

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules

KEN COOLEY **CHAIR**

Monday, March 25, 2019 10 minutes prior to Session State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

VICE CHAIR CUNNINGHAM, JORDAN

MEMBERS

CARRILLO, WENDY FLORA, HEATH GRAYSON, TIMOTHY S. KAMLAGER-DOVE, SYDNEY MAIENSCHEIN, BRIAN MATHIS, DEVON J. QUIRK-SILVA, SHARON RAMOS, JAMES C. RIVAS, ROBERT WICKS, BUFFY

DIEP, TYLER (R-ALT) LEVINE, MARC (D-ALT)

BILL REFERRALS

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2.	ACR-52 (Melendez)	Month of the Military Child.	Page 7
3.	HR-25 (Gonzalez)	Cesar Chavez Day.	Page 10
4.	HR-26 (Flora)	The Assyrian New Year.	Page 15



CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER **DEBRA GRAVERT**



VICE CHAIR JORDAN CUNNINGHAM

MEMBERS

WENDY CARRILLO **HEATH FLORA** TIMOTHY S. GRAYSON SYDNEY KAMLAGER-DOVE **BRIAN MAIENSCHEIN DEVON J. MATHIS** SHARON QUIRK-SILVA JAMES C. RAMOS ROBERT RIVAS **BUFFY WICKS**

MARC LEVINE (D-ALT.) TYLER DIEP (R-ALT.)

Memo

To: **Rules Committee Members**

From: Michael Erke, Bill Referral Consultant

Date: 3/22/19

Re: Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received your preliminary list of bill referrals, the referral recommendation for AB 345, AB 948, and AB 1025 has changed. AB 1086 has been removed from the list of referrals.

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

03/25/2019

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Fursuant to the Assembly Rules, the follows	ing only were referred to committee
Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
<u>AB 5</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 23</u>	J., E.D., & E.
<u>AB 24</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 25</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 34</u>	ED.
<u>AB 36</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 43</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 123</u>	ED.
<u>AB 129</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 134</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 138</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 138</u>	REV. & TAX.
<u>AB 196</u>	INS.
<u>AB 232</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 233</u>	INS.
AB 233	L. & E.
<u>AB 242</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 243</u>	PUB. S.
AB 275	A.,E.,S.,T., & I.M.
<u>AB 275</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 291</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 301</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 345</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 376</u>	B. & F.
<u>AB 406</u>	INS.
<u>AB 434</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 434</u>	V.A.
<u>AB 443</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 443</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 477</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 508</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 508</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 511</u>	C. & C.
<u>AB 521</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 521</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 522</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 542</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 561</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 562</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 570</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 600</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 671</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 671</u>	L. GOV.
A.D. (70)	T 0 D

E. & R.

AB 679

AB 681	E. & R.
AB 696	PUB. S.
AB 703	HIGHER ED.
AB 758	L. & E.
AB 758	JUD.
AB 776	ED.
AB 791	REV. & TAX.
	ED.
AB 830	
AB 846	P. & C.P.
AB 873	P. & C.P.
AB 874	P. & C.P.
AB 875	ED.
AB 877	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 877</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 900</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 900</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 919</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 920</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 928</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 948</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 948</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 963</u>	HIGHER ED.
AB 986	NAT. RES.
AB 986	AGRI.
AB 989	ED.
AB 989	JUD.
AB 1007	P.E. & R.
AB 1015	ED.
AB 1016	HEALTH
AB 1018	B. & P.
AB 1019	L. & E.
AB 1020	A. & A.R.
AB 1025	TRANS.
AB 1041	ED.
AB 1053	L. GOV.
AB 1059	HUM. S.
AB 1066	INS.
	PUB. S.
AB 1069	
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AB 1089	L. GOV.
AB 1107	INS.
AB 1131	HEALTH
AB 1132	C. & C.
AB 1132	JUD.
<u>AB 1138</u>	P. & C.P.
<u>AB 1141</u>	E. & R.
<u>AB 1149</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 1149</u>	TRANS.
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<u>AB 1154</u>	HIGHER ED.
AB 1157	B. & F.
AB 1160	NAT. RES.
AB 1162	NAT. RES.
AB 1162	JUD.
AB 1172	ED.
AB 1172 AB 1184	JUD.
	
AB 1188	JUD.
AB 1193	JUD.
AB 1196	ED.
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<u>AB 1208</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1216</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1225</u>	ED.
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<u>AB 1243</u>	TRANS.
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AB 1272	NAT. RES.
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AB 1273	L. GOV.
AB 1275	HEALTH
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AB 1280	PUB. S.
AB 1315	Н. & C.D.
	L. GOV.
AB 1315	
AB 1325	TRANS.
AB 1335	REV. & TAX.
AB 1337	ED.
<u>AB 1350</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 1352</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 1358</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1358</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1359</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 1362</u>	U. & E.
<u>AB 1366</u>	C. & C.
<u>AB 1368</u>	INS.
AB 1376	V.A.
AB 1376	P. & C.P.
AB 1385	JUD.
AB 1386	L. GOV.
AB 1386	H. & C.D.
AB 1402	TRANS.
AB 1409	C. & C.
AB 1412	JUD.
	У., Р., & W.
AB 1426	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
AB 1427	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1432</u>	W., P., & W.

<u>AB 1436</u>	HUM. S.
<u>AB 1437</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1437</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1444</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 1462</u>	E.S. & T.M.
<u>AB 1466</u>	ED.
<u>AB 1466</u>	HIGHER ED.
<u>AB 1476</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1485</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1485</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1487</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1487</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1491</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1491</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1499</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 1506</u>	ED.
<u>AB 1511</u>	NAT. RES.
<u>AB 1524</u>	HEALTH
<u>AB 1534</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1594</u>	TRANS.
<u>AB 1625</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 1625</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1626</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 1627</u>	G.O.
<u>AB 1627</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1653</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1677</u>	L. & E.
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<u>AB 1706</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1706</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1720</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1732</u>	L. GOV.
<u>AB 1732</u>	H. & C.D.
<u>AB 1748</u>	L. & E.
<u>AB 1753</u>	JUD.
<u>AB 1764</u>	PUB. S.
<u>AB 1777</u>	L. GOV.

Introduced by Assembly Member Melendez (Coauthors: Assembly Members Boerner Horvath, Brough, Eggman, Gonzalez, Mathis, and Voepel)

(Coauthors: Senators Grove, Roth, and Umberg)

March 13, 2019

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 52—Relative to the Month of the Military Child.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 52, as introduced, Melendez. Month of the Military Child. This measure would declare the month of April 2019 as the Month of the Military Child, and would urge all Californians, local and state leaders, private organizations, and businesses to observe the month by showing appreciation to the children and youth of military and veteran families, including children of the fallen, for standing by their parents and loved ones who are serving or have served as members of the Armed Forces of the United States.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, In 1986, Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger
- 2 established the United States Department of Defense's Month of
- 3 the Military Child; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Every April, the United States military services
- 5 and communities around the world recognize military children for
- 6 their daily sacrifices and the challenges they must overcome; and
- WHEREAS, Military children often have to adapt their lives to
- 8 the requirements of their parent's military obligations; and

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WHEREAS, These children shoulder responsibilities beyond their years and burdens outside of their control, such as repeatedly moving and changing schools, long-term family member separations, and even the loss of a parent; and

WHEREAS, Many military children have known only war since September 11, 2001, including some military children whose parents made the ultimate sacrifice; and

WHEREAS, As members transition to veterans' status, children and families need special care as they lose traditional military support services; and

WHEREAS, California is home to more than 158,000 military children whose parents serve in the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, National Guard, and Reserves; and

WHEREAS, California will further its commitment to the brave men and women who serve their country and state by recognizing these children and young American heroes and pledging its gratitude for their sacrifices; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby proclaims the month of April 2019 as the Month of the Military Child in California; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature urges all Californians, local and state leaders, private organizations, and businesses to observe the month by showing appreciation to the children and youth of military and veteran families, including children of the fallen, for standing by their parents and loved ones who are serving or have served as members of the Armed Forces of the United States; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to each Senator and Representative from California in the Congress of the United States, to the Governor of California, to the Adjutant General of the California National Guard, to the Secretary of the Department of Veterans Affairs, to the Secretaries of the Armed Forces of the United States, and to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: March 25, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair ACR 52 (Melendez) – As Introduced March 13, 2019

SUBJECT: Month of the Military Child.

SUMMARY: Declares the month of April 2019 as the Month of the Military Child and urges all Californians to observe the month by showing appreciation to the children and youth of military and veteran families, including children of the fallen, for standing by their parents and loved ones who are serving or have served as members of the Armed Forces of the United States. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) In 1986, Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger established the Defense Department's Month of the Military Child; and, every April the United States military services and communities around the world recognize military children for their daily sacrifices and the challenges they must overcome.
- 2) Military children shoulder responsibilities beyond their years and burdens outside of their control, such as repeatedly moving and changing schools, long-term family member separations, and even the loss of a parent.
- 3) Many military children have known only war since September 11, 2001, including some military children whose parents made the ultimate sacrifice.
- 4) California is home to more than 158,000 military children whose parents serve in the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, National Guard, and Reserves.
- 5) As members of the military transition to veterans' status, children and families need special care as they lose traditional military support services.
- 6) California will further its commitment to the brave men and women who serve their country and state by recognizing these children and young American heroes and pledging its gratitude for their sacrifices.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

No. 25

Introduced by Assembly Member Gonzalez

March 14, 2019

House Resolution No. 25—Relative to Cesar Chavez Day.

WHEREAS, César Estrada Chávez recognized that for many people, spanning many generations and many ethnicities, the path to a better life frequently begins in the fields. For many farmworkers, the American Dream means a life of self-sacrifice, hard work, and perseverance; and

6 WHEREAS, César Chávez experienced the hardships and 7 injustices of farmworker life firsthand. He was born on March 31, 8 1927, in the North Gila River Valley in Arizona, on the small 9 family farm his grandfather homesteaded. César Chávez's father 10 lost the farm during the Great Depression, forcing the family to join some 30,000 farmworkers who followed the crops throughout 11 12 California and lived in tents and makeshift housing that often 13 lacked a bathroom, electricity, or running water; and

WHEREAS, César Chávez understood the value of education as a path to a better life because he quit school after completing the 8th grade to work full time, helping to support his family in the fields. Later in life, César Chávez became self-educated through his passion for reading; and

his passion for reading; and
WHEREAS, Although later a pacifict, in 1

WHEREAS, Although later a pacifist, in 1946, César Chávez enrolled and served his country in the United States Navy. He was honorably discharged whereupon he married Helen Fabela and eventually settled in the East San Jose barrio nicknamed "Sal Si Puedes" ("Get Out if You Can") to raise a family that eventually

24 numbered eight children; and

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HR 25 -2

WHEREAS. In San Jose, César Chávez was introduced to the social teachings of the Catholic Church and trained in community organizing strategies and tactics. César Chávez and Fred Ross, an organizer for the Community Service Organization (CSO), established CSO chapters across California and Arizona during the 1950s, helping Latinos register to vote, pushing for basic public services and infrastructure in the barrios, peacefully battling police brutality and racial discrimination, and creating the most effective Latino civil rights group of its era; and

WHEREAS, In 1962, after failing to convince the CSO to let him organize farmworkers, César Chávez resigned from the only decent paying job he ever held and moved his wife and eight children to Delano, California. There, with \$1,200 in life savings that was soon gone, César Chávez, his family, and close friends began building the National Farm Workers Association, which later became the United Farm Workers of America (UFW); and

WHEREAS, In 1965, in a partnership with a union of Filipino American farmworkers, César Chávez organized a major strike against grape growers in California. The following year César Chávez led an unprecedented 340-mile march, from Delano to Sacramento, that placed the farmworkers' plight before the conscience of the American people. Supporters carried slogans with the words "HUELGA" (strike) and "VIVA LA CAUSA" (long live our cause), advocating for improved compensation and labor conditions. Later efforts resulted in the enactment of California's historic Agricultural Labor Relations Act of 1975, the first and still the only law in the nation to "encourage and protect" the right of farmworkers to organize and bargain with their employers; and

WHEREAS, Through countless strikes, boycotts, marches, and fasts that produced many victories and some defeats, César Chávez, who even considered vegetarianism an integral part of living nonviolently, never stopped his peaceful battles on behalf of the farmworkers with whom he shared his life. His dedication to his work earned him the respect of some of our greatest political and civil rights leaders, including Robert Kennedy, Martin Luther King Jr., and Jesse Jackson. César Chávez's motto in life, "Sí Se Puede!" or "Yes We Can!" has served as an inspiration not only for Latinos, but for working Americans of all walks for life; and

3 HR 25

WHEREAS, In 1993, César Chávez died peacefully in his sleep in San Luis, Arizona. Forty thousand people marched behind his plain pine casket during funeral services in Delano to honor a man who never made more than \$5,000 a year, never owned a home, and left no money behind for his family. They came to affirm César Chávez's words from his landmark 1984 address to the Commonwealth Club in San Francisco: "Once social change begins, it cannot be reversed. You cannot uneducate the person who has learned to read. You cannot humiliate the person who feels pride. You cannot oppress the people who are not afraid anymore"; and

WHEREAS, Although César Chávez was uncomfortable with personal recognition in life, since his passing Chávez has been honored in hundreds of communities. César Chávez was awarded "El Aguila Azteca" (the Aztec Eagle), Mexico's highest award presented to people of Mexican heritage. In 1994, President Bill Clinton posthumously presented César Chávez with America's highest civilian honor, the Presidential Medal of Freedom. In 2006, California Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger inducted César Chávez into the first class of the California Hall of Fame. In 2011, the United States Navy announced naming the latest Lewis and Clark-class cargo ship being built in San Diego the USNS César Chávez; and

WHEREAS, Since César Chávez's passing, the UFW has continued his work through organizing farmworkers and campaigns to enact laws and regulations to bring dignity and protections to farmworkers. Meanwhile, the César Chávez Foundation continues improving the lives of hundreds of thousands of farmworkers and other low-wage working families through 30 high-quality affordable housing communities it has built or renovated and manages in four states, a network of nine popular educational Spanish-language radio stations in three states, after-school tutoring for disadvantaged students in two states, and the National Chávez Center, including a visitor center, memorial gardens, and educational center on 187 acres in the Tehachapi Mountains where César Chávez lived and worked, and is buried; and

WHEREAS, César Chávez successfully increased public awareness of farmworker working conditions. To many Californians the farmworkers' struggles are an issue from the past, a belief reflected by the fact that farmworker suffering typically

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takes place in remote areas far from cities, thereby rendering farmworkers invisible to our society. The fruits and vegetables that we enjoy in our daily lives are produced by farmworkers who often endure long hours of backbreaking work and still face 4 challenges such as inadequate enforcement of pesticide, safety, and labor protection laws in the fields; and

WHEREAS, Farmworkers still dream of providing a better life for their children, but the reality of having to move from crop to crop makes this dream hard to achieve. Economic forces and the rising cost of living have pushed farmworkers further into poverty; and

WHEREAS, In 2000, the Legislature passed and Governor Gray Davis signed into law Senate Bill 984 (Chapter 213 of the Statutes of 2000), to create the first annual state holiday in the country on César Chávez's birthday, March 31. Under that law, the State Board of Education also created a statewide curriculum on Chávez and encourages schools across the state to engage teachers and students in service learning projects as a way of honoring the legendary farm labor and civil rights leader; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the Assembly calls upon all Californians to observe César Chávez's birthday, March 31, as a day of public service; and be it further

Resolved, That the Assembly calls upon all Californians to recognize the hard work and self-sacrifice that farmworkers go through to feed all the families in our state; and be it further

Resolved, That the Assembly calls upon all Californians to learn from César Chávez's life and his mission of nonviolence, social justice, and selfless service to others; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the Chávez family, the United Farm Workers of America, the César Chávez Foundation, and the author for appropriate distribution. .

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Date of Hearing: March 25, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair

HR 25 (Gonzalez) – As Introduced March 14, 2019

SUBJECT: Cesar Chavez Day.

SUMMARY: Recognizes March 31 as César Chávez's birthday; and, calls upon all Californians to recognize the hard work and self-sacrifice that farmworkers go through to feed all the families in our state and to learn from César Chávez's life and his mission of nonviolence, social justice, and selfless service to others. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) On March 31, 1927, César Estrada Chávez was born in the North Gila River Valley in Arizona on a small family farm his grandfather homesteaded.
- 2) César Chávez experienced the hardships and injustices of farmworker life firsthand. His father lost the farm during the Great Depression, forcing the family to join some 30,000 farmworkers who followed the crops throughout California and lived in tents and makeshift housing that often lacked a bathroom, electricity, or running water.
- 3) Through countless strikes, boycotts, marches, and fasts that produced many victories and some defeats, César Chávez, who even considered vegetarianism an integral part of living nonviolently, never stopped his peaceful battles on behalf of the farmworkers with whom he shared his life.
- 4) César Chávez's dedication to his work earned him the respect of some of our greatest political and civil rights leaders, including Robert Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Jr., and Jesse Jackson. César Chávez's motto in life, "Si Se Puede!" or "Yes We Can!" has served as an inspiration not only for Latinos, but for working Americans of all walks of life.
- 5) In 2000, the Legislature enacted SB 984 (Chapter 213, Statutes of 2000) to create an annual state holiday on César Chávez's birthday, March 31; and, as provided in the bill, the State Board of Education adopted a statewide curriculum on the life and work of César Chávez.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Assembly Member Flora

March 18, 2019

House Resolution No. 26—Relative to the Assyrian New Year.

WHEREAS, The Assyrian New Year is a celebration of spring; and

WHEREAS, The Assyrian New Year was traditionally celebrated for 12 days, beginning on March 21st; and

WHEREAS, On the first day of the celebration, priests would divine the name of the new year by interpreting omens from the god Ashur; and

WHEREAS, In modern times, having lost its religious significance, Kha B'Neesan is celebrated on the last day, which coincides with April 1st; and

WHEREAS, Modern-day Assyrians are a Semitic people whose ancestors inhabited Mesopotamia, the land between the Euphrates and Tigris rivers, and are the direct descendants of the ancient Assyrians and Babylonians; and

WHEREAS, The Assyrians are a proud and resourceful people who are productive members of American society and enrich American culture by contributing their talents in numerous fields, including accounting, aerospace, agriculture, architecture and its arts, education, engineering, finance, medicine, motion picture entertainment, and politics; now, therefore, be it

21 Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the 22 Assembly recognizes March 21 through April 1, 2019, as the

23 Assyrian New Year; and be it further

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HR 26 _2_

- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: March 25, 2019

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES Ken Cooley, Chair HR 26 (Flora) – As Introduced March 18, 2019

SUBJECT: the Assyrian New Year.

SUMMARY: Recognizes March 21 through April 1, 2019, as the Assyrian New Year. Specifically, **this resolution** makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The Assyrian New Year is a celebration of spring and was traditionally celebrated for 12 days, beginning on March 21st.
- 2) On the first day of the celebration, priests would divine the name of the new year by interpreting omens from the god Ashur.
- 3) In modern times, having lost its religious significance, Kha B'Neesan is celebrated on the last day, which coincides with April 1st.
- 4) Modern-day Assyrians are a Semitic people whose ancestors inhabited Mesopotamia, the land between the Euphrates and Tigris rivers, and are the direct descendants of the ancient Assyrians and Babylonians.
- 5) The Assyrians are a proud and resourceful people who are productive members of American society and enrich American culture by contributing their talents in numerous fields, including accounting, aerospace, agriculture, architecture and its arts, education, engineering, finance, medicine, motion picture entertainment, and politics.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:

Support

None on file

Opposition

None on file

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800