

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

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JAY OBERNOLTE (R-ALT.)

Thursday, June 30, 2016 8:50 AM State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

Bill Referral

1. Consent Bill Referrals

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Resolution

2. HR 56 (Santiago) Relative to Homelessness. (refer/hear) Page 4

Request to Add Urgency Clause

3. SB 968 (Monning) Relative to Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 powerplant. Page 10

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

06/30/2016

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No.

Committee:

<u>HR 56</u>

RLS.



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Memo

To:

Rules Committee Members

From:

Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant

Date:

6/29/2016

Re:

Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, there have been no changes.



Introduced by Assembly Members Santiago and Ting

June 28, 2016

House Resolution No. 56—Relative to homelessness.

1 WHEREAS, Homelessness is one of the most pervasive issues 2 facing California today; and

WHEREAS, According to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, there were 115,738 homeless people in California in 2015, by far the most of any state in the nation; and

WHEREAS, Rising rents, rapidly declining numbers of low-income housing units, and slow wage growth have all contributed to homelessness; and

WHEREAS, Of the nation's top ten most expensive rental markets, four are located in California; and

12 WHEREAS, The median rent for a one-bedroom apartment in San Francisco is \$3.590, in San Jose is \$2,290, in Oakland is 13 14 \$2,270, and in Los Angeles is \$1,970; and

WHEREAS, San Francisco's Point-in-Time Homeless Count in 2015 identified 7,539 homeless adults and youths, a 7 percent

16 increase since 2005; and 17 18 WHEREAS, A report by the San Francisco Budget and Legislative Analyst's Office found that while the initial costs 19

20 associated with housing homeless residents increased when those

21 individuals entered supportive housing, the city's costs were

22 reduced drastically as those formerly homeless individuals were

23 stabilized: and

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WHEREAS, The County of Los Angeles now has an estimated 46,874 homeless people on any given night, up nearly 6 percent from last year, according to the Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority; and

WHEREAS, On any given night in Sacramento, more than 2,500 individuals are without a home, and an estimated 5,200 more will become homeless over the course of the next year; and

WHEREAS, San Diego's homeless population rose to 8,742 in 2015 from 8,506 in 2014, a 2.8% increase that makes the homeless population in San Diego one of the top four in the nation, and 1,100 of that homeless population are veterans; and

WHEREAS, In 2015, the homeless population in Fresno increased for the first time in almost 8 years; and

WHEREAS, Homelessness has risen to historic levels throughout the state, and now is the time for state action; and

WHEREAS, Being homeless is dangerous, especially for youth, in San Francisco, experience a mortality rate more than 10 times higher than that of the state's general youth population; and

WHEREAS, In March of 2016, the San Francisco Board of Supervisors requested Governor Brown to issue a statewide declaration of emergency to help coordinate the response and resources for homeless individuals and families; and

WHEREAS, The Los Angeles Board of Supervisors unanimously approved an unprecedented plan to address the crisis in the county by allocating \$100 million in one-time funding for homeless services; and

WHEREAS, The City of Los Angeles has already declared a state of emergency as it relates to the lack of shelter for homeless in the city; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the Assembly requests that Governor Brown declare a state of emergency on homelessness; and be it further

Resolved, That the Assembly recognizes that the challenge of confronting homelessness requires the active engagement and leadership of all arms of government; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature must prioritize taking action on homelessness prior to the adjournment of the 2015–16 Regular Session of the Legislature; and be it further

-3- HR 56

- 1 Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
- 2 of this resolution to the Governor for the appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: June 30, 2016

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair HR 56 (Santiago) – As Introduced June 28, 2016

SUBJECT: Homelessness

SUMMARY: Recognizes that the challenge of confronting homelessness requires the active engagement and leadership of all arms of government and requests that Governor Brown declare a state of emergency on homelessness. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Homelessness is one of the most pervasive issues facing California and according to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development; there were 115,738 homeless people in California in 2015, by far the most of any state in the nation.
- 2) Rising rents, rapidly declining numbers of low-income housing units, and slow wage growth have all contributed to homelessness.
- 3) Of the nation's top ten most expensive rental markets, four are located in California. The median rent for a one-bedroom apartment in San Francisco is \$3,590, in San Jose is \$2,290, in Oakland in \$2,270, and in Los Angeles is \$1,970.
- 4) The County of Los Angeles now has an estimated 46,874 homeless people on any given night, up nearly 6 percent from last year, according to the Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority.
- 5) Sacramento, on any given night, has 2,500 individuals without a home, and an estimated 5,200 more will become homeless over the course of the next year.
- 6) San Diego's homeless population rose to 8,742 in 2015 from 8,506 in 2014, a 2.8% increase that makes the homeless population in San Diego one of the top four in the nation, and 1,100 of that homeless population are veterans.
- 7) In 2015, the homeless population in Fresno increased for the first time in almost 8 years.
- 8) A report by the San Francisco Budget and Legislative Analyst's Office found that while the initial costs associated with housing homeless residents increased when those individuals entered supportive housing, the city's costs were reduced drastically as those formerly homeless individuals were stabilized.
- 9) Being homeless is dangerous, especially for youth in San Francisco, who experience a mortality rate more than 10 times higher than that of the state's general youth population. Homelessness has risen to historic levels throughout the state, and now is the time for state action.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



SACHI A. HAMAI Chief Executive Officer

PHYLLIS MARSHALL Chief Legislative Representative

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

Sacramento Legislative Office

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June 29, 2016

Board of Supervisors HILDA L. SOLIS First District

MARK RIDLEY-THOMAS Second District

SHEILA KUEHL Third District

DON KNABE Fourth District

MICHAEL D. ANTONOVICH Fifth District

To:

Each Member, California State Assembly

From:

Phyllis Marshall, Chief Legislative Representative

Donna Seitz, Assistant Chief Legislative Representative

Subject:

HR 56 (Santiago and Ting), As Introduced - SUPPORT

Relating to Homelessness

The Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors supports HR 56 (Santiago and Ting).

HR 56 requests the Governor to declare a State of Emergency on homelessness in the State of California, and urges active leadership from all parts of government to confront homelessness.

Homelessness in California has risen to historic levels and accounts for 21 percent of the nation's homeless population. There are over 115,000 homeless individuals in the State, and nearly 47,000 of them are in Los Angeles County. Contributing factors to homelessness are slow wage growth and the lack of affordable housing. The median rents for a one-bedroom apartment in California's large urban areas often exceed \$2000 per month, which is far out of reach for many low-wage workers.

The homeless crisis endangers the health and safety of thousands of California residents, including veterans, women, children, LGBT youth, seniors and persons with disabilities. The tremendous scale of homelessness throughout the State and Los Angeles County threatens economic stability by burdening public safety, emergency medical services, and the social services infrastructure.

In August 2015, the County launched the Homeless Initiative, a countywide effort to develop a comprehensive set of County strategies to combat homelessness, and the Board allocated \$100 million in one-time funding to address this growing crisis.

We request your "AYE" vote on HR 56. Please call us at (916) 441-7888 if you have any questions.

c: Assembly Member Miguel Santiago Assembly Member Philip Ting

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AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 28, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 31, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 31, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 14, 2016

SENATE BILL

No. 968

Introduced by Senator Monning (Coauthor: Senator Jackson)

(Coauthor: Assembly Member Achadjian)

February 8, 2016

An act to add Section 712.5 to the Public Utilities Code, relating to electricity.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 968, as amended, Monning. Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 powerplant.

Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations. The Diablo Canyon nuclear powerplant, composed of reactor Units 1 and 2, is operated by the Pacific Gas and Electric Company in the County of San Luis Obispo. Existing law requires the commission to convene, or continue, until August 26, 2025, an independent peer review panel to conduct an independent review of enhanced seismic studies and surveys of the Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 powerplant, including the surrounding areas of the facility and areas of nuclear waste storage.

This bill would require the commission to cause an assessment to be completed by no later than July 1, 2018, conducted by an independent 3rd party, selected as specified, of the adverse and beneficial economic impacts, and net economic effects, that could occur, and of potential -2-

ways for the state and local jurisdictions to mitigate the adverse economic impact, if the Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 powerplant were to temporarily or permanently shut down before the powerplant's current operating licenses expire or if the Pacific Gas and Electric Company were to decide not to pursue license renewal.

This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for the Pacific Gas and Electric Company.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 712.5 is added to the Public Utilities 2 Code, to read:
- 712.5. (a) (1) The commission shall cause an assessment to be completed by no later than July 1, 2018, of the adverse and
- 5 beneficial economic impacts impacts, and the net economic effects,
- 6 for the region surrounding the County of San Luis Obispo, and the
- 7 net economic effects on that region, Obispo and the surrounding
- 8 regions, that could occur if the Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2
- 9 powerplant were to temporarily or permanently shut down before
- 10 the powerplant's current operating licenses from the Nuclear
- 11 Regulatory Commission expire or if the Pacific Gas and Electric
- 12 Company were to decide not to pursue license renewal. The
- 13 assessment shall include a review, as described in paragraph (4)
- 14 of subdivision (b), of potential actions for the state and local
- jurisdictions to consider in order to mitigate the adverse economic
- 16 impact of a shutdown.

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- 17 (2) The assessment shall be conducted by an independent third 18 party, selected in accordance with paragraph (1) of subdivision 19 (c).
 - (b) The assessment shall consist of, but not be limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) Estimates of any changes in local tax revenues, changes in workforce populations, changes in indirect or induced economies, and potential impacts to ratepayers from a shutdown.
 - (2) A review of the economic impacts that affected the region surrounding the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station after it was decommissioned by the Southern California Edison Company

3 SB 968

and of the relevant decommissioning plans of the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station.

- (3) A review of regions in the United States similar to the region surrounding the County of San Luis Obispo and the surrounding regions that have experienced the decommissioning of a nuclear powerplant and of the resulting economic impacts of the decommissioning on those regions.
- (4) Identification of any contingency plans that could mitigate the adverse economic impact of a shutdown to state and local jurisdictions, the local workforce, and entities receiving enhanced tax revenue.
- (c) (1) The commission shall issue a request for proposal for the independent third party that will ensure that the selected party is able to make an independent review and analysis of the data described in subdivision (b).
- (2) The independent third party shall consult with the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Luis Obispo, the governing board of the San Luis Coastal Unified School District, the Center for Labor Research and Education at the University of California at Berkeley, the regional economic development group of the County of San Luis Obispo, and other relevant governmental entities or community-based organizations to assist in an accurate assessment of the economic and workforce impacts of a shutdown.
- (d) The commission shall make the assessment publicly available on its Internet Web site and place it as an item on the agenda at the next commission meeting after the assessment is made publicly available for purposes of collecting and recording public comment.
- SEC. 2. The Legislature finds and declares that a special law is necessary and that a general law cannot be made applicable within the meaning of Section 16 of Article IV of the California Constitution because, currently, the Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 powerplant, owned and operated by the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, is the last operating nuclear powerplant in California and its continued operation is uncertain as Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 are only authorized to operate until 2024 and 2025, respectively. Local communities were ill-prepared and given no notice after the sudden closure of the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station was announced on June 7, 2013, and the state is still responding, at significant cost, to the sudden, permanent, and unexpected loss of baseline electricity. Therefore, an

SB 968 —4—

- 1 assessment is needed on the economic impact specific to a
- 2 shutdown of the Diablo Canyon Units 1 and 2 powerplant to
- 3 provide the state, and local communities, with valuable and
- 4 necessary information to plan and prepare for that circumstance,
- 5 if needed. circumstance.

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WILLIAM W. MONNING

MAJORITY LEADER
SEVENTEENTH SENATE DISTRICT

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SANTA CRUZ DISTRICT OFFICE 701 OCEAN STREET, SUITE 318-A SANTA CRUZ, CA 95060 (831) 425-0401

> SANTA CLARA COUNTY TELEPHONE NUMBER (408) 847-6101

June 27, 2016

Richard Gordon, Chair Assembly Committee on Rules State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Assemblymember Gordon:

This letter is to request that an urgency clause be added to my Senate Bill (SB) 968.

SB 968 requires the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) to submit an assessment, no later than July 1, 2018, by an independent third party about the economic impacts to the San Luis Obispo region due to closure of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant. The bill also requires that mitigation options be identified in order for the region to prepare for the closure of the Plant.

As you may be aware, the Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E) recently announced that it would not seek to renew Diablo Canyon's operating license and that the Plant would be closed no later August 26, 2025. This action by PG&E underscores the need for SB 968.

The addition of an urgency clause to SB 968 will allow the CPUC to immediately start the process of selecting an independent third party to conduct the economic assessment and provide the independent third party with more time to conduct its assessment.

If you have any questions regarding this request, please call Ryan Guillen, a legislative aide with my office, at (916) 651-4017.

Mul Jou!

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerety

WILLIAM W. MONNING

Senator, 17 District

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