



STATE CAPITOL
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Assembly
California Legislature
Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY
CHAIR

VICE CHAIR
CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

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FLORA, HEATH
GRAYSON, TIMOTHY S.
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MATHIS, DEVON J.
QUIRK-SILVA, SHARON
RAMOS, JAMES C.
RIVAS, ROBERT
WICKS, BUFFY

DIEP, TYLER (R-ALT)
LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT)

Thursday, February 28, 2019
10 minutes prior to Session
State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

BILL REFERRALS

1. Consent Bill Referrals

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RESOLUTIONS

2. ACR-32 (Flora) Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.
3. ACR-33 (Gloria) Lymphedema Awareness Day.
4. ACR-39 (Gabriel) National Speech and Debate Education Day. (refer/hear)
5. ACR-40 (Blanca Rubio) School Breakfast Week. (refer/hear)
6. HR-15 (Limón) Women's History Month.

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CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
DEBRA GRAVERT

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JAMES C. RAMOS
ROBERT RIVAS
BUFFY WICKS

MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.)
TYLER DIEP (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: Rules Committee Members
From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant
Date: 2/27/19
Re: Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, AB 773 has been removed from the list of referrals.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

02/28/2019

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>AB 347</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 379</u>	A.,E.,S.,T., & I.M.
<u>AB 383</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 400</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 439</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 439</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 455</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 455</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 513</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 603</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 608</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 620</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 639</u>	J., E.D., & E.
<u>AB 639</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 654</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 664</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>AB 665</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 668</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 669</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 672</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>AB 673</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 675</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 676</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 677</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 678</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 680</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 682</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 683</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 684</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 685</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 685</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 686</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 686</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 688</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 690</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 692</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 693</u>	E. & R.
<u>AB 694</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 694</u>	V.A.
<u>AB 695</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 697</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 698</u>	E. & R.
<u>AB 700</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 704</u>	HEALTH

<u>AB 705</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 706</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 707</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 708</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 713</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 714</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 714</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 715</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 716</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 716</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 718</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 718</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 723</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 723</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 725</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 725</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 729</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 730</u>	E. & R.
<u>AB 731</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 732</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 733</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 734</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 735</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 736</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 737</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 743</u>	ED.
<u>AB 744</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 745</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 746</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 747</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 748</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 748</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 749</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 751</u>	ED.
<u>AB 753</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 754</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 755</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 755</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 756</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 757</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 759</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 762</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 763</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 765</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 766</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 766</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 767</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 768</u>	B. & P.

<u>AB 769</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 770</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 771</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 771</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 774</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 775</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 777</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 777</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 778</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 779</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 781</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 782</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 783</u>	W., P., & W.
<u>AB 786</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 787</u>	E. & R.
<u>AB 788</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 790</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 794</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 795</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 796</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 797</u>	AGING & L.T.C.
<u>AB 797</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 800</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 803</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 804</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>ACR 22</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 28</u>	HEALTH
<u>ACR 29</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 30</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 31</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>ACR 34</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 36</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 37</u>	TRANS.
<u>ACR 38</u>	TRANS.
<u>ACR 39</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 40</u>	RLS.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 32

Introduced by Assembly Member Flora

February 20, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 32—Relative to Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 32, as introduced, Flora. Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.
This measure would designate March 2019 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is the second leading cause of
2 cancer deaths of Californians, with 14,400 new cases and 5,300
3 deaths that were expected in 2018; and
4 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is treatable, curable, and, in many
5 cases, completely preventable; and
6 WHEREAS, When colorectal cancers are detected at an early
7 stage, the survival rate is 92 percent; and
8 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer is known as a silent killer because
9 symptoms only show up in the later stages of the disease; and
10 WHEREAS, With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be
11 prevented or, if found early, treated and cured; and
12 WHEREAS, In 2016, only 70.8 percent of California adults 50
13 years of age and older had received a sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy,
14 or fecal occult blood test (FOBT) to screen for colorectal cancer;
15 and

1 WHEREAS, According to the United States Preventive Services
2 Task Force, access to appropriate use of colorectal cancer screening
3 tests, such as colonoscopies, sigmoidoscopies, FOBTs, and fecal
4 immunochemical tests (FIT), could reduce death rates of colon
5 cancer up to 66 percent; and

6 WHEREAS, According to the American Cancer Society, in
7 2014, only about 42 percent of colorectal cancers were diagnosed
8 at an early, more treatable and curable stage; and

9 WHEREAS, The uninsured, underinsured, and underserved are
10 least likely to get screening for colorectal cancer, which means
11 they are more likely to be diagnosed at a late stage when chances
12 of survival drop to 14 percent; and

13 WHEREAS, Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most
14 cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more cost
15 effective than breast or prostate cancer screening; and

16 WHEREAS, African Americans have the highest colorectal
17 cancer incidence and mortality rates of all racial groups in this
18 country; and

19 WHEREAS, In California, colorectal cancer is the most common
20 cancer among Korean and Kampuchean men, the second most
21 common cancer among Hispanic, Japanese, South Asian, and
22 Pacific Islander men, and the second most common cancer among
23 Filipino, Hispanic, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Vietnamese, and
24 Hmong women; and

25 WHEREAS, The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4)
26 is a nonprofit organization established to increase colorectal cancer
27 screening rates in an effort to decrease mortality associated with
28 the disease, and to implement strategies to reduce disparities in
29 colorectal cancer screening, diagnosis, and treatment among
30 underserved populations in California; and

31 WHEREAS, The American Cancer Society Cancer Action
32 Network (ACS CAN) is the nonprofit, nonpartisan advocacy
33 affiliate of the American Cancer Society. ACS CAN supports
34 evidence-based policy and legislative solutions designed to
35 eliminate cancer as a major health problem; and

36 WHEREAS, C4 and ACS CAN encourage Californians to
37 discuss the colorectal cancer screening test that is best for them
38 with their doctors and believes that the best test is the one you
39 have done now; now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
2 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature designates the month of
3 March 2019 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month in California;
4 and be it further
5 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
6 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: February 28, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 32 (Flora) – As Introduced February 20, 2019

SUBJECT: Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Designates March 2019 as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Colorectal cancer is the second leading cause of cancer deaths in Californians, with 14,400 new cases and 5,300 deaths that were expected in 2018.
- 2) With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be prevented or, if found early, treated and cured. When colorectal cancers are detected at an early stage, the survival rate is 92 percent. Colorectal cancer is known as the silent killer because symptoms only show up in the later stages of the disease.
- 3) In 2016, only 70.8 percent of California adults 50 years of age and older received a sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy, or fecal occult blood test (FOBT) to screen for colorectal cancer.
- 4) The uninsured, underinsured, and underserved are least likely to get screening for colorectal cancer, which means they are more likely to be diagnosed at a late stage when chances of survival drop to 14 percent.
- 5) Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more cost effective than breast or prostate cancer screening.
- 6) African Americans have the highest colorectal cancer incidence and mortality rates of all racial groups in this country. In California, colorectal cancer is the most common cancer among Korean and Kampuchean men, the second most common cancer among Hispanic, Japanese, South Asian, and Pacific Islander men, and the second most common cancer among Filipino, Hispanic, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Vietnamese, and Hmong women.
- 7) The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition and the American Cancer Society Action Network encourage Californians to discuss the colorectal cancer screening test that is best for them with their doctors and believes that the best test is the one you have done now.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

California Colorectal Cancer Coalition
Cancer Action Network

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

February 26, 2019
The Honorable Ken Cooley
Assembly Rules Committee, Chair
California State Assembly
State Capital Room 3016
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: ACR 32 (Flora) - Support

Dear Assemblymember Cooley

The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) is pleased to co-sponsor ACR 163 declaring March Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month. The California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) is a nonprofit organization (501(c)3) established to increase colorectal cancer screening rates in an effort to decrease mortality rates associated with the disease. The C4 mission is to save lives and reduce suffering from colorectal cancer in all Californians.

As you are well aware, colon cancer is the second leading cause of cancer deaths in Californians, resulting in 14,400 new cases and 5,300 deaths expected in 2019. A death from colon cancer is truly a preventable tragedy since effective screening is available that can prevent most deaths from colon cancer. (1) If 70 Californians are convinced to start a colon cancer screening program, one of these seventy will have their colon cancer either prevented or found soon enough to be cured.

Colorectal cancer screening is the most effective and cost-effective cancer screening available. It is more cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening. It is also understandably more cost-effective than colorectal cancer treatment. Moreover, colorectal cancer screening is the only cancer screening effort that has been proven to save health care dollars in the screened population. Despite the lifesaving and cost-saving benefits, screening rates remain low in California.

Designating March as Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month will help in a nationwide endeavor to spread the message of the importance of early detection and screening for colorectal cancer. In California, many organizations and community groups will offer public education and awareness events. This resolution will help us in this effort throughout 2019. More Californians will be screened and more people will be spared suffering from colon cancer.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Daniel S. Anderson'.

Daniel S. Anderson, MD, FACP
President, C4
2253 Soledad Rancho Rd
San Diego CA 92109
stonewallanderson3@gmail.com

1. Screening for colorectal cancer: U.S. Preventive Services Task Force recommendation statement. *JAMA*. 2016;315(23):2564-2575. doi:10.1001/jama.2016.5989

California Colorectal Cancer Coalition

www.CaColonCancer.org



February 25, 2019

The Honorable Ken Cooley
Assembly Rules Committee, Chair
California State Assembly
State Capitol, Room, 3016
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: ACR 32 (Flora) – Support

Dear Assemblymember Cooley:

The American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network is pleased to sponsor ACR 32, declaring March 2019 Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month.

ACR 32, Colorectal Cancer Awareness Month, brings attention to the fact that Colorectal cancer is the third leading cause of cancer deaths in both men and women in California, creating 14,400 new cases and 5,300 deaths expected in 2019.

Colorectal cancer is treatable, curable, and in many cases, completely preventable and when colorectal cancers are detected at an early stage, survival is 90 percent. With proper screening, colorectal cancer can be prevented or, if found early, treated and cured.

According to the United States Preventative Services Task Force, access to appropriate use of colorectal cancer screening tests, such as colonoscopy, sigmoidoscopy, and fecal occult blood test (FOBT)/fecal immunochemical test (FIT), could reduce death rates of colon cancer up to 66 percent.

According to the American Cancer Society, in 2013, only about 39 percent of colorectal cancers were diagnosed at an early, more treatable and curable stage; and in 2016, only 73 percent of the population in California had received colorectal cancer screening according to the guidelines.

Colorectal cancer screening is one of the most cost-effective prevention measures in health care, more cost-effective than breast or prostate cancer screening which is why the American Cancer Society has launched it 80% in Every Community Campaign.

ACS CAN is proud to be a part of the California Colorectal Cancer Coalition (C4) which is a nonprofit organization established to increase colorectal cancer screening rates in an effort to decrease mortality associated with the disease, and implement strategies to reduce disparities in colorectal cancer screening, diagnosis, and treatment among underserved populations in California. For these reasons, ACS CAN supports ACR 32.

Sincerely,


Autumn J. Ogden
Director of State Legislation

California Office

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Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 33

Introduced by Assembly Member Gloria

February 20, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 33—Relative to Lymphedema Awareness Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 33, as introduced, Gloria. Lymphedema Awareness Day.

This measure would declare March 6, 2019, as Lymphedema Awareness Day in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Lymphedema (LE) is a serious chronic disease
2 that plagues nearly 10 million Americans who are either born with
3 the condition or who develop it as a result of trauma, surgical
4 insult, radiation therapy, or a combination of these factors; and
5 WHEREAS, LE is a disease that occurs when the body’s natural
6 lymphatic drainage system is damaged or blocked or does not
7 develop properly and the lymphatic fluid within a given area, such
8 as the arm, leg, torso, head, or neck, is unable to drain properly.
9 This results in extreme swelling that can cause pain and
10 significantly impairs mobility, function, and the quality of life for
11 the affected person; and
12 WHEREAS, The National Cancer Institute predicts a 42-percent
13 increase in cancer survivors 65 years of age or older by 2020, and
14 as many as 1.5 to 3 million Medicare beneficiaries who are cancer
15 survivors will require treatment for their LE; and

1 WHEREAS, Worldwide, the World Health Organization
2 estimates that over 150 million people have secondary LE and an
3 additional 120 million people are infected with lymphatic filariasis,
4 which leads to lymphedema; and

5 WHEREAS, Underdiagnosing and undertreating LE patients
6 cost health care providers and health care coverage policies or
7 plans, including the federal Medicare Program, untold millions of
8 dollars every year because, if LE is left untreated, the potential for
9 infection is greatly increased, possibly spreading in the course of
10 a few hours, and requiring immediate treatment on an emergency
11 basis; and

12 WHEREAS, Several thousand Californians will be put at risk
13 or will develop LE each year as a consequence of cancer treatment,
14 surgical insult, or physical trauma; and

15 WHEREAS, Without professional treatment and self-care, the
16 accumulation of lymphatic fluid results in the gross distention of
17 the lymph-filled body part and chronic infections that can become
18 life-threatening without prompt treatment; and

19 WHEREAS, LE often leaves its victims disfigured, as well as
20 physically and emotionally disabled; and

21 WHEREAS, Many LE patients are breast cancer survivors who
22 have undergone surgery or lymph node removal, often in
23 combination with subsequent radiation therapy. However, similar
24 treatments for colon cancer, melanoma, and uterine, ovarian, and
25 cervical cancer can also cause LE; and

26 WHEREAS, Persons at risk for LE must apply a regimen of
27 self-care to prevent or delay the onset of symptoms that is nearly
28 as rigorous as self-care requirements for patients already afflicted
29 with LE; and

30 WHEREAS, Timely diagnosis and treatment are often not
31 available to patients, particularly those in rural areas, making LE
32 more difficult to manage with more negative health consequences
33 due to delays in diagnosing and treating the condition; and

34 WHEREAS, It is important to recognize the tireless advocates
35 and health care providers who spend so much of their time and
36 resources battling this painful and destructive condition that affects
37 so many members of the community; and

38 WHEREAS, World Lymphedema Day is recognized on March
39 6 of each year; now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
2 *thereof concurring,* That the Legislature declares March 6, 2019,
3 as Lymphedema Awareness Day in California; and be it further
4 *Resolved,* That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
5 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: February 28, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 33 (Gloria) – As Introduced February 20, 2019

SUBJECT: Lymphedema Awareness Day.

SUMMARY: Declares March 6, 2019, as Lymphedema Awareness Day in California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Lymphedema (LE) is a serious chronic disease that plagues nearly 10 million Americans who are either born with the condition or who develop it as a result of trauma, surgical insult, radiation therapy, or a combination of these factors.
- 2) LE is a disease that occurs when the body's natural lymphatic drainage system is damaged or blocked or does not develop properly and the lymphatic fluid within a given area, such as the arm, leg, torso, head, or neck, is unable to drain properly. This results in extreme swelling that can cause pain and significantly impairs mobility, function, and the quality of life for the affected person.
- 3) Worldwide, the World Health Organization estimates that over 150 million people have secondary LE and an additional 120 million people are infected with lymphatic filariasis, which leads to lymphedema.
- 4) Underdiagnosing and undertreating LE patients cost health care providers and health care coverage policies or plans, including the federal Medicare Program, untold millions of dollars every year because, if LE is left untreated, the potential for infection is greatly increased, possibly spreading in the course of a few hours, and requiring immediate treatment on an emergency basis.
- 5) Several thousand Californians will be put at risk or will develop LE each year as a consequence of cancer treatment, surgical insult, or physical trauma.
- 6) Timely diagnosis and treatment are often not available to patients, particularly those in rural areas, making LE more difficult to manage with more negative health consequences due to delays in diagnosing and treating the condition.
- 7) It is important to recognize the tireless advocates and health care providers who spend so much of their time and resources battling this painful and destructive condition that affects so many members of the community.
- 8) World Lymphedema Day is recognized on March 6 of each year.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 39

Introduced by Assembly Member Gabriel

February 21, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 39—Relative to National Speech and Debate Education Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 39, as introduced, Gabriel. National Speech and Debate Education Day.

This measure would recognize March 1, 2019, as National Speech and Debate Education Day.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, National Speech and Debate Education Day is
2 being celebrated on March 1, 2019; and
3 WHEREAS, Established by the National Speech and Debate
4 Association in conjunction with local and national partners, this
5 event serves to promote better instruction in speech and debate
6 across all grade levels and to highlight the pivotal roles these
7 abilities have in personal advocacy, social movements, and public
8 policymaking; and
9 WHEREAS, Speech and debate education helps pupils develop
10 important skills in communication, critical thinking, creativity,
11 and collaboration through the practice of public speaking; and
12 WHEREAS, Participants not only learn to analyze and express
13 complex ideas effectively but also to listen, concur, question, or
14 dissent with reason and compassion; and

1 WHEREAS, At de Toledo High School and across the country,
2 passionate educators devote in-school, after-school, and weekend
3 time to supporting their pupils in speech and debate practices and
4 competitions, and the example of hard work and dedication they
5 set has a lasting and positive impact on their pupils; and

6 WHEREAS, The skills learned through speech and debate serve
7 pupils well throughout their lives, and this occasion presents a
8 welcomed opportunity to recognize this instruction as an essential
9 component of a well-rounded curriculum; now, therefore, be it

10 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
11 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature hereby recognizes March
12 1, 2019, as National Speech and Debate Education Day; and be it
13 further

14 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
15 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: February 28, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 39 (Gabriel) – As Introduced February 21, 2019

SUBJECT: National Speech and Debate Education Day.

SUMMARY: Recognizes March 1, 2019, as National Speech and Debate Education Day. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) National Speech and Debate Education Day is being celebrated on March 1, 2019; and, was established by the National Speech and Debate Association in conjunction with local and national partners, this event serves to promote better instruction in speech and debate across all grade levels and to highlight the pivotal roles these abilities have in personal advocacy, social movements, and public policymaking.
- 2) Speech and debate education helps pupils develop important skills in communication, critical thinking, creativity, and collaboration through the practice of public speaking; and, participants not only learn to analyze and express complex ideas effectively but also to listen, concur, question, or dissent with reason and compassion.
- 3) Across the country, passionate educators devote in-school, after-school, and weekend time to supporting their pupils in speech and debate practices and competitions, and the example of hard work and dedication they set has a lasting and positive impact on their pupils.
- 4) The skills learned through speech and debate serve pupils well throughout their lives, and this occasion presents a welcomed opportunity to recognize this instruction as an essential component of a well-rounded curriculum.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 40

Introduced by Assembly Member Blanca Rubio

February 22, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 40—Relative to School Breakfast Week.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 40, as introduced, Blanca Rubio. School Breakfast Week.

This measure would proclaim March 4, 2019, to March 8, 2019, inclusive, as School Breakfast Week.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Nearly one in five California children live in food
2 insecure households, meaning they do not have consistent access
3 to adequate food; and

4 WHEREAS, California ranks 33rd in the nation in school
5 breakfast participation, and only 39 percent of children who qualify
6 for free or reduced-price school meals are eating school breakfast;
7 and

8 WHEREAS, More than 58 percent of California public school
9 pupils qualify for free or reduced-price school meals, yet many of
10 those low-income pupils are not eating the nutritious school
11 breakfast offered due to barriers such as social stigma, late buses
12 or carpools, long cafeteria lines, and tight class schedules; and

13 WHEREAS, Eating breakfast as part of the schoolday is
14 associated with positive pupil behavioral health and academic
15 outcomes such as improved concentration in class, lower rates of

1 chronic absenteeism, fewer classroom disruptions, and less frequent
2 visits to the school nurse; and

3 WHEREAS, Breakfast After the Bell programs, such as
4 breakfast in the classroom, grab and go breakfast, and second
5 chance breakfast, are proven meal delivery methods that boost
6 school breakfast participation and related positive outcomes; and

7 WHEREAS, School breakfast participation is associated with
8 a lower body mass index, which is an indicator of sustainable body
9 fat, lower probability of being overweight, and lower probability
10 of obesity; and

11 WHEREAS, States across the nation have introduced legislation
12 to require that schools with a high percentage of pupils who are
13 eligible for free or reduced-price school meals implement a
14 Breakfast After the Bell program; and

15 WHEREAS, If California schools increased school breakfast
16 participation such that 70 percent of the pupils who eat free or
17 reduced-price lunch also participated in their school's breakfast
18 program, an additional 335,997 pupils would receive breakfast
19 every day and school districts would receive an additional \$100
20 million in federal meal reimbursements for their school nutrition
21 budgets; now, therefore, be it

22 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
23 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature proclaims March 4, 2019,
24 to March 8, 2019, inclusive, as School Breakfast Week; and be it
25 further

26 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
27 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: February 28, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 40 (Blanca Rubio) – As Introduced February 22, 2019

SUBJECT: School Breakfast Week.

SUMMARY: Proclaims March 4, 2019, to March 8, 2019, inclusive, as School Breakfast Week. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Nearly one in five California children live in food insecure households, meaning they do not have consistent access to adequate food.
- 2) California ranks 33rd in the nation in school breakfast participation, and only 39 percent of children who qualify for free or reduced-price school meals are eating school breakfast.
- 3) More than 58 percent of California public school pupils qualify for free or reduced-price school meals, yet many of those low-income pupils are not eating the nutritious school breakfast offered due to barriers such as social stigma, late buses or carpools, long cafeteria lines, and tight class schedules.
- 4) Eating breakfast as part of the school day is associated with a positive pupil behavioral health and academic outcomes such as improved concentration in class, lower rates of chronic absenteeism, fewer classroom disruptions, and less frequent visits to the school nurse. School breakfast participation is also associated with a lower body mass index, which is an indicator of sustainable body fat, lower probability of being overweight, and lower probability of obesity.
- 5) Breakfast After the Bell programs, such as breakfast in the classroom, grab and go breakfast, and second chance breakfast, are proven meal delivery methods that boost school breakfast participation and related positive outcomes.
- 6) States across the nation have introduced legislation to require that schools with a high percentage of pupils who are eligible for free or reduced-price school meals implement a Breakfast After the Bell program.
- 7) If California schools increased school breakfast participation such that 70 percent of the pupils who eat free or reduced-price lunch also participated in their school's breakfast program, an additional 335,997 pupils would receive breakfast every day and school districts would receive an additional \$100 million in federal meal reimbursements for their school nutrition budgets.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

House Resolution

No. 15

Introduced by Assembly Member Limón

February 20, 2019

House Resolution No. 15—Relative to Women’s History Month.

1 WHEREAS, American women of every culture, class, and ethnic
2 background have participated in the founding and building of our
3 nation, have made historic contributions to the growth and strength
4 of our nation, and have played a critical role in shaping the
5 economic, cultural, and social fabric of our society, not in the least
6 of ways through their participation in the labor force, working both
7 inside and outside the home; and

8 WHEREAS, Women have been leaders in every movement for
9 social change, including their own movement for suffrage and
10 equal rights, the fight for emancipation, the struggle to organize
11 labor unions, and the civil rights movement, as well as leading the
12 call for peace and organizing to preserve the environment; and

13 WHEREAS, In light of these efforts and the achievements of
14 all American women, we take this opportunity to honor women
15 and their contribution to the development of our society and our
16 world; and

17 WHEREAS, The celebration of Women’s History Month will
18 provide an opportunity for schools and communities to focus
19 attention on the historical role and accomplishments of the women
20 of California and the United States, and for students, in particular,
21 to benefit from an awareness of these contributions; and

22 WHEREAS, Women’s History Month will be not only a call to
23 acknowledge the outstanding American women whose names we

1 know, but also a call to pay homage to the many women who have
2 anonymously shaped our collective past; and

3 WHEREAS, The observance of Women's History Week was
4 initiated by the Sonoma County Commission on the Status of
5 Women in 1977, a celebration that evolved into Women's History
6 Month, commemorated throughout the nation by schools,
7 historians, and community groups; and

8 WHEREAS, The achievements of the women who have gone
9 before us will enable contemporary women and men to create
10 tomorrow's history by working toward an end to physical and
11 sexual violence against women, discrimination and harassment in
12 employment, and the relegation to poverty status of many women,
13 and by advocating for the full participation of women in the
14 economic and political arena, the provision of adequate child care,
15 respect for those who choose homemaking and motherhood as
16 their career, and equal access to all of the opportunities this great
17 nation has to offer; and

18 WHEREAS, The story of the women's rights movement
19 deserves telling because of the significance and scope of women's
20 role in making history and shaping the cultural and societal makeup
21 of California and the United States, and because it is a rich part of
22 our common heritage, a story of gallantry and devotion to the belief
23 that the opportunity for complete human dignity should not be
24 denied to one-half of the state and the nation; now, therefore, be
25 it

26 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California*, That the
27 Assembly takes pleasure in joining the California Commission on
28 the Status of Women and Girls in honoring the contributions of
29 women, and proclaims the month of March 2019 as Women's
30 History Month; and be it further

31 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
32 of this resolution to the Chair of the California Legislative
33 Women's Caucus and to the Chair of the California Commission
34 on the Status of Women and Girls for distribution to appropriate
35 organizations.

O

Date of Hearing: February 28, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
HR 15 (Limón) – As Introduced February 20, 2019

SUBJECT: Women's History Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of March 2019 as Women's History Month and provides that the Assembly takes pleasure in joining the California Commission on the Status of Women and Girls in honoring the contributions of women. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) American women of every culture, class, and ethnic background have participated in the founding and building of our nation, made historic contributions to the growth and strength of our nation, and played a critical role in shaping the economic, cultural, and social fabric of our society.
- 2) Women have been leaders in every movement for social change, including their own movement for suffrage and equal rights, the fight for emancipation, the struggle to organize labor unions, the civil rights movement, as well as leading the call for peace and organizing to preserve the environment.
- 3) The achievements of the women who have gone before us will enable contemporary women and men to create tomorrow's history by working toward an end to physical and sexual violence against women, discrimination and harassment in employment, and the relegation to poverty status of many women; and, by advocating for the full participation of women in the economic and political arena, the provision of adequate child care, respect for those who choose homemaking and motherhood as their career, and equal access to all of the opportunities this great nation has to offer.
- 4) The celebration of Women's History Month will provide an opportunity for schools and communities to focus attention on the historical role and accomplishments of the women of California and the United States, and for students, in particular, to benefit from an awareness of these contributions.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800