

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules RICHARD S. GORDON

CHAIR
Monday, June 16, 2014

VICE CHAIR

SCOTT WILK

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CHERYL R. BROWN

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ADRIN NAZARIAN BILL QUIRK SEBASTIAN RIDLEY-THOMAS

MARIE WALDRON

FRANK BIGELOW (R-ALT.) KEN COOLEY (D-ALT.)

Monday, June 16, 2014 11:50 AM State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

Bill Referrals

Consent Bill Referrals
 Consent Bill Re-referrals
 Page 2

Resolutions

3. HR 42 (Frazier) Relative to Scottish-American Military Society. Page 6

Request to Add Urgency Clause

4. SB 1323 (Lieu) Relative to Property taxation. Page 11

REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

06/16/2014

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Committee:

Assembly Bill No.

ACR 161 RLS.



Assembly California Regislature Committee on Rules **RICHARD S. GORDON CHAIR**

VICE CHAIR SCOTT WILK

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SEBASTIAN RIDLEY-THOMAS
MARIE WALDRON

FRANK BIGELOW (R-ALT.) KEN COOLEY (D-ALT.)

Memo

To:

Rules Committee Members

From:

Mukhtar Ali, Bill Referral Consultant

Date:

6/16/14

Re:

Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received the preliminary there have been no changes.



RE-REFERRAL OF BILLS 06/16/2014

RE-REFERRAL OF BILLS

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
Assembly Bill 140.	Committee.
<u>SB 505</u>	PUBLIC SAFETY
<u>SB 506</u>	TRANSPORTATION
<u>SB 580</u>	PUBLIC SAFETY
<u>SB 983</u>	TRANSPORTATION
<u>SB 1323</u>	TRANSPORTATION



Assembly California Hegislature Committee on Rules **RICHARD S. GORDON**

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MARIE WALDRON

FRANK BIGELOW (R-ALT.) KEN COOLEY (D-ALT.)

Memo

To:

Rules Committee Members

From:

Mukhtar Ali, Bill Referral Consultant

Date:

6/16/14

Re:

Consent Bill Re-referrals

Since you received the preliminary there have been no changes.



Introduced by Assembly Member Frazier

May 20, 2014

House Resolution No. 42—Relative to the Scottish-American Military Society.

1 WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society was

- 2 founded in 1981 as a nonprofit veteran's organization composed
- 3 of those who have served, including active duty personnel, in the
- United States or Commonwealth Armed Forces. Members generally
- 5 have a Scottish heritage; and
- 6 WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society was
- 7 founded to promote and preserve Scottish and United States Armed
- 8 Forces customs, traditions, and heritage through educational
- 9 programs, awards, and charitable contributions, as well as
- 10 supporting military and community activities; and
- WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society is a
- 12 national organization with posts throughout the United States,
- 13 including three posts in California, which are located in Northern
- 14 California, Los Angeles, and San Diego, and actively support
- 15 veteran and community functions within those geographic areas;
- 16 and
- 17 WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society appreciates
- 18 the service and sacrifice of those who served in the Vietnam War
- 19 by providing a color guard and bagpipers for annual Vietnam
- 20 welcome home ceremonies, the Reading of the Names ceremony,
- 21 and other events at the official California Vietnam Veterans
- 22 Memorial in Capitol Park, as well as providing similar services

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for visits of the Moving Wall, the Vietnam Veterans Memorial
 replica; and
 WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society values its

WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society values its Scottish heritage by providing color guards, bagpipers and heavy athletics competitors, as well as an information tent at nearly all Scottish Highland games and festivals throughout the state; and

WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society honors the commitment of those serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, and participates in welcome home ceremonies when troops return from duty assignments, and in numerous Memorial Day and Veterans Day parades and ceremonies; and

WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society appreciates the service and sacrifice of those who served in the military by fundraising for a new national cemetery at Fort Ord, and participates in events at veterans' homes, such as the Veterans' Home of California in Yountville; and

WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society reveres the sacrifice of those veterans who have passed on, it meets the return of military personnel who have been killed in action and honors their service, and it additionally provides honor guards and flag lines at military funeral services for any veteran of any service regardless of age; and

WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society values the education of young people, it seeks opportunities to share knowledge and ideas as guest speakers, providing awards, certificates, and medals in school classrooms and at local cadet drills to those who demonstrate significant accomplishments and leadership ability, such as those in the United States Naval Sea Cadets Corps, the Junior ROTC, and the Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts of America; and

WHEREAS, The Scottish-American Military Society respects the culture of the United States, it provides color guards and marching units for local Fourth of July and Christmas parades, as well as for ceremonies onboard the World War II Liberty Ship S.S. Jeremiah O'Brien, the USS Hornet, and the Spirit of '45 observances; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the people of the State of California join with the California Assembly in recognizing the contributions of the Scottish-American Military Society to the veterans of California; and be it further

3 HR 42

- *Resolved,* That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution. 1

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Date of Hearing: June 16, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

HR 42 (Frazier) – As Introduced: May 20, 2014

SUBJECT: Scottish-American Military Society.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Recognize the contributions of the Scottish-American Military Society to the veterans of California. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The Scottish-American Military Society was founded in 1981 as a nonprofit veteran's organization composed of those who have served in the United States or Commonwealth Armed Forces, who generally have a Scottish heritage.
- 2) The Scottish-American Military Society was founded to promote and preserve Scottish and United States Armed Forces customs, traditions, and heritage through educational programs, awards, and charitable contributions, as well as supporting military and community activities.
- 3) The Scottish-American Military Society honors the commitment of those serving in the Armed Forces of the United States, and participates in welcome home ceremonies when troops return from duty assignments, and in numerous Memorial Day and Veteran's Day parades and ceremonies.
- 4) The Scottish-American Military Society respects the culture of the United States, it provides color guards and marching units for local Fourth of July and Christmas parades, as well as for ceremonies onboard the World War II Liberty Ship S.S. Jeremiah O'Brien, the USS Hornet, and the Spirit of '45 observances.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:	
Support	
None on file	
<u>Opposition</u>	
None on file	
Analysis Prepared by: Nico	ole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 29, 2014 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 2, 2014 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 25, 2014

SENATE BILL

No. 1323

Introduced by Senator Lieu

February 21, 2014

An act to amend Sections 75.21, 206.1, 254, 254.5, 255, 257, 257.1, 270, 271, and 276 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, relating to taxation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1323, as amended, Lieu. Property taxation.

Existing property tax law allows taxes, penalties, and interest imposed for late filings of certain property tax exemption applications to be canceled or refunded in an amount equal to 90% or 85%, as applicable, of any tax, penalty, or interest or any amount of tax, penalty, or interest exceeding \$250, whichever is greater.

This bill would instead require 90% of any tax, penalty, or interest resulting from the assessed value of the property or that portion of any amount of tax, penalty, or interest that exceeds \$20,000 *in total amount*, whichever is greater, to be canceled or refunded, provided an appropriate application for exemption is thereafter filed. This bill would require this property tax relief to apply to each claim for exemption filed, and in the case where a claim for exemption is filed for a property location consisting of contiguous parcels, would authorize any tax or penalty or interest thereon resulting from the reduction of the amount of the exemption otherwise available to be applied to a single parcel.

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The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to exempt from taxation property not used for commercial purposes that is reasonably and necessarily required for the parking of vehicles of persons worshiping on exempt land. Pursuant to this constitutional authorization, existing property tax law exempts from tax any real property that is reasonably and necessarily required for the parking of automobiles by persons engaged in religious activities, as specified. Existing property tax law provides that this exemption shall apply to land and improvements that are not owned by a church, religious denomination, or sect using the land and improvements for the parking of automobiles, provided that certain conditions are met, including, among others, that the congregation of the church, religious denomination, or sect is no greater than 500 members.

This bill would modify this exemption to apply to any real property that is required for the parking of vehicles, and would remove the limitation that the congregation of the church, religious denomination, or sect be no greater than 500 members.

Existing property tax law requires applicants for certain property tax exemptions to notify the assessor if the applicant or the property becomes ineligible for the exemption, as specified. Existing property tax law requires a penalty to be assessed for failure to provide this notification to the assessor in an amount not to exceed \$250.

This bill would reduce the \$250 limitation on the penalty for failure to notify the assessor to \$200.

Existing property tax law requires any person claiming certain property tax exemptions and anyone claiming the classification of a vessel as a documented vessel eligible for assessment, as provided, to submit to the assessor annually an affidavit giving any information required by the board. Existing property tax law requires these affidavits to be filed with the assessor between the lien date and 5 p.m. on February 15.

This bill would require the affidavit to be submitted for each property location for which the property tax exemption is sought, and would authorize any person claiming any exemption specified above to submit a single claim for a property location consisting of contiguous parcels. This bill would require an affidavit for the disabled veterans' exemption to instead be filed with the assessor any time after the claimant becomes eligible but no later than 5 p.m. on February 15, except as otherwise provided.

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Existing property tax law requires a claim for certain property tax exemptions to be filed by a specified date with the assessor each year. Existing property tax law does not require applicants granted certain property tax exemptions to reapply for the exemption in any subsequent year in which there has been no change in the title to, or the use of, the property. Existing property tax law requires the assessor to annually mail a notice to every applicant relieved of the requirement of filing an annual application, as specified, which is required to include a card in a specified form, to be returned to the assessor by the applicant desiring to maintain eligibility for the exemption.

This bill would instead require the State Board of Equalization to prescribe the form of the card included with the notice.

By changing the manner in which property tax refunds for late filings of certain property tax exemptions are made by local county officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Section 2229 of the Revenue and Taxation Code requires the Legislature to reimburse local agencies annually for certain property tax revenues lost as a result of any exemption or classification of property for purposes of ad valorem property taxation.

This bill would provide that, notwithstanding Section 2229 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, no appropriation is made and the state shall not reimburse local agencies for property tax revenues lost by them pursuant to the bill.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 75.21 of the Revenue and Taxation Code
- 2 is amended to read:
- 3 75.21. (a) Exemptions shall be applied to the amount of the
- 4 supplemental assessment, provided that the property is not
- 5 receiving any other exemption on either the current roll or the roll

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being prepared except as provided for in subdivision (b), that the assessee is eligible for the exemption, and that, in those instances in which the provisions of this division require the filing of a claim for the exemption, the assessee makes a claim for the exemption.

- (b) If the property received an exemption on the current roll or the roll being prepared and the assessee on the supplemental roll is eligible for an exemption and, in those instances in which the provisions of this division require the filing of a claim for the exemption, the assessee makes a claim for an exemption of a greater amount, then the difference in the amount between the two exemptions shall be applied to the supplemental assessment.
- (c) In those instances in which the provisions of this division require the filing of a claim for the exemption, except as provided in subdivision (d), (e), or (f), any person claiming to be eligible for an exemption to be applied against the amount of the supplemental assessment shall file a claim or an amendment to a current claim, in that form as prescribed by the board, on or before the 30th day following the date of notice of the supplemental assessment, in order to receive a 100-percent exemption.
- (1) With respect to property as to which the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, free public libraries, free museums, or welfare exemption was available, but for which a timely application for exemption was not filed, 90 percent of any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon, or that portion of any amount of tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon that exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in total amount, whichever is greater, shall be canceled or refunded for each supplemental assessment, provided that an appropriate application for exemption is thereafter filed.
- (2) With respect to property as to which the welfare exemption or veterans' organization exemption was available, all provisions of Section 254.5, other than the specified dates for the filing of affidavits and other acts, are applicable to this section.
- (3) With respect to property as to which the veterans' or homeowners' exemption was available, but for which a timely application for exemption was not filed, that portion of tax attributable to 80 percent of the amount of exemption available shall be canceled or refunded, provided that an appropriate application for exemption is filed on or before the date on which

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the first installment of taxes on the supplemental tax bill becomes delinquent, as provided by Section 75.52.

- (4) With respect to property as to which the disabled veterans' exemption was available, but for which a timely application for exemption was not filed, that portion of tax attributable to 90 percent of the amount of exemption available shall be canceled or refunded, provided that an appropriate application for exemption is thereafter filed.
- (5) With respect to property as to which any other exemption was available, but for which a timely application for exemption was not filed, 90 percent of any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon, or that portion of any amount of tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon that exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) *in total amount*, whichever is greater, shall be canceled or refunded, for each supplemental assessment, provided that an appropriate application for exemption is thereafter filed.

Other provisions of this division pertaining to the late filing of claims for exemption do not apply to assessments made pursuant to this chapter.

(d) For purposes of this section, any claim for the homeowners' exemption, veterans' exemption, or disabled veterans' exemption previously filed by the owner of a dwelling, granted and in effect, constitutes the claim or claims for that exemption required in this section. In the event that a claim for the homeowners' exemption, veterans' exemption, or disabled veterans' exemption is not in effect, a claim for any of those exemptions for a single supplemental assessment for a change in ownership or new construction occurring on or after June 1, up to and including December 31, shall apply to that assessment; a claim for any of those exemptions for the two supplemental assessments for a change in ownership or new construction occurring on or after January 1, up to and including May 31, one for the current fiscal year and one for the following fiscal year, shall apply to those assessments. In either case, if granted, the claim shall remain in effect until title to the property changes, the owner does not occupy the home as his or her principal place of residence on the lien date, or the property is otherwise ineligible pursuant to Section 205, 205.5, or 218.

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 (e) Notwithstanding subdivision (c), an additional exemption claim may not be required to be filed until the next succeeding lien date in the case in which a supplemental assessment results from the completion of new construction on property that has previously been granted exemption on either the current roll or the roll being prepared.

- (f) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (c), an additional exemption claim is not required to be filed in the instance where a supplemental assessment results from a change in ownership of property where the purchaser of the property owns and uses or uses, as the case may be, other property that has been granted the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, free public libraries, free museums, or welfare exemption on either the current roll or the roll being prepared and the property purchased is put to the same use.
- (2) In all other instances where a supplemental assessment results from a change in ownership of property, an application for exemption shall be filed pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (c).
- (g) The relief authorized under this section applies to each supplemental assessment for which an application for exemption is filed. If a claim for the exemption is filed for a property location consisting of contiguous parcels, and the assessor grants the claim for that property location, any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the reduction of the amount of the exemption otherwise available may be applied to a single parcel.
- SEC. 2. Section 206.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 206.1. (a) Pursuant to the authority of subdivision (d) of Section 4 of Article XIII of the California Constitution, and in accordance with subdivision (b) of this section, all real property that is necessarily and reasonably required for the parking of vehicles of persons who are attending religious services, or are engaged in religious services or worship or any religious activity, is exempt from taxation.
- (b) For purposes of the exemption established by subdivision (a), all of the following shall apply:
- (1) "Real property" means land and improvements or a possessory interest in land and improvements.

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(2) The real property is not required to be contiguous to the land on which the church or other structure used for religious services or as the place of worship or religious activity is located.

- (3) The real property is not at other times used for commercial purposes. For purposes of this paragraph, "commercial purposes" does not include use of the property for the parking of vehicles or bicycles, the revenue from which does not exceed the ordinary and necessary costs of maintaining the real property.
- (4) The exemption shall apply to otherwise qualifying land and improvements regardless of whether the land and improvements are owned by the church, religious denomination, or sect using the land and improvements for the parking of vehicles by persons described in subdivision (a). However, the exemption shall apply to land and improvements that are not owned by the church, religious denomination, or sect using the land and improvements for the parking of vehicles by persons described in subdivision (a) only as long as all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The church, religious denomination, or sect is engaged in a lease of the land and improvements for the exclusive purpose of the parking of vehicles by persons described in subdivision (a).
- (B) The church, religious denomination, or sect is responsible, under the terms of its lease with the fee owner of the land and improvements, for paying the property taxes levied on the land and improvements. For purposes of this subparagraph, paying property taxes levied on land and improvements includes reimbursement paid to the fee owner of the land and improvements for those taxes.
- (C) The real property is used exclusively for the parking of vehicles by persons described in subdivision (a).
- (D) The fee owner of the real property and the county agree that the fee owner shall pay the total amount of taxes that would be levied on the real property for the current fiscal year and the first two subsequent fiscal years in the absence of a grant of exemption pursuant to this paragraph for the current fiscal year, if the real property is used for any purpose other than that specified in subparagraph (C) during either of those two subsequent fiscal years.
- SEC. 3. Section 254 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

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254. (a) (1) Any person claiming the church, cemetery, college, exhibition, welfare, veterans' organization, free public libraries, free museums, aircraft of historical significance, tribal housing, or public schools property tax exemption and anyone claiming the classification of a vessel as a documented vessel eligible for assessment under Section 227, shall submit to the assessor annually an affidavit, giving any information required by the board.

- (2) The affidavit required pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be submitted for each property location for which the property tax exemption is sought.
- (b) Any person claiming any exemption specified in subdivision (a) may submit a single claim for a property location consisting of contiguous parcels.
- SEC. 4. Section 254.5 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 254.5. (a) Claims for the welfare exemption and the veterans' organization exemption shall be filed on or before February 15 of each year with the assessor.

The assessor may not approve a property tax exemption claim until the claimant has been issued a valid organizational clearance certificate pursuant to Section 254.6. Financial statements shall be submitted only if requested in writing by the assessor.

- (b) (1) The assessor shall review all claims for the welfare exemption to ascertain whether the property on which the exemption is claimed meets the requirements of Section 214. The assessor shall also review all claims for the veterans' organization exemption to ascertain whether the property on which the exemption is claimed meets the requirements of Section 215.1. In this connection, the assessor shall consider, among other matters, whether:
- (A) Any capital investment of the owner or operator for expansion of a physical plant is justified by the contemplated return thereon, and required to serve the interests of the community.
- (B) The property on which the exemption is claimed is used for the actual operation of an exempt activity and does not exceed an amount of property reasonably necessary to the accomplishment of the exempt purpose.
- (2) The assessor may institute an audit or verification of the operations of the owner or operator of the applicant's property to

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ascertain whether both the owner and operator meet the requirements of Section 214.

- (c) (1) The assessor may deny a claim for the welfare exemption on a property, notwithstanding that the claimant has been granted an organizational clearance certificate by the board.
- (2) If the assessor finds that the claimant's property is ineligible for the welfare exemption or the veterans' organization exemption, the assessor shall notify the claimant in writing of all of the following:
 - (A) That the property is ineligible for the exemption.
- (B) That the claimant may seek a refund of property taxes paid by filing a refund claim with the county.
- (C) That if the claimant's refund claim with the county is denied, the claimant may file a refund action in superior court.
- (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), an applicant, granted a welfare exemption and owning any property exempted pursuant to Section 214.15 or Section 231, shall not be required to reapply for the welfare exemption in any subsequent year in which there has been no transfer of, or other change in title to, the exempted property and the property is used exclusively by a governmental entity or by a nonprofit corporation described in Section 214.15 for its interest and benefit. The applicant shall notify the assessor on or before February 15 if, on or before the preceding lien date, the applicant became ineligible for the welfare exemption or if, on or before that lien date, the property was no longer owned by the applicant or otherwise failed to meet all requirements for the welfare exemption.

Prior to the lien date, the assessor shall annually mail a notice to every applicant relieved of the requirement of filing an annual application by this subdivision.

The notice shall be in a form and contain that information that the board may prescribe, and shall set forth the circumstances under which the property may no longer be eligible for exemption, and advise the applicant of the duty to inform the assessor if the property is no longer eligible for exemption.

The notice shall include a card, as prescribed by the board, that is to be returned to the assessor by any applicant desiring to maintain eligibility for the welfare exemption under Section 214.15 or Section 231.

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Failure to return this card does not of itself constitute a waiver of exemption as called for by the California Constitution, but may result in onsite inspection to verify exempt activity.

- (e) Upon any indication that a welfare exemption or veterans' organization exemption on the property has been incorrectly granted, the assessor shall redetermine eligibility for the exemption. If the assessor determines that the property, or any portion thereof, is no longer eligible for the exemption, he or she shall immediately cancel the exemption on so much of the property as is no longer eligible for the exemption.
- (f) If a welfare exemption or veterans' organization exemption on the property has been incorrectly allowed, an escape assessment as provided by Article 4 (commencing with Section 531) of Chapter 3 in the amount of the exemption, with interest as provided in Section 506, shall be made, and a penalty shall be assessed for any failure to notify the assessor as required by this section in an amount equaling 10 percent of the escape assessment, but may not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200).
- (g) Pursuant to Section 15640 of the Government Code, the board shall review the assessor's administration of the welfare exemption and the veterans' organization exemption as part of the board's survey of the county assessment roll to ensure the proper administration of the exemption.
- SEC. 5. Section 255 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 255. (a) Affidavits required for exemptions named in this article, except the homeowners' exemption and the disabled veterans' exemption, shall be filed with the assessor between the lien date and 5 p.m. on February 15.
- (b) Affidavits for the homeowners' exemption except as otherwise provided in Sections 255.1, 255.2, and 275, shall be filed with the assessor any time after the claimant becomes eligible but no later than 5 p.m. on February 15.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in Sections 276, 276.1, and 276.2, affidavits for the disabled veterans' exemption shall be filed with the assessor any time after the claimant becomes eligible for the exemption but no later than 5 p.m. on February 15.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a), any claimant who has been found ineligible for the church exemption or the religious exemption may file an affidavit for a welfare

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exemption. Affidavits for the welfare exemption filed pursuant to this subdivision shall be filed within 15 days from the date of notification by the assessor of the claimants' ineligibility for the church exemption or the religious exemption.

- SEC. 6. Section 257 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 257. (a) Any person claiming the religious exemption shall submit to the assessor an affidavit giving specific information relating to property tax exemption.
 - (b) The affidavit shall show that:

- (1) The building, equipment, and land are used exclusively for religious purposes.
- (2) The land claimed as exempt is required for the convenient use of the building.
- (3) The property is owned by an entity organized and operating exclusively for religious purposes.
 - (4) The entity is nonprofit.
- (5) No part of the net earnings inures to the benefit of any private individual.
- (c) Any exemption granted pursuant to a claim filed in accordance with this section, once granted, shall remain in effect until that time that title to the property changes or the property is no longer used for exempt purposes. Any person who is granted an exemption pursuant to a claim filed in accordance with this section shall notify the assessor by February 15 if the property becomes ineligible for the exemption.
- (d) Upon any indication that a religious exemption has been incorrectly allowed, the assessor shall make a redetermination of eligibility for the religious exemption. If the assessor determines that the property or any portion thereof is no longer eligible for the exemption, he or she shall immediately cancel the exemption on so much of the property as is no longer eligible for exemption.

If a religious exemption has been incorrectly allowed, an escape assessment as allowed by Article 4 (commencing with Section 531) of Chapter 3 in the amount of the exemption with interest as provided in Section 506 shall be made, together with a penalty for failure to notify the assessor, where applicable, in the amount of 10 percent of the assessment, but may not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200) in tax liability.

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SEC. 7. Section 257.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

257.1. For the 1983–84 fiscal year and fiscal years thereafter, the assessor shall annually, prior to the lien date, mail a notice to every person who received the religious exemption for the previous fiscal year.

The notice shall be in a form and contain that information which the board may prescribe, and shall set forth the circumstances under which the property may no longer be eligible for exemption and advise the person of the duty to inform the assessor if the property is no longer eligible for exemption.

The notice shall include a card, as prescribed by the board, that is to be returned to the assessor by any person who desires to maintain eligibility for the religious exemption.

SEC. 8. Section 270 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

- 270. (a) With respect to property as to which the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, free public libraries, free museums, public schools, community colleges, state colleges, state universities, tribal housing, or welfare exemption was available but for which a timely application for exemption was not filed, 90 percent of any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon shall be canceled or refunded provided an appropriate application for exemption is thereafter filed.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), that portion of any tax or penalty resulting from the assessed value thereon that exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in total amount shall be canceled or refunded provided it is imposed upon property entitled to relief under subdivision (a) for which an appropriate claim for exemption has been filed.
- (c) The relief authorized under this section applies to each claim for exemption filed. In the case where a claim for exemption is filed for a property location consisting of contiguous parcels, and the assessor grants the claim for that property location, any tax or penalty or interest thereon resulting from the reduction of the amount of the exemption otherwise available may be applied to a single parcel.
- (d) With respect to property as to which the welfare exemption or veterans' organization exemption was available, Section 254.5,

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other than the specified dates for the filing of affidavits and other acts, is applicable to this section.

- SEC. 9. Section 271 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 271. (a) Provided that an appropriate application for exemption is filed within 90 days from the first day of the month following the month in which the property was acquired or by February 15 of the following calendar year, whichever occurs earlier, any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value imposed upon:
- (1) Property owned by any organization qualified for the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, tribal housing, or welfare exemption that is acquired by that organization during a given calendar year, after the lien date but prior to the first day of the fiscal year commencing within that calendar year, when the property is of a kind that would have been qualified for the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, tribal housing, or welfare exemption if it had been owned by the organization on the lien date, shall be canceled or refunded.
- (2) Property owned by any organization that would have qualified for the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, tribal housing, or welfare exemption had the organization been in existence on the lien date, that was acquired by it during that calendar year after the lien date in that year but prior to the commencement of that fiscal year, and of a kind that presently qualifies for the exemption and that would have so qualified for that fiscal year had it been owned by the organization on the lien date and had the organization been in existence on the lien date, shall be canceled or refunded.
- (3) Property acquired after the beginning of any fiscal year by an organization qualified for the college, cemetery, church, religious, exhibition, veterans' organization, tribal housing, or welfare exemption and the property is of a kind that would have qualified for an exemption if it had been owned by the organization on the lien date, whether or not that organization was in existence on the lien date, shall be canceled or refunded in the proportion that the number of days for which the property was so qualified during the fiscal year bears to 365.

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(b) Ninety percent of any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon imposed upon property that would be entitled to relief under subdivision (a) or Section 214.01, except that an appropriate application for exemption was not filed within the time required by the applicable provision, shall be canceled or refunded provided that an appropriate application for exemption is filed after the last day on which relief could be granted under subdivision (a) or Section 214.01.

- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), that portion of any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon that exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in total amount shall be canceled or refunded provided it is imposed upon property that would be entitled to relief under subdivision (a) except that an appropriate application for exemption was not filed within the time period required by the applicable provision, so long as an appropriate claim for exemption has been filed.
- (d) The relief authorized under this section applies to each claim for exemption filed. In the case where a claim for exemption is filed for a property location consisting of contiguous parcels, and the assessor grants the claim for that property location, any tax or penalty or interest thereon resulting from the reduction of the amount of the exemption otherwise available may be applied to a single parcel.
- (e) With respect to property acquired after the beginning of the fiscal year for which relief is sought, subdivisions (b) and (c) shall apply only to that pro rata portion of any tax or penalty or interest resulting from the assessed value thereon that would have been canceled or refunded had the property qualified for relief under paragraph (3) of subdivision (a).
- SEC. 10. Section 276 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 276. (a) Except as otherwise provided by subdivision (b), for property for which the disabled veterans' exemption described in Section 205.5 was available, but for which a timely claim was not filed, 90 percent of any tax, including any interest or penalty thereon, levied upon that portion of the assessed value of the property that would have been exempt under a timely and appropriate claim shall be canceled or refunded, provided that an appropriate claim for exemption is thereafter filed.

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Cancellations made under this subdivision are subject to the provisions of Article 1 (commencing with Section 4985) of Chapter 4. Refunds issued under this subdivision are subject to the limitations periods on refunds as described in Article 1 (commencing with Section 5096) of Chapter 5.

- (b) If a late-filed claim for the one-hundred-fifty-thousand-dollar (\$150,000) exemption is filed in conjunction with a timely filed claim for the one-hundred-thousand-dollar (\$100,000) exemption, the amount of any exemption allowed under the late-filed claim under subdivision (a) shall be determined on the basis of that portion of the exemption amount, otherwise available under subdivision (a), that exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
- (c) For those claims filed pursuant to subdivision (a) after November 15, the exemption under that subdivision may be applied to the second installment. If that exemption is so applied, the first installment is still delinquent on December 10, and is subject to delinquent penalties provided for in this division if that installment is not timely paid. A refund shall be made to the taxpayer upon a claim submitted to the auditor if the exemption is applied to the second installment and either of the following is true:
 - (1) Both installments are paid on or before December 10.
- (2) The reduction in taxes resulting from the exemption exceeds the amount of taxes due on the second installment.
- SEC. 11. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- SEC. 12. Notwithstanding Section 2229 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, no appropriation is made by this act and the state shall not reimburse any local agency for any property tax revenues lost by it pursuant to this act.

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June 12, 2014

The Honorable Richard Gordon Chair, Assembly Rules Committee California State Assembly State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: Urgency Clause Amendment for SB 1323

Dear Chairman Gordon:

I respectfully request permission to add an urgency clause amendment to Senate Bill 1323, a measure currently in the Assembly Committee on Revenue and Taxation. Amendments are pending that would gut the provisions of the bill and instead direct the Department of Motor Vehicles to deposit revenue from specialty plates into a "Pet Lover's Specialized License Plate Fund" for the Veterinary Medical Board to issue grants for spay and neuter programs. The need for this measure comes after the discovery that the Department of Motor Vehicles has been collecting money for these newly created specialty plates, yet the funds are not being directed for their intended purpose, which is to generate revenue for spay and neuter programs.

An urgency clause amendment is needed to ensure that these monies be directed through the Board as soon as possible since these resources benefit no one if they sit idle without an appropriation. Furthermore, tax payer funded shelters throughout the state are filled beyond capacity with homeless animals and preventing population booms of unwanted pets will save valuable taxpayer dollars.

The proposed urgency amendment would read:

This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to ensure that funds from a specialized license plate program are available as soon as possible to allow the Veterinary Medical Board to support the critically

important efforts of city and county animal shelters to address serious animal care and control problems facing the state, it is necessary that this act go into effect immediately.

Please find attached the proposed amendments to SB 1323 that were submitted to Legislative Counsel.

If you have any questions, comments or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me or my consultant, Theo Cline at 916-651-4028. Thank you very much.

Sincerely,

TED W. LIEU

Senator, 28th District

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