



STATE CAPITOL
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CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER
DEBRA GRAVERT

Assembly
California Legislature
Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY
CHAIR

Thursday, March 24, 2022
8:45 a.m.
State Capitol, Room 437

CONSENT AGENDA

VICE CHAIR
WALDRON, MARIE

MEMBERS
BENNETT, STEVE
FLORA, HEATH
FONG, MIKE
GIPSON, MIKE A.
LEE, ALEX
MAIENSCHIN, BRIAN
MATHIS, DEVON J.
RUBIO, BLANCA E.
VILLAPUDUA, CARLOS

LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT)
VALLADARES, SUZETTE
MARTINEZ (R-ALT)

BILL REFERRALS

1. Bill Referrals

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RESOLUTIONS

2. ACR-161 (Lee) Transgender Day of Visibility.
3. ACR-163 (Medina) Adult Education Week. (refer/hear)
4. ACR-165 (Valladares) World Autism Awareness Day. (refer/hear)
5. HR-97 (Reyes) César Chávez Day.
6. SCR-67 (Bradford) Black History Month.
7. SCR-72 (Portantino) PTA Day.
8. SCR-74 (Pan) Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month.

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REQUEST TO ADD URGENCY CLAUSE

9. AB 2179 (Grayson)

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MIKE A. GIPSON
ALEX LEE
BRIAN MAIENSCHIN
DEVON J. MATHIS
BLANCA E. RUBIO
CARLOS VILLAPUDUA

MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.)
SUZETTE VALLADARES (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: Rules Committee Members
From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant
Date: 3/23/2022
Re: Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, the following bills have been added to the list of referrals: ACR 166, ACR 167, and ACR 168. AB 2382 has been removed from the list of referrals. The referral recommendation for AB 2143, AB 2601, and AB 2881 has changed.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

03/24/2022

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>AB 1596</u>	INS.
<u>AB 1621</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1638</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 1643</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 1654</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1667</u>	P.E. & R.
<u>AB 1680</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1680</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 1775</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 1790</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1791</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 1791</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1797</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 1797</u>	ED.
<u>AB 1801</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 1801</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1827</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1836</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1840</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 1841</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 1855</u>	AGING & L.T.C.
<u>AB 1863</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 1864</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 1871</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1891</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 1901</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 1901</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1918</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 1918</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1920</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 1925</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1931</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 1936</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1943</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1943</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 1957</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 1958</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1967</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1967</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1975</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1975</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 1978</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1990</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1997</u>	HIGHER ED.

<u>AB 1998</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1999</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2011</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2012</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 2021</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2022</u>	W., P., & W.
<u>AB 2039</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2083</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2083</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 2084</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2084</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2086</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2087</u>	B. & P.
<u>AB 2089</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2089</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2090</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2091</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2091</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2103</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2127</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2129</u>	INS.
<u>AB 2134</u>	HEALTH
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<u>AB 2172</u>	ELECTIONS
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<u>AB 2205</u>	HEALTH
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<u>AB 2250</u>	PUB. S.
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<u>AB 2278</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2290</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2291</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2291</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2314</u>	J., E.D., & E.
<u>AB 2314</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 2315</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2354</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2360</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2367</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2367</u>	TRANS.

<u>AB 2369</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2375</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2379</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 2379</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2392</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2405</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2408</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2420</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2430</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2430</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2434</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2434</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2442</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2442</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2456</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2459</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2466</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2466</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2488</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2491</u>	HIGHER ED.
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<u>AB 2560</u>	REV. & TAX.
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<u>AB 2610</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2629</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2633</u>	W., P., & W.
<u>AB 2636</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 2636</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2641</u>	C. & C.
<u>AB 2643</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 2652</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2652</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2655</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2656</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2656</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2663</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2663</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2665</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2665</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2681</u>	A.,E.,S.,T., & I.M.
<u>AB 2690</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2694</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2697</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2702</u>	C. & C.
<u>AB 2708</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2710</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2710</u>	H. & C.D.
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<u>AB 2724</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2730</u>	PUB. S.
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<u>AB 2732</u>	E.M.
<u>AB 2737</u>	L. & E.
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<u>AB 2743</u>	E.S. & T.M.
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<u>AB 2755</u>	JUD.
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<u>AB 2849</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 2849</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 2850</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 2851</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 2852</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 2857</u>	W., P., & W.
<u>AB 2859</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 2863</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2867</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2873</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 2873</u>	J., E.D., & E.
<u>AB 2878</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2878</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 2881</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2881</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2886</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 2886</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2887</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2888</u>	BUDGET
<u>AB 2890</u>	L. GOV.
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<u>AB 2903</u>	L. & E.
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<u>AB 2920</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 2929</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 2932</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 2933</u>	ED.
<u>AB 2934</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2944</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2945</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 2945</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2950</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 2951</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 2951</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 2964</u>	AGRI.
<u>AB 2965</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2966</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 2967</u>	ELECTIONS
<u>AB 2968</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 2969</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 2970</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 2971</u>	G.O.
<u>ACR 154</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 162</u>	TRANS.
<u>ACR 163</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 164</u>	TRANS.
<u>ACR 165</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 166</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 167</u>	RLS.
<u>ACR 168</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 71</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 79</u>	RLS.

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 161

Introduced by Assembly Member Lee

(Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Cervantes, Low, and Ward)

(Principal coauthors: Senators Atkins, Eggman, Laird, and Wiener)

March 14, 2022

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 161—Relative to Transgender Day of Visibility.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 161, as introduced, Lee. Transgender Day of Visibility.

This measure would proclaim March 31, 2022, as Transgender Day of Visibility.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, Over one million Americans, including over
2 300,000 Californians are Trans, Gender Nonconforming, or
3 Intersex (TGI) and have overcome significant hardships to build
4 vibrant and thriving communities, often in the face of systemic
5 and interpersonal prejudice, discrimination, and violence; and
6 WHEREAS, The International Transgender Day of Visibility
7 encompasses a large community of people, including people who
8 identify as nonbinary and gender nonconforming; and
9 WHEREAS, We cannot simply celebrate visibility without also
10 recognizing that visibility and representation do not equate to
11 justice; still far too many TGI people, in particular TGI women of
12 color, continue to face profound threats to their safety and
13 well-being; and

1 WHEREAS, We acknowledge that for many, visibility can mean
2 an increased likelihood of harm, and for each TGI person killed
3 or lost this year and in years past we mourn them, we honor them,
4 and we say their names; and

5 WHEREAS, The TGI community has suffered
6 disproportionately in many ways, including as victims of workplace
7 and educational discrimination, and violence, and these forms of
8 oppression are exacerbated for TGI people of color; and

9 WHEREAS, We also celebrate the beauty and resilience of TGI
10 people through history and of those who are with us today, and
11 we recognize that TGI people have contributed and continue to
12 contribute in myriad ways to the betterment of our society and our
13 state, often working at the forefront of social justice activism and
14 human rights work; and

15 WHEREAS, TGI people, and in particular TGI women of color,
16 including Sylvia Rivera, Miss Major, and Marsha P. Johnson, were
17 instrumental in the creation of the modern gay rights movement
18 in the United States, from the 1965 Dewey lunch counter protests
19 in Philadelphia to the Stonewall riots in 1969 to the creation of
20 radical new civil rights organizations; and

21 WHEREAS, TGI Americans have made profound strides in
22 challenging social and political norms that had forced many to live
23 in secrecy regarding their gender identity, sentenced them to
24 coercive medical and psychological treatments, and denied them
25 employment and housing opportunities; and

26 WHEREAS, Civil rights victories won by TGI activists have
27 expanded judicial recognition of constitutional protections for
28 gender identity and expression, and provided a greater number of
29 people with the basic protections needed to ensure human dignity
30 and self-determination; however, these rights are still not
31 universally guaranteed, with laws varying by state and locality and
32 regressive measures still being pursued; and

33 WHEREAS, As a result of determined activism and advocacy,
34 TGI people now serve as community and educational leaders,
35 reach the highest levels of athletic competition, star in film and
36 television, and serve in prominent government positions, beginning
37 to tear down systemic barriers that have resulted in many years of
38 tragic exclusion; and

39 WHEREAS, In California and across the country, TGI people
40 have courageously and powerfully organized in response to hate

1 crimes and violence that have been directed at members of their
2 community, especially at TGI women of color, nonetheless
3 receiving insufficient mainstream coverage and recognition; and

4 WHEREAS, We recognize and celebrate the work that is being
5 done by TGI advocacy groups to continue to fight for dignity and
6 equal rights for members of the TGI community, to build inclusive
7 and healing spaces, and to protect and defend those who are most
8 vulnerable, including people with disabilities and those who are
9 incarcerated; and

10 WHEREAS, While California is committed to leading the way
11 in extending nondiscrimination protections and equal benefits to
12 TGI people, this commitment is ever more needed in the face of
13 threats that the state governments have made to curtail or abandon
14 enforcement of civil rights protections and to deeply cut health
15 care and other crucial programs; and

16 WHEREAS, In California, we believe in the inherent value of
17 each and every resident of our state, including especially our TGI
18 residents, without exception; now, therefore, be it

19 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
20 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature hereby proclaims March
21 31, 2022, as Transgender Day of Visibility; and be it further

22 *Resolved*, That the Legislature joins communities across our
23 nation to increase awareness about the importance of removing
24 systemic barriers to TGI individuals and upholding human rights
25 for all; and be it further

26 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
27 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 161 (Lee) – As Introduced March 14, 2022

SUBJECT: Transgender Day of Visibility.

SUMMARY: Proclaims March 31, 2022, as Transgender Day of Visibility. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The International Transgender Day of Visibility encompasses a large community of people, including people who identify as nonbinary and gender nonconforming.
- 2) Over one million Americans, including over 300,000 Californians are Trans, Gender Nonconforming, or Intersex (TGI) and have overcome significant hardships to build vibrant and thriving communities, often in the face of systemic and interpersonal prejudice, discrimination, and violence.
- 3) The TGI community has suffered disproportionately in many ways, including as victims of workplace and educational discrimination, and violence. These forms of oppression are exacerbated for TGI people of color.
- 4) TGI Americans have made profound strides in challenging social and political norms that had forced many to live in secrecy regarding their gender identity, sentenced them to coercive medical and psychological treatments, and denied them employment and housing opportunities.
- 5) Civil rights victories won by TGI activists have expanded judicial recognition of constitutional protections for gender identity and expression, and provided a greater number of people with the basic protections needed to ensure human dignity and self-determination; however, these rights are still not universally guaranteed, with laws varying by state and locality and regressive measures still being pursued.
- 6) In California and across the country, TGI people have courageously and powerfully organized in response to hate crimes and violence that have been directed at members of their community, especially at TGI women of color, nonetheless receiving insufficient mainstream coverage and recognition.
- 7) As a result of determined activism and advocacy, TGI people now serve as community and educational leaders, reach the highest levels of athletic competition, star in film and television, and serve in prominent government positions, beginning to tear down systemic barriers that have resulted in many years of tragic exclusion.
- 8) While California is committed to leading the way in extending nondiscrimination protections and equal benefits to TGI people, this commitment is ever more needed in the face of threats that the state governments have made to curtail or abandon enforcement of civil rights protections and to deeply cut health care and other crucial programs.

- 9) In California, we believe in the inherent value of each and every resident of our state, including especially our TGI residents, without exception. We cannot simply celebrate visibility without also recognizing that visibility and representation do not equate to justice; still far too many TGI people, in particular TGI women of color, continue to face profound threats to their safety and well-being.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 163

Introduced by Assembly Member Medina

March 16, 2022

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 163—Relative to adult education.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 163, as introduced, Medina. Adult Education Week.

This bill would proclaim the week of March 27, 2022, to April 2, 2022, inclusive, as Adult Education Week, and would honor the teachers, administrators, classified staff, and students of adult education programs statewide for their efforts, persistence, and accomplishments.

Fiscal committee: no.

1 WHEREAS, The week of March 27, 2022, to April 2, 2022,
2 inclusive, is observed as “Adult Education Week,” recognizing
3 the unique accomplishments of California adult schools; and

4 WHEREAS, The Legislature acknowledges that adult schools
5 that are provided by K–12 school districts offer quality programs
6 to meet the ever-changing economic and workforce development
7 and lifelong learning needs of our diverse state; and

8 WHEREAS, The first recorded adult education class in
9 California was held in the basement of St. Mary’s Cathedral in
10 San Francisco in 1856. The class was authorized by the San
11 Francisco Board of Education to teach English to Irish, Italian,
12 and Chinese immigrants. John Swett, who was the first volunteer
13 teacher for the class, later became a Superintendent of Public
14 Instruction; and

1 WHEREAS, Most students served through adult education deal
2 with illiteracy, poverty, and high unemployment, and are the most
3 negatively impacted group when the state faces economic, social,
4 and health challenges, most recently seen through the impact of
5 COVID-19; and

6 WHEREAS, Historically, adult schools have been called on to
7 assist the state as it dealt with significant social, political, and
8 economic issues, such as providing job training programs during
9 World War II, immigration reform of the 1980s, and most recently,
10 the Great Recession; and

11 WHEREAS, Adult education in California overcame its biggest
12 challenge as a result of the severe economic crisis facing both the
13 state and the nation in 2008–09. Funding previously reserved for
14 adult education was redistributed to other levels of education in
15 the state, causing many adult schools to close or decrease in size;
16 and

17 WHEREAS, There are currently 600,000 adult learners enrolled
18 in English as a second language classes at adult schools across
19 California who are in the age range to have children in our public
20 school system. The impact of adult education is felt across
21 generations, particularly for early childhood learners who have
22 been characterized as a priority by the Governor and the
23 Legislature; and

24 WHEREAS, Adult schools, which work in collaboration with
25 community colleges, community centers, and libraries, are a
26 primary community resource for the teaching and instruction of
27 adult literacy; and

28 WHEREAS, Adult schools provide a way for adults to complete
29 secondary-education studies and obtain a high school diploma or
30 its equivalent at their own pace, and to prepare for and transition
31 to postsecondary education and career training; and

32 WHEREAS, Adult schools provide critical opportunities to
33 bring recent school dropouts back to school; and

34 WHEREAS, Adult schools provide instruction to those in the
35 state who need English as a second language and citizenship
36 courses, and play a key role in immigrant integration and the path
37 to United States citizenship, which is important for our diverse
38 community during this time of immigration reform; and

39 WHEREAS, Adult schools, which recognize that we must focus
40 on educating parents in order to break the cycle of illiteracy and

1 to support educational equity for all our children, provide programs
2 in family literacy at elementary schools in conjunction with
3 community-based organizations; and

4 WHEREAS, Adult schools provide short-term career and
5 technical training for adults seeking changes or enhancements in
6 their career pathways; and

7 WHEREAS, In 2015, the Legislature and Governor Edmund
8 G. Brown Jr. saved California adult schools from the brink of
9 closure by establishing the Adult Education Block Grant Program
10 that helped to restore access and programming for adult learners
11 with planning and collaboration on a regional scale; and

12 WHEREAS, Amid the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, adult
13 schools continue to provide critical programs and services to our
14 adult education students and their families to foster literacy and
15 basic skills, which is important to help ensure our K–12 students
16 are successful as they navigate the challenge of distance learning
17 to finish the school year; and

18 WHEREAS, Amid the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, adult
19 schools provide important short-term career training programs,
20 including for critical health care positions, to address both the
21 short- and long-term impacts of the pandemic and to respond to
22 Governor Gavin Newsom’s charge to meet the moment and address
23 the needs of our communities; and

24 WHEREAS, Adult schools in California are diverse places of
25 learning that seek to support all students regardless of ethnicity,
26 race, faith, and orientation, where students are safe from
27 discrimination and bullying; now, therefore, be it

28 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
29 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature proclaims the week of
30 March 27, 2022, to April 2, 2022, inclusive, as Adult Education
31 Week, and that teachers, administrators, classified staff, and
32 students of adult education programs statewide be honored for
33 their efforts, persistence, and accomplishments; and be it further

34 *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
35 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 163 (Medina) – As Introduced March 16, 2022

SUBJECT: Adult Education Week.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the week of March 27, 2022, to April 2, 2022, inclusive, as Adult Education Week, and honors the teachers, administrators, classified staff, and students of adult education programs statewide for their efforts, persistence, and accomplishments. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The first recorded adult education class in California was held in the basement of St. Mary’s Cathedral in San Francisco in 1856. The class was authorized by the San Francisco Board of Education to teach English to Irish, Italian, and Chinese immigrants. John Swett, who was the first volunteer teacher for the class, later became a Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 2) Historically, adult schools have been called on to assist the state as it dealt with significant social, political, and economic issues, such as providing job training programs during World War II, immigration reform of the 1980s, and most recently, the Great Recession.
- 3) Adult education in California overcame its biggest challenge as a result of the severe economic crisis facing both the state and the nation in 2008-09. Funding previously reserved for adult education was redistributed to other levels of education in the state, causing many adult schools to close or decrease in size.
- 4) Most students served through adult education deal with illiteracy, poverty, and high unemployment, and are the most negatively impacted group when the state faces economic, social, and health challenges, most recently seen through the impact of COVID-19.
- 5) There are currently 600,000 adult learners enrolled in English as a second language classes at adult schools across California who are in the age range to have children in our public school system. The impact of adult education is felt across generations, particularly for early childhood learners who have been characterized as a priority by the Governor and the Legislature.
- 6) Adult schools provide a way for adults to complete secondary-education studies and obtain a high school diploma or its equivalent at their own pace, and to prepare for and transition to postsecondary education and career training. And, adult schools provide critical opportunities to bring recent school dropouts back to school.
- 7) Adult schools in California are diverse places of learning that seek to support all students regardless of ethnicity, race, faith, and orientation, where students are safe from discrimination and bullying.
- 8) The week of March 27, 2022, to April 2, 2022, inclusive, is observed as “Adult Education Week,” recognizing the unique accomplishments of California adult schools.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

California Adult Education Administrators Association (CAEAA)
California Council for Adult Education (CCAEE)

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



March 22, 2022

The Honorable Jose Medina
California State Assembly
1021 O Street, Room 6210
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: ACR 163 (Medina) – SUPPORT/SPONSOR

Dear Assemblymember Medina:

On behalf of the California Council for Adult Education (CCAE) and California Adult Education Administrators Association (CAEAA), thank you for your introduction of ACR 163 proclaiming March 27th – April 2nd “Adult Education Week” in California. CCAE and CAEAA strongly support ACR 163.

Adult education is a public education program offering free to low-cost classes for adults 18 and older. Students can gain high school equivalency, learn to read, write and speak English, develop the skills to become a U.S. citizen, and obtain short term career training.

Adult schools in California are located across the state, offering classes in over 1000 different locations including elementary, middle, and high schools, churches, shopping centers, and other easily accessible locations. They are diverse places of learning that seek to support all students regardless of ethnicity, race, faith, orientation and status, where students are safe from discrimination and bullying and can seek out services and programming in this variety of areas.

For over five years, K12 Adult Schools and community colleges have been part of local consortia under the California Adult Education Program (CAEP) as a condition for receiving state funding to provide education and training to adult learners in their communities. At the state level, the consortia model was designed to increase collaboration between the two systems and provide greater access to higher education and career pathways. There have been great strides in this work and despite inherent challenges of coordinating two separate and distinct statewide systems, each with their own policies and processes, adult learners have benefited.

Further, amid the COVID-19 pandemic Adult Schools have continued to provide critical and accessible programming and services to our adult education students and their families via literacy and basic skills to help ensure our K12 students are successful as they navigated the challenges of distance learning. Additionally, amid the pandemic, Adult Schools provided important short term career training programs, including for critical healthcare positions, to address both the short- and long-term impacts and to respond to Governor Newsom’s charge to meet the moment and address the needs of our communities.

For these reasons, we are pleased to strongly support ACR 163 and its recognition of the importance of Adult Schools in our communities and to the students we serve. We appreciate your support and applaud you, Assemblymember Medina, for proclaiming "Adult Education Week" March 27th through April 2nd, 2022. If you have any questions regarding CCAE and CAEAA's sponsorship and support for ACR 163, please contact Dawn Koepke with McHugh, Koepke & Associates at (916) 606-5309 or dkoopke@mchughgr.com. Thank you!

Sincerely,



Sonya Ramirez
President
CCAЕ



John Werner
President
CAEAA

Assembly Concurrent Resolution

No. 165

Introduced by Assembly Member Valladares

March 16, 2022

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 165—Relative to World Autism Awareness Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

ACR 165, as introduced, Valladares. World Autism Awareness Day. This measure would designate April 2, 2022, as World Autism Awareness Day and encourage residents of the state to show support for autism awareness.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The federal Centers for Disease Control and
2 Prevention’s Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring
3 Network declares that approximately one in 54 children have been
4 identified with autism spectrum disorder (ASD); and
5 WHEREAS, ASD is a lifelong developmental disability that
6 results from a neurological disorder that affects the functioning of
7 the brain and affects individuals in many countries irrespective of
8 gender, race, or socioeconomic status; and
9 WHEREAS, ASD is typically characterized by impairments in
10 social interaction, problems with verbal and nonverbal
11 communication, and restricted and repetitive behavior, interests,
12 and activities; and
13 WHEREAS, ASD is often associated with comorbidities,
14 including epilepsy, sleep disorders, gastrointestinal symptoms,
15 and psychological disorders that deserve resources, services, and

1 therapies to improve the quality of life for individuals with ASD;
2 and

3 WHEREAS, ASD is a lifelong disability that manifests itself
4 during the first 3 or 4 years of life or as early as 12 months; and

5 WHEREAS, ASD affects one in 34 boys and one in 145 girls.

6 WHEREAS, On December 18, 2007, through the efforts of
7 Suzanne and Bob Wright, the United Nations General Assembly
8 adopted Resolution 62/139 declaring April 2 as the annual World
9 Autism Awareness Day; and

10 WHEREAS, The United Nations General Assembly invites all
11 member states, relevant organizations of the United Nations system
12 and other international organizations, as well as civil society,
13 including nongovernmental organizations and the private sectors,
14 to observe World Autism Awareness Day in an appropriate manner,
15 in order to raise public awareness of autism; and

16 WHEREAS, The United Nations General Assembly encourages
17 member states to take measures to raise awareness throughout
18 society regarding individuals with autism and requests the
19 Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention
20 of all member states and United Nations organizations; and

21 WHEREAS, United Nations General Assembly Resolution
22 62/139 also recalls the United Nations Convention on the Rights
23 of the Child and the Convention on the Rights of Persons with
24 Disabilities to affirm that individuals with disabilities should enjoy
25 a full and decent life in conditions that ensure dignity, promote
26 self-reliance, and ensure the full enjoyment of all human rights
27 and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with other individuals
28 without disabilities; and

29 WHEREAS, April 2, 2022, is the 15th anniversary of the first
30 day proclaimed as World Autism Awareness Day; now, therefore,
31 be it

32 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate*
33 *thereof concurring,* That the Legislature designates April 2, 2022,
34 as World Autism Awareness Day and encourages residents of the
35 state to show support for autism awareness; and be it further

36 *Resolved,* That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
37 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
ACR 165 (Valladares) – As Introduced March 16, 2022

SUBJECT: World Autism Awareness Day.

SUMMARY: Designates April 2, 2022, as World Autism Awareness Day and encourages residents of the state to show support for autism awareness. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Autism and Developmental Disabilities Monitoring Network declares that approximately 1 in 54 children have been identified with autism spectrum disorder (ASD).
- 2) ASD is a lifelong developmental disability that results from a neurological disorder that affects the functioning of the brain, and affects children in many countries irrespective of gender, race, or socioeconomic status.
- 3) ASD manifests itself during the first three or four years of life, and is typically characterized by impairments in social interaction, problems with verbal and nonverbal communication, and restricted and repetitive behavior, interests, and activities.
- 4) On December 18, 2007, the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution 62/139 declaring April 2 as the annual World Autism Awareness Day.
- 5) The United Nations General Assembly encourages member states to take measures to raise awareness throughout society regarding children with autism and requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of all member states and United Nations organizations.
- 6) United Nations General Assembly Resolution 62/139 also recalls the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child and the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities to affirm that children with disabilities should enjoy a full and decent life in conditions that ensure dignity, promote self-reliance, and ensure the full enjoyment of all human rights and fundamental freedoms on an equal basis with other children without disabilities.
- 7) April 2, 2022, is the 15th anniversary of the first day proclaimed as World Autism Awareness Day.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

Association of Regional Center Agencies (ARCA)

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



980 9th Street, Suite 1450, Sacramento, California 95814 • 916.446.7961 • www.arcanet.org

March 22, 2022

Assemblymember Ken Cooley
Chair, Assembly Committee on Rules
Capitol Annex Swing Space, Ste. 6250
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: ACR 165 (Valladares) – SUPPORT

Honorable Assemblymember Cooley:

California’s regional centers are a network of 21 community-based non-profits, represented by the Association of Regional Center Agencies (ARCA). The regional centers coordinate services for, and advocate on behalf of, nearly 400,000 Californians with developmental disabilities. On behalf of ARCA, I wish to express our support for ACR 165 (Valladares), designating April 2nd as “World Autism Awareness Day.”

Autism is rapidly becoming the most common developmental disability affecting people in California – and around the country. The unique services and supports to best address the needs of people so diagnosed can make a profound and positive difference in the lives of not only the individual, but their family, friends, and community.

Increasing awareness of this developmental disability, and the positive impact a fully-funded developmental services system makes in the lives of people with autism, is a worthy goal. We are grateful for Assemblymember Valladares’ willingness to advance awareness of this issue and urge favorable consideration of this resolution.

If you have any additional questions regarding our position, please do not hesitate to contact Daniel Savino in our office at dsavino@arcanet.org or (916) 446-7961.

Sincerely,

/s/Amy Westling
Executive Director

Cc: Griffin Bovée, Legislative Director, Office of Assemblymember Valladares
Ruth Janka, Executive Director, North Los Angeles County Regional Center
Omar Noorzad, Executive Director, Tri-Counties Regional Center

House Resolution

No. 97

**Introduced by Assembly Member Reyes
(Coauthor: Assembly Member Robert Rivas)**

March 7, 2022

House Resolution No. 97—Relative to César Chávez Day.

1 WHEREAS, César Estrada Chávez recognized that for many
2 people, spanning many generations and many ethnicities, the path
3 to a better life frequently begins in the fields. For many
4 farmworkers, the American Dream means a life of self-sacrifice,
5 hard work, and perseverance; and

6 WHEREAS, César Chávez experienced the hardships and
7 injustices of farmworker life firsthand. He was born on March 31,
8 1927, in the North Gila River Valley in Arizona, on the small
9 family farm his grandfather homesteaded. César Chávez’s father
10 lost the farm during the Great Depression, forcing the family to
11 join some 30,000 farmworkers who followed the crops throughout
12 California and lived in tents and makeshift housing that often
13 lacked a bathroom, electricity, or running water; and

14 WHEREAS, César Chávez understood the value of education
15 as a path to a better life because he quit school after completing
16 the 8th grade to work full time, helping to support his family in
17 the fields. Later in life, César Chávez became self-educated through
18 his passion for reading; and

19 WHEREAS, Although later a pacifist, in 1946, César Chávez
20 enrolled and served his country in the United States Navy. He was
21 honorably discharged whereupon he married Helen Fabela and
22 eventually settled in the East San Jose barrio nicknamed “Sal Si

1 Puedes” (“Get Out if You Can”) to raise a family that eventually
2 numbered eight children; and

3 WHEREAS, In San Jose, César Chávez was introduced to the
4 social teachings of the Catholic Church and trained in community
5 organizing strategies and tactics. César Chávez and Fred Ross, an
6 organizer for the Community Service Organization (CSO),
7 established CSO chapters across California and Arizona during
8 the 1950s, helping Latinos register to vote, pushing for basic public
9 services and infrastructure in the barrios, peacefully battling police
10 brutality and racial discrimination, and creating the most effective
11 Latino civil rights group of its era; and

12 WHEREAS, In 1962, after failing to convince the CSO to let
13 him organize farmworkers, César Chávez resigned from the only
14 decent paying job he ever held and moved his wife and eight
15 children to Delano, California. There, with \$1,200 in life savings
16 that was soon gone, César Chávez, his family, and close friends
17 began building the National Farm Workers Association, which
18 later became the United Farm Workers of America (UFW); and

19 WHEREAS, In 1965, in a partnership with a union of Filipino
20 American farmworkers, César Chávez organized a major strike
21 against grape growers in California. The following year César
22 Chávez led an unprecedented 340-mile march, from Delano to
23 Sacramento, that placed the farmworkers’ plight before the
24 conscience of the American people. Supporters carried slogans
25 with the words “HUELGA” (strike) and “VIVA LA CAUSA”
26 (long live our cause), advocating for improved compensation and
27 labor conditions. Later efforts resulted in the enactment of
28 California’s historic Agricultural Labor Relations Act of 1975, the
29 first and still the only law in the nation to “encourage and protect”
30 the right of farmworkers to organize and bargain with their
31 employers; and

32 WHEREAS, Through countless strikes, boycotts, marches, and
33 fasts that produced many victories and some defeats, César Chávez,
34 who even considered vegetarianism an integral part of living
35 nonviolently, never stopped his peaceful battles on behalf of the
36 farmworkers with whom he shared his life. His dedication to his
37 work earned him the respect of some of our greatest political and
38 civil rights leaders, including Robert Kennedy, Martin Luther King
39 Jr., and Jesse Jackson. César Chávez’s motto in life, “Sí Se Puede!”

1 or “Yes We Can!” has served as an inspiration not only for Latinos,
2 but for working Americans of all walks of life; and

3 WHEREAS, In 1993, César Chávez died peacefully in his sleep
4 in San Luis, Arizona. Forty thousand people marched behind his
5 plain pine casket during funeral services in Delano to honor a man
6 who never made more than \$5,000 a year, never owned a home,
7 and left no money behind for his family. They came to affirm César
8 Chávez’s words from his landmark 1984 address to the
9 Commonwealth Club in San Francisco: “Once social change
10 begins, it cannot be reversed. You cannot uneducate the person
11 who has learned to read. You cannot humiliate the person who
12 feels pride. You cannot oppress the people who are not afraid
13 anymore”; and

14 WHEREAS, Although César Chávez was uncomfortable with
15 personal recognition in life, since his passing Chávez has been
16 honored in hundreds of communities. César Chávez was awarded
17 “El Aguila Azteca” (the Aztec Eagle), Mexico’s highest award
18 presented to people of Mexican heritage. In 1994, President Bill
19 Clinton posthumously presented César Chávez with America’s
20 highest civilian honor, the Presidential Medal of Freedom. In 2006,
21 California Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger inducted César
22 Chávez into the first class of the California Hall of Fame. In 2011,
23 the United States Navy announced naming the latest Lewis and
24 Clark-class cargo ship built in San Diego the USNS César Chávez
25 (T-A-K-E-14). The ship’s keel was laid down on May 9, 2011,
26 and the ship was launched on May 5, 2012; and

27 WHEREAS, Since César Chávez’s passing, the UFW has
28 continued his work through organizing farmworkers and campaigns
29 to enact laws and regulations to bring dignity and protections to
30 farmworkers. Meanwhile, the César Chávez Foundation continues
31 improving the lives of hundreds of thousands of farmworkers and
32 other low-wage working families through 34 high-quality
33 affordable housing communities it has built or renovated and
34 manages in four states, a network of 15 popular educational
35 Spanish-language radio stations in four states, after school tutoring
36 for disadvantaged students in four states, and the National Chávez
37 Center, including a visitor center, memorial gardens, and
38 educational center on 187 acres in the Tehachapi Mountains where
39 César Chávez lived and worked, and is buried; and

1 WHEREAS, César Chávez successfully increased public
2 awareness of farmworker working conditions. To many
3 Californians the farmworkers' struggles are an issue from the past,
4 a belief reflected by the fact that farmworker suffering typically
5 takes place in remote areas far from cities, thereby rendering
6 farmworkers invisible to our society. The fruits and vegetables
7 that we enjoy in our daily lives are produced by farmworkers who
8 often endure long hours of backbreaking work and still face
9 challenges such as inadequate enforcement of pesticide, safety,
10 and labor protection laws in the fields; and

11 WHEREAS, Farmworkers still dream of providing a better life
12 for their children, but the reality of having to move from crop to
13 crop makes this dream hard to achieve. Economic forces and the
14 rising cost of living have pushed farmworkers further into poverty;
15 and

16 WHEREAS, In 2000, the Legislature passed and Governor Gray
17 Davis signed into law Senate Bill 984 (Chapter 213 of the Statutes
18 of 2000), to create the first annual state holiday in the country on
19 César Chávez's birthday, March 31. Under that law, the State
20 Board of Education also created a statewide curriculum on Chávez
21 and encourages schools across the state to engage teachers and
22 students in service learning projects as a way of honoring the
23 legendary farm labor and civil rights leader; now, therefore, be it

24 *Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California,* That the
25 Assembly calls upon all Californians to observe César Chávez's
26 birthday, March 31, as a day of public service; and be it further

27 *Resolved,* That the Assembly calls upon all Californians to
28 recognize the hard work and self-sacrifice that farmworkers go
29 through to feed all the families in our state; and be it further

30 *Resolved,* That the Assembly calls upon all Californians to learn
31 from César Chávez's life and his mission of nonviolence, social
32 justice, and selfless service to others; and be it further

33 *Resolved,* That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies
34 of this resolution to the Chávez family, the United Farm Workers
35 of America, the César Chávez Foundation, and the author for
36 appropriate distribution. .

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
HR 97 (Reyes) – As Introduced March 7, 2022

SUBJECT: César Chávez Day.

SUMMARY: Observes March 31 as César Chávez’s birthday and as a day of public service. And, calls upon all Californians to recognize the hard work and self-sacrifice that farmworkers go through to feed all the families in our state and to learn from César Chávez's life and his mission of nonviolence, social justice, and selfless service to others. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) César Estrada Chávez was born on March 31, 1927, in the North Gila River Valley in Arizona on a small family farm his grandfather homesteaded.
- 2) César Chávez experienced the hardships and injustices of farmworker life firsthand. His father lost the farm during the Great Depression, forcing the family to join some 30,000 farmworkers who followed the crops throughout California and lived in tents and makeshift housing that often lacked a bathroom, electricity, or running water.
- 3) Through countless strikes, boycotts, marches, and fasts that produced many victories and some defeats, César Chávez, who even considered vegetarianism an integral part of living nonviolently, never stopped his peaceful battles on behalf of the farmworkers with whom he shared his life.
- 4) César Chávez’s dedication to his work earned him the respect of some of our greatest political and civil rights leaders, including Robert Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Jr., and Jesse Jackson. César Chávez's motto in life, "Si Se Puede!" or "Yes We Can!" has served as an inspiration not only for Latinos, but for working Americans of all walks of life.
- 5) In 2000, the Legislature enacted SB 984 (Chapter 213, Statutes of 2000) to create the first annual state holiday in the country on César Chávez's birthday, March 31. Under that law, the State Board of Education also created a statewide curriculum on César Chávez.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senators Bradford and Kamlager

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Mia Bonta, Bryan, Cooper, Gipson, Holden, Jones-Sawyer, McCarty, and Akilah Weber)

February 14, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 67—Relative to Black History Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

SCR 67, as introduced, Bradford. Black History Month.

This measure would recognize February 2022 as Black History Month, urge all citizens to join in celebrating the accomplishments of African Americans during Black History Month, and encourage the people of California to recognize the many talents of African Americans and the achievements and contributions they make to their communities to create equity and equality for education, economics, and social justice. The measure would also recognize the significance in protecting citizens’ right to vote and remedying racial discrimination in voting.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The history of the United States is rich with
- 2 inspirational stories of great individuals whose actions, words, and
- 3 achievements have united Americans and contributed to the success
- 4 and prosperity of the United States; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Among those Americans who have enriched our
- 6 society are the members of the African American community,
- 7 individuals whose accomplishments have contributed to every
- 8 endeavor throughout the history of our nation and who have been
- 9 steadfast in their commitment to promoting brotherhood, equality,
- 10 and justice for all; and

1 WHEREAS, Dr. Carter Godwin Woodson, the distinguished
2 African American author, editor, publisher, and historian who is
3 known as the “Father of Black History,” founded Negro History
4 Week in 1926, which became Black History Month in 1976, with
5 the intent to encourage further research and publications regarding
6 the untold stories of African American heritage; and

7 WHEREAS, August 2019, marked 400 years since the first
8 arrival of Africans to present-day America, and the United States
9 Congress established the 400 Years of African American History
10 Commission to commemorate the historic heritage and
11 contributions that Americans of African descent have made to help
12 shape the cultural, academic, social, economic, and moral attributes
13 of this nation; and

14 WHEREAS, In August 1619, the first documented Africans
15 arrived in the English colony of Virginia. The group, recorded
16 upon arrival as “20 and odd Negroes,” was part of a larger group
17 of West Africans enslaved by Portuguese slave traders. They were
18 on their way to Veracruz aboard a Portuguese ship when they were
19 captured off the coast of Mexico by an English warship and
20 transported to Virginia, where they were put ashore at what is now
21 Hampton, Virginia, and sold as involuntary laborers or indentured
22 servants; and

23 WHEREAS, Slavery had not yet been institutionalized, so the
24 Africans were informed they would work under contract for a
25 certain period of time before being granted freedom and the rights
26 afforded other settlers. However, while European indentured
27 servants were listed along with their year of expected freedom, no
28 such information accompanied the names of the African indentured
29 servants; and

30 WHEREAS, The historic arrival of the group of “20 and odd
31 Negroes” marked the beginning of the trend in colonial America
32 where people of Africa were taken unwillingly from their homeland
33 and transplanted to a foreign land, condemned to a lifetime of
34 slavery and racial discrimination, and endured atrocities and
35 conditions mostly undreamt of up until that time; and

36 WHEREAS, During the course of the slave trade, an estimated
37 50 million African men, women, and children were lost to their
38 native continent. Of those, the majority—about 35 million—lost
39 their lives on African soil or along the Guinea coast, or finally in

1 holds on the ships during the dreaded Middle Passage across the
2 Atlantic Ocean; and

3 WHEREAS, In spite of the African slave trade, Africans and
4 African Americans continued to move forward in society. During
5 the Reconstruction period, two African Americans served in the
6 United States Senate and 14 sat in the House of Representatives;
7 and

8 WHEREAS, From the earliest days of the United States, the
9 course of its history has been greatly influenced by African
10 American heroes and pioneers in many diverse areas, including
11 science, medicine, business, education, government, industry, and
12 social leadership; and

13 WHEREAS, Africans and African Americans have been great
14 inventors, inventing and improving on innovations such as the
15 air-conditioning unit, almanac, automatic gearshift, blood plasma
16 bag, clothes dryer, doorknob, doorstop, electric lamp bulb, elevator,
17 fire escape ladder, fountain pen, gas mask, golf tee, horseshoe,
18 lantern, lawnmower, lawn sprinkler, lock, lubricating cup,
19 refrigerating apparatus, spark plug, stethoscope, telephone
20 transmitter, thermostat control, traffic signal, and typewriter; and

21 WHEREAS, Before the passage of the federal Voting Rights
22 Act of 1965, voters faced disenfranchisement through poll taxes,
23 literacy tests, and other tactics intended to keep African Americans
24 from the polls on Election Day; and

25 WHEREAS, The Civil Rights Movement helped change public
26 policy from segregation to integration, resulting in the repeal of
27 the post-Reconstruction era state laws mandating racial segregation
28 in the South, known as the “Jim Crow Laws,” thereby leading to
29 the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Voting Rights Act
30 of 1965, and other antidiscrimination laws aimed at ending
31 economic, legal, and social segregation in America; and

32 WHEREAS, The year 2020 marked the sesquicentennial of the
33 Fifteenth Amendment (1870) and 55 years since the passage of
34 the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965; and

35 WHEREAS, In 1976, the United States government officially
36 recognized Black History Month, calling upon the public to “seize
37 the opportunity to honor the too-often neglected accomplishments
38 of black Americans in every area of endeavor throughout our
39 history”; and

1 WHEREAS, In 2008, Barack H. Obama was elected to serve
2 as the first African American President of the United States; and

3 WHEREAS, In 2012, President Barack H. Obama was reelected
4 to serve a President of the United States; and

5 WHEREAS, In 2012, California historically elected the most
6 African Americans to serve in the Legislature, totaling 12 members;
7 and

8 WHEREAS, In 2013, the hashtag #BlackLivesMatter first
9 appeared on Twitter on July 13, 2013, and spread widely as
10 high-profile cases involving the deaths of Black civilians, such as
11 the murder of Trayvon Martin, provoked renewed outrage. A series
12 of deaths of Black Americans at the hands of police officers
13 continued to spark outrage and protests, including Eric Garner in
14 New York City, Michael Brown in Ferguson, Missouri, Tamir
15 Rice in Cleveland Ohio, and Freddie Gray in Baltimore, Maryland;
16 and

17 WHEREAS, In 2013, Gymnast Simone Biles becomes first
18 African American world all-around champion; and

19 WHEREAS, In November of 2014, former Assemblywoman
20 Autumn Burke was elected as the representative of the 62nd
21 Assembly District. Her mother, former Los Angeles County
22 Supervisor, Assemblywoman Yvonne Braithwaite Burke was the
23 first African-American woman elected to the California Assembly,
24 the first African-American woman elected to Congress from
25 California, and a founding member of the Legislative Black
26 Caucus. The election in 2014 marked the first time a mother and
27 daughter have both served in the Assembly; and

28 WHEREAS, In 2015, Loretta Lynch was sworn in as the first
29 African American woman Attorney General; and

30 WHEREAS, On September 24, 2016, the Smithsonian National
31 Museum of African American History and Culture (NMAAHC)
32 opened. NMAAHC is the only national museum devoted
33 exclusively to the documentation of African American life, history,
34 and culture. An act of Congress established the museum in 2003,
35 following decades of efforts to promote and highlight the
36 contributions of African Americans. To date, the museum has
37 collected more than 36,000 artifacts and nearly 100,000 individuals
38 have become members; and

39 WHEREAS, The Black Lives Matter movement gained renewed
40 attention on September 25, 2016, when San Francisco 49ers

1 quarterback Colin Kaepernick and players Eric Reid and Eli Harold
2 kneeled during the national anthem before the game against the
3 Seattle Seahawks to draw attention to recent acts of police brutality;
4 and

5 WHEREAS, In 2016, Kamala D. Harris was elected as a United
6 States Senator for California, the second African American woman
7 and first South Asian American senator in history; and

8 WHEREAS, 2019 marked the highest number of African
9 American members serving in the United States Congress, totaling
10 55 members; and

11 WHEREAS, In 2019, Governor Gavin Newsom appointed Dr.
12 Nadine-Burke Harris, a leading expert on the health effects of
13 childhood trauma and development, to serve as California’s first
14 Surgeon General; and

15 WHEREAS, 2020 marked the centennial of the Nineteenth
16 Amendment and the culmination of the women’s suffrage
17 movement; and

18 WHEREAS, In 2020, Kamala D. Harris was elected Vice
19 President of the United States on the Democratic ticket with
20 President-elect Joseph Biden. Harris is the first female Vice
21 President in United States history, the first Asian American, and
22 first African American vice president in United States history; and

23 WHEREAS, In 2020, Shirley Nash Weber, Ph.D. was nominated
24 to serve as Secretary of State by Governor Gavin Newsom on
25 December 22 and sworn into office on January 29, 2021. She is
26 California’s first Black Secretary of State and only the fifth African
27 American to serve as a state constitutional officer in California’s
28 170-year history; and

29 WHEREAS, In 2021, Senator Steve Bradford and Assembly
30 Member Reginald Byron Jones-Sawyer, Sr. made history as the
31 first two African American leaders to be appointed to serve as
32 chairs of their respective Public Safety Committees in the
33 California State Legislature; and

34 WHEREAS, On January 20, 2021, Democratic President elect
35 Joseph Biden and Vice-President elect Kamala Harris were sworn
36 into office; and

37 WHEREAS, On January 6, 2021, Democrat Raphael Warnock
38 won the Georgia Special Election and became the first African
39 American senator from Georgia. Warnock is the 11th African
40 American to serve in the United States Senate, a group that includes

1 former President Barack Obama, who served as a United States
2 Senator from Illinois, and Vice President Kamala Harris, who
3 served as a United States Senator from California; and

4 WHEREAS, On June 1, 2021, California’s Reparation Task
5 Force to Study and Develop Reparation Proposals for African
6 Americans (Task Force or Reparations Task Force), commenced
7 its first meeting. This task force was established by Assembly Bill
8 3121 (2020) (Weber), and California is the first state in the nation
9 to create a task force of this magnitude; and

10 WHEREAS, On June 1, 2021, President Joseph Biden became
11 the first United States President to formally memorialize the Tulsa
12 Race Massacre, a century after the vibrant African American
13 community of Greenwood in Tulsa, Oklahoma was destroyed; and

14 WHEREAS, On June 18, 2021, President Joseph Biden made
15 a formal proclamation recognizing Juneteenth, also known as
16 Emancipation Day, as a United States federal holiday; and

17 WHEREAS, 2021 marked the 100th Anniversary of the Tulsa
18 Race Massacre, which occurred May 31, 1921, to June 1, 1921,
19 inclusive. The Tulsa Race Massacre was one of the worst outbreaks
20 of racial terrorism and violence in the United States’ history; and

21 WHEREAS, On January 3, 2022, California State Assembly
22 Speaker Anthony Rendon appointed Assembly Member Chris
23 Holden as Chair of the California State Assembly Committee on
24 Appropriations. Assembly Member Holden is the first African
25 American to Chair Appropriations in 27 years since former Speaker
26 Willie Brown chaired the Ways and Means Committee from 1971
27 to 1974 and in 1995, this Committee was split into two
28 Committees: Appropriations and Budget; and

29 WHEREAS, On January 11, 2022, the United States Treasury
30 minted coins featuring poet and activist Maya Angelou on the
31 United States 25-cent coin, known as a quarter. Ms. Angelou is
32 the first African American woman ever featured on a United States
33 coin and was the first African American woman to write and
34 perform a poem at a presidential inauguration; and

35 WHEREAS, Despite decades of progress, African Americans
36 continue to face racial and social injustices, voter suppression,
37 economic stagnation, and voting barriers in jurisdictions with a
38 history of discrimination; and

39 WHEREAS, To build a stronger and more cohesive state and
40 nation, we must continue to help advance the cause of voter

1 equality and equal access to the political process for all people in
2 order to protect the rights of every American; and now, therefore,
3 be it

4 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
5 *thereof concurring,* That the Legislature takes great pleasure in
6 recognizing February 2022 as Black History Month, urges all
7 citizens to join in celebrating the accomplishments of African
8 Americans during Black History Month, and encourages the people
9 of California to recognize the many talents of African Americans
10 and the achievements and contributions they make to their
11 communities to create equity and equality for education,
12 economics, and social justice; and be it further

13 *Resolved,* That the Legislature recognizes the significance in
14 protecting citizens' right to vote and remedying racial
15 discrimination in voting; and be it further

16 *Resolved,* That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
17 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
SCR 67 (Bradford) – As Introduced February 14, 2022

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: Black History Month.

SUMMARY: Recognizes February 2022 as Black History Month, and urges all citizens to join in celebrating the accomplishments of African Americans during Black History Month. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The history of the United States is rich with inspirational stories of great individuals whose actions, words, and achievements have united Americans and contributed to the success and prosperity of the United States.
- 2) Among those Americans who have enriched our society are the members of the African American community, individuals whose accomplishments have contributed to every endeavor throughout the history of our nation and who have been steadfast in their commitment to promoting brotherhood, equality, and justice for all.
- 3) During the course of the slave trade, an estimated 50 million African men, women, and children were lost to their native continent. The majority of those individuals, about 35 million, lost their lives on African soil or along the Guinea coast, or finally in the holds of ships during the dreaded Middle Passage across the Atlantic Ocean.
- 4) From the earliest days of the United States, the course of its history has been greatly influenced by African American heroes and pioneers in many diverse areas, including science, medicine, business, education, government, industry, and social leadership.
- 5) The Civil Rights Movement helped change public policy from segregation to integration, resulting in the repeal of the post-Reconstruction era state mandating racial segregation in the South, known as the “Jim Crow Laws,” thereby leading to the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Voting Rights Act of 1965, and other antidiscrimination laws aimed at ending economic, legal, and social segregation in America.
- 6) Despite decades of progress, African Americans continue to face racial and social injustices, voter suppression, economic stagnation, and voting barriers in jurisdictions with a history of discrimination.
- 7) To build a stronger and more cohesive state and nation, we must continue to help advance the cause of voter equality and equal access to the political process for all people in order to protect the rights of every American.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN SENATE FEBRUARY 28, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution

No. 72

Introduced by Senator Portantino

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Boerner Horvath)

(Coauthors: Senators Archuleta, Dodd, Jones, Limón, and Umberg)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Aguiar-Curry, Chen, Cristina Garcia, Lackey, Low, and Seyarto)

February 17, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 72—Relative to PTA Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 72, as amended, Portantino. PTA Day.

This measure would declare February 17, 2022, as PTA Day, commend the National Parent Teacher Association on the occasion of its 125th anniversary, and encourage all California residents to attend and participate in the celebration of this commemorative event.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The National Congress of Mothers, now known
2 as the National Parent Teacher Association (PTA), can trace its
3 history back to the California Home and School Child Study
4 Association organized in the City of San Francisco in 1897; and
5 WHEREAS, The PTA connects families, schools, and
6 communities; and
7 WHEREAS, The PTA is part of the foundation of the public
8 education system and a trusted messenger to millions of members,
9 parents, families, educators, and allied agencies throughout the
10 state; and

98

1 WHEREAS, The PTA has been instrumental in establishing
2 programs and services to improve children’s lives, including school
3 nutrition programs, child labor laws, public health services, the
4 juvenile justice system, the creation of kindergarten, the
5 advancement of family engagement, the growth of arts in
6 education, and later school start times; and

7 WHEREAS, Today, the PTA is the nation’s largest volunteer-led
8 child-advocacy association working to drive improvements in the
9 education, health, and well-being of all children and families; and

10 WHEREAS, The founders of the PTA, Phoebe Apperson Hearst
11 and Alice McLellan Birney, and the founder of the National
12 Congress of Colored Parents and Teachers Association, Selena
13 Sloan Butler, were *all* women of imagination and courage who
14 understood the power of individual action, worked beyond the
15 accepted barriers of their day, and took action to literally change
16 the world; and

17 WHEREAS, Today, the PTA has local Parent Teacher
18 Associations throughout the state, and its members represent the
19 ethnic diversity of the nation and come from the ranks of all
20 families who, together, continue to serve as the conscience of the
21 country for children and youth; and

22 WHEREAS, First District PTA (First District) was the first
23 Parent Teacher Association district established by the California
24 State PTA in 1912; and

25 WHEREAS, First District provides support, leadership, and
26 communication services to over 270 school Parent Teacher
27 Associations and 21 local councils, which collectively represent
28 over 85,000 parents, teachers, students, and community leaders
29 and serve children from the City of Burbank to the City of Pomona;
30 and

31 WHEREAS, The National PTA celebrates the 125th anniversary
32 of its founding on February 17, 2022; now, therefore, be it

33 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
34 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature hereby declares that
35 February 17, 2022, is recognized as PTA Day, commends the
36 National PTA on the occasion of its 125th anniversary, and
37 encourages all California residents to attend and participate in the
38 celebration of this commemorative event; and be it further

- 1 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
- 2 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
SCR 72 (Portantino) – As Amended February 28, 2022

SENATE VOTE: 38-0

SUBJECT: PTA Day.

SUMMARY: Declares February 17, 2022, as PTA Day, and commends the National Parent Teacher Association on the occasion of its 125th anniversary. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The National Congress of Mothers, now known as the National Parent Teacher Association (PTA), can trace its history back to the California Home and School Child Study Association organized in the City of San Francisco in 1897.
- 2) The PTA connects families, schools, and communities; and, is part of the foundation of the public education system and a trusted messenger to millions of members, parents, families, educators, and allied agencies throughout the state.
- 3) The PTA has been instrumental in establishing programs and services to improve children's lives, including school nutrition programs, child labor laws, public health services, the juvenile justice system, the creation of kindergarten, the advancement of family engagement, the growth of arts in education, and later school start times.
- 4) Today, the PTA has local Parent Teacher Associations throughout the state, and its members represent the ethnic diversity of the nation and come from the ranks of all families who, together, continue to serve as the conscience of the country for children and youth.
- 5) The National PTA celebrated the 125th anniversary of its founding on February 17, 2022.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Pan

February 22, 2022

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 74—Relative to Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL’S DIGEST

SCR 74, as introduced, Pan. Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month. This measure would proclaim the month of March 2022 as Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month in California.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The Legislature is proud to proclaim March 2022
- 2 as Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month in this state; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Hemophilia is a rare genetic condition affecting
- 4 at least 4,000 people in California, and Von Willebrand disease
- 5 impacts at least 360,000 people in California; and
- 6 WHEREAS, Without treatment, people with hemophilia and
- 7 other related bleeding disorders face frequent, spontaneous bleeding
- 8 episodes in their joints, causing swelling in the joints, muscles,
- 9 internal organs, and brain. Repeated bleeding episodes in the joints
- 10 result in chronic degenerative arthritic conditions, which often
- 11 lead to frequent hospitalizations, permanent disability, and chronic
- 12 pain. Bleeding episodes involving internal organs and the brain
- 13 can cause permanent damage, disability, and even death; and
- 14 WHEREAS, Many individuals with hemophilia became infected
- 15 with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and hepatitis C in the
- 16 1980s due to the contamination of the blood supply and blood
- 17 products; and

1 WHEREAS, With proper care and access to comprehensive
2 medical resources, persons with hemophilia and other related
3 bleeding disorders can control bleeding episodes and lead
4 productive lives; and
5 WHEREAS, Visits to federally recognized hemophilia treatment
6 centers reduce morbidity and mortality significantly; and
7 WHEREAS, The State of California is committed to proper care
8 and treatment of children and adults with hemophilia and other
9 related bleeding disorders through previously enacted legislation;
10 and
11 WHEREAS, This awareness month will generate greater
12 understanding of not only hemophilia but all inheritable bleeding
13 disorders; and
14 WHEREAS, This awareness month will foster a greater sense
15 of community and shared purpose among all individuals with
16 inheritable bleeding disorders; and
17 WHEREAS, This awareness month will elevate the awareness
18 of, and engagement in, the inheritable bleeding disorders journey
19 beyond this community to the general public, enabling the
20 prevention of illness, unnecessary procedures, and disability; now,
21 therefore, be it
22 *Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly*
23 *thereof concurring*, That the Legislature pause in its deliberations
24 to proudly proclaim the month of March 2022 as Bleeding
25 Disorders Awareness Month in California; and be it further
26 *Resolved*, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of
27 this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

O

Date of Hearing: March 24, 2022

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES
Ken Cooley, Chair
SCR 74 (Pan) – As Introduced February 22, 2022

SENATE VOTE: 37-0

SUBJECT: Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month.

SUMMARY: Proclaims the month of March 2022 as Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month in the State of California. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Hemophilia is a rare genetic condition affecting at least 4,000 people in California, and Von Willebrand disease impacts at least 360,000 people in California.
- 2) Without treatment, people with hemophilia and other related bleeding disorders face frequent, spontaneous bleeding episodes in their joints, causing swelling in the joints, muscles, internal organs, and brain. Repeated bleeding episodes in the joints result in chronic degenerative arthritic conditions, which often lead to frequent hospitalizations, permanent disability, and chronic pain. Bleeding episodes involving internal organs and the brain can cause permanent damage, disability, and even death.
- 3) With proper care and access to comprehensive medical resources, persons with hemophilia and other related bleeding disorders can control bleeding episodes and can lead productive lives.
- 4) The State of California is committed to proper care and treatment of children and adults with hemophilia and other related bleeding disorders through previously enacted legislation.
- 5) This awareness month will generate greater understanding of not only hemophilia but all inheritable bleeding disorders, and will foster a greater sense of community and shared purpose among all individuals with inheritable bleeding disorders.
- 6) This awareness month will elevate the awareness of, and engagement in, the inheritable bleeding disorders journey beyond this community to the general public, enabling the prevention of illness, unnecessary procedures, and disability.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

Hemophilia Council of California (HCC)

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Michael Erke / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



March 22, 2022

Assembly Rules Committee
Capitol Annex
1021 O Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

Subject: Support for SCR 74 (Pan) - Sponsor

Assembly Rules Committee:

The Hemophilia Council of California (HCC) is the proud sponsor of this important resolution to declare March 2022 as Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month in California. The measure received unanimous approval when presented on the Senate Floor earlier this month.

Hemophilia is a rare genetic condition affecting at least 4,000 people in California. Von Willebrand Disease impacts at least 360,000 people in California. Without treatment, people with hemophilia and other rare bleeding disorders face frequent and spontaneous bleeding episodes into their joints causing swelling, pain, and joint damage.

Repeated bleeding episodes without treatment of blood clotting factor and other medications, can result in chronic degenerative arthritis, chronic pain, and frequent hospitalizations. Without blood clotting factor, many of these individuals can end up with permanent disability, brain hemorrhage and even death. Many individuals with hemophilia also became infected with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and hepatitis C in the 1980s due to the contamination of the blood supply and blood products.

With proper care, access to federally recognized hemophilia treatment centers and with the newer biologic and plasma based clotting factors, patients can now expect to have a full life expectancy. Gene therapy for people with hemophilia is also in clinical trials currently.

By declaring March 2022 as Bleeding Disorders Awareness Month in California, we are educating the public and generating a greater sense of community and understanding of hemophilia and other rare bleeding disorders.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Lynne Kinst".

Lynne Kinst, HCC Executive Director

Cc: Dr. Richard Pan, Member of the State Senate
HCC Board of Directors

COMMITTEES
CHAIR: BANKING AND FINANCE
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS
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March 23, 2022

Honorable Ken Cooley
Chair, Assembly Committee on Rules
State Capitol, Room 3016
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: Request to add an urgency clause to AB 2179 (Grayson)

Dear Chair Cooley,

I respectfully request that the Rules Committee approve the addition of an urgency clause to AB 2179. AB 2179 will extend the eviction moratorium established in Senate Bill 115 for an additional three months for tenants who have applied for rent relief by March 31, 2022. AB 2179 will also extend the local preemption provisions found in Senate Bill 115 for the same period of time.

If you have any questions, please contact me or Chief of Staff Steven Stenzler, at (916) 319-2014.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Timothy S. Grayson
Assemblymember, 14th District