention efforts. For these reasons, the Partnership is pleased to sponsor SCR 65 and we urge your support on this important legislation.

Sincerely,

Obrustine M. Smith

Christine Smith Public Policy Coordinator

¹ Grunbaum JA, Kann L, Kinchen S, et al. 2004. Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States, 2003. Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report. 53(SS02); 1-96. Available at: http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/ss5302a1.htm
¹ Davis, Antoinette, MPH. 2008. Interpersonal and Physical Dating Violence among Teens. The National Council on Crime and Delinquency Focus. Available at http://www.nccd-crc.org/nccd/pubs/2008 focus teen dating violence.pdf

 $\underline{https://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/publication/23946/412892-Dating-Violence-Experiences-of-Lesbian-Gay-Bisexual-and-Transgender-Youth.PDF}$

iv Silverman, Jay G., Anita Raj, Lorelei A. Mucci, and Jeanne E. Hathaway. "Dating Violence Against Adolescent Girls and Associated Substance Use, Unhealthy Weight Control, Sexual Risk Behavior, Pregnancy, and Suicidality," American Medical Association, vol. 286, no. 5 (August 1, 2001).

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Dank, Meredith, Lachman, Pamela, Zweig, Janine, Yahner, Jennifer. "Dating Violence Experiences of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Youth". Urban Institute, Justice Policy Center.

Introduced by Senator Dodd (Coauthors: Senators Jones, Limón, and Newman)

February 9, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 66—Relative to Eating Disorders Awareness Week.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 66, as introduced, Dodd. Public health: Eating disorders. This resolution would designate the week beginning on February 21, 2022, as Eating Disorders Awareness Week.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The 2022 theme of National Eating Disorders
- 2 Awareness Week is "See the Change, Be the Change" and will
- 3 focus on recognizing change within the ever-evolving eating
- 4 disorders field and promoting advocacy, awareness, and community
- 5 building; and
- WHEREAS, Eating disorders are serious conditions that are potentially life-threatening and have a great impact on both a
- B person's physical and emotional health. Too often, signs and
- 9 symptoms are overlooked, and many individuals, families, and
- 10 communities are unaware of the devastating mental and physical
- 11 consequences of eating disorders, as well as the pressures, attitudes,
- 12 and behaviors that shape them; and
- WHEREAS, In the United States, 20 million women and 10
- 14 million men suffer from clinically significant eating disorders at
- 15 some time in their life. These disorders affect people across all
- 16 backgrounds and include anorexia nervosa, bulimia nervosa, and
- 17 binge eating disorders; and

 $SCR 66 \qquad \qquad -2-$

WHEREAS, The National Eating Disorders Association strives to address the many misconceptions regarding eating disorders and to highlight the availability of resources for treatment and support; and

WHEREAS, National Eating Disorders Awareness Week is a collaborative effort consisting primarily of volunteers, including eating disorder professionals, health care providers, students, educators, social workers, and individuals committed to raising awareness of the dangers surrounding eating disorders and the need for early intervention and treatment access; and

WHEREAS, Eating disorders usually appear in adolescence and are associated with substantial psychological problems, including depression, substance abuse, and suicide. Eating disorders are serious illnesses, not lifestyle choices. In fact, anorexia has the highest mortality rate of any mental illness; and

WHEREAS, Many cases of eating disorders go undetected, and less than one-third of youth with eating disorders will receive treatment; and

WHEREAS, Eating disorders experts have found that prompt intensive treatment significantly improves the chances of recovery. Therefore, it is important for educators, medical providers, parents, and community members to be aware of the warning signs and the symptoms of eating disorders; and

WHEREAS, National Eating Disorders Awareness Week will encourage people to share their stories and experiences with eating disorders and body image struggles, highlight the importance of screenings for the early detection and intervention of eating disorders, dispel myths, and present eating disorders as a public health issue that affects all kinds of people, regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, size, or background; and

WHEREAS, The State of California recognizes the vital work of National Eating Disorders Awareness Week in promoting public and media attention to the seriousness of eating disorders and for working to improve education about their biological and environmental causes, as well as how to help those who are struggling with these debilitating diseases; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature proclaims the week of February 21, 2022, to February 27, 2022, inclusive, as Eating

3 **SCR 66**

- Disorders Awareness Week in the State of California; and be it 1
- 2 further
- *Resolved,* That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution. 3
- 4

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Date of Hearing: February 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

SCR 66 (Dodd) – As Introduced February 9, 2022

SENATE VOTE: 37-0

SUBJECT: Public health: Eating disorders.

SUMMARY: Designates the week of February 21, 2022, to February 27, 2022, as Eating Disorders Awareness Week in the State of California. Specifically, this resolution makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) In the United States, 20 million women and 10 million men suffer from clinically significant eating disorders at some time in their life. These disorders affect people across all backgrounds and include anorexia nervosa, bulimia nervosa, and binge eating disorders.
- 2) The 2022 theme of National Eating Disorders Awareness Week is "See the Change, Be the Change" and will focus on recognizing change within the ever-evolving eating disorders field and promoting advocacy, awareness, and community building.
- 3) Eating disorders are serious conditions that are potentially life-threatening and have a great impact on both a person's physical and emotional health. Too often, signs and symptoms are overlooked, and many individuals, families, and communities are unaware of the devastating mental and physical consequences of eating disorders, as well as the pressures, attitudes, and behaviors that shape them.
- 4) National Eating Disorders Awareness Week is a collaborative effort consisting primarily of volunteers, including eating disorder professionals, health care providers, students, educators, social workers, and individuals committed to raising awareness of the dangers surrounding eating disorders and the need for early intervention and treatment access.
- 5) Eating disorders usually appear in adolescence and are associated with substantial psychological problems, including depression, substance abuse, and suicide. Eating disorders are serious illnesses, not lifestyle choices. In fact, anorexia has the highest mortality rate of any mental illness.
- 6) Eating disorders experts have found that prompt intensive treatment significantly improves the chances of recovery. Therefore, it is important for educators, medical providers, parents, and community members to be aware of the warning signs and the symptoms of eating disorders.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

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Eating Disorders Resource Center Fiona Ma, California State Treasurer

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Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



Board of Directors

Amy Hsieh ♦ Monica Waldman ♦ Tami Lee ♦ Richa Sandhu ♦ Amir Alem ♦ Kathy Konjuh ♦ Amia Nash

February 8, 2022

The Honorable Bill Dodd California State Senate State Capitol, Room 4032 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: SCR 66 - Eating Disorders Awareness Week: Support

Dear Senator Dodd,

On behalf of the Eating Disorder Resource Center, I am writing to express support for Senate Concurrent Resolution 66. Eating disorders are serious conditions that are potentially life-threatening and have a great impact on both a person's physical and emotional health. Too often, signs and symptoms are overlooked, and many individuals, families, and communities are unaware of the devastating mental and physical consequences of eating disorders, as well as the pressures, attitudes, and behaviors that shape them. In the United States, 20 million women and 10 million men suffer from clinically significant eating disorders at some time in their life. These disorders affect people across all backgrounds and include anorexia nervosa, bulimia nervosa, and binge eating disorders.

Eating disorders usually appear in adolescence and are associated with substantial psychological problems, including depression, substance abuse, and suicide. Eating disorders are serious illnesses, not lifestyle choices. In fact, anorexia has the highest mortality rate of any mental illness. Many cases of eating disorders go undetected, and less than one-third of youth with eating disorders will receive treatment. Eating disorders experts have found that prompt intensive treatment significantly improves the chances of recovery. Therefore, it is important for educators, medical providers, parents, and community members to be aware of the warning signs and the symptoms of eating disorders.

National Eating Disorders Awareness Week will encourage people to share their stories and experiences with eating disorders and body image struggles, highlight the importance of screenings for the early detection and intervention of eating disorders, and bust myths and present eating disorders as a public health issue that affects all kinds of people, regardless of age, gender, ethnicity, size, or background.

For the reasons stated, the Eating Disorder Resource Center is pleased to support SCR 66 and thanks you for authoring this important measure.

Sincerely,

Janice Bremis

Executive Director



February 10, 2022

The Honorable Ken Cooley Chair, Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: CO-SPONSOR: SCR 66 – EATING DISORDERS AWARENESS WEEK

Dear Chair Cooley,

I am reaching out as a co-sponsor for **Senate Concurrent Resolution 66 (SCR 66) (Dodd),** which will proclaim the week of February 21, 2022, to February 27, 2022, as Eating Disorders Awareness Week.

National Eating Disorders Awareness Week serves to further the conversation around eating disorders. Eating disorders are shrouded in stigma, secrecy, and stereotypes; and the goal of this year's campaign is to shine a light on these deadly illnesses, dispel misinformation, and connect people with the support they need to recover.

Eating disorders are serious conditions that are potentially life-threatening and have a great impact on both a person's physical and emotional health. That is why during my tenure in the Assembly, I proudly authored a similar resolution to raise awareness of how detrimental these disorders are in our communities, and why I am proud to co-sponsor SCR 66 today.

In the United States, 28.8 million Americans will struggle with an eating disorder at some time in their life. These disorders affect people across all backgrounds and include anorexia nervosa, bulimia nervosa, and binge eating disorders.

National Eating Disorders Awareness Week is a collaborative effort consisting primarily of volunteers, including eating disorder professionals such as the National Eating Disorder Association, health care providers, students, educators, social workers, and individuals committed to raising awareness of the dangers surrounding eating disorders and the need for early intervention and treatment access.

SCR 66 recognizes the vital work of National Eating Disorders Awareness Week in promoting public and media attention to the seriousness of eating disorders and for working to improve education about their biological and environmental causes, as well as how to help those who are struggling with these debilitating diseases.

For these important reasons, I am pleased to co-sponsor SCR 66 and respectfully request its passage out of your Committee at the appropriate time. Please do not hesitate to contact Kasey O'Connor, my Legislative Director, with any questions at (916) 926-2074. Thank you for your consideration of this important issue.

In Peace and Friendship,

FIONA MA, CPA

California State Treasurer