

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

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Thursday, January 07, 2016 8:50 AM State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

Bill Referrals

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Resolutions		
2. ACR 9 (McCarty)	Relative to Pet Care Education Month.	Page 4
3. ACR 109 (Cooper)	Relative to Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day.	Page 8
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REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

01/07/2016

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No. Committee:

ACR 108 RLS. HR 32 JUD.

California Legislature Assembly Rules Committee

ROOM 3016 — STATE CAPITOL P.O. BOX 942849 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 94249-0115 TELEPHONE: (916) 319-2800

Memo

To:

Rules Committee Members

From:

Mukhtar Ali, Bill Referral Consultant

Date:

1/6/2016

Re:

Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received the preliminary list of bill referrals, there have been no changes.



AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 4, 2016

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 9

Introduced by Assembly Member McCarty (Coauthors: Assembly Members Bloom and Chiu)

(Coauthors: Senators Leno, Liu, and Pan)

January 16, 2015

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 9—Relative to Pet Care Education Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 9, as amended, McCarty. Pet Care Education Month.

This measure would declare the month of January-2015 2016 as Pet Care Education Month and would request Californians to observe the month by ensuring that their companion animals receive the proper preventative care by establishing a financial plan for pet health emergencies and by contributing to charitable organizations that provide low-cost spay and neutering services and vaccinations or funds to help low-income individuals pay for veterinary care.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, An increasing number of dogs and cats in the
- 2 United States do not get the regular, preventative health care that
- 3 they need to stay healthy; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Animal welfare organizations often bear the burden
- 5 of dealing with animal health care issues that could have been
- 6 prevented, such as dental and skin issues, nutritional deficiencies,
- 7 heartworm, pyometra, distemper, and parvo; and

 $ACR 9 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the State of California to encourage pet owners to take steps to responsibly care for their pets, including providing for responsible nutrition and regular visits to a veterinarian, and ensuring that their pets receive proper preventative care such as vaccinations, spaying or neutering, oral care, and heartworm prevention; and

WHEREAS, National and local animal welfare organizations, animal shelters, animal control agencies, veterinarians, and others engaged in the care and feeding of pets will join together to advocate for "Pet Care Education Month," which will help Californians receive affordable preventative care for their pets throughout the month of January-2015; 2016; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature of the State of California declares the month of January—2015 2016 as Pet Care Education Month in California and requests Californians to observe the month by ensuring that their companion animals receive the proper preventative care by establishing a financial plan for pet health emergencies and by contributing to charitable organizations that provide low-cost spay and neuter services and vaccinations or funds to help low-income individuals pay for veterinary care; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: January 7, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Gordon, Chair ACR 9 (McCarty) – As Amended January 4, 2016

SUBJECT: Pet Care Education Month.

SUMMARY: Declares the month of January 2016 as Pet Care Education Month and requests Californians to observe the month by ensuring that their companion animals receive proper preventative care by establishing a financial plan for pet health emergencies and by contributing to charitable organizations that provide services to help low-income individuals pay for veterinary care. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- An increasing number of dogs and cats in the United States do not get the regular, preventative health care that they need to stay healthy. Animal welfare organizations often bear the burden of dealing with animal health care issues that could have been prevented, such as dental and skin issues, nutritional deficiencies, heartworm, pyometra, distemper, and parvo.
- 2) The State of California encourages pet owners to take steps to responsibly care for their pets, including providing for responsible nutrition and regular visits to the veterinarian; and ensuring their pets receive proper preventative care such as vaccinations, spaying or neutering, oral care, and heartworm prevention.
- 3) National and local animal welfare organizations, animal shelters, animal control agencies, veterinarians and others engaged in the care of feeding of pets will join together to advocate for "Pet Care Education Month," which will help Californians receive affordable preventative care for their pets throughout the month of January 2016.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

The Humane Society of the United States

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



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January 6, 2016

Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: Support for ACR 9

Dear committee members,

On behalf of the nation's largest animal protection organization, we are pleased to spport Assemblymember McCarty's Assembly Concurrent Resolution 9 which recognizes January 2016 as Pet Care Education Month in California.

As the resolution language describes, preventative care is a key component in keeping our beloved pets healthy and safe. Like us, pets benefit from eating a healthy diet, exercising regularly, keeping current with immunizations and getting regular medical checkups. It is far more affordable to keep a pet healthy than to wait for him or her to suffer from a preventable malady.

We are pleased that ACR 9 recognizes the importance of spay/neuter and heartworm prevention specifically as we know full-well that taking these important steps will avoid costly – and unwanted – pregnancies and illnesses.

We hope that the awareness raised by ACR 9 will encourage California pet caregivers to seek out quality veterinary care and to support programs like our Pets for Life program in East Los Angeles, which conducts regular spay/neuter, vaccination, identification and training outreach in a neighborhood where veterinary care and dog behavior classes were largely unavailable. Our investment in this program is saving thousands of lives every year and making a huge difference in the lives of pets and the people who love them. We rely on support from generous donors to keep this program, and others in similar neighborhoods across the country, going.

Please advance ACR 9.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Fearing Consultant

David O. Wiebers, M.D.

Introduced by Assembly Member Cooper

January 4, 2016

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 109—Relative to Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 109, as introduced, Cooper. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day. This measure would proclaim that Monday, January 18, 2016, be observed as the official memorial of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s birth and his work in the Civil Rights Movement.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, One hundred years after the Emancipation
- 2 Proclamation, on August 28, 1963, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.
- and others organized hundreds of thousands of blacks and whites,
- 4 Jews and gentiles, Protestants and Catholics, in a march to the
- 5 Lincoln Memorial in Washington, DC where Dr. King made his
- 6 famous "I Have a Dream" speech announcing that the days of
- 7 segregation in the United States were numbered; and
- 8 WHEREAS, Monday, January 18, 2016, marks the 30th national
 - celebration of the national holiday for Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.
- and his fight for civil and human rights; and
- 11 WHEREAS, On Friday, January 15, 2016, Dr. Martin Luther
- 12 King, Jr. would have been 87 years of age; and
- WHEREAS, On April 10, 1970, California became the first
- 14 state to pass legislation making Dr. King's birthday a school
- 15 holiday and, subsequently, a statewide holiday; and

 $ACR 109 \qquad \qquad -2-$

WHEREAS, Representative John Conyers (D-Michigan) submitted the first legislation for a national Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. holiday, which was signed into law by President Ronald Wilson Reagan, on November 2, 1983; and

WHEREAS, January 20, 1986, marked the first observance of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King and the Civil Rights Movement helped change public policy from segregation to integration, resulting in the repeal of the post-Reconstruction era state laws mandating racial segregation in the South known as the "Jim Crow Laws," thereby leading to the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Voting Rights Act of 1965, and other antidiscrimination laws aimed at ending economic, legal, and social segregation in America; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King and the Civil Rights Movement helped change public policy from legal and socially acceptable discrimination and segregation to an open and accessible policy of racial integration leading to equal participation and access to primary and higher education, housing, employment, transportation, federal, state, and local governmental elections, and other aspects of public policy relating to human rights; and

WHEREAS, These public policy changes at the national level influenced many changes in California that culminated in the passage of the Unruh Civil Rights Act and the Rumford Fair Housing Act, in open enrollment and access to higher education specifically with respect to the California State University and the University of California, and in employment and labor laws, transportation policy, election laws, and other aspects of public policy; and

WHEREAS, The unfinished business of Dr. King and the Civil Rights Movement was and is the plight of the poor, the fight against war and for worldwide peace, and the struggle for a fair, equitable, and sensible economic system; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King and the Civil Rights Movement noted that a majority of Americans lived below the poverty line, and that the huge income gaps between rich and poor called for "changes in the structure of our society"; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King, in the last months of his life, began organizing a Poor People's Campaign to, among other things, assemble "a multiracial army of the poor that would descend on Washington—engaging in nonviolent civil disobedience at the

-3- ACR 109

Capitol, if need be—until Congress enacted a poor people's bill of rights"; and

WHEREAS, All of the aforementioned concerns and more continue to be the quest of civil and human rights organizations in the great State of California, across America, and throughout the world; and

WHEREAS, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. fought to change public policy from the "self-inflicted wound of segregation to the pluralistic diverse democracy" we continue to construct today; and

WHEREAS, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and the Civil Rights Movement serve as a model for principled leadership and forward-thinking, bipartisan public policy; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That Monday, January 18, 2016, be observed as the official memorial of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s birth and his work in the Civil Rights Movement; and be it further

Resolved, That this day, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and the Civil Rights Movement be commemorated for their help in changing public policy from segregation to integration, for the betterment of this, the great State of California and these United States of America; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature encourages all Americans to pay tribute to the life and works of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. through participation in community service projects on Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature recognizes the inherent value of community service and volunteerism in the creation of a civil society and as a means of nonviolent community progress consistent with the works of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature recognizes the benefits of the collaborative work by many organizations that promote, facilitate, and carry out needed service projects nationwide; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature encourages its members and colleagues to urge their constituents to participate in community service projects; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature acknowledges that, by serving one's country, one's community, and one's neighbor, our nation makes progress in civility, equality, and unity consistent with the

ACR 109 _4_

- values and life's work of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.; and be it
- 2 further
- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution. 3

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Date of Hearing: January 7, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Gordon, Chair

ACR 109 (Cooper) – As Introduced January 4, 2016

SUBJECT: Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims January 18, 2016, be observed as the official memorial of the late Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.'s birth and his work in the Civil Rights Movement. Specifically, this **resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and the Civil Rights Movement helped change public policy from legal and socially acceptable discrimination and segregation to an open and accessible policy of racial integration leading to equal participation and access to education, employment, transportation, elections, and other aspects of public policy relating to human rights. These public policy changes influenced many changes in California public policy.
- 2) Monday, January 18, 2016, marks the 30th National Celebration of the National Holiday for Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and his fight for civil and human rights.
- 3) On April 10, 1970, California became the first state to pass legislation making Dr. King's birthday a school holiday and, subsequently, a statewide holiday.
- 4) Dr. King and the Civil Rights Movement serve as a model for principled leadership and forward-thinking, bipartisan public policy.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Assembly Members Wilk and Kim (Coauthors: Assembly Members Bonta, Chau, and Williams)

(Coauthor: Senator Nguyen)

January 4, 2016

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 110—Relative to Korean-American Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 110, as introduced, Wilk. Korean-American Day. This measure would proclaim January 13, 2016, as Korean-American Day.

Fiscal committee: no.

- WHEREAS, On January 13, 1903, the history of Korean immigration to America began when 102 courageous Korean men,
- 3 women, and children landed in Hawaii after venturing across the
- 4 vast Pacific Ocean aboard the S.S. Gaelic; and
- 5 WHEREAS, The hopes of these Korean immigrants for America,
- 6 the land of opportunity, were quickly hindered by social, economic,
- 7 and language barriers of unforeseen magnitude; and
- 8 WHEREAS, These Korean immigrants did not falter in their
- 9 pursuit of the American dream. Through tenacious effort and
- 10 sacrifice, they established a new home in a new land and educated
- 11 their Korean-American children; and
- WHEREAS, Between 1904 and 1907, approximately 1,000
- 13 Korean Americans entered the United States mainland from Hawaii
- 14 through San Francisco, where the first Korean-American political

 $ACR 110 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

organizations and Korean-language publications were established;
 and

WHEREAS, Many Korean Americans left San Francisco, primarily to become farmworkers. Some Korean Americans combined their money and resources to lease farmland near the towns of Dinuba and Reedley in the San Joaquin Valley and in the Sacramento Valley. Dozens of other Korean Americans served as wage laborers for mining companies and as section hands on the railroads in Montana, Oregon, Utah, and Washington; and

WHEREAS, The Japanese occupation of Korea prevented further Korean immigration into the United States. However, many Korean Americans desired to establish families in the United States, despite the new limitations on immigration. As a result, a picture bride system was established, which delivered approximately 1,000 new Korean immigrants to Hawaii, and 100 more to the Pacific Coast of the United States mainland, before 1924; and

WHEREAS, San Francisco remained the center of the Korean-American community during this period, but there was a gradual migration of Korean Americans from San Francisco and the surrounding rural areas to southern California. As more employment opportunities opened up, a new, burgeoning community of Korean Americans began to thrive in the Los Angeles area; and

WHEREAS, While the first Korean immigrants to the United States fought and sacrificed to establish themselves, their children grew up to be patriotic citizens, many of whom went on to serve in the Armed Forces of the United States during World War II and make other important contributions to mainstream American society; and

WHEREAS, The 1965 amendments to the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (Public Law 89-236) opened the door for a new wave of Korean immigrants to enter the United States. Since its enactment, Korean Americans have become one of the fastest growing groups of Asian Americans in the United States. In 1960, approximately 25,000 people of Korean ancestry lived in the United States, and by 1970, that number increased to 69,130. By 1980, the number of people of Korean ancestry living in the United States increased over fivefold to 354,593, and by 1990, that number more than doubled, increasing to 798,849. In 2010, it was estimated that 1,706,822 people with some Korean ancestry lived in the United

-3- ACR 110

1 States, representing more than a sixty-sevenfold increase since 2 1960; and

WHEREAS, With diligence, fortitude, and an enduring belief in the American dream, Korean immigrants have helped to turn emergent areas within the State of California into thriving and respectable communities, while raising their children to be productive Korean Americans; and

WHEREAS, Korean Americans have become an integral part of mainstream American society and have made important contributions as Californians in the fields of finance, technology, law, medicine, education, sports, media, the arts, the military, and government, as well as other areas; and

WHEREAS, As the Korean-American community prepares for a new era and creates new history, Korean Americans must instill in younger generations the proper appreciation for the courage and values of their forefathers, a deep sense of their roots, and pride in their own cultural heritage so that they may better contribute to the great State of California, rich with ethnic and cultural diversity; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature of the State of California hereby proclaims January 13, 2016, as Korean-American Day; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: January 7, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Gordon, Chair ACR 110 (Wilk) – As Introduced January 4, 2016

SUBJECT: Korean-American Day.

SUMMARY: Proclaims January 13, 2016, as Korean-American Day. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) On January 13, 1903, the history of Korean immigration to America began as 102 courageous Korean men, women, and children ventured across the Pacific Ocean aboard the S.S. Gaelic to land in Hawaii.
- 2) While the first Korean immigrants fought and sacrificed to establish themselves in the United States, their children grew up to be patriotic American citizens, served in the Armed Forces of the United States during World War II, and made other important contributions to mainstream America.
- 3) As the Korean-American community prepares for a new era and creates new history, Korean Americans must instill in the upcoming generations an appreciation for and pride in their own cultural heritage so that they may better contribute to the great State of California.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800