

8. SCR 134 (Beall)

Assembly California Legislature Committee on Rules RICHARD S. GORDON CHAIR

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Thursday, August 14, 2014 8:50 AM State Capitol, Room 3162

CONSENT AGENDA

Bill Referrals 1. Memo Page 2 2. Consent Bill Referrals Page 3 Resolutions 3. ACR 167 (Achadjian) Relative to William Saroyan Day. Page 4 4. ACR 169 (Bonta) Relative to Filipino American History Month. Page 8 5. HR 40 (Medina) Relative to school bus drivers. Page 16 6. SCR 75 (Galgiani) Relative to Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease awareness. Page 20 7. SCR 131 (Gaines) Relative to Diaper Need Awareness Week. Page 29

Relative to Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month.



Assembly California Kegislature Committee on Rules RICHARD S. GORDON CHAIR

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FRANK BIGELOW (R-ALT.) KEN COOLEY (D-ALT.)

Memo

To:

Rules Committee Members

From:

Mukhtar Ali, Bill Referral Consultant

Date:

8/13/14

Re:

Consent Bill Referrals

Since you received the preliminary there have been no changes.



REFERRAL OF BILLS TO COMMITTEE

08/14/2014

Pursuant to the Assembly Rules, the following bills were referred to committee:

Assembly Bill No.	Committee:
ACR 171	RLS.
ACR 172	RLS.
ACR 173	TRANS.
ACR 174	RLS.
<u>AJR 51</u>	RLS.
<u>AJR 53</u>	TRANS.
<u>HR 51</u>	JUD.
<u>HR 53</u>	RLS.
<u>HR 54</u>	JUD.
SCR 87	TRANS.
<u>SCR 93</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 133</u>	RLS.
<u>SCR 135</u>	RLS.
SCR 137	RLS.
SCR 138	RLS.

Introduced by Assembly Members Achadjian and Nazarian (Coauthors: Assembly Members Brown, Ian Calderon, Gatto, Holden, Olsen, Patterson, and Wilk)

(Coauthor: Senator Cannella)

July 3, 2014

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 167—Relative to William Saroyan Day.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 167, as introduced, Achadjian. William Saroyan Day. This measure would recognize August 31, 2014, as William Saroyan Day.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, On August 31, 1908, William Stonehill Saroyan
- 2 was born in Fresno, California and resided there for the majority
- 3 of his life before his death on May 18, 1981; and
- 4 WHEREAS, William Saroyan served in the United States Army
- 5 during World War II and was stationed in Astoria, Queens, New
- 6 York; and
- WHEREAS, William Saroyan was the father of two children,
- 8 Aram and Lucy; and
- 9 WHEREAS, William Saroyan has over 4,000 literary works to
- 10 his credit, dating from the late 1920s to the early 1980s; and
- 11 WHEREAS, William Saroyan wrote *The Time of Your Life*, for
- 12 which he was awarded the New York Drama Critics' Circle award
- in 1939 and the Pulitzer Prize for Drama in 1940; and

 $ACR 167 \qquad \qquad -2 -$

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WHEREAS, William Saroyan wrote *The Human Comedy*, which earned him an Academy Award for Best Original Motion Picture Story in 1943; and

WHEREAS, William Saroyan was inducted into the American Theater Hall of Fame in 1979; and

WHEREAS, Many of William Saroyan's stories are set in his native Fresno, drawing international attention to this region; and

WHEREAS, William Saroyan promoted the Armenian culture, drawing international attention to the Armenian culture at a time when his people were continually met with prejudice and oppression; and

WHEREAS, William Saroyan's works portrayed the immigrant experience in America and depicted human values such as freedom and universal benevolence and emphasized the "basic goodness" of all people; and

WHEREAS, William Saroyan is recognized as one of the most prominent literary figures of the mid-20th century; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature recognizes August 31, 2014, as the anniversary of the birth of William Stonehill Saroyan, and calls upon all Californians to participate in appropriate observances to remember William Stonehill Saroyan as one of the most prominent literary figures of the mid-20th century; and be it further

Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: August 14, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

ACR 167 (Achadjian/Nazarian) - As Introduced: July 3, 2014

SUBJECT: William Saroyan Day.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Recognize August 31, 2014, as William Saroyan Day. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) William Stonehill Saroyan was born on August 31, 1908, in Fresno, California and resided there for the majority of his life before his death on May 18, 1981.
- 2) William Saroyan served in the United States Army during World War II and was stationed in Queens, New York where he was the father to two children, Aram and Lucy.
- 3) William Saroyan is recognized as one of the most prominent literary figures of the mid-20th century with over 4,000 literary works to his credit, dating from the late 1920's to the early 1980's; and he was awarded the New York Drama Critics' Circle award in 1939 and the Pulitzer Prize for Drama in 1940.
- 4) William Saroyan wrote the Human Comedy, which earned him an Academy Award for Best Original Motion Picture Story in 1943; and, was inducted into the American Theatre Hall of Fame in 1979.
- 5) William Saroyan promoted the Armenian culture, drawing international attention to the Armenian culture at a time when his people were continually met with prejudice and oppression; and his works portrayed the immigrant experience in America and depicted human values such as freedom and universal benevolence and emphasized "basic goodness" of all people.

FISCAL EFFECT: None
REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:
Support
None on file
Opposition
None on file
Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Assembly Member Bonta (Coauthors: Assembly Members Chau, Fong, Muratsuchi, Pan, Quirk, Ting, Weber, Williams, and Yamada)

(Coauthors: Senators Block, Corbett, Lara, Leno, Lieu, Liu, and Padilla)

August 4, 2014

Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 169—Relative to Filipino American History Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

ACR 169, as introduced, Bonta. Filipino American History Month. This measure would recognize the month of October 2014 as Filipino American History Month and the 427th anniversary of the first presence of Filipinos in the continental United States.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, Filipinos and Filipino Americans have been
- 2 contributing to California and the United States for hundreds of
- 3 years, ever since October 18, 1587, when the first "Luzones Indios"
- 4 set foot in Morro Bay, California, on board the Nuestra Señora de
- 5 Esperanza, a Manila-built galleon ship captained by Pedro de
- Unamuno of Spain; and
- WHEREAS, In the late 1700s and early 1800s, Filipinos helped
- 8 Father Junípero Serra establish the California mission system; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Since the late 1800s, Filipino communities have
- 10 existed in southern Louisiana, according to oral histories recorded
- 11 by Rhonda Richoux Fox; and

 $ACR 169 \qquad \qquad -2-$

WHEREAS, After the Philippines was colonized, Filipinos began immigrating to San Francisco, where they contributed to the city both as military personnel and as service sector workers such as bellhops, dishwashers, servants, and cooks; established, by the 1920s, a thriving community around Kearny and Jackson Streets, which became known as "Manilatown"; and settled, during the post World War II era, into the Fillmore, South of Market, and Excelsior districts; and

WHEREAS, Between 1906 and 1935, the first large wave of Filipino immigration to the United States began, as Filipinos were recruited to California, Alaska, and Hawaii to work in the agricultural industries, canneries, and sugarcane plantations, respectively; and

WHEREAS, The Filipino contract workers in Hawaii, or "Sakadas," became the largest group of Asians on the sugarcane plantations by the 1920s; and

WHEREAS, At the turn of the 20th century, Filipino students, or "pensionados," farm workers, and laborers in manufacturing and in the service sector began settling in Stockton and the surrounding San Joaquin Delta area, where they built a community that became the largest concentration of Filipinos outside of the Philippines and established a thriving six-block ethnic neighborhood that became known as "Little Manila"; and

WHEREAS, In 2000, the Stockton City Council designated this area, in downtown Stockton at the intersection of Lafayette and El Dorado Streets, as the "Little Manila Historical Site," the first designation of this kind in the country; and

WHEREAS, In the first decades of the 20th century, thousands of Filipinos in California worked in agricultural fields throughout the state, in cities and regions such as the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, the central coast, Imperial Valley, Orange County, the Inland Empire, Delano, Bakersfield, Coachella Valley, and the San Francisco Bay area, and became a critical element in the growth and political economy of the state, often enduring harsh labor conditions and poor wages, but persevering and creating a strong legacy of mutual support, strikes, and organization for farm labor unionization; and

WHEREAS, In the 1920s, Filipinos in California also worked as laborers in the shipyards of Vallejo, where they established a Filipino American community and business center, and became

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so successful that there were thousands of Filipinos working as shipbuilders by the start of World War II; and

WHEREAS, During World War II, approximately 200,000 Filipino soldiers battled under the command of the United States to preserve the liberty of our country and win back the liberty of the Philippines from the Japanese occupation; and

WHEREAS, Thousands of these Filipino soldiers came from California, served in the First and Second Filipino Infantry Regiments, underwent training at Salinas and at Fort Ord, California, and were stationed at Camp Beale near Sacramento and Camp Cooke near Santa Maria; and

WHEREAS, After World War II ended, many Filipinos who had served in the United States Navy settled in National City and elsewhere in the County of San Diego, as well as in the Cities of West Long Beach and Wilmington, where they worked in the Long Beach shipyards and Terminal Island canneries, served in the harbor area as nurses and medical workers, and created flourishing Filipino American communities numbering in the tens of thousands; and

WHEREAS, Between 1941 and 1959, the second wave of Filipino immigration to the United States began, as nurses, students, "war brides" and fiancées of World War II military personnel and veterans, tourists, and Filipino members of the United States Navy came to the United States; and

WHEREAS, In 1965, the third wave of Filipino immigration to the United States began, as the passing of the Immigration and Nationality Act abolished "national origins" as the basis for immigration, allowing for more immigration from Asia and Latin America and for much-needed Filipino medical professionals to come to the United States to fill United States labor shortages; and

WHEREAS, On September 8, 1965, Filipino American agricultural labor leaders, including Larry Itliong and Philip Vera Cruz, organized more than 1,500 farm workers from the Agricultural Workers Organizing Committee in the Delano Grape Strike of 1965, in partnership with César Chávez, Dolores Huerta, and other Mexican American labor leaders of the National Farm

- Workers Association, sparking one of the greatest social, economic, and racial justice movements in the history of California and the
- 39 United States, and led to the establishment of the United Farm
- 40 Workers of America; and

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WHEREAS, These agricultural workers, along with other volunteers, also built Agbayani Village, a retirement facility for elderly Filipino farmworkers, or "Manongs," located at Forty Acres in Delano in the County of Kern; and

WHEREAS, In 1968, Filipino student organizers were instrumental in the leadership of the Third World Liberation Front that led to the founding of our nation's first Third World College at the University of California, Berkeley, and the first College of Ethnic Studies, at California State University, San Francisco, that was part of the larger effort to democratize higher education for all; and

WHEREAS, From 1968 to 1977, Filipino American activists and residents of San Francisco's International Hotel organized a popular, multiracial campaign that challenged local authorities and private development to place people and the public good ahead of profit, and support affordable housing for Filipino and Chinese immigrants and community members; and

WHEREAS, From 1972 to 1986, Filipino American activists organized massive educational and political campaigns to restore civil liberties in the Philippines during the period of martial law in that country, creating dynamic local responses to international politics and placing pressure on the United States government to end its support of the Marcos dictatorship; and

WHEREAS, In 1973, the fourth wave of Filipino immigration to the United States began, as political exiles and refugees from the Marcos era, intellectuals, tourists, students, student activists, professionals, semiprofessionals, and families came to the United States; and

WHEREAS, In 2002, the City of Los Angeles, home to over 120,000 Filipinos, designated part of the city as the "Historic Filipinotown" district, the largest designation of this kind in the country; and

WHEREAS, The Filipino Community Center of the Los Angeles Harbor area in the City of Wilmington continues to serve as a model organization, facilitating community events such as weddings, baptisms, pageants, and fiestas; and

WHEREAS, On November 8, 2013, Super Typhoon Haiyan/Yolanda, one of the strongest storms ever recorded in human history, struck the Philippines and devastated the lives of millions of people throughout the Philippines and the world; and

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WHEREAS, Today, numerous other community-based institutions that take responsibility for the services, advocacy, and civic engagement needs of the Filipino American community exist throughout the state; and

WHEREAS, The Filipino American population is currently the largest Asian American and Pacific Islander group in California and the third largest Asian American and Pacific Islander group in the United States; and

WHEREAS, Nine Filipino Americans have received the Congressional Medal of Honor, the highest award for valor in action against an enemy force that can be bestowed upon an individual serving in the United States Armed Forces; and

WHEREAS, Filipino Americans have served the public in a wide range of capacities, including, but not limited to, Chief Justice of the California Supreme Court, representatives to the United States Congress, legislators in the state legislatures of California and other states, and other city, state, and federal leaders of the United States; and

WHEREAS, Throughout the history of the United States, Filipino Americans have made cultural, economic, political, social, and other contributions to our country that have become a vital part of the rich, diverse, and vibrant tapestry of our nation; and

WHEREAS, Since World War II, federal, state, and local redevelopment projects, freeway and highway construction, urban decay, private development, demographic shifts, and poor city planning have destroyed a significant number of Filipino American historic sites and ethnic neighborhoods, and many of the remaining Filipino American communities and historic sites are in danger of being lost; and

WHEREAS, Preserving our Filipino communities throughout California and the United States is critical to the preservation of Filipino culture, history, traditions, and heritage and to the preservation of our state and national history as well as our state and national future; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, the Senate thereof concurring, That the Legislature recognizes the month of October 2014 as Filipino American History Month and the 427th anniversary of the first presence of Filipinos in the continental United States; and be it further

ACR 169 —6—

- *Resolved*, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution. 1

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Date of Hearing: August 14, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

ACR 169 (Bonta) – As Amended: August 4, 2014

SUBJECT: Filipino American History Month.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: This measure would recognize the month of October 2014 as Filipino American History Month and the 427th anniversary of the first presence of Filipinos in the continental United States. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Filipinos and Filipino Americans have been contributing to California and the United States for hundreds of years, ever since October 18, 1587, when the first "Luzones Indios" set foot in Morro Bay, California, on board the Nuestra Señora de Esperanza, a Manila-built galleon ship captained by Pedro de Unamuno of Spain.
- 2) In the first decades of the 20th century, thousands of Filipinos in California worked in agricultural fields throughout the state, in cities and regions such as the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, the central coast, Imperial Valley, Orange County, the Inland Empire, Delano, Bakersfield, Coachella Valley, and the San Francisco Bay area, and became a critical element in the growth and political economy of the state, often enduring harsh labor conditions and poor wages, but persevering and creating a strong legacy of mutual support, strikes, and organization for farm labor unionization.
- 3) The Filipino American population is currently the largest Asian American and Pacific Islander group in California and the third largest Asian American and Pacific Islander group in the United States.
- 4) Preserving our Filipino communities throughout California and the United States is critical to the preservation of Filipino culture, history, traditions, and heritage and to the preservation of our state and national history as well as our state and national future.

FISCAL EFFECT: None
REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:
Support
None on file
Opposition
None on file
Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 3, 2014

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

House Resolution

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No. 40

Introduced by Assembly Member Medina

April 22, 2014

House Resolution No. 40—Relative to—School Bus Drivers Day. school bus drivers.

WHEREAS, Annually, Traditionally, on the fourth Tuesday of April, the people of California should officially recognize all school bus drivers for their continued and excellent services to the youth of the state, and these drivers are deserving of special public recognition and the highest commendations; and

WHEREAS, The California Association of School Transportation Officials is a professional organization that promotes safe pupil transportation and advocates for continued high standards for California's school bus drivers; and

WHEREAS, The safety of our children rests in the hands of trained school bus drivers for up to six or seven hours each school day; and

WHEREAS, Personal time and energy are expended by school bus drivers in their initial training, maintaining a current license, perfecting their driving skills, and accruing added knowledge of school bus laws through continuing education classes; and

WHEREAS, School bus drivers, through counseling and disciplinary techniques, are sometimes asked to assist pupils in appropriate interactive peer and adult behavior; and

WHEREAS, School bus drivers often face natural and unexpected hazards in the performance of their duties; and

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WHEREAS, School bus drivers exhibit patience and kindness toward pupils, parents, and school staff in the performance of their duties; and

WHEREAS, School bus drivers consistently demonstrate an awareness of, and direct attention to, the mechanical maintenance of the school bus and safety conditions of the school bus routes; and

WHEREAS, Many school bus drivers perform their services for thousands and thousands of accident-free miles, year after year; now, therefore, be it

now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Assembly of the State of California, That the
Assembly declares April 22, 2014, as School Bus Drivers Day in
California in order to officially recognize recognizes school bus
drivers for their continued and excellent services to the youth of
the State of California; and be it further

16 Resolved, That the Chief Clerk of the Assembly transmit copies17 of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: August 14, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

HR 40 (Medina) – As Amended: July 3, 2014

SUBJECT: School bus drivers.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Recognizes school bus drivers for their continued and excellent services to youth of the State of California. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) The California Association of School Transportation Officials is a professional organization that promotes safe pupil transportation and advocates for continued high standards for California's school bus drivers; and many school bus drivers perform their services for thousands of accident-free miles, year after year.
- 2) Our children's safety rests in the hands of school bus drivers each school day; and, the drivers expend energy and personal time during their initial training, maintaining a current license, perfecting their driving skills, and accruing added knowledge of school bus laws through continuing education classes.
- 3) School bus drivers often face natural and unexpected hazards in the performance of their duties; and, through counseling and disciplinary techniques they are sometimes asked to assist pupils in appropriate interactive peer and adult behavior.
- 4) School bus drivers consistently demonstrate an awareness of, and direct attention to, the mechanical maintenance of the school bus and safety conditions of the school bus routes as well as exhibiting patience and kindness toward the pupils, parents, and school staff in the performance of their duties.

FISCAL EFFECT: None

REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:	
Support	
None on file	
<u>Opposition</u>	
None on file	
Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800	

Introduced by Senator Galgiani

January 6, 2014

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 75—Relative to chronic obstructive pulmonary disease awareness.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 75, as introduced, Galgiani. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease awareness.

This measure would encourage the State Department of Health Care Services, the State Department of Public Health, and other state entities to partner with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) stakeholders to improve education regarding COPD in the course of implementing the statewide strategic plan.

This measure would also designate November 2014 as Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Awareness Month in California and encourage public officials and the citizens of California to increase awareness of the symptoms of, and the methods of preventing, COPD.

Fiscal committee: yes.

- 1 WHEREAS, Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD),
- 2 also known as chronic bronchitis and emphysema, is the third
- 3 leading cause of death in the United States, claiming the lives of
- over 138,000 Americans in 2010; and
- 5 WHEREAS, This is the 11th consecutive year in which women
- 6 have exceeded men in the number of deaths attributable to COPD.
- 7 In 2011, more than 72,000 women died compared to over 65,000
- 8 men; and
- 9 WHEREAS, American women are about twice as likely to be
- 10 diagnosed with chronic bronchitis as men. In 2011, 3.3 million

 $SCR 75 \qquad -2-$

1 men (29.6 per 1,000 population) had a diagnosis of chronic 2 bronchitis compared to 6.8 million women (56.7 per 1,000 3 population); and

WHEREAS, COPD is a chronic and progressive disease that impacts an estimated 24 million Americans each year, including an estimated 1.6 million residents of California who suffer directly from the disease; and

WHEREAS, In 2010, the national annual cost for COPD was estimated to be \$49.9 billion, including \$29.5 billion in direct health care expenditures; and

WHEREAS, In 2006, the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development reported that hospitalizations associated with COPD alone amounted to an estimated \$1.34 billion in medical costs within the state; and

WHEREAS, Many patients suffering with COPD are not diagnosed until they have reached an advanced stage of COPD, which often includes a disabling degree of lung dysfunction; and

WHEREAS, A diagnostic test for COPD, known as spirometry, is available for office use, allowing early diagnosis of COPD; and

WHEREAS, Early diagnosis and management of COPD can effectively reduce the overall financial burden of this illness on publicly funded health care programs, including Medi-Cal; and

WHEREAS, Achieving early diagnosis and proper management of COPD among California's diverse populations, within the Medi-Cal program as well as other publicly funded health care programs, requires overcoming cultural, language, and literacy challenges; and

WHEREAS, Proper management of COPD can lead to an improved quality of life and self-sufficiency for patients who receive publicly funded benefits; and

WHEREAS, The "Healthy People 2020" project of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the National Institutes of Health concludes that, while primary care physicians are in a key position to provide optimal care to patients with COPD and to provide counseling during clinical or health center visits, primary care physicians need to be trained in the latest methods for diagnosing and treating the disease; and

WHEREAS, The California COPD Coalition has developed a comprehensive plan to address COPD in the state, entitled the "Strategic Plan to Address COPD in California," which outlines

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six goal areas, including all of the following: prevention, quality of care, public health infrastructure and advocacy, surveillance, research, and public education awareness; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature encourages the State Department of Health Care Services, the State Department of Public Health, and other state entities, whenever possible, to partner with COPD stakeholders to improve education in California regarding COPD in the course of implementing the statewide strategic plan; and be it further

Resolved, That the Legislature designates November 2014 as Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Awareness Month in California. The Legislature encourages public officials and the citizens of California to increase awareness about the symptoms of, and the methods of preventing, COPD; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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 Date of Hearing: August 14, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

SCR 75 (Galgiani) – As Amended: January 6, 2014

SENATE VOTE: 36-0

SUBJECT: Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease awareness.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Encourages the State Department of Health Care Services, the State Department of Public Health, and other state entities to partner with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) stakeholders to improve education regarding COPD in the course of implementing a statewide strategic plan. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1. COPD, also known as chronic bronchitis and emphysema, is the third leading cause of death in the United States, claiming the lives of over 138,000 Americans in 2010.
- 2. American women are about twice as likely to be diagnosed with chronic bronchitis as men. In 2011, 3.3 million men (29.6 per 1,000 population) had a diagnosis of chronic bronchitis compared to 6.8 million women (56.7 per 1,000 population).
- 3. COPD is a chronic and progressive disease that impacts an estimated 24 million Americans each year, including an estimated 1.6 million residents of California who suffer directly from the disease.
- 4. In 2010, the national annual cost for COPD was estimated to be \$49.9 billion, including \$29.5 billion in direct health care expenditures.
- 5. A diagnostic test for COPD, known as spirometry, is available for office use, allowing early diagnosis of COPD. Early diagnosis and management of COPD can effectively reduce the

overall financial burden of this illness on publicly funded health care programs, including Medi-Cal. 6. Achieving early diagnosis and proper management of COPD among California's diverse populations, within the Medi-Cal program as well as other publicly funded health care programs, requires overcoming cultural, language, and literacy challenges. 7. The California COPD Coalition has developed a comprehensive plan to address COPD in the state, entitled the "Strategic Plan to Address COPD in California," which outlines six goal areas, including all of the following: prevention, quality of care, public health infrastructure and advocacy, surveillance, research, and public education awareness. FISCAL EFFECT: None REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION: Support GlaxoSmithKline San Joaquin County Asthma & COPD Coalition **Opposition** None on file

Back to Agenda

Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



San Joaquin County Asthma & COPD Coalition

Take a Deep Breath San Joaquin

August 7, 2014

The Chair of Assembly Rules Committee California State Assembly State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: SUPPORT - SCR 75 (Galgiani): Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Awareness Month

To The Chair of Assembly Rules Committee:

On behalf of the San Joaquin County Asthma & COPD Coalition, we are pleased to support SCR 75 (Galgiani), introduced to promote public awareness in California about Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) through the designation of November 2014 as Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Awareness Month.

COPD, also known as chronic bronchitis and emphysema, is a slowly debilitating disease, whose prevalence and deadliness is on the rise. COPD is the third leading cause of death in the United States, claiming the lives of over 138,000 Americans in 2010. This disease impacts an estimated 24 million Americans each year, including an estimated 1.6 million residents of California. Many patients suffering with COPD are not diagnosed until they have reached an advanced stage of the disease.

Early diagnosis and proper management of COPD can lead to an improved quality of life and self-sufficiency for patients. In an effort to address COPD awareness and prevalence, the California COPD Coalition has developed a comprehensive plan. This plan, entitled the "Strategic Plan to Address COPD in California," outlines six major goals, including: prevention, quality of care, public health infrastructure and advocacy, surveillance, research, and public education awareness. The San Joaquin County Asthma & COPD Coalition is a strong supporter of such efforts, and believes in a commitment to informed management of the disease.

In addition to declaring November 2014 as COPD awareness month, SCR 75 encourages state departments to partner with COPD stakeholders to improve education in California regarding COPD in the course of implementing the statewide strategic plan. For these reasons, the San Joaquin County Asthma & COPD Coalition is pleased to urge members of the California Legislature to vote "aye" on SCR 75.

Sincerely, July Bontonol-Evans

Julie Pontarolo-Evans RRT, Chair

San Joaquin County Asthma & COPD Coalition

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August 4, 2014

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DANIEL L. BANTER

RONALD R. LAMB

MEGAN A. LEWIS

TREVOR L. STAPLETON

ANTHONY R. EATON STEVEN J. WILLIAMSON

STEPHEN K. MARMADUKE

The Honorable Richard Gordon Chair, Assembly Rules Committee California State Assembly State Capitol, Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

Re: SUPPORT - SCR 75 (Galgiani): Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Awareness Month

Dear Assemblyman Gordon:

Our client, GlaxoSmithKline, is pleased to sponsor and strongly support SCR 75, introduced to promote public awareness in California about Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) through the designation of November 2014 as Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Awareness Month.

COPD, also known as chronic bronchitis and emphysema, is a slowly debilitating disease, whose prevalence and deadliness is on the rise. COPD is now the third leading cause of death in the United States, claiming the lives of over 138,000 Americans in 2010. This disease impacts an estimated 24 million Americans each year, including an estimated 1.6 million residents of California. Many patients suffering with COPD are not diagnosed until they have reached an advanced stage of the disease.

Early diagnosis and proper management of COPD can lead to an improved quality of life and self-sufficiency for patients. In an effort to address COPD awareness and prevalence, the California COPD Coalition has developed a comprehensive plan. This plan, entitled the "Strategic Plan to Address COPD in California," outlines six major goals, including: prevention, quality of care, public health infrastructure and advocacy, surveillance, research, and public

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education awareness. GlaxoSmithKline is a long-time supporter of such efforts, and believes in a commitment to informed management of the disease.

In addition to declaring November 2014 as COPD awareness month, SCR 75 encourages state departments to partner with COPD stakeholders to improve education in California regarding COPD in the course of implementing the statewide strategic plan.

For these reasons, GlaxoSmithKline, represented by its Director, State Government Affairs, Thelma L. Harris, RN, MSN, is pleased to urge members of the California Legislature to vote "aye" in support of SCR 75.

Sincerely,

JOHN R. VALENCIA

JRV:jrv

1144071.1

Introduced by Senator Gaines

(Coauthor: Assembly Member Dahle)

June 24, 2014

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 131—Relative to Diaper Need Awareness Week.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 131, as introduced, Gaines. Diaper Need Awareness Week.

This measure would proclaim the week of September 8, 2014, to September 14, 2014, inclusive, as Diaper Need Awareness Week and encourage California citizens to donate generously to diaper banks, diaper drives, and those organizations that distribute diapers to families in need.

Fiscal committee: no.

- 1 WHEREAS, The people of California recognize that economic 2 opportunity for individuals can lead to improved health for families
- and their communities; and
- WHEREAS, Many children in California under three years of
- age live in low-income households, and 18 percent of all children
- 6 under 18 years of age in the County of Nevada live in poverty; 7 and
- 8 WHEREAS, Access to a reliable supply of clean diapers is a
- necessity for the health and welfare of infants and toddlers, their
- families, and child and health care providers; and 10
- WHEREAS, The average infant or toddler requires an average 11
- 12 of 50 diaper changes per week over three years; and
- 13 WHEREAS, Diapers cannot be bought with CalFresh benefits
- or Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) vouchers, therefore

 $SCR 131 \qquad \qquad -2-$

providing a sufficient supply of diapers can cause economic hardship to needy families; and

WHEREAS, A supply of diapers is generally an eligibility requirement for infant and toddlers to participate in childcare programs; and

WHEREAS, When infants and toddlers cannot participate in childcare programs, it makes it very difficult for their parents and guardians to participate in the workforce, thereby causing economic harm to many families; and

WHEREAS, California is proud to be home to various community organizations that recognize the importance of diapers in helping to provide economic stability for families and distribute diapers to poor families through various channels; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature proclaims the week of September 8, 2014, to September 14, 2014, inclusive, as Diaper Need Awareness Week and encourages the citizens of California to donate generously to diaper banks, diaper drives, and those organizations that distribute diapers to families in need to help alleviate diaper need in California; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

Date of Hearing: August 14, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

SCR 131 (Gaines) – As Introduced: June 24, 2014

SENATE VOTE: 35-0

SUBJECT: Diaper Need Awareness Week.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Proclaims the week of September 8, 2014, to September 14, 2014, inclusive, as Diaper Needs Awareness Week and encourages California citizens to donate generously to diaper banks, diaper drivers, and those organizations that distribute diapers to families in need. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1) Many children in California under three years of age live in low-income households, and 18 percent of all children under 18 years of age in Nevada County live in poverty.
- 2) Access to a reliable supply of clean diapers is a necessity for the health and welfare of infants and toddlers, their families, and child and health care providers.
- 3) The average infant or toddler requires an average of 50 diaper changes per week over three years. Diapers cannot be bought with CalFresh benefits or WIC (Women, Infants and Children) vouchers, therefore providing a sufficient supply of diapers can cause economic hardship to needy families.
- 4) A supply of diapers is generally an eligibility requirement for infant and toddlers to participate in childcare programs and when infants and toddlers cannot participate in childcare programs, it makes it very difficult for their parents and guardians to participate in the workforce, thereby causing economic harm to many families.

FISCAL EFFECT: None
REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:
<u>Support</u>
None on file
<u>Opposition</u>
None on file
Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800

Introduced by Senator Beall

July 2, 2014

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 134—Relative to Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SCR 134, as introduced, Beall. Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month. This measure would proclaim November 2014 as Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month and urge all Californians to know, fight, and end pancreatic cancer.

Fiscal committee: no.

- WHEREAS, In 2014, an estimated 46,420 people will be diagnosed with pancreatic cancer and 39,590 people will die from the disease in the United States, and the incidence and death rates
- 4 for pancreatic cancer are increasing; and
- WHEREAS, Pancreatic cancer is one of the deadliest cancers, as it is anticipated to move from the fourth to the second leading cause of cancer death in the United States by 2020; and
- WHEREAS, Symptoms of pancreatic cancer usually first present themselves in its late stage; and
- WHEREAS, Seventy-three percent of pancreatic cancer patients die within the first year of their diagnosis, while 94 percent of pancreatic cancer patients die within the first five years, rendering
- 13 the disease the only major cancer with a five-year relative survival
- 14 rate in the single digits at just 6 percent; and
- 15 WHEREAS, Approximately 3,960 deaths from pancreatic cancer
- 16 will occur in California in 2014; and

 $SCR 134 \qquad \qquad -2-$

WHEREAS, The federal government invests significantly less money in pancreatic cancer research than it does in research of any other deadly cancer, constituting only approximately 2 percent of the National Cancer Institute's budget, a figure far too low given the severity of the disease, its mortality rate, and how little is known about how to arrest it; and

WHEREAS, The Recalcitrant Cancer Research Act of 2012, formerly the Pancreatic Cancer Research and Education Act, requires that the National Cancer Institute develop a scientific framework for combating pancreatic cancer and other recalcitrant cancers; and

WHEREAS, The Pancreatic Cancer Action Network is a national organization serving the pancreatic cancer community in California, where it is headquartered, and nationwide through a comprehensive approach, which includes public policy, research funding, patient services, and public awareness and education related to developing effective treatments and a cure for pancreatic cancer; and

WHEREAS, The Pancreatic Cancer Action Network and its affiliates in California support those patients and families currently battling pancreatic cancer, as well as the friends and families of those who have lost their lives to the disease, and are committed to nothing less than a cure; and

WHEREAS, The good health and well-being of the residents of California are enhanced as a direct result of increased awareness about pancreatic cancer and research into early detection, causes, and effective treatments; and

WHEREAS, Pancreatic cancer statistics call for aggressive measures now to develop early detection and treatment tools before the incidence dramatically increases, in light of the fact that National Cancer Institute funding is falling dangerously behind; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly thereof concurring, That the Legislature hereby proclaims November 2014 as Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month and urges all Californians to know, fight, and end pancreatic cancer; and be it further

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate transmit copies of this resolution to the author for appropriate distribution.

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Date of Hearing: August 14, 2014

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE ON RULES

Richard S. Gordon, Chair

SCR 134 (Beall) – As Amended: July 2, 2014

SENATE VOTE: 34-0

SUBJECT: Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month.

<u>SUMMARY</u>: Proclaims November 2014 as Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month and urges all Californians to know, fight, and end pancreatic cancer. Specifically, <u>this resolution</u> makes the following legislative findings:

- 1. Pancreatic cancer is one of the deadliest cancers, as it is anticipated to move from the fourth to the second leading cause of cancer death in the United States by 2020.
- 2. Symptoms of pancreatic cancer usually first present themselves in its late stage and 73% of pancreatic cancer patients die within the first year of their diagnosis, while 94% of pancreatic cancer patients die within the first five years, rendering the disease the only major cancer with a five-year relative survival rate in the single digits at just 6%.
- 3. The federal government invests significantly less money in pancreatic cancer research than it does in research of any other deadly cancer, constituting only approximately 2% of the National Cancer Institute's budget, a figure far too low given the severity of the disease, its mortality rate, and how little is known about how to arrest it.
- 4. The Pancreatic Cancer Action Network is a national organization serving the pancreatic cancer community in California, where it is headquartered, and nationwide through a comprehensive approach, which includes public policy, research funding, patient services, and public awareness and education related to developing effective treatments and a cure for pancreatic cancer.

5. Pancreatic cancer statistics call for aggressive measures now to develop early detection and treatment tools before the incidence dramatically increases, in light of the fact that National Cancer Institute funding is falling dangerously behind.
FISCAL EFFECT: None
REGISTERED SUPPORT / OPPOSITION:
Support
Pancreatic Cancer Action Network
Opposition
None on file
Analysis Prepared by: Nicole Willis / RLS. / (916) 319-2800



August 7, 2014

Assembly Member Richard Gordon, Chair Assembly Rules Committee State Capitol Room 3016 Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: SCR 134 Pancreatic Cancer Awareness

Dear Assembly Member Gordon,

I am writing to you on behalf of the Silicon Valley Affiliate and the San Francisco Affiliate of the Pancreatic Cancer Action Network, a national organization funding research, increasing awareness and providing hope to those fighting pancreatic cancer.

Pancreatic cancer will strike more than 46,000 people this year and most will die within months of diagnosis. It is the most deadly of the major cancer killers and is expected to become the second most common cause of cancer death by 2020. There are no screening methods, no consistantly effectove treatments, and no cure. Our nationwide volunteers, supported by our staff partners in Southern California stand in support of SCR 134 declaring November 2014 to be Pancreatic Cancer Awareness month in California.

Thank you, Assembly Member Gordon, for your efforts in raising awareness of this deadly cancer and providing hope to California patients and their families who are fighting it.

Yours truly.

Diane Borrison

Volunteer Advocacy Coordinator, Silicon Valley Affiliate Pancreatic Cancer Action Network 8 year survivor

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